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MATH – 10

Q1. An aeroplane flies from place A to B at the speed of 500 km/hr. On the return journey, its speed is 700 km/hr. The average speed of the aeroplane for entire journey is

- (a) $\frac{1750}{3}$ km/hr. (b) $\frac{1850}{3}$ km/hr.
 (c) $\frac{1750}{9}$ km/hr. (d) $\frac{1850}{9}$ km/hr.

Q2. A clock was sold for 144. If the percentage of profit was numerically equal to the cost price, the cost of the clock was

- (a) 72 (b) 80 (c) 90 (d) 100

Q3. In an examination there were 640 boys and 360 girls, 60% of boys and 80% of girls were successful. The percentage of failure was :

- (a) 20% (b) 60% (c) 30.5% (d) 32.8%

Q4. A person gave 20% of his income to his elder son, 30% of the remaining to the younger son and 10% of the balance, he donated to a trust. He is left with ₹ 10080. His income was;

- (a) ₹ 50000 (b) ₹ 140000 (c) ₹ 30000 (d) ₹ 20000

Q5. In an election between two candidates, 75% of the voters cast their votes, out of which 2% votes were declared invalid. A candidate got 9261 votes which were 75% of the valid votes. The total number of voters enrolled in that election was:

- (a) 16000 (b) 16400 (c) 16800 (d) 18000

Q6. A bag has Rs 11 in the form of 1-rupee, 50-paise and 10-paise coins in the ratio of 4 : 2 : 5. Find the number of 50-paise coins.

- (a) 10 (b) 8 (c) 4 (d) 2

Q7. According to the will, the wealth of 11, 50,000 was to be divided between the son and the daughter in the ratio $\frac{2}{3} : \frac{5}{4}$. How much share did the son get (in Rs lakhs)?

- (a) 5 (b) 6 (c) 7 (d) 4

Q8. A is thrice as good a workman as B. C alone takes 48 days to paint a house. All three A, B and C working together take 16 days to paint the house. It will take how many days for B alone to paint the house?

- (a) 32 (b) 64 (c) 96 (d) 72

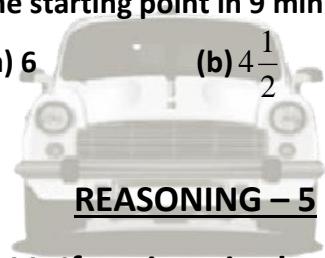


Q9. Two pipes A and B can fill a tank with water in 30 minutes and 45 minutes respectively. The third pipe C can empty the tank in 36 minutes. First A and B are opened. After 12 minutes C is opened. Total time (in minutes) in which the tank will be filled up is:

- (a) 12 min (b) 24 min (c) 30 min (d) 36 min

Q10. A man can row a distance of 900 metres against the stream in 12 minutes and returns to the starting point in 9 minutes. What is the speed (in km/h) of the man in still water?

- (a) 6 (b) $4\frac{1}{2}$ (c) 5 (d) $5\frac{1}{4}$



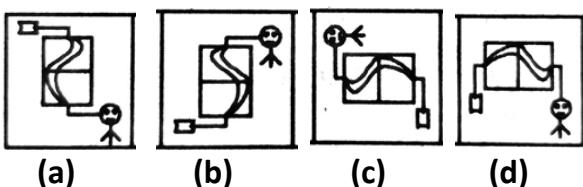
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Q11. If a mirror is placed on the line LM, then which of the answer figures is the right image of the given

Question figure ?



Answer figures:



Q12. Which among the following is a Leap year ?

- (a) 1600 (b) 1900 (c) 1800 (d) All of the above

Q13. Directions (188-190) : In each of the following questions, a series is given, with one term missing. Choose the correct alternative from the given ones that will complete the series.

(i). 361, ?, 169, 121, 49, 25.

- (a) 196 (b) 256 (c) 324 (d) 289

(ii). 127, 131, 139, ?, 151, 157, 163, 167.

- (a) 149 (b) 147 (c) 141 (d) 143

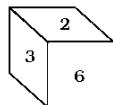
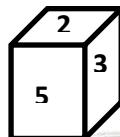


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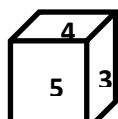
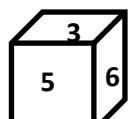
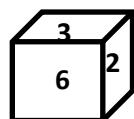
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Q14. From the following two different appearances of die find out the number which is opposite to '5'



- (a) 2 (b) 3 (c) 4 (d) 6

Q15. three positions of a dice are given below. Identify the number on the face opposite to 6.



- (a) 1 (b) 4 (c) 5 (d) 6

GS – HISTORY- 10

16. Who among the following suggested the winding up of the Indian National Congress after India attained independence?

- | | |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| (a) C. Rajagopalachari | (b) Acharya Kripalani |
| (c) Mahatma Gandhi | (d) Jayaprakash Narain |

17. Which of the following sessions of the Indian National Congress was presided over by C. Vijay Raghav Chariar?

- | | |
|----------------------------|---------------------------|
| (a) Lucknow Session (1916) | (b) Nagpur Session (1920) |
| (c) Gaya Session (1922) | (d) None of the above |

18. In which of the following sessions of Indian National Congress, Jawaharlal Nehru spoke of socialism as the key to the solution of India's problems?

- | | |
|---------------|-------------|
| (a) Lahore | (b) Lucknow |
| (c) Allahabad | (d) Ramgarh |

19. Who among of the following was considered by Lala par Rai as his political guru?

- | | |
|----------------------|----------------|
| a) Garibaldi | (b) Vivekanand |
| (c) Dadabhai Naoroji | (d) Mazzini |

20. Who of the following was not a moderate:

- | | |
|---------------------------|-------------------------|
| (a) Gopal Krishna Gokhale | (b) Bal Gangadhar Tilak |
| (c) A.O.Hume | (d) Madan Mohan Malviya |

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21. Who among the following leaders was a supporter of Swadeshi?

- | | |
|----------------------|-------------------------|
| (a) Aurobindo Ghosh | (b) Feroz Shah Mehta |
| (c) Dadabhai Naoroji | (d) Subhash Chandra Bos |

22. "Daro-deewar pe hasrat ki nazar karte hain, khush raho ahle-vatan ham to safar karte hain." was said by:

- | | |
|----------------------|------------------------|
| (a) Ashfaqullah Khan | (b) Bahadur Shah Zafar |
| (c) Ramprasad Bismil | (d) Wazid Ali Shah |

23. One of the founder leaders of Hindustan Socialist Republican Army was-

- | | |
|--------------------------|-------------------------|
| (a) B.R. Ambedkar | (b) Bhagat Singh |
| (c) Subhash Chandra Bose | (d) Jai Prakash Narayan |

24. During India's colonial period, the theory of downward filtration was related to:

- | | |
|----------------|-------------------------|
| (a) Railways | (b) Education |
| (c) Irrigation | (d) Poverty alleviation |

25. The foundation of the modern educational system in India was laid by:

- | |
|-----------------------------------|
| (a) The Charter Act of 1813 |
| (b) Macaulay's Minutes of 1835 |
| (c) The Hunter Commission of 1882 |
| (d) Woods Dispatch of 1854 |

POLITY – 10

26. Consider the following statements:

- | |
|---|
| 1. The Executive Power of the Union of India is vested in the Prime Minister. |
| 2. The Prime Minister is the ex-officio Chairman of the Civil Services Board. |

Which of the statement(s) given above is/are correct?

