Login page is the basic need of any Application. The user information needs to be validated in the system before doing any action in the system. We will create a login form step by step.

Create a database named ConsumerBanking.

Create a table named CBLoginInfo

```
01.
      create database ConsumerBanking
02.
03.
04.
      USE [ConsumerBanking]
05.
06.
07.
08.
      /***** Object: Table [dbo].
                       Script Date: 8/7/2016 10:06:47 PM ******/
      [CBLoginInfo]
09.
      SET ANSI NULLS ON
10.
11.
12.
      SET QUOTED IDENTIFIER ON
13.
      G0
14.
15.
      CREATE TABLE [dbo].[CBLoginInfo](
16.
          [CustomerId] [int] NOT NULL,
17.
          [UserName] [nvarchar](20) NULL,
18.
          [Password] [nvarchar](20) NULL,
19.
          [LastLoginDate] [datetime] NULL,
20.
          [LoginFailedCount] [int] NULL,
21.
          [LoginIPAddress] [nvarchar](20) NULL,
22.
          [CustomerTimeZone] [nvarchar](20) NULL,
23.
          [LastAccessedDate] [datetime] NULL,
          [AccountLocked] [bit] NULL,
24.
       CONSTRAINT [PK_CBLogin1] PRIMARY KEY CLUSTERED
25.
26.
27.
          [CustomerId] ASC
      )WITH (PAD INDEX = OFF, STATISTICS NORECOMPUTE = OFF, IGNORE DUP k
28.
      ) ON [PRIMARY]
29.
30.
31.
      G0
```

Note: Passwords are never stored in the plain text in any Application. It should be encrypted, so that no one can read it. For demonstration purposes, it is plain text now.

Once some records are inserted into the SQL Server database, we will write a stored procedure to fetch the user information and validate the user information.

We will create a stored procedure, named GetCBLoginInfo.

There is the logic, which we will achieve in the stored procedure, as this logic is common in any login page.

- If a user name and password is valid, it is a successful login and redirects the user to the landing page.
- If a username does not exist in the database, it shows the error 'User Does not Exist'.
- If the user is a valid user and wrong password is given by the user, it will give the message, number of failed attempts.
- If failed attempt is more than or equal to 5 times, it will lock the user out.

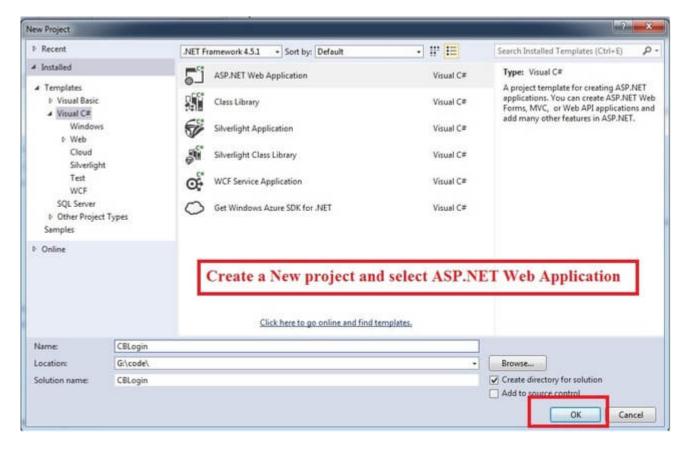
```
01. USE [ConsumerBanking]
02. GO
03. SET ANSI_NULLS ON
04. GO
05. SET QUOTED_IDENTIFIER ON
```

```
06.
      G0
07.
08.
      CREATE PROCEDURE [dbo].[GetCBLoginInfo]
09.
          @UserName VARCHAR(20),
10.
          @Password varchar(20)
11.
      AS
12.
      SET NOCOUNT ON
13.
      Declare @Failedcount AS INT
      SET @Failedcount = (SELECT LoginFailedCount from CBLoginInfo WHERE
14.
15.
      IF EXISTS(SELECT * FROM CBLoginInfo WHERE UserName = @UserName)
16.
17.
18.
       BEGIN
19.
       IF EXISTS(SELECT * FROM CBLoginInfo WHERE UserName = @UserName AN
20.
          SELECT 'Success' AS UserExists
21.
      ELSE
22.
23.
      Update CBLoginInfo set LoginFailedCount = @Failedcount+1 WHERE L
24.
25.
      Update CBLoginInfo set LastLoginDate=GETDATE() WHERE UserName = @
26.
      BEGIN
27.
28.
      IF @Failedcount >=5
29.
30.
      SELECT 'Maximum Attempt Reached (5 times) . Your Account is locked
31.
32.
33.
34.
      select CONVERT(varchar(10), (SELECT LoginFailedCount from CBLoginI
35.
      FND
      END
36.
37.
      ELSE
38.
39.
       BEGIN
40.
      SELECT 'User Does not Exists' AS UserExists
41.
42.
      END
```

