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MATHS

Q1. If 80% of A = 50% of B and B=X% of A, then the value of x is:

- (a) 400 (b) 300
- (c) 160 (d) 150

Q2. The income of C is 20% more than B's and the income of B is 25% more than A's. Find by how much percent is C's income more than A's?

- (a) 150% (b) 50%
- (c) 25% (d) 35%

Q3. 5 men can do a piece of work in 6 days while 10 women can do it in 5 days. In how many days can 5 women and 3 men do it?

- (a) 4 days (b) 5 days (c) 6 days (d) 8 days

Q4: If 3 men or 6 women can do a piece of work in 16 days, in how many days can 12 men and 5 women do the same piece of work?

- (a) 4 days (b) 5 days (c) 3 days (d) 2 days

Q5: A cistern can be filled with water by a pipe in 5 hours and it can be emptied by a second pipe in 4 hours. If both the pipes are opened when the cistern is full, the time in which it will be emptied the cistern:

- a. 9 hours b. 18 hours c. 20 hours d. 30 hours

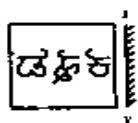
REASONING

Q6. A is D's brother. D is B's father. B and C are sisters. How is A related to C ?

- (1) Son
- (2) Grandson
- (3) Father
- (4) Uncle

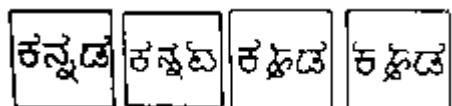
Q7. Which of the answer figures is exactly the mirror image of the given figure when mirror is held as shown ?

question Figure



Answer Figures





- (1) (2) (3) (4)

Q8. A starts walking from a point P. A goes westward and covers a distance of 4 km and then turns to his right and walks 3 km. How far A is from the starting point?

- (1) 7 km (2) 9 km
(3) 2 km (4) 5 km



Q9. A and B start to travell in opposite direction from a point both walks 5 km and turn in right and walks 7 km. After this they turn right and walks 5 km. Now what is the distance between them ?

- (1) 10 km (2) 12 km
(3) 14 km (4) 17 km

Q10. Kannan walks 10 km in north direction. From there he returns and walks 6 km in south direction. After this he walks 3 km in east direction. How far is he from initial point now?

- (1) 3 km (2) 6 km
(3) 7 km (4) 5 km

Q11. Rana travels 10km North, turns left and travels 4 km and then again turns right and covers another 5 km. He then turns to right-hand side and travels another 4 km. How far is he from the point of starting of his journey?

- (1) 5 km (2) 4km
(3) 15 km (4) 10 km

Q12. A man walks 7 km towards north before taking left turn and walks further 5 km. Then he takes left turn and walks 15 km. Finally he takes left turn again and walks 5 km. How much distance is he away from the starting point ?

- (1) 8 km (2) 12 km

(3) 15 km (4) 22 km

Q13. Vijay starts from his office and walks 4 km towards north. Then he turns right and walks 2km, then turns right and walks 6 km, then again turns right and walks 2 km and then turns right and walks 2 km. How far is he now from the starting point ?

- (1) 0 km (2) 6 km
(3) 12 km (4) 16 km**



Q14. Sanmitra walks 4 km. towards north, turns right and walks 5 km. Then he turns towards south and walks 2 km. Again he takes a turn towards west walks 3 km and stops for a while. Then he further walks 2km. What is the distance of Sanmitra from starting point?

- (1) 16 km (2) 2 km
(3) 4 km (4) 3 km**

Q15. A travelled westward 8 km, turned left and travelled 3 km, turned right and travelled 9 km. He then travelled north 3 km. How far is he from the starting point ?

- (1) 15 km (2) 17 km
(3) 19 km (4) 11 km**

G.S HISTORY

Q16: Who among the following repealed the Vernacular Press Act of 1878?

- | | |
|------------------------|------------------------|
| (a) Lord Ripon | (b) Lord Lytton |
| (c) Lord Curzon | (d) Lord Minto |

Q17: The first newspaper in India was

- | | |
|---------------------------|----------------------------|
| (a) Bengal Gazette | (b) Hindustan Times |
| (c) Pioneer | (d) Sambad Kaumadi |

Q18: Who was the first indian to go to jail in performance of his duty as a journalist

- | | |
|--------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| (a) Bal Gangadhar Tilak | (b) Dadabhai Nauroji |
| (c) Motilal Ghosh | (d) Surendra Nath Banerjee |

Q19: Who in America started to issue newspaper "Free Indin"?

- | | |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|
| (a) Ram Nath Puri | (b) G.D. Kumar |
|--------------------------|-----------------------|



(c) Lala Hardayal

(d) Tarak Nath Das

Q20: Whose main aim was to uplift the backward classes?