- | | |
|------------------|---------------------|
| (a) 1 only | (b) 2 only |
| (c) Both 1 and 2 | (d) Neither 1 nor 2 |

27. With reference to Union Government, consider the following statements:

- | |
|---|
| 1. The Constitution of India provides that all Cabinet Ministers shall be compulsorily the sitting members of Lok Sabha only. |
| 2. The Union Cabinet Secretariat operates under the direction of the Ministry of Parliamentary Affairs. Which of the statement(s) given above is/are correct? |
- | | |
|------------------|---------------------|
| (a) 1 only | (b) 2 only |
| (c) Both 1 and 2 | (d) Neither 1 nor 2 |

28. Which of the following Constitutional Amendment Acts restricted the size of the Council of Ministers to 15 percent of the total members of the Lok Sabha ?

- | |
|---|
| (a) 95th Constitutional Amendment Act, 2009 |
| (b) 93rd Constitutional Amendment Act, 2005 |
| (c) 91st Constitutional Amendment Act, 2003 |
| (d) 90th Constitutional Amendment Act, 2002 |



29. The Indian Constitution vests the residuary powers with:

- (a) The Union Government
- (b) The State Governments
- (c) Both the Union as well as State Governments
- (d) Neither the Union nor the State Governments

30. Consider the following statements In India, stamp duty on financial goods deals are -

- 1. imposed and collected by state government
- 2. regulated by the union government

Which of the following is/are correct?

- (a) only 1 (b) only 2
- (c) both 1 and 2 (d) none of these

31. In which respect have the centre-state relations been specifically termed as municipal relation

- (a) Centres control of the state in the legislative sphere.
- (b) Centres control of the state in financial matters.
- (c) Centres control of the state in the administrative sector.
- (d) Centres control of the state in the planning process.

32. Who amongst the following advised that the Indian National Congress should be disbanded as a political party after the independence of India?

- | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|
| (a) C. Rajagopalachari | (b) Jai Prakash Narayan |
| (c) Acharya Kripalani | (d) Mahatma Gandhi |

33. Who was the President of the Indian National Congress at the time of partition of India?

- | | |
|-----------------------------|------------------------|
| (a) J.B. Kripalani | (b) Jawaharlal Nehru |
| (c) Maulana Abul Kalam Azad | (d) C. Rajagopalachari |

34. "In their nationalist reaction, the Founding Fathers of Indian Constitution tended to minimize the importance of minority interests and emotions."

This view is credited to:

- | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|
| (a) Morris Jones | (b) Hardgrave Junior |
| (c) Alexandrovitz | (d) Ivor Jennings |

35. 'It is an agreement by free will to be terminated by free will.' The above statement of Pt. Nehru refers to which of the following?

- (a) India's Association with the Commonwealth of Nations
- (b) Treaty of Panchsheel
- (c) Shimla Agreement
- (d) None of the above

ECONOMICS – 10

36. Which one of the following is not a drug/Pharma company?



- (a) Chevron (b) Nicolas Piramal
 (c) Pfizer (d) Zydus Cadila

37. Some time back, the Government of India, decided to delicense 'white goods' industry.

'White goods' include

- (a) Stainless steel and aluminium utensils
 (b) Milk and milk products
 (c) Items purchased for conspicuous consumption
 (d) Soaps, detergents and other mass consumption goods

38. Adamy Chetna trust, Hawells India Ltd., Hindustan zincLtd. And DSCL Kota (sri Ram group) etc Trust/ Corporate are related to-

- (a) The production of handicrafts and industrial items
 (b) Mid-day meal (luncheon) scheme
 (c) Infrastructure development in Rajasthan
 (d) Special economic zone in Rajasthan

39. The National Agriculture Development Plan, which was started under the Five Year Plan, is-

- (a) 10th plan (b) 11th plan
 (c) 12th plan (d) None of these

40. The plan period of the Eleventh Five Year Plan was

- (a) 2004-09 (b) 2005-10
 (c) 2008-11 (d) 2007-12

41. Who determined the nature of investment in India's Second Five-Year Plan:

- (a) Prof. N. Kaldar
 (b) Prof. VKRV Rao
 (c) Prof. RF Harrod
 (d) Prof. PC Mahalanobis

42. In which year was the Residential Price Index (RESIDEX) launched in India?

- (a) 2001 (b) 2004
 (c) 2007 (d) 2008

43. The Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority was established by the Government of India

- (a) In April, 2000 (b) In April, 2001
 (c) In April, 2002 (d) In April, 2003

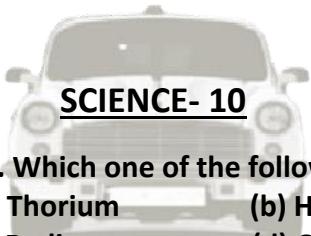
44. The farmers are provided credit from a number of sources for their short and long-term needs. The main sources of credit to the farmers include

- (a) the Primary Agricultural Cooperative Societies, commercial banks, RRBs and private moneylenders
 (b) the NABARD, RBI, commercial banks and private moneylenders
 (c) the District Central Cooperative Banks (DCCB), the lead banks, IRDP and JRY

(d) the Large-Scale Multi-purpose Adivasis Programme, DCCB, IFFCO and commercial banks

45. The main function of finance commission is-

- (a) Share of states in central taxes allocation of funds for the states by central
- (b) Financial control on states
- (c) Financial control on central
- (d) None of the above



SCIENCE- 10

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46. Which one of the following is used as moderator in a nuclear reactor ?

- (a) Thorium (b) Heavy Water
- (c) Radium (d) Ordinary Water

47 . Fast breeder reactor is a nuclear reactor which produces electricity -

- (a) By fission process
- (b) With the help of solar cells
- (c) By burning phenyl substances used by it and by its reproduction
- (d) By using refined hard water

48. Consider the following statements :

A Simple Pendulum is set into oscillation Then :

1. the acceleration is zero when the bob passes through the mean position,
2. in each cycle the bob attains a given velocity twice.
3. both acceleration and velocity of the bob are zero when it reaches its extreme position during the oscillation.
4. the amplitude of oscillation of the simple pendulum decreases with time.