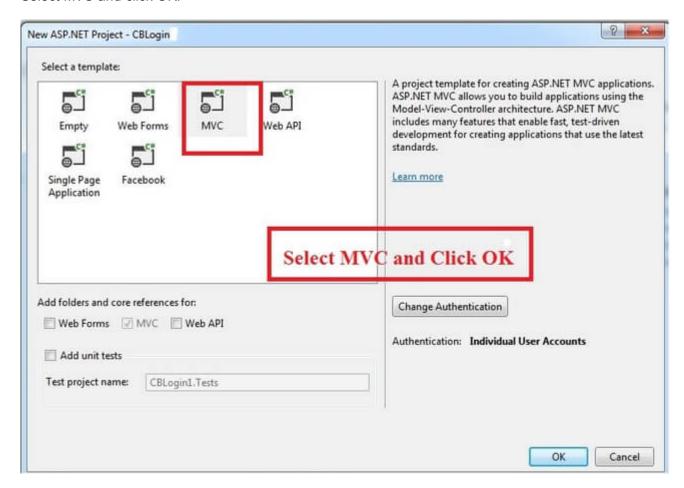
We have created the stored procedure. Our database part is ready now.

Now, we will create ASP.NET MVC Web Application to create a login page .We will call the stored procedure, using Entity framework to validate the user information from the database.

Create a new project and select ASP.NET Web Application. Click OK.

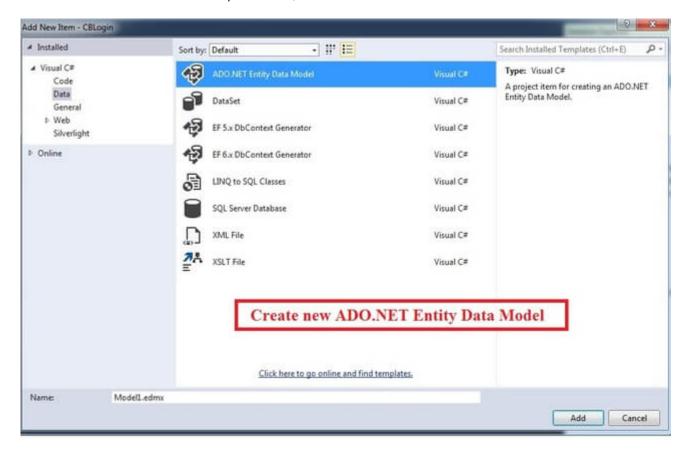


Select MVC and click OK.

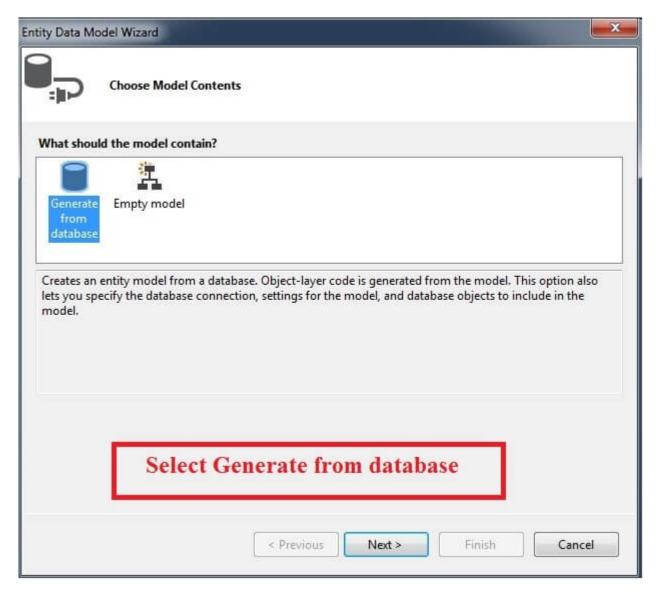


The MVC project is created now.