- | | |
|---------------------|-------------------------|
| (a) Prarthana Samaj | (b) Satyashodhak Samaj |
| (C) Arya Samaj | (d) Ramakrishna Mission |

Q21: Satya Shodhak Samaj organized

- | | |
|---|--|
| (a) A movement for upliftment of tribals in Bihar | (b) A temple-entry movement in Gujarat |
| (c) An anti-caste movement in Maharashtra | (d) A peasant movement in Punjab |

Q22: Who was the first Indian to resist the political reforms

- | | |
|------------------------|-------------------------|
| (a) Dada Bhai Naroa ji | (b) Surendra Nath |
| (c) Ram Mohan Roy | (d) Bal Gangadhar Tilak |

Q23: Who amongst the following was one of the founders of the Bombay Presidency

Association in 1885?

- | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------|
| (a) Feroz Shah Mehta | (b) P. Anand Charlu |
| (c) M. V. Raghav Cheriyar | (d) S. N. Banerjee |

Q24: . Who was the first Indian Woman President of the Congress?

- | | |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|
| (a) Vijaya Lakshmi Pandit | (b) Pandita Rama Bai |
| (c) Sarojini Naidu | (d) Raj Kumari Amrit Kaur |

Q25: While delivering the presidential address, the Congress President who advocated the introduction of Roman script for the Hindi language was:

- | | |
|---------------------|-------------------------|
| (a) Mahatma Gandhi | (b) Jawaharlal Nehru |
| (c) Abul Kalam Azad | (d) Subhash Chandra Bos |

POLITY

Q26. Which of the following statements is correct about Prime Minister of India?

- (a) Prime Minister is the nominal head of the Council of Ministers.
- (b) He is not responsible to the Parliament.
- (c) He cannot dismiss any of his ministers.
- (d) Prime Minister is the real head of the Council of Ministers.

Q27. Prime Minister of India is -

- (a) Elected (b) Selected
- (c) Nominated (d) Appointed



Q28. Which of the following is not true?

- (a) The President or Governor is immune from legal action for officials acts.
- (b) No Court can compel a Governor to perform any duty.
- (c) A two months notice in writing must be delivered to a Governor for bringing civil proceedings in respect of their personal acts.
- (d) Courts are empowered to enquire the advice tendered by the Ministers to the President or Governor.

Q29. Given below are two statements:

Assertion (A): The Union Executive is headed by the President of India.

Reason (R) : There is no limitation on the power of the President.

In the context of the above which of the following is correct?

- (a) Both (A) and (R) are true, and (R) is the correct explanation of (A).
- (b) Both (A) and (R) are true, but (R) is not the correct explanation of (A).
- (c) (A) is true, but (R) is false.
- (d) (A) is false, but (R) is true.

Q30. How is the President elected in India?

- (a) Directly
- (b) By Rajya Sabha Members
- (c) By Lok Sabha Members
- (d) By Indirect Election

Q31. The two Union Territories which have been given right to take part in the election of the President of India by the 70th Amendment of Indian Constitution, are :

- (a) Delhi and Chandigarh
- (b) Delhi and Puducherry
- (c) Delhi and Daman & Diu
- (d) Chandigarh and Puducherry

Q32. The salaries and allowances of the Judges of the High Court are charged to the:

- (a) Consolidated Fund of India
- (b) Consolidated Fund of the State
- (c) Contingency Fund of India
- (d) Contingency Fund of the State

Q33. The pension of a retired High Court Judge is charged to the

- (a) Consolidated Fund of India.

- (b) Consolidated Fund of the State where he last served.
- (c) Consolidated Fund of the different States where he has served.
- (d) Contingency Fund of India.

Q34. The age of retirement of a High Court Judge is -

- (a) 65 (b) 60
- (C) 62 (d) 58

Q35. The Centre-State relations in India are influenced by:

1. Provisions of the Constitution
2. The Planning process
3. Conflict of Political interests
4. The dominance of desire to dictate

Select the correct answer from the codes given below:

- (a) 1 and 2 (b) 2, 3 and 4
- (c) 2, 4 and 5 (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

ECONOMICS

Q36. Among the agricultural commodities imported by India, which one of the following accounts for the highest imports in terms of value in the last five years?

- (a) Spices (b) Fresh fruits
- (c) Pulses (d) Vegetable oils

Q37. With reference to the cultivation of Kharif crops in India in the last five years, consider the following statements :

1. Area under the cultivation is the highest
2. Area under cultivation of jowar is more than that of oilseeds.
3. Area of cotton cultivation is more than that of sugarcane.
4. Area under sugarcane cultivation has steadily decreased.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) 1 and 3 only (b) 2, 3 and 4 only
- (c) 2 and 4 only (d) 1, 2, 3 and 4

Q38. Which of the following committee suggested agricultural holding tax in India?

- (a) Raj Committee
- (b) Wanchu Committee
- (c) Karve Committee
- (d) Marathe Committee

Q39. What is meant by a Bullock - Capitalist?