Which of these statements are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 (b) 3 and 4
- (c) 1, 2 and 4 (d) 2, 3 and 4

49. Earth's escape velocity is -

- (a) 15.0 km/sec. (b) 21.1 km/sec.
- (c) 7.0 km/sec. (d) 11.2 km/sec.

50. There is no atmosphere on the moon because

- (a) It is near to the earth.
- (b) It receives light from the sun
- (c) It revolves around the earth.
- (d) The escape velocity of gas molecules on it is less than the root mean square velocity here.

51. By which process the sea water can be converted into pure water?

- (a) Deliquescence (b) Efflorescence
- (c) Electric separation (d) Reverse osmosis



52. Water is a good solvent of ionic salts because -

- (a) It has a high boiling point
- (b) It has a high dipole moment
- (c) It has a high specific heat
- (d) It has no colour

53. What is the mass number of an element, the atom of which contains two protons, two neutrons and two electrons?

- (a) 2 (b) 4 (C) 6 (d) 8

54. Radioactivity is measured by -

- (a) Hydrometer
- (b) Geiger Counter
- (c) Seismometer
- (d) Ammeter

55. Radioactivity was discovered by :

- (a) Rutherford
- (b) Becquerel
- (c) Bohr
- (d) Madam Curie

CURRENT- 10

Q 56. The 'West Bank', a landlocked territory often seen in news, is bordered by?

- 1. Jordan to the East
- 2. Egypt to the South and West
- 3. Syria to the North

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- | | |
|------------------|----------------|
| (a) 1 only | (b) 3 only |
| (c) 2 and 3 only | (d) 1, 2 and 3 |

Q 57. Consider the following statements regarding the Sundarban National Park?

1. The Sundarbans are mangrove forest, on the delta of the Ganges, Brahmaputra and Meghna rivers on the Bay of Bengal.

2. The Sundarban National Park is listed under the World Heritage Marine Programme.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2

Q 58. Consider the following statements:



- 1. Article 23 of Indian Constitution prohibits human trafficking and begar.**
 - 2. India has ratified the United Nations Convention on Transnational Organised Crime.**
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only
 (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2

Q 59. With reference to the Unique Identification Authority of India (UIDAI), consider the following statements:

- 1. It is a statutory body under the jurisdiction of the Ministry of Electronics and Information Technology.**
 - 2. It is mandated to assign a 16-digit unique identification number (Aadhaar) to all the residents of India.**
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only
 (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2

Q 60. The ‘Health Insurance for India’s Missing Middle’ report is released by which of the following?

- (a) NITI Aayog
 (b) Ministry of Health & Family Welfare
 (c) Ministry of Social Justice & Empowerment
 (d) Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority of India (IRDAI)

Q 61. With reference to the Personal Data Protection Law, 2019, consider the following statements:

- 1. It derives its inspiration from the landmark K.S. Puttaswamy judgement of 2017.**
- 2. The Right to be Forgotten is also a part of this law.**

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only
 (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2

Q 62. Consider the following statements regarding ‘Bhasha Sangam’?

- 1. It is an initiative of the Ministry of Culture under Ek Bharat Shreshtha Bharat.**
- 2. It aims to teach basic sentences of everyday usage in 22 Indian languages.**
- 3. It is developed by the National Council of Educational Research and Training (NCERT).**

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only (b) 1 and 2 only
 (c) 2 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3

Q 63. Which of the following Committees of the Constituent Assembly was headed by Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel?

- 1. Advisory Committee on Fundamental Rights.**
- 2. Committee on Minorities and Tribal and Excluded Areas.**
- 3. Provincial Constitution Committee**



4. Union Power Committee

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1 and 2 only (b) 3 and 4 only
- (c) 4 only (d) 1, 2 and 3

Q 64. Consider the following statements:

1. ASEAN was established by the Manila declaration in 1967.

2. ASEAN is India's fourth largest trading partner.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2

Q 65. Consider the following statements:

1. The High Courts are not empowered to quash proceedings under the SC/ST Act.

2. Article 142 of the Indian Constitution provides inherent powers to the Supreme Courts to quash proceedings under the SC/ST Act.

Which of the statements given above is/are not correct?

- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2

COMPUTER – 5

66. The practice of using more than one type of medium in computer at the same time is called.

- (a) Multimedia
- (b) Macromedia
- (c) Interactivity
- (d) None of the above

67. The ability of an operating system to run more than one application at a time is called :

- (a) Multiuser computing
- (b) Time sharing
- (c) Multiprogramming
- (d) Multitasking

68. What can we send through video mail?

- (a) Graphics
- (b) Video clips
- (c) Video messages
- (d) All of these

69. Video conferencing is :

- (a) Conduct of video calls using telecom technology
- (b) Conduct of telephone calls



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- (c) Conduct of video conference using a set of telescopic technology
(d) None of the above

70. Which of the following devices is compulsory for video conferencing?

- (a) Printer
- (b) Scanner
- (c) Webcam
- (d) Mouse

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(71). In the absence of statutory requirements, the employers may not provide even the basic facilities to the employees. This is the basic assumption of the

- A. religious theory
- B. policing theory
- C. benevolence theory
- D. none of the above

(72). Which is the year for "The Declaration of the Rights of Child"?

- A. 1967
- B. 1962
- C. 1960
- D. 1959



(73). When was the "International Convention on the Rights of Child" adopted by the General Assembly?

- A. 20/11/1989
- B. 12/12/1990
- C. 26/01/1995
- D. 15/08/1999

Exam tricks

(74). Who was the President of the General Assembly, when the International Convention on the Rights of Child was adopted by the General Assembly?

- A. mr. joseph n garba
- B. mr. martin j garba
- C. mr. suresh s
- D. mr. ajay chauhan

(75). The International Convention on the Rights of Child consisted of how many Articles when it was presented to the General Assembly?

- A. 95

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- B. 84
- C. 55
- D. 35

(76). Which Section of The Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986 defines the term "Child"?

- A. section 1
- B. section 2 (i)
- C. section 2 (ii)
- D. section 2 (iii)



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(77). As per the act, Day means a period of 24 hours beginning at ____

- A. morning 8 am
- B. noon
- C. evening 4 pm
- D. midnight

(78). Identify Section 2(v) of The Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986.

- A. family
- B. occupier
- C. port authority
- D. establishment



(79). As per section 2(viii) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules made under Section ____

- A. 18
- B. 20
- C. 3
- D. 28

(80). As per the Act, Week means a period of 7 days beginning at midnight on ____

- A. sunday
- B. monday
- C. saturday
- D. thursday

(81). As per the act, a child should not be permitted to work between ____ & ____.

- A. 8 pm; 7 am
- B. 7 pm; 8 am
- C. 6 pm; 7 am
- D. 5 pm; 9 am

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(82). Identify Section 8 of The Child Labour (Prohibition and Regulation) Act, 1986.

