

PROTOTYPE: CESI Eats - Prototype

FULL CANVAS: CESI Eats - Figma Canvas

Introduction

This document is about the mock-up for our webpage, **CESI Eats**. The main purpose of creating this mock-up is to make sure both the client, or any other stakeholder involved, and our team are on the same page before moving to the implementation phase.

It will cover:

- Our approach to creating it,
- The tools we used,
- Overview of the prototype, and
- How we applied some of the best UI/UX practices.

The detailed overview of the project is available in our <u>general document</u>, so if you're not familiar with it, we recommend reading that first before continuing with this document. However, in short, **CESI Eats** is a web-based platform that targets six types of users, with the main actors being the end-client, restaurant, and delivery person. Think of it like an *Uber Eats*-type app, where these actors work together to create, update, and deliver food orders from restaurants to clients.

The functionalities of the platform are too broad to fully cover in a mock-up. Instead, we decided to frame the mock-up within a specific story: the full cycle of a successful order from start to finish. This is what is displayed in the <u>prototype</u> we have included.

Our main goals were to apply best UI/UX practices, focusing on *accessibility*, *consistency*, and *ease of use*. We wanted to make the app usable for everyone, including people with disabilities, ensure a cohesive look and feel, and keep everything intuitive and simple to navigate for all types of users.

Regarding the tools employed to build the mock-up, we used **Figma** for designing the prototype, **Canva** as a supporting tool for visuals, **Coolors** to create cohesive color palettes, and free assets like icons and animations from **Flaticon** and **Undraw**.

You can access the full repository here: <u>CESI Eats</u>

(It includes all documentation and, soon-very soon-, the code).

The prototype

As mentioned before, the prototype we built tells a story. The main actors, also mentioned earlier, are the restaurant user, the delivery guy, and the end user. The other three users—third-party developer, business analyst, and technical analyst—are not included in this mock-up but are considered as a single group, represented by the fourth user visible on the welcome page.

Full cycle of a successful order:

[Role: restaurant-user]

- 1. The restaurant user is in his welcome page
- 2. The restaurant user logs in
- 3. The restaurant user sees its home page
- **4.** The restaurant user clicks add a new item
- 5. The restaurant user fills the form to add a new item
- **6.** The restaurant user confirms
- 7. The new item appears in items

[Role: end-user]

- **8.** The end-user is in his welcome page
- 9. The end-user creates an account and logs in
- **10.** The end-user is in its home page
- 11. The end-user clicks on an item to make an order
- **12.** The end-user fills form to purchase the order
- **13.** The end-user confirms the purchase
- **14.** The payment is processed and accepted
- 15. The end-user receives confirmation that the order has been processed

[Role: restaurant-user]

- **16.** The restaurant-user accepts this request
- 17. The restaurant starts to prepare the order

[Role: delivery-guy]

- **18.** The delivery guy is already logged-in in *orders page*
- **19.** The delivery guy accepts new incoming request
- 20. The delivery guy goes to the restaurant and waits until the order is ready
- 21. The restaurant-user scans the QR code of the delivery guy to verify the command
- **22.** The verification scan is successful, the order is now on the way
- 23. The delivery guy goes to the end-user's address to deliver the order
- 24. The end-user receives a notification notifying that his order is outside
- 25. The end-user scans the QR code of the delivery guy to confirm reception
- **26.** The end-user happily eats his hot meal because the delivery guy was super fast-he uses quantum teletransportation-.

Access the prototype through this link:

Functionalities:

Overview of the functionalities covered in this mock-up.

Supported | Supported + Displayed in the Mock-Up | Not Supported | Undefined FUNCTIONALITY DESCRIPTION Restaurant Delivery End-User Others Create Account Log In View Account Add a new Item Make an Order Update Order State

Main components:

Overview of the components identified and implemented in this mock-up.

Pages:

- 1. Welcome Page: the entry point where users choose how to proceed.
- 2. Home Page: main dashboard showing relevant content based on user type.
- 3. Orders Page: displays both active and past orders with their statuses.
- 4. Profile Page: allows users to view and edit their account details.

Forms:

- 1. Log In: enables users to access their accounts
- 2. Create Account: lets new users register on the platform
- 3. Add New Item: allows restaurant users to add menu items
- 4. Make an Order: guides end users through the purchasing process

UI/UX Practices

In our design, we focused on implementing best UI/UX practices to ensure usability, clarity, and accessibility:

 Feedback/Response: Confirmation pages were added after each critical action, like adding a new item, making a purchase, or validating an order.

- **Intuitive Design:** We used big icons, clear illustrations, strong contrast, and a hierarchy of elements to guide users effectively, always prioritizing the most important actions.
- Color Palette: We used CESI's colors in a subtle, non-vibrant style to make the food's vibrant colors stand out as the main focus. The palette was chosen to be colorblind-friendly.

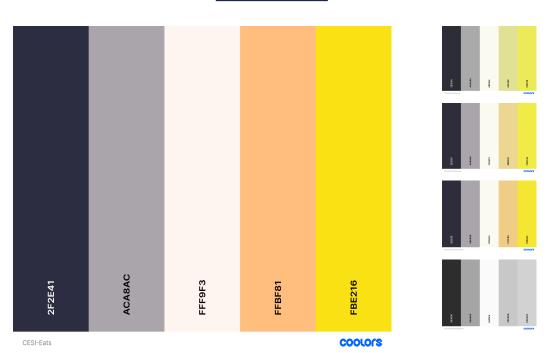
Accessibility: The design includes high-contrast and large fonts for key information, as

well as descriptive text on hover for better clarity.

Reusable Components: Common elements like buttons and forms were designed to be
consistent and reusable across the platform. All displayed pages share these
components across all user types, enabling a more agile development phase and
uniform results.

Images

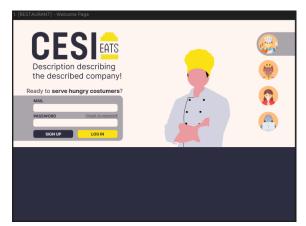
COLOR PALETTE:

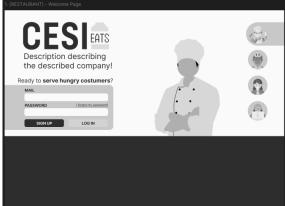


Displayed on left: original color palette.

Displayed on right: transformed color palette according to several kinds of colorblindness (in order: Deuteranomaly, Protanomaly, Protanopia, Achromatopsia).

MAIN COMPONENTS: Pages

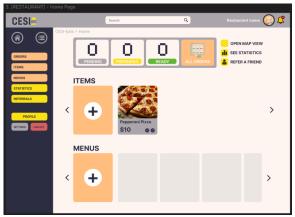




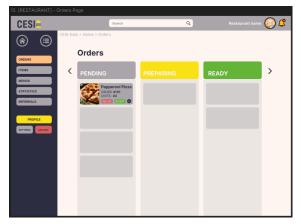
Non-colorblind person's view vs. Colorblind person's view (Achromatopsia)



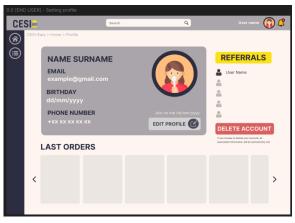
User's Welcome Page



Restaurant's Home Page



Restaurant's Order Page



User's Profile Page

MAIN COMPONENTS: Forms and others