- (a) Farmers who are poor
- (b) Farmers who are rich.
- (c) Farmers who have some resources but are not rich.
- (d) Farmers who are big Zamindars.



Q40. With reference to "Notional Investment and Infrastructure Fund", which of the following statements is/are correct?

- It is an organ of NITI Aayog.
- It has a corpus of 34,00,000 crore at present.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only
 (c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2

Q41. Transport, communication, water facilities, power supply, education and health all are components of

- (a) Urbanization
 (b) Industrialization
 (c) Globalization
 (d) Infrastructure

Q42. Which of the following Indian ports received the most international certification?

- (a) Kandla (b) Mumbai
 (c) Visakhapatnam (d) Paradip

Q43. The main source of finance of the Highways Authority of India is

- (a) Cess (b) Foreign aid
 (c) Market borrowing (d) Grants in the Union Government budget

Q44. Consider the following statements :

1. Petroleum and Natural Gas Regulatory Board (PNGRB) is the first regulatory body set up by the Government of India.

2. One of the tasks of PNGRB is to ensure competitive markets for gas.

3. Appeals against the decisions of PNGRB go before the Appellate Tribunals for Electricity.

Which of the statements given above are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only (b) 2 and 3 only
 (c) 1 and 3 only (d) 1, 2 and 3

Q45. Singrauli Small Hydro Power Project is located in

- (a) Madhya Pradesh (b) Bihar
 (c) Chhattisgarh (d) Uttar Pradesh

SCIENCE

Q46. Mammals respire by :

- (a) Gills (b) Trachea
 (c) Skin (d) Lungs

Q47. The amount of which of the following components in the air does not change in the process of respiration?



- (a) Carbon dioxide (CO) (b) Oxygen
 (c) Water vapours (d) Nitrogen

Q48. Oxygen transportation in a human body takes place through:

1. Blood 2. Lungs 3. Tissue

The correct sequence of transportation is :

- (a) 1,2,3 (b) 3, 1, 2
 (c) 2,1,3 (d) 1,3,2

Q49. Where does fertilization occur?

- (a) In uterus (b) In oviduct
 (c) In ovary (d) In vagina



Q50. In human beings, normally in which one of the following parts, does the sperm fertilize the ovum ?

- (a) Cervix (b) Fallopian tube
 (c) Lower part of uterus (d) Upper part of uterus

Q51. After reaching the female genital tract, human sperms retain their fertilizing capacity for -

- (a) Two minutes (b) Twenty minutes
 (c) Ninety minutes (d) One to two days

Q52. The heart of human embryo starts beating?

- (a) In the first week of development
 (b) In the third week of its development
 (c) In the fourth week of its development
 (d) In the sixth week of its development

53. Which of the following nutrient is necessary for Nodule Formation in legumes?

- (a) Nitrogen
 (b) Silicon
 (c) Boron
 (d) None of the above

54. Identify parasite in the following?

- (a) Pitcher plant
 (b) Cuscuta
 (c) Bladderwort
 (d) Sunflower

55. Crop logging is a method of -

- (a) Soil fertility evaluation
 (b) Plant analysis for assessing the requirement of nutrients for crop production
 (c) Assessing of crop damage
 (d) Testing suitability of fertilizers



COMPUTER

Q56. What does a light pen contain?

- (1) Refillable ink
- (2) Light sensitive elements
- (3) Pencil lead
- (4) Blue Ink

Q57. What would be the best way to move around a 3D environment?

- (1) Use a tracker ball
- (2) Use a keyboard.
- (3) Use a space mouse
- (4) Use Joystick

Q58. What input device can be used for marking

- (1) Optical mark reader
- (2) Bar code reader
- (3) Mouse a multiple choice test?
- (4) All of the above

Q59. What input device could tell you the price of

- (1) Mouse a bar of chocolate?
- (2) All of the above
- (3) Optical mark reader
- (4) Bar code reader

Q60. Where would you find a magnetic strip?

- (1) Speakers
- (2) Credit card
- (3) Smart card
- (4) All of the above

LABOUR LAW

Q61. With reference to RailTel, consider the following statements:

1. RailTel is a Maharatna Central Public Sector Enterprise.
 2. It has been selected for implementation of Bharat Net project. Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only
 - (b) 2 only
 - (c) Both 1 and 2
 - (d) Neither 1 nor 2

Q62. Consider the following statements regarding Indian Pangolin :

1. It is protected under the Schedule 1 of Wildlife Protection Act, 1972.
 2. The species is found at an elevation above 2500 m in the Eastern Himalayas. Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only
 - (b) 2 only
 - (c) Both 1 and 2
 - (d) Neither 1 nor 2

Q63. With reference to COVAXIN vaccines, consider the following statements:

