



Conversion Functions

In this session, you will learn:

- List of Conversion Functions with example queries



- This function converts a raw value into a hexadecimal value.

Syntax

RAWTOHEX(raw);

Example

SELECT RAWTOHEX('7E') AS RESULT from dual;



| RESULT |
|--------|
| 3745 |

TO_DATE()

- This function converts a string to a date.

Syntax

TO_DATE(string1 [, format_mask] [, nls_language])

Example

SELECT TO_DATE('20-Mar-2015') AS RESULT FROM dual;



| RESULT |
|-------------|
| 20-Mar-2015 |

TO_DATE()

- This function converts a string to a date.

Syntax

TO_DATE(string1 [, format_mask] [, nls_language])

Example

SELECT TO_DATE('March 20, 2015', 'Month DD, YYYY') AS RESULT
FROM dual;



| RESULT |
|-------------|
| 20-Mar-2015 |

TO_DATE()

- This function converts a string to a date.

Syntax

TO_DATE(string1 [, format_mask] [, nls_language])

Example

```
SELECT TO_DATE('2015/03/20', 'YYYY/MM/DD') AS RESULT  
FROM dual;
```



| RESULT |
|-------------|
| 20-Mar-2015 |

- This function converts a string to a number.

Syntax

TO_NUMBER(string1 [, format_mask] [, nls_language])

Example

SELECT TO_NUMBER('1210.7') AS RESULT FROM dual;



| RESULT |
|--------|
| 1210.7 |

input_value (mandatory): This is the value that is to be converted to a number.

format_mask (optional): This is the format that the output value should be displayed as. It must be a valid number format.

nls_parameter (optional): This value is used to determine how the output value is displayed, such as currency symbols and numeric characters.

TO_NUMBER()

- This function converts a string to a number.

Syntax

TO_NUMBER(string1 [, format_mask] [, nls_language])

Example

SELECT TO_NUMBER('\$1,210.7', '\$9,999.9') AS RESULT FROM dual



| RESULT |
|--------|
| 1210.7 |

TO_NUMBER()

- This function converts a string to a number.

Syntax

TO_NUMBER(string1 [, format_mask] [, nls_language])

Example

SELECT TO_NUMBER('1,210.73', '9,999.99') AS RESULT FROM dual;



| RESULT |
|---------|
| 1210.73 |

SELECT TO_NUMBER('5467.12') FROM DUAL;
Result: 5467.12

SELECT TO_NUMBER('4687841', '9999999') FROM DUAL;
Result: 468784

SELECT TO_NUMBER('\$65.169', 'L99.999') FROM DUAL;
Result: 65.169

https://www.databasestar.com/oracle-to_number/

TO_CHAR()

- This function converts a number or date to a string.

Syntax

TO_CHAR(value [, format_mask] [, nls_language])

Example

SELECT TO_CHAR(1210.73, '9,999.99') AS RESULT FROM dual;



| RESULT |
|----------|
| 1,210.73 |

TO_CHAR()

- This function converts a number or date to a string.

Syntax

TO_CHAR(value [, format_mask] [, nls_language])

Example

```
SELECT TO_CHAR(sysdate, 'MON DDth, YYYY') AS RESULT FROM dual;
```



| RESULT |
|----------------|
| FEB 15TH, 2018 |

THANKS