- A. hours and period of work
- B. notice to inspector
- C. daily hours
- D. weekly holidays

(83). The day specified in notice as a weekly holiday for a child shall not be altered by the occupier more than once in ____.

- A. 1 week
- B. 1 month
- C. 2 months
- D. 3 months

(84). The "Notice to Inspector", as mentioned in Section 9 of the act, shall be sent within how many days of employment of a child and commencement of this act with respect to that particular establishment?

- A. 10
- B. 15
- C. 20
- D. 30

(85). To whom shall the case be initially referred by the Inspector in case of any question regarding age of a child permitted to work in an establishment.

- A. tribunal
- B. police commissioner
- C. chief inspector
- D. prescribed medical authority

ACCOUNTS – 15

86. Trade discount is :

- (A) Allowed at the time of receiving payment
- (B) Allowed at the time of sale of goods
- (C) Both 'A' and 'B'
- (D) Allowed in all the cases

87. Cash discount is :

- (A) Allowed at the time of sale of goods
- (B) Received at the time of making payment
- (c) Received at the time of purchase of goods
- (D) All of the above



88. Working Capital is :

- (A) Current Assets - Current Liabilities
- (B) Current Assets + Current Liabilities
- (C) Current Assets + Fixed Assets
- (D) None of these

89. Current Assets is :

- (A) Land
- (B) Building
- (C) Machinery
- (D) Stock



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90. Current Liabilities is :

- (A) Creditors
- (B) debentures
- (c) Long-term Loan
- (D) None of these

91. Arun is a Book-seller, which item will be goods for his business ?

- (A) Purchase of Computer
- (B) Purchase of Fan
- (C) Purchase of Furniture
- (d) Purchase of Stationery

92. Repair charge of office old furniture is :

- (A) Revenue Expense
- (B) Capital Expense
- (C) Deferred Expenditure
- (D) None of these



93. Is given to businessman when clear his payment before certain period ?

- (A) Cash Discount
- (B) Special Discount
- (C) Trade Discount
- (D) None of these

94. Long-term Liabilities :

- (A) Debentures
- (C) Creditors
- (B) Bills
- (D) Outs

95. Current liabilities means:



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- (A) Which are payable within 12 months
- (B) Which are payable within 60 months
- (C) Which are less than ₹ 50,000
- (D) Which are payable immediately

96. ₹ 2,000 paid as rent of office premises. It is :

- (A) Event
- (B) Transaction
- (C) Both
- (D) None of these

97. Fixed assets include :

- (A) Closing stock
- (B) Furniture
- (C) Payment in Advance
- (D) Debtors

98. Which of the following is a fictitious assets

- (A) Land
- (B) Building
- (C) Goodwill
- (D) Preliminary expenses)

99. A person to whom money is owed by a firm is called

- (A) Creditor
- (B) Debtor
- (C) Supplier
- (D) Seller

100. The excess of income over expenditure during a period of time is called :

- (A) Profit
- (B) Loss
- (C) Capital
- (D) None of these

ENGLISH – 20

FILL IN THE BLANKS

101. Students-parking should be _____ ; students should not be charged to buy parking stickers.

- a) fined b) free c) costly d) cheap

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102. If you have roses growing in your garden, you can make a lovely _____ of flowers at home.

- a)bouquette b)bucquete c)bouquete d)bouquet

103. The _____ of the middle school is a woman of _____.

- a)principles, principal b)principals, principal c)principal, principle d)principle, principals

104. With the changing times, they are _____ and want to take only those courses which they find rewarding.

- a)idealistic b)pragmatic c)enthusiastic d)partial

105. Google is one of the most popular search engines, it is _____ by the internet users.

- a) utilized b)effected c)examined d)flabbergasted

106. Raj was tired of Puja's _____ approach, so he asked her to make her final decision by that evening.

- a)silly-willy b)dilly-dally c)wasting d)dilly-nally

107. Nikhil is _____ at speaking languages. It is difficult to _____ only one puppy for animal shelter.

One Word Substitution

108. One who is a centre of attraction

- A. Cynosure B. Cynosur
C. Cynosue D. Cynoure

109. Suave (polished and light hearted person)

- A. Debonair B. Debonai
C. Debonir D. bonair

Idiom phrases

(110) In the following question, out of the four alternatives, select the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the idiom/Phrase.

To give the devil his due

- (a) To punish the wrong person
(b) To give credit to even a notorious person
(c) To let the enemy learn the lesson on his own
(d) To stand in the way of the devil

(111) In the following question, out of the four alternatives, select the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the idiom/phrase.

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To hit the nail on the head

- (a) To take out frustration by beating a person
- (b) To make a wrong decision
- (c) To find exactly the right answer
- (d) To unwittingly fall into a trap

Antonyms

112. philistine

- a. novice
- b. intellectual
- c. pious
- d. debutante

113. zenith

- a. worst
- b. apex
- c. nadir
- d. past

114. germane

- a. irrelevant
- b. indifferent
- c. impartial
- d. improvident

Synonyms

115. churlish most nearly means

- a. childish
- b. boorish
- c. tempestuous
- d. disorderly

116. antediluvian most nearly means

- a. antiquated
- b. parched
- c. nonsectarian
- d. nonsensical

117. picayune most nearly means

- a. petty
- b. spicy
- c. paltry



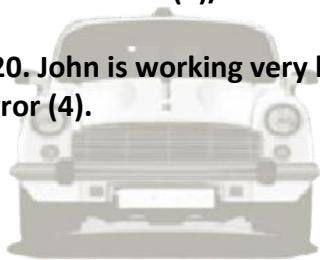
d. southern

Spotting errors

118. I have (1)/seen her only once (2)/ but I'm liking her a lot. (3)/No error (4).

119. I told him (1)/that we enjoyed very much (2)/at the party. (3)/ No error (4).

120. John is working very hardly (1)/ as the examinations (2)/are fast approaching. (3)/ No error (4).



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ANSWER SHEET

MATH – 10

1. Ans-a. Average speed = $\frac{2xy}{x+y}$



$$= \frac{2 \times 500 \times 700}{500 + 700} \text{ km/hr}$$

$$= \frac{1750}{3} \text{ km/hr}$$

2. Ans. B

Let

CP = x

Profit = x

$$SP = \frac{x(100+x)}{100}$$

$$144 = \frac{x(100+x)}{100}$$

$$14400 = x(100+x)$$

By option (b)

$$80(100 + 30) = 14400$$

$$Cp = 80$$

By taken option

$$Cp = 80$$

Profit = 80 so,

$$SP = \frac{80 \times 80}{100} = 144 \text{ Rs.}$$

So option (b) is correct

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3. Ans. D

$$\text{The number of failure boye} = \frac{640 \times 40}{100} = 256$$

$$\text{The number of failure girls} = \frac{360 \times 20}{100} = 72$$

$$\text{Percentage of failure students} = \frac{72 + 256}{640 + 360} \times 100 \\ 32.8\%$$