1. It is an inactivated vaccine that destroys the ability of the pathogen to replicate.
 2. It aims to develop an immune response to the nucleocapsid protein.
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only
 - (b) 2 only
 - (c) Both 1 and 2
 - (d) Neither 1 nor 2

Q64. With reference to Dedicated Freight Corridor, consider the following statements:

- 1. Eastern Dedicated Freight Corridor starts from Himachal Pradesh and ends in West Bengal.**
 - 2. Western Dedicated Freight Corridor starts from Uttar Pradesh and ends in Mumbai.**
- Which of the statements given above is/are correct?
- (a) 1 only
 - (b) 2 only
 - (c) Both 1 and 2
 - (d) Neither 1 nor 2

Q65. Salaries paid in advance should be shown on

- (A) Asset side of the Balance sheet
- (B) Liability side of the Balance sheet
- (C) Credit side of the Trading account
- (D) All of the above

Q66. General office expenses are charged to which of the following head?

- (A) Administrative expenses
- (B) Marketing expenses
- (C) Selling expenses
- (D) Financial expenses

Q67. Merchandise on hand at either the beginning or end of the accounting period is called

- (A) Raw material
- (B) Cost of goods sold
- (C) Work in progress
- (D) Inventory

Q68. Which of the following capital is taken up by the general public?

- (A) Issued capital
- (B) Subscribed capital
- (C) Authorised capital
- (D) Reserve capital

Q69. Which of the following items of balance sheet are useful in evaluating a company's liquidity?

- (A) Current assets and other assets
- (B) Current liabilities and current assets
- (C) Current liabilities and plant and equipment
- (D) In current liabilities and other assets

Q70. The maximum amount with which a company is registered is called

- (A) Authorized capital
- (B) Issued capital
- (C) Paid up capital
- (D) Called up capital

Q71. Which one of the following statement is CORRECT about long term liabilities?

- (A) These are due from one year
- (B) These consist of all debts, payable after 12 months
- (C) In working capital, these are deducted from current assets
- (D) All of the above

Q72. Double entry accounting system includes

- (A) Accrual accounting only
- (B) Cash accounting only
- (C) Both cash and accrual accounting
- (D) None of the above



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73. The estimated value at which an asset is expected to be sold after the end of its useful life is called

- (A) Residual value
- (B) Salvage value
- (C) Scrap value
- (D) All of the above

74. Which of the following is NOT a cash inflow?

- (A) Sale of fixed asset
- (B) Issue of debentures
- (C) Cash from business operation
- (D) Purchase of fixed asset

75. Consider the following statements:

- 1. UAE, Qatar and Bahrain share the maritime boundary of the Persian Gulf.
- 2. The Solidarity and Stability Deal has been signed among the Gulf Countries at the Gulf Cooperation Council held at Saudi Arabia,
- 3. The Solidarity and Stability Deal is signed to remove all the sanctions over Qatar.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 and 2 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 1 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

ACCOUNTS

76. Auditor has to report to

- (a) Management
- (b) Owners
- (c) Appointing Authority
- (d) Government

77. Misstatement can arise from

- (a) Error
- (b) Fraud
- (c) Both (a) and (b)
- (d) None of these

78. Audit means

- (a) Recording business transaction
- (b) Preparing final accounts
- (c) Examination of books, accounts or vouchers
- (d) Decision making

79. Propriety audit refers to

- (a) Verification of accounts
- (b) Examination accounts of property concerns
- (c) Enquiry against justification and necessity of expresses
- (d) Audit of Government companies

80. Joint audit implies

- (a) Audit of two concern together
- (b) Audit of joint stock companies
- (c) Audit of joint sector companies
- (d) Audit by two firms of C.A.

81. Systems audit implies

- (a) Systematic examination of accounts

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- (b) Audit undertaken to improve auditing system
- (c) Enquiring accounting and control systems
- (d) Checking the performance of management

82. Errors of omission are

- (a) Technical errors (b) Error of principle
- (c) Compensating errors (d) None of the above

83. Balance sheet audit is also known as

- (a) Continuous audit (b) Annual audit
- (c) Internal audit (d) Financial audit

84. The auditors have the right to attend

- (a) Board meeting (b) Annual general meeting
- (c) Extraordinary general meeting (d) Any general meeting

85. Depending upon source audit evidence can be classified as

- (a) Internal audit evidence (b) External audit evidence
- (c) Both (a) & (b) (d) None of the above

86. Which of the following is not an internal audit evidence?

- (a) Bank Reconciliation Statement (b) Bank Statement
- (c) Copy of Sales Invoice (d) Voucher

87. Accounting standards are prepared by

- (a) SEBI (b) RBI
- (c) ITA (d) ASB

88. Bonus shares are issued to

- (a) New members (b) Existing share holders
- (c) Employees (d) None of the above

89. Window dressing implies

- (a) Checking wastages (b) Under valuation of assets
- (c) Over valuation of assets (d) None of the above