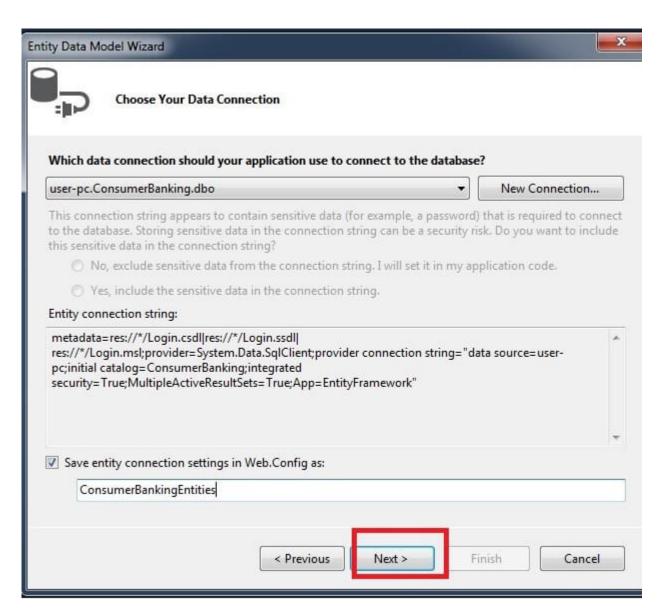
We will use Entity Framework as a data fetching layer. We will add an EDMX file to fetch the data from the database. We will call the stored procedure, which we created earlier.



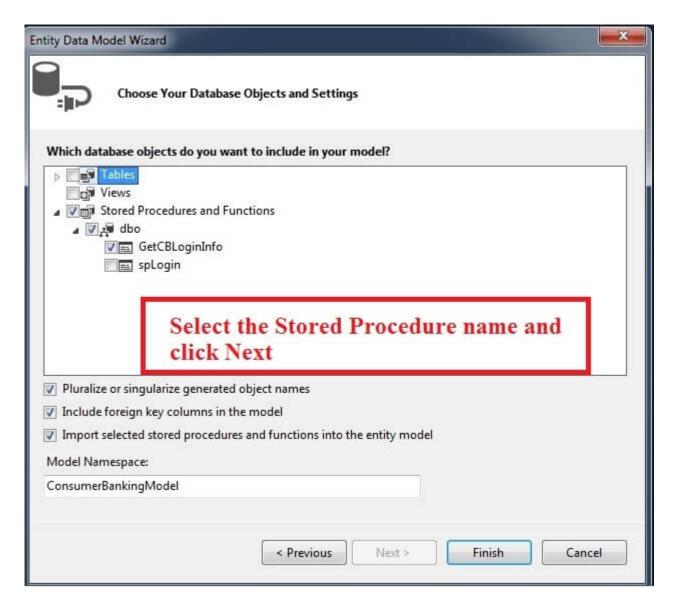
Select the option Generate from the database.



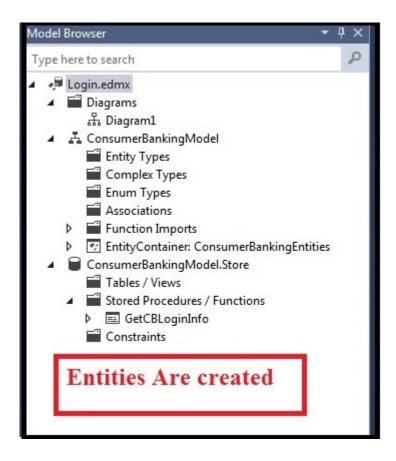
Select your database Server and the database tables in the next step.



Select the stored procedure in the next step.



Click Finish. Now, ADO.NET Entity Data Model is created for us.



We will create a new model class, named CBUserModel, which has two properties, named UserName and Password. This model class will be used to communicate between the view and controller. We have some basic validation to validate the user Name and the Password fields will not to be blank, using DataAnnotations from the System.ComponentModel.

```
01.
     using System.ComponentModel.DataAnnotations;
02.
03.
     namespace CBLogin.Models
04.
     {
05.
         public class CBUserModel
06.
07.
              [Required(ErrorMessage = "UserName is required")]
08.
              public string UserName { get; set; }
09.
              [Required(ErrorMessage = "Password is required")]
10.
              [DataType(DataType.Password)]
11.
              public string Password { get; set; }
12.
         }
     }
13.
```

We will create a controller, named CBLoginController, which has the actions, given below:

The Index view will return us the Index view.

This Index action with [Httppost] verb will be called, when the user posts the data after entering UserName and Password field. In this action, the Username and Password will be validated against the database.

```
01. [HttpPost]
```

```
02.
      public ActionResult Index(CBUserModel model)
03.
      {
04.
          ConsumerBankingEntities cbe = new ConsumerBankingEntities();
05.
          var s = cbe.GetCBLoginInfo(model.UserName, model.Password);
06.
07.
          var item = s.FirstOrDefault();
08.
          if (item == "Success")
09.
          {
10.
11.
              return View("UserLandingView");
12.
13.
          else if(item=="User Does not Exists")
14.
15.
          {
16.
              ViewBag.NotValidUser = item;
17.
18.
          }
19.
          else
20.
          {
              ViewBag.Failedcount = item;
21.
22.
          }
23.
24.
        return View("Index");
25.
     }
```

The action UserLandingView will be called, when the user posts the data after entering UserName and Password field. There is a successful login.