4. Ans. D

Initial : Final

$$5 : 4$$

$$10 : 7$$

$$\underline{10 : 9}$$

$$500 : 252$$

$$\downarrow \times 40 \qquad \downarrow \times 40$$

$$20000 \qquad 10080$$

Hence required income = Rs. 20,000

5. Ans.c

Let total votes = x

$$x \times \frac{75}{100} \times \frac{98}{100} = \frac{9261}{75} \times 100$$

$$x = 16800$$

hence required number of
total votes 16800

6. Ans. C

	Rs. 1	50 p.	10 p
Number of coins	4	: 2	: 5
Value	4	: 1	: 5

5.50 units → 11

$$1 \text{ unit} = \frac{11}{5.50}$$

$$1 \text{ unit} = 2$$

Total No fo 50 paise coins = $2 \times 2 = 4$

7. Ans. D

Son : Daughter

$$\frac{2}{3} : \frac{5}{4}$$

$$8 : 15 = 23$$

↓
4 lakh

$$\downarrow \times 50,000$$

1150000(given)

So gets 4 lakh

8. A = 3B

$$\therefore \frac{A}{B} = \frac{3 \times 2}{1 \times 2}$$

$$\begin{matrix} C & : & A + B + C \\ 1 & & 3 \\ & \swarrow & \searrow \\ & 48 & \end{matrix}$$

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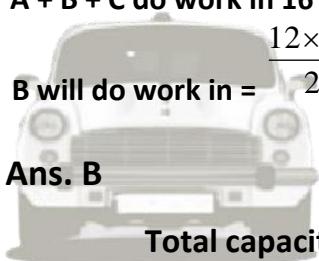
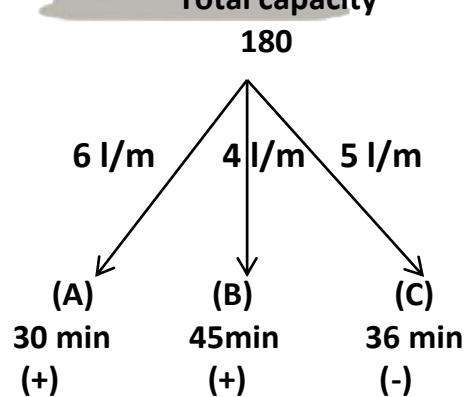
$$\frac{C}{A+B+C} = \frac{1 \times 4}{3 \times 4}$$

Efficiency :- A + B + C

A	B	C
12	6	
2	4	

 $\therefore A + B + C$ do work in 16 days total work = 12×16

$$\therefore B \text{ will do work in } = \frac{12 \times 16}{2} = 96 \text{ days}$$

9. Ans. B**THE**
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A....(+) 30 minutes

B...(+) 45 minutes

C...(-) 36 minutes

Water filled by (A + B) in 12 min

$$= 12 \times (6 + 4)$$

$$= 12 \times 10 = 120 \text{ litre}$$

Remaining capacity = $180 - 120 = 60$ litre

After 12 min emptied pipe C is also opened

Total capacity (A + B - C)

$$= (6 + 4 - 5) = 5 \text{ l/m}$$

Time taken by (A + B - C) with capacity 5 l/m

$$\frac{60 \text{ l/m}}{5 \text{ l/m}} = 12 \text{ min}$$

Therefore total time in which the tank will be filled up is

$$= 12 + 12 = 24 \text{ minutes.}$$

10. Ans.d

Let the speed of boat = x

The speed of stream = y

$$\frac{900}{x - y} = 12 \dots \dots \dots \text{(i)}$$

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$$\frac{900}{x+y} = 9 \dots\dots\dots(ii)$$

(i)/(ii)

$$\frac{x+y}{x-y} = \frac{12}{9}$$

$$\frac{x}{y} = 7$$

Now from eq (i)

$$\frac{900}{100} = \frac{12}{60}$$

$$\frac{x}{7}$$

$$\frac{9 \times 7 \times 5}{10 \times 6x} = 1$$

$$x = 5\frac{1}{4}$$

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REASONING – 5

11. Ans. 1



12. Ans.a

The century which is completely divisible by 400 is a leap year.

$1600/400 = 4$, a leap year

$1900/400 = 4.75$, not leap year

$1800/400 = 4.5$, not leap year

13. (I) Ans. d

$$(19)^2 = 361$$

$$(17)^2 = 289$$

$$(13)^2 = 169$$

$$(11)^2 = 121$$

$$(7)^2 = 49$$

$$(5)^2 = 25$$

(II)- Ans. c

There are two alternating series

$$127 + 12 = 139$$

$$139 + 12 = 151$$

$$151 + 12 = 163$$

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And

$$131 + 10 = \boxed{141}$$

$$141 + 16 = 157$$

$$157 + 10 = 167$$

14. Ans. d

From the two different views of the dice it is clear that '6' lies opposite to '5'.

15. Ans. b

The numbers 2, 4, 5 and 6 cannot be on the face opposite to 3.

The numbers 1, 3, 4 and 6 cannot be on the face opposite to 5.

Therefore, 2 lies opposite 5

Clearly, 4 lies opposite 6.

HISTORY

16. Ans.(c)

Mahatma Gandhi suggested the winding up of the Indian National Congress after India got independence

17. Ans. (b)

C. Vijay Raghav Chariar presided Indian National Congress in 1920 at Nagpur session, where Gandhiji's advocacy of 'Poorna Swaraj' through Non-cooperation was debated and accepted

18. Ans. (b)

Jawaharlal Nehru in his Presidential address spoke of socialism as the key to the solution of India's problem at the session of Indian National Congress in Lucknow on 26 December 1936.

19. Ans : d

Lala Lajpat Rai accepted Italian revolutionary Mazzini as translated splendid creation of Mazzini "The duty of Man" as political guru after reading his biography, and later he . in Urdu also

20. Ans. (b)

Neo-Nationalist group of Lal, Bal, Pal was disillusioned by initial moderate policies of Congress. Bal Gangadhar Tilak was a pioneer of this neo ideology. He was extremist, not moderate.

21. Ans.(a)

Aurobindo Ghosh was the main leader of Swadeshi Movement(started in 1905) which started against the Bengal partition. Other main leaders of this movement were Lala Lajpat Rai (Punjab), Bal Gangadhar Tilak (Maharashtra) and Bipin Chandra Pal (Bengal).



22. Ans. (d)

This utterance belonged to the last Nawab of Awadh Wazid Ali Shah. Indian revolutionaries used to sing this poem in their imprisonment period and capital punishment.