90. The term Audit originated from the Latin word

- (a) Audire (b) Adhere
- (c) Adhere (d) None of these

CURRENT

91. Consider the following statements:

1. The Society for Worldwide Interbank Financial Telecommunication (SWIFT) is based in Moscow.



2. The SWIFT enables financial institutions to exchange information about global monetary transactions.

3. India's financial system has access to the SWIFT.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 1 and 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

92 Consider the following statements:

1. Article 80 of the Constitution lays down the maximum strength of Rajya Sabha as 250.
2. The Fourth Schedule to the Constitution provides for allocation of seats to the States and Union Territories in Rajya Sabha.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) Both 1 and 2
- (d) Neither 1 nor 2

93. Which of the following union territories have representation in the Rajya Sabha?

1. Chandigarh
2. Jammu and Kashmir
3. Ladakh
4. Lakshadweep

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1 and 4 only
- (b) 2 only
- (c) 2 and 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 4 only

94. Which of the following is/are correct regarding the Genocide Convention?

1. It codified, for the first time, the crime of genocide in the international law.
2. It was the first human rights treaty adopted by the UN General Assembly.
3. India is a signatory to this convention.

Select the correct answer using the code given below:

- (a) 1 and 3 only
- (b) 2 and 3 only
- (c) 3 only
- (d) 1, 2 and 3

95. Which of the following best describes Jean's escape?

- (a) The loss of exospheric atoms of the moon to space by the thermal escape.
- (b) The photo-ionization of atoms and charge exchange with the solar wind ions.
- (c) The sweeping away of atoms by the convective electric field of the solar wind.
- (d) The vaporization of a particle due to the impact of micrometeoroid.



96. Consider the following statements:

1. National Land Monetization Corporation (NLMC) will be set up under the administrative jurisdiction of the finance ministry.
 2. NLMC will undertake monetization of surplus land and building assets of Central Public Sector Enterprises (CPSEs) and other Government agencies.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

97. Consider the following statements with reference to the Bangladesh-Bhutan-India-Nepal (BBIN) Connectivity Project :

1. It is completely funded by the South Asian Association for Regional Cooperation (SAARC).
 2. It will provide connectivity to both Passenger and the Cargo.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

98. The people killed in the Pal-Dadhav Massacre of 1922 were protesting:

- (a) Against the land revenue tax (lagaan) imposed by the British.
 - (b) Against the Agricultural act of 1922.
 - (c) Against the ryotwari system.
 - (d) For complete independence of India from British rule.

99. Under which of the following Articles of the Indian Constitution are the High Courts empowered to issue writs for the enforcement of the fundamental rights of the citizens?

- (a) Article 32 (b) Article 33**
(c) Article 225 (d) Article 226

100. With reference to Supercomputer, consider the following statements:

1. Speed of a Supercomputer is measured in PetaFLOPS or TeraFLOPS.
 2. PARAM Rudra is India's first supercomputer.

Which of the statements given above is/are correct?

- (a) 1 only (b) 2 only
(c) Both 1 and 2 (d) Neither 1 nor 2

English

FILL IN THE BLANKS

101. _____ pollution control measures are expensive, many industries hesitate to adopt them.

- a) Although b) However c) Because d) Despite

102. It is not _____ for a man to be confirmed to the pursuit of wealth.

- a) healthy b)easy c)possible d)common

103. _____ his being innocent of the crime, the judge sentenced him to one year imprisonment.

- a) Inspite of b) In case of c) On account of d) In the event of

104. It is a story of two men and a batch of _____ armoured cars.

- a)deceased b)diseased c)decrepit d)defeated

105. Although there is _____ gunfire, there is no stiff resistance to the revolutionary army.

- a)bitter b)meagre c)continuous d)sporadic

106. The Union Budget is likely to be presented on February 26, two days ahead of the _____ date.

- a)critical b)conventional c)suitable d)convenient

107. I am sorry _____ the mistake.

- a)from b)with c)for d)at

IDIOM & PHRASE

108. In the following question, out of the four alternatives, select the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the idiom/Phrase.

To put a spoke in one's wheel

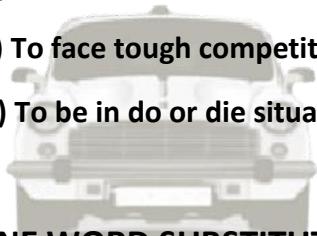
- (a) To be advantageous at the time of difficulty
- (b) To maintain under all circumstances
- (c) To blame the other party
- (d) To put a difficulty in the way of progress



109 In the following question, out of the four alternatives, select the alternative which best expresses the meaning of the idiom/Phrase.