Index View

In the Index view, we have two input textbox fields, named UserName, Password and a Login button.

```
01.
      @model CBLogin.Models.CBUserModel
02.
      <!DOCTYPE html>
03.
04.
      <html lang="en">
05.
      <head>
06.
          <meta charset="utf-8">
          <meta http-equiv="X-UA-Compatible" content="IE=edge">
07.
08.
          <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-</pre>
      scale=1">
09.
10.
          <link rel="stylesheet" href="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/t</pre>
11.
          <link rel="stylesheet" href="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/t</pre>
      theme.min.css">
          <script src="https://ajax.googleapis.com/ajax/libs/jquery/1.12</pre>
12.
      </script>
13.
          <script src="https://maxcdn.bootstrapcdn.com/bootstrap/3.3.7/j</pre>
      </script>
          <style type="text/css">
14.
15.
               .bs-example {
16.
17.
                   height:220px;
18.
19.
               }
20.
21.
               .centerlook {
22.
                   padding-left: 400px;
23.
                   font-weight: bold;
24.
                   width: 1000px;
               }
25.
```

```
26.
               .error {
27.
                   padding-left: 400px;
28.
                   font-weight: bold;
29.
                   width: 1000px;
30.
                   color: red;
31.
              }
32.
33.
               .loginbtn {
34.
                   padding-left: 500px;
35.
              }
36.
          </style>
37.
38.
      </head>
39.
      <body>
40.
41.
          @using (Html.BeginForm())
42.
43.
              <div class="bs-example" style="border:2px solid gray;">
44.
                   <div class="form-group centerlook">
45.
46.
                       <h1> Login </h1>
                   </div>
47.
48.
                   <div class="form-group centerlook">
49.
                       <label>User Name: </label>
50.
                      @Html.EditorFor(model => model.UserName)*
                       @Html.ValidationMessageFor(model => model.UserName
51.
52.
                   </div>
53.
                   <div class="form-group centerlook">
54.
                       <label>Password:</label>
55.
                          @Html.EditorFor(model => model.Password) *
                       @Html.ValidationMessageFor(model => model.Password
56.
57.
58.
                   </div>
59.
                   <div class="form-group error">
60.
                       @if (@ViewBag.Failedcount != null)
61.
                       {
62.
63.
                           <label> Failed Attempt count is: @ViewBag.Fail
64.
                       }
65.
66.
                       @if (@ViewBag.NotValidUser != null)
67.
68.
                           <label> @ViewBag.NotValidUser</label>
69.
70.
                       }
                   </div>
71.
                   <div class="loginbtn">
72.
73.
74.
                       <input type="submit" value="Login" class="btn btn-</pre>
      primary" />
75.
76.
                   </div>
77.
              </div>
78.
79.
      </body>
80.
      </html>
```

When a user loads the Index action, the Index view will be loaded. When the user enters UserName, Password and clicks the Login button, the Index action with HttpPost attribute is called.

The Entity framework code validates the username and password, given below. Based on the status returned from the stored procedure, the user will be shown an error message or redirected to the landing page.

When we run the page, we get the output of the page, as we have stated in the starting of the topic.

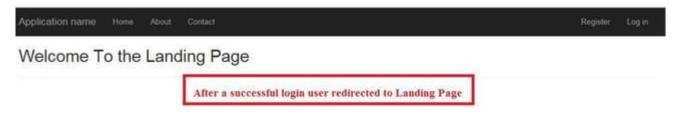
Condition 1: If the User Name and Password is blank, it will show the Validation Error Message, as shown in the screen, given below. We can add regular expression and other validation with the help of Component Model.



Condition 2: If a User Name and Password is given by the user and UserName does not exist in the database /system, it shows message to the user "User Does not Exists", as shown in the screen, given below:



Condition 3: If the User Name and Password given by the user is a valid user and username and password is correct, the user will be navigated to the landing page view.



Condition 4: If the User Name and Password is given wrong for five times or more than five times, then the user account will be locked, as shown in the screen, given below:



Condition 5: If the User Name and Password is given wrong, the page will display the number of failed attempts done by the user .

Application name Home About Contact		Register	Logir
	Login User Name: pradeep Password:		
	Failed Attempt count is: 2 Login If Wrong UserName and Password given it show	s Failed	count