23. Ans. (b)

Vijay Kumar Singh, Shiv Verma, Jai Dev Kapoor, Bhagat Singh, Bhagwati Charan Vohra and the Sukhdev under the leadership of Chandra Shekhar Azad reorganized the HRA in September, 1928 at Feroz Shah Kotla Delhi, They changed the name of HRA and the new organization named HSRA (Hindustan Socialist Republican Association) came into existence.

24. Ans. (b)

Downward Filtration theory was related to educational upliftment during India's colonial period. The filtration theory in education meant coming down of education or knowledge from top to bottom, i.e., from the higher class people to the lower classes or the general people. Lord Macaulay explained his point of view by stating that the purpose of the company was only to educate the elite group which would educate the general public later-thus fulfilling the goal of educating the masses in general.

25. Ans. (b)

The foundation of the modern educational system in India was laid by Macaulay's Minutes of 1835. In that minute, he poured comment on Sanskrit or Arabic by saying that "a single shelf of a good European library was worth the whole literature of India and Arabia.". Macaulay thus suggested making English the language of higher education in India with western language as the subjects of study. Bentinck accepted his suggestion. Accordingly, on 7th March, 1835, a resolution passed by the Government declared: "His Lordship is of the opinion that the great object of the British Government ought to be the promotion of European literature and science amongst the natives of India and that all the funds appropriated for the purpose of education would be best employed on English education alone." Bentinek's Resolution opened a new chapter in the history of Indian education. It was from that time that Western education began to spread in India rapidly.

POLITY

26.Ans. (d)

The executive power of the Union of India is not vested in the Prime Minister but in the President (Art. 53(1), The Constitutional head of the executive of the Union is the President. Article 74(1) of the Constitution provides that as its head to aid and advise the President, who shall exercise his/her functions in accordance with the advice. The Cabinet Secretariat is under the direct charge of the Prime Minister. The administrative head of the Secretariat is the Cabinet Secretary who is also the ex-officio Chairman of the Civil Services Board. Thus, neither 1 nor 2 statement is correct.



27. Ans. (d)

The Council of Ministers seldom meets as a body. It is the Cabinet, an inner body within the Council, which shapes the policies of the Government. Cabinet Ministers hold the charge of key portfolios. There is no bar on the appointment of a person from outside the legislature as a minister, but he cannot continue for more than six months unless he secures a seat in either House of the Parliament in the meantime. A minister, who is a member of one House has the right to speak and to take part in the proceedings of the other House, though he has no right to vote in the house of which he is not a member. The Union Cabinet Secretariat is not operated under the direction of Ministry of Parliamentary Affairs. Union Cabinet Secretariat is under the supervision of Prime Ministers Office. Its administrative Chief is Cabinet Secretary, who is the Ex-officio Chairman of Civil Services Board. The cabinet secretary is the highest civil services officer of the central government. Hence both the statements are false.

28. Ans.(c)

91st Constitutional Amendment Act, 2003 says that the total number of Ministers, including Prime Minister in the Council of Ministers, shall not exceed fifteen percent of the total number of members of the Lok Sabha. This provision was added in Article 75(1A) through the 91st Constitutional Amendment Act, 2003.

29. Ans.(a)

The Indian Constitution gives the residuary power of legislation to the Union Government. The Indian Union reflects the example of strong Union where the residuary powers of legislation rest with the Parliament.

30. Ans.(d)

According to Article 268, stamp duty on financial goods deals are imposed by the Union Government but collected and appropriated by the State Government.

31. Ans. (d)

Centres control over the states in the planning process has been termed as Municipal Relations. It promotes relationships and strategic partnerships between different levels of government, and relationships with non-governmental organizations at all levels also. This is for all the citizens and communities in which they are living to support their well-being by efficient and effective policies and programs.

32. Ans. (d)

Mahatma Gandhi suggested that the Indian National Congress was formed only for achieving Independence and should be disbanded as a political party after the Independence of India.

33. Ans.(a)

J.B. Kripalani was the President of the Indian National Congress at the time of Partition of India.



34. Ans. (d)

The above statement was made by Sir Ivor Jennings on the provisions for protection of Minorities in Indian Constitution.

35. Ans.(a) The above statement of Pt. Nehru refers to India's Association with the commonwealth of Nations.

ECONOMICS

36. Ans. (a):

Nicholas Piramal, Pfizer and Jind's Cadila are drug manufacturing companies. Chevron is a US multinational energy company.

37.Ans. (c):

White goods, i.e. white goods, are manufactured goods that are consumed by high-income consumers. The government has freed these luxury goods exhibiting opulence and socio-economic status from the purview of compulsory licensing. Now there will be no need to seek prior approval from the government to set up factories that manufacture goods related to 'white goods'. In the white goods industry, expensive cars, enterprises, washing machines, TVs. Etc. are included.

38. Ans. (a)

A Policy for attracting Public Private partnership in the Mid-Day-Meal Programme was launched by the Rajasthan government in January 2006. Adamya Chetna Trust. Havells India Ltd., Hindustan Zinc Ltd., DSCL Kota (Shree Ram Group) are some Trusts/Corporate who have already partnered the government.

39. Ans. (b)

The Rashtriya Krishi Vikas Yojana was launched on August 16, 2007. Its goal was to achieve 4 percent annual growth in agriculture in the Eleventh Five Year Plan. The National Agricultural Development Plan is a state planning scheme. Under this scheme, 100% grant is provided by the Central Government.

40. Ans. (d):

The 11th Five-Year Plan came into force from April 1, 2007 and the main goal of this Five- Year Plan was 'fastest and focused on inclusive development'. Its period was 2007-2012.

41. Ans. (d):

The nature of India's investment in the Second Five-Year Plan, Prof. P.C. Mahalanobis had determined, which was based on 4 regional models. These 4 areas were Capital Goods Sector, Factory Produced Consumption Sector, Small Unit Production Sector and Domestic Industry

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Sector. The model including agriculture and service sector was based on a truly unbalanced development strategy. In this, the target of growth rate was 4.5% and the achievement was 4.3%. Under this scheme, Rourkela (Orissa), Bhilai (Chhattisgarh), Durgapur (W. Bengal) steel plants were established.

42. Ans. (c):

The introduction of the Residential Price Index Residex in 2007 by the National Housing Bank in India was the first attempt to comprehensively study the trend of price fluctuations in residential property. Initially, its base year was 2001. Currently its base year is 2017-18.

43. Ans. (a):

The Government of India established the Insurance Regulatory and Development Authority under the IRDA Act, 1999 in April, 2000. It is headquartered in Hyderabad, Telangana. The FDI limit in insurance sector in India has been increased from 49% to 74% in budget 2021-22.