At loggerheads

- (a) To suffer
- (b) In conflict with someone
- (c) To face tough competition
- (d) To be in do or die situation



THE OfficerS adda

ONE WORD SUBSTITUTION

Q.110 The murder of a human being

- (A) Infanticide (B) Suicide
- (C) Regicide (D) Homicide

Q.111 Person who loves mankind

Person who loves mankind

- (A) Philanthropist (B) Stringy
- (C) Egoist (D) Detractor

SPOTTING ERROR

112. The various consequences of (1)/ the decision taken by the (2)/ finance ministry was not foreseen by the bureaucrats. (3)/ No error (4)

113. I never considered him to be a person who would (1)/ go back on his promise and (2)/ then do not even apologise. (3)/ No error (4)

114. Having finished at school (1)/ Raghu thought/ of going to Bombay in (2)/ search some job. (3)/ No error (4)



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Antonyms

115. impartial

- a. hostile b. biased
- c. dislike d. worried

116. luminous

- a. clear b. dim
- c. brittle d. clever

117. awe

- a. borrow b. shallow
- c. low d. contempt

Synonyms

118. drag

- a. sleepy b. crush
- c. proud d. pull

119. jovial

- a. incredulous b. merry
- c. revolting d. dizzy

120. indifferent

- a. neutral b. unkind
- c. precious d. mean



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Total work = $(5M \times 5) = 5 \times 5 \times 6$
= 150 units.

$$\text{Required time for } (5W + 3M) = \frac{\text{Total work}}{\text{Work done /day}}$$

$$\frac{150}{5 \times 3 + 3 \times 5} = \frac{150}{30} = 5 \text{ days}$$

4.Ans : C

$$3m \times 16 = 6w \times 16$$

$$\frac{m}{w} = \frac{2}{1} \rightarrow \text{efficiency of man}$$

THE OfficerS adda

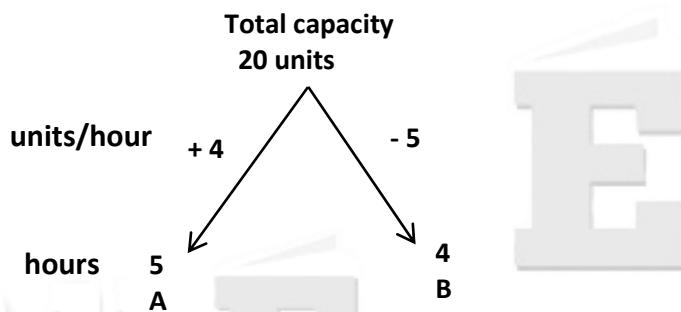
$$\text{Total work} = 3 \times 2 \times 16 = 96 \text{ units}$$

$$= 12 \times 2 + 8 \times 1 = 32 \text{ units}$$

$$\text{Total time taken by } (12m + 8w)$$

$$\frac{9}{32} = 3 \text{ day}$$

5.Ans ;C



(+) sign shows filling efficiency

(-) sign shows emptying efficiency

If A and B work simultaneously . Then A will fill 4 units/ hour and B will empty 5 units/ hour

If overall 1 unit/hour will be . Then full tank will empty in = $\frac{\text{total efficieny}}{\text{A's effi} + \text{B's effi}}$

$$\frac{20}{4 - 5} = \frac{20}{-1}$$

$$= 20 \text{ hours}$$

REASONING

6. ANS-4.

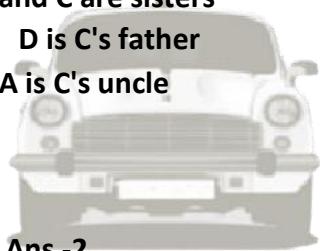
A is D's brother

D is B's father

B and C are sisters

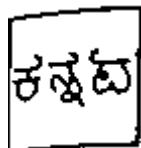
∴ D is C's father

∴ A is C's uncle

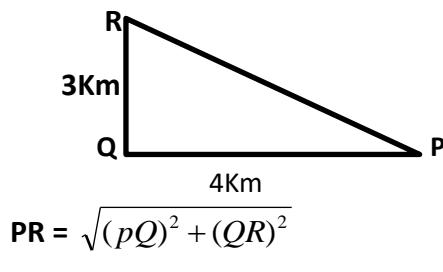


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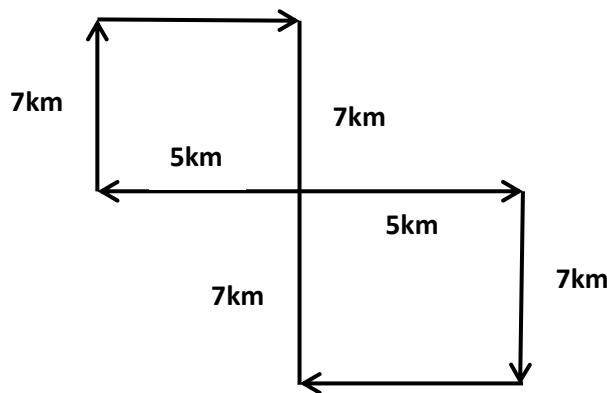
7. Ans -2