44. Ans.(a)

Farmers are provided loans from many sources for their short term and long term needs. The main sources of credit to farmers include primary agricultural cooperatives, commercial banks, RRBs and non-government lenders.

45. Ans. (a)

Article 280 provides that the President shall constitute a Finance Commission within two years from the commencement of the Constitution and thereafter at the end of every 5 years. The Finance Commission will have a Chairman and 4 members. The Parliament shall by law prescribe the qualifications required for the members of the Commission. The Commission shall assist in the distribution of the net proceeds of taxes between the Union and the States, which are divided among them under this chapter, and the allocation of portions of the states of such proceeds.

SCIENCE

46. Ans. (b) & (d)

Heavy water (D_2O), also called deuterium oxide, contains a larger than normal amount of the hydrogen isotope deuterium. It is used as moderator in the reactor to slow down the neutrons produced in fission so that the chain reaction can be sustained. Many reactors also use Light water or normal water (H_2O), Graphite or Beryllium oxide as moderator. In India, mainly heavy water is used as moderator in nuclear reactors.

47. Ans.(a)

A fast breeder reactor is a nuclear reactor which produces electricity by the fission process. This type of reactor produces more fissile material than it burns.

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48. Ans.(c)

When an object, which is in simple periodic motion passes through its mean position then,

- (i) No force acts on it.
- (ii) It's acceleration becomes zero.
- (iii) Maximum velocity.
- (iv) Maximum kinetic energy.
- (v) Potential energy is zero.

When the object reaches its extreme position then,

- (i) Its acceleration is maximum.
- (ii) Counterforce acting on that is maximum.
- (iii) It's Kinetic energy is zero.
- (iv) Has maximum potential energy.
- (v) Has zero velocity.

In each rotation, the pendulum twice attains a specific velocity. In addition, under normal circumstances oscillation of usual pendulum decreases with time (due to air resistance etc.). Thus the statement 1, 2 and 4 are correct while statement 3 is wrong

49. Ans. (d)

The term escape velocity means the minimum speed that a moving object must have to escape from the gravitational field of a celestial body and move outward into space. The escape velocity of earth is 11.2 km/sec.

50. Ans. (d)

Moon has no atmosphere because the value of acceleration due to gravity 'g' on the surface of the moon is small. Therefore, the value of escape velocity on the surface of the moon is small. The value of root mean square velocity of the molecules of different gases is much above the value of escape velocity on the moon. That is why all the molecules of gases escaped and there is no atmosphere on the moon

51. Ans. (d)

Reverse osmosis (RO) is a water purification technology that uses a semipermeable membrane to remove larger particles from drinking water. It is used in desalination of sea water or salty water. The most widely used method of desalination on a large scale involves reverse osmosis. If pure water and salty water are placed on both sides of a semipermeable membrane, water

will flow towards the salty water side. If a high pressure (higher than the osmotic pressure) is applied to the salty water side of the semi-permeable membrane, the water will flow in the opposite direction and pure water will be obtained. Reverse osmosis can remove many types of molecules and ions from solutions including bacteria and is used in both industrial processes and the production of potable pure water,

52. Ans. (b)

Water is a good solvent due to its polarity and high dipole moment which can easily dissolve polar compounds. Water dissolves ionic salts by hydrating their component ions. For example, water dissolves NaCl by hydrating and stabilizing the Na^+ and Cl^- ions

53. Ans. (b)

The mass number of an element is the sum of a total number of protons and neutrons inside in its nucleus and represents by A. Therefore, mass number A=number of protons + number of neutrons. Therefore, mass number = $2+2 = 4$

54. Ans. (b)

The Geiger-Muller Counter also called a Geiger Counter, is an instrument used for detection and measurement of ionizing radiation. It detects radiation such as alpha particles, beta particles and gamma rays using the ionization produced in a Geiger-Muller tube, which gives its name to the instrument

55. Ans. (b)

Radioactivity was discovered in 1896 by the French Scientist Henri Becquerel when he was working with phosphorescent materials.

CURRENT- 10

Ans:-a

Ans:-c

Ans:-c

Ans:-a

Ans:-a

Ans:-b

Ans:-c

Ans:-d

Ans:-b

Ans:-a

COMPUTER – 5

66. Ans.(a)



Multimedia applications can include many types of media. The primary characteristic of a multimedia system is the use of more than one kind of media to deliver content and functionality.

67. Ans. (d)

In computing, multitasking is a concept of performing multiple tasks over a certain period of time by executing them concurrently.

68. Ans. (d)

Video mail is a system for sending a pre-recorded video as an email with a link to the video. Graphics and video clips are the examples of the video message.

69. Ans.(a)

Video conferencing is the conduct of video call by a set of telecommunication technologies which allows two or more locations to communicate by simultaneous two-way video and audio transmissions.

70. Ans.(c)

A video conference is a live, visual connection between two or more people residing in separate locations for the purpose of communication. For video input video camera or webcam is required, for video output computer monitor, television or projector is required.

LABOUR LAW- 15

71.B 72.D 73.A 74.A 75.D 76.C 77.D 78.A 79.A 80.C 81.B 82.D 83.D 84.D 85.D

ACCOUNTS – 15

86.B 87.B 88.A 89.D 90.A 91.D 92.A 93.A 94.A 95.A 96.B 97.B 98.D 99.D 100.A

ENGLISH – 20

Answer

FILL in the blanks

101. (b) Use ‘Free’

102. (d) Use ‘bouquet’

103. (c) Use ‘principal and principle’



104. (b) Use 'pragmatic'

105. (c) Use 'utilized'

106. (b) Use 'dilly-dally'

107. (c) Use 'adept,adopt'

108. A. Cynosure

109. A. Debonair

Idiom phrases

110. B 111. C

ANTONYMS

112. b. philistine is used disparagingly to describe a person guided by material rather than intellectual values; an intellectual is a person who engages in creative use of his or her intellect

113. a. zenith means the highest point or the apex; nadir means the lowest point

114. a. germane means to be appropriate or relevant, therefore irrelevant is the opposite

SYNONYMS

115. b. churlish means resembling an ill-bred or vulgar person, or boorish

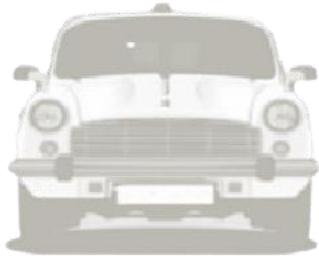
116. a. antediluvian means so ancient that it could have come before the time of the flood and Noah's ark, or antiquated

117. c. picayune means trivial or of little value; paltry means trivial or meager



Spotting errors

118. (3) 119. (2) 120. (1)



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- Indian Freedom Struggle.
- Current Events and Developmental Issues.
- Indian Polity & Economy.
- General Accounting Principles.
- Industrial Relations & Labour Laws.
- General Science & knowledge of Computer applications.
- General Mental Ability & Quantitative Aptitude.
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- History
- Geography
- Polity
- Science
- Economy
- Current Affairs

➤ Approx. Que
45-55

✓ Your Target 35-45

Part - B

- Math
- Reasoning
- English
- Computer

➤ Approx. Que
40

✓ Your Target 30-35

Part - C

- Accounts
- Labour Laws

➤ Approx. Que
30-40

✓ Your Target 25-30

✓ Attempt 100+ Question = Selection sure

Part A General Studies Strategy

➤ Approx. Que 45-55

✓ Your Target 35-45

Booklet Hindi/English

NCERT

Previous Year Ques.