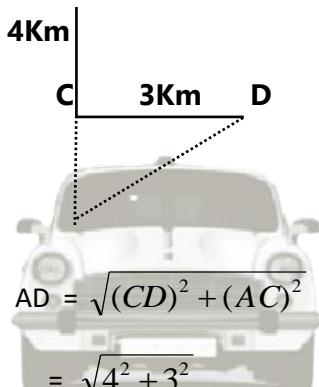
8. ANS -4



9. ANS -3



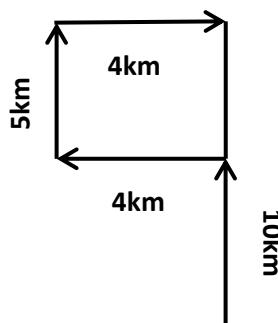
10. ANS -4



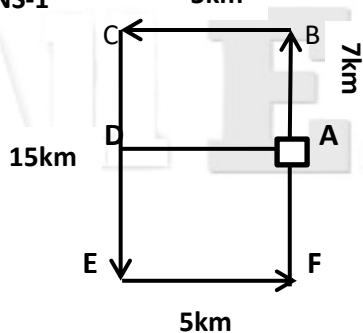
$$\begin{aligned}
 AD &= \sqrt{(CD)^2 + (AC)^2} \\
 &= \sqrt{4^2 + 3^2} \\
 &= 5
 \end{aligned}$$

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11. ANS-3



12. ANS-1

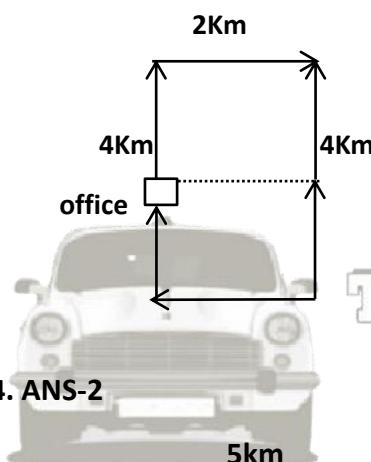
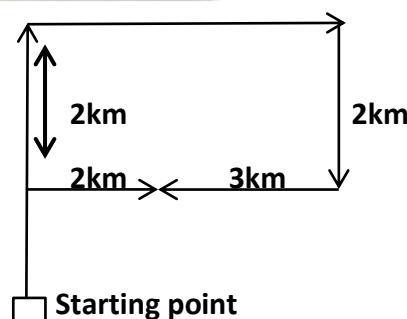
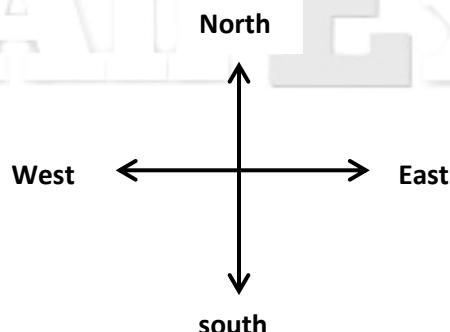
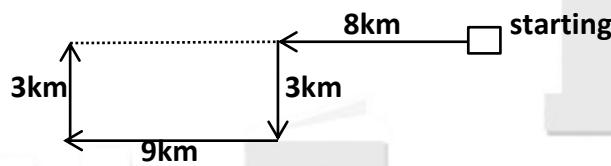


Required distance = AF = BF - AB = 15 - 7 = 8km



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Required distance = $8 + 9 = 17 \text{ km}$



G.S HISTORY

16. Ans : A

Lord Lytton (1876-1880) passed the Vernacular Press Act. By this Act, the Magistrates of the districts were empowered without the prior permission of the Government to call upon a publisher of any kind to enter into a bond, undertaking not to publish anything which might rouse feelings of disaffection against the Government. The magistrate was also authorized to deposit security, which could be confiscated if the publisher violated the bond. If a publisher repeated the violation, their press could be seized. Thus, the Vernacular Press Act of 1878 gagged the press and resulted in some proceedings against some vernacular press people. There was a popular protest against this Act. This Act was later repealed by Lord Ripon in 1882.

17. Ans : A

Bengal Gazette was an English newspaper published from Kolkata (then Calcutta), India. It was the first major newspaper in India, started in 1780. It was published for two years. Founded by James Augustus Hicky. The beginning of modern Indian press occurred in 1766 with the publication of a paper by Bolts.

18. Ans : A

The first Indian to go to jail in the performance of his duty as a journalist was Bal Gangadhar Tilak. In 1882, he was punished for four month imprisonment as he strongly criticized the then Maharaj of Kolhapur. In 1897, he was rigorously imprisoned for 18 months for provoking Chapekar brothers to murder two English men through his writing,

19. Ans : D

Tarak Nath Das started to issue the newspaper Free India in America.

20. Ans. (b)

The main aim of Satyashodhak Samaj was the upliftment of backward classes. It was founded by Jyotiba Phule in 1873 for the welfare of Dalits and lower castes. He composed critical books "Sarvjanik Satya Dharm Pustak" and "Gulamgiri" to spread his Anti-Brahmin activities.

21. Ans.(c)

Jyotiba Phule formed the 'Satya Shodhak Samaj' with himself as its first president. The main objective of the organization was to liberate the Shudras and Ati Shudras and to prevent their



exploitation by Arya-Brahmins. It was an anti-caste Movement in Maharashtra. Savitribai became head of women section who worked for lower caste girls. Deenbandhu played an important role in Satya Shodak Samaj in spreading the Movement to the remotest part of Maharashtra.

22.Ans.(c)

Raja Ram Mohan Roy was the first Indian to resist political reforms. He writes about human Rights, development of democratic values. According to Bipin Chandra Pal, Ram Mohan Roy was first Indian Political Reformer. Although, some historian gave this credit to Surendra Nath Banarjee.

23 .Ans : a

Firoz Shah Mehta was one of the founder members of the Bombay Presidency Association formed in 1885. He became president of the Association and encouraged Indians to obtain western education and embrace its culture to uplift India.

24.Ans.(c)

Sarojini Naidu was an eminent poetess and nationalist leader, She became the first Indian women President of Congress in the 40th annual session of INC held at Kanpur in 1925. She was a loyal and trustful colleague of Gandhiji. She went many times to jail. She was the first Indian woman who became the Governor of Uttar Pradesh in 1947-49.

25.Ans. (d)

While delivering the Presidential address in 1938. Subhash Chandra Bose advocated the introduction of Roman script for the Hindi language. Shubhash Chandra Bose presided over Haripura session of INC in 1938.

POLITY

26. Ans. (d)

According to Article 74(1), "There shall be a council of Ministers with the Prime Minister as its head to aid and advise the President who shall, in exercise of his function, act in accordance with such advice". Thus, the real power is vested in the Prime Minister.

27. Ans. (d)

The Prime Minister of India is appointed by the President, and other Ministers are also appointed by the President on the advice of the Prime Minister (Art. 75 (1)].



28. Ans. (d)

According to Article 74(2), on the question whether any and if so what advice was tendered by Ministers to the President shall not be inquired into any Court. So option (d) is not correct while other options are correct.

29. Ans.(c)

According to Article 53 of the Constitution the Executive power of the Union shall be vested in the President so Assertion (A) is correct whereas Reason (R) is false because the President shall exercise this power either directly or through officers subordinate to him in accordance with the Constitution of India.

30. Ans. (d)

The President of India is elected by the system of proportional representation by means of the single transferable vote and the voting at such election shall be done by secret ballot. This is an indirect method of election. Article 54 describes the method of election of President. It says President shall be elected by the members of an electoral college consisting of

- (a) all the elected members of both the Houses of Parliament (R.S. +L.S.)
- (b) all the elected members of the Legislative Assemblies of the States.

Here State involves National Capital Territory Delhi and Union Territory of Puducherry as provided by 70-Amendment Act, 1992.

Note: The elected members of the Legislative Assembly of the Union Territory of Jammu and Kashmir are not yet included in the Presidents electoral college.

31.ANS (b)

The President of India is elected by the system of proportional representation by means of the single transferable vote and the voting at such election shall be done by secret ballot. This is an indirect method of election. Article 54 describes the method of election of President. It says President shall be elected by the members of an electoral college consisting of

- (a) all the elected members of both the Houses of Parliament (R.S. +L.S.)
- (b) all the elected members of the Legislative Assemblies of the States.

Here State involves National Capital Territory Delhi and Union Territory of Puducherry as provided by 70-Amendment Act, 1992.

Note: The elected members of the Legislative Assembly of the Union Territory of Jammu and Kashmir are not yet included in the President's electoral college.



32. Ans. (b)

According to Article 202(3) (d), the salaries and allowances of the Judges of a High Court are charged to the Consolidated Fund of the State, but according to Article 112(3) (d), they get their pension from the Consolidated Fund of India.

33. Ans.(a)

According to Article 202(3) (d), the salaries and allowances of the Judges of a High Court are charged to the Consolidated Fund of the State, but according to Article 112(3) (d), they get their pension from the Consolidated Fund of India.

34. Ans.(c)

The retirement age of a Judge of High Court is 62 years. It has been fixed under Article 217(1) by the 15th Constitutional Amendment 1963. Prior to that it was 60 years. 114 Amendment Bill for increasing the retirement age of a High Court Judge from 62 to 65 years.

35.Ans. (d)

Part XI and Part XII of the Indian Constitution deal with the relation between the Union and States. In India, the planning process is done by the Union, so it