- History
- Geography
- Polity
- Science
- Economy

6 to 12th
Complete Test
with Detail
Answer PDF

Most Imp. Back
Year que. Chapter
wise sectional
With Detail
Answer pdf

+ Current Affairs

Monthly current affairs
booklet uploaded till April 22

Become
Commissioner

Part B Math Reasoning English Computer

➤ Approx. Que 40

✓ Your Target 30+

Math/Reasoning(15Q)

English(20Q)

Computer(5Q)

- Speed and time
- Profit and loss
- Venn Diagram
- Number system
- volume & surface(cube, cuboid etc)
- Percentage
- Sitting arrangement
- Average
- Reasoning (mirror, blood relation, direction)
- Also cover many additional topics
- Back year questions

- Syn/Ant
- Spotting error
- One word
- Fill in the blanks
- Idioms and Phrase
- Passage, direct indirect, active passive
- Also cover many additional topics
- Back year questions
- Complete grammar
- Important vocabulary pdf

- Video Classes
- Booklets
- MCQs

NCERT TEST
+
SECTIONAL TEST
+
FULL MOCK TEST
=
FOR PERFECT PREPARATION

Part – C – Account, Labour Law (Our most Demanding Section)

➤ Approx. Que 30-40

✓ Your Target 25-30

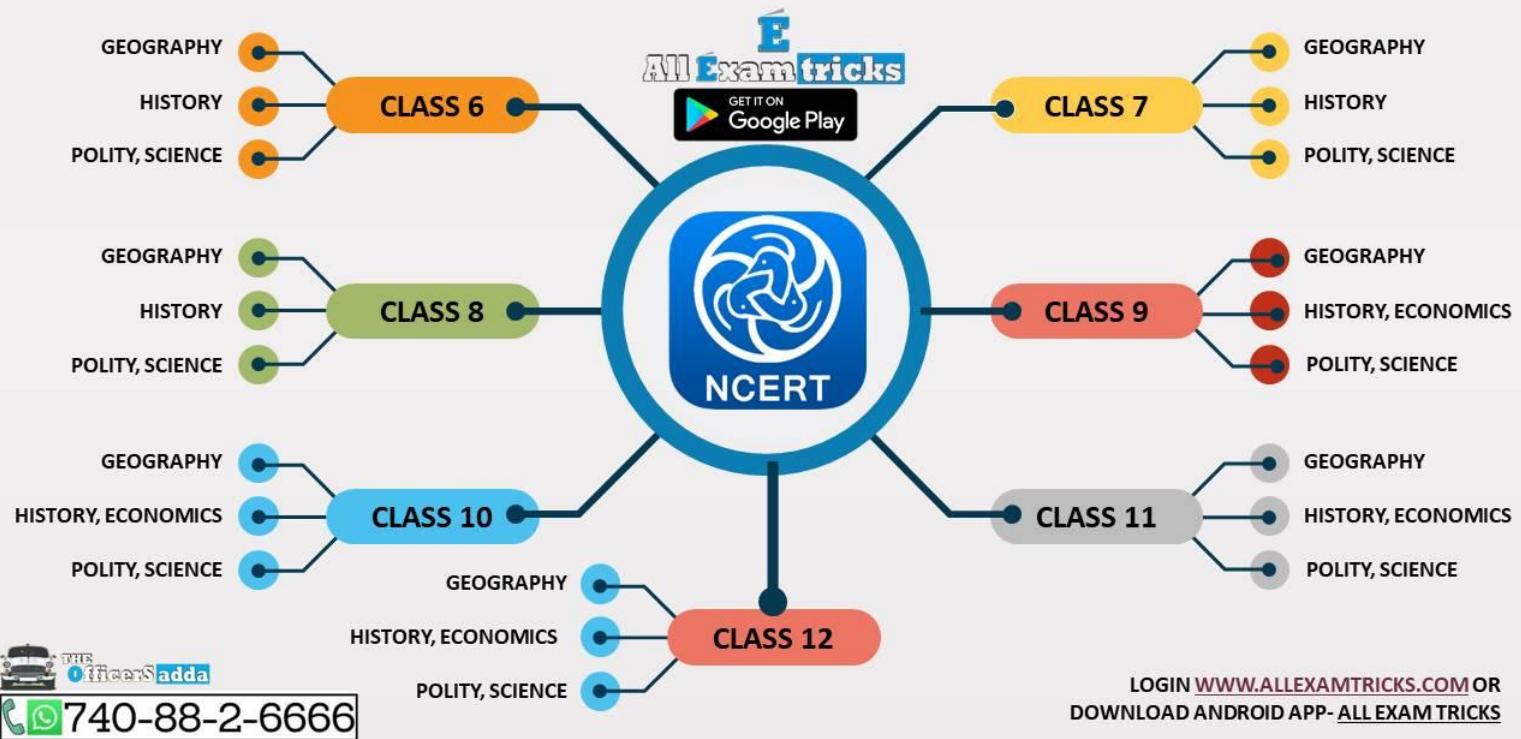
Accounts (15-20 Q)

Labour Law(15-20 Q)

- Separate Hindi/English Booklets
- Complete video series with MCQs practice video lectures
- Sectional test and full mock test

- Labour Laws with latest amendments with MCQs
- New Labour code
- Sectional test and full mock test

NCERT TEST WITH DETAILED ANSWER PDF (HINDI/ENG.)



15000+ MCQs

NCERT

- 6 to 12 Complete NCERT (Hindi/English) with detail answer PDF uploaded.

Sectional Test

- Chapter wise section test already uploaded, we also upload new sectional test in routine.

Full Mock Test

- We will provide 35+ Full Mock test with detail answer PDF

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PB-3; 15600-39100 + GP 7600 (Level 12)

Regional PF Commissioner-II
PB-3; 15600-39100 + GP 6600 (Level 11)

Assistant PF Commissioner
PB-3; 15600-39100 + GP 5400 (Level 10)

Enforcement Officer/Accounts Officer
PB-2; 9300-34800 + GP 4800 (Level 8)

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मटेरियल , वीडियो , टेस्ट सीरीज पर फोकस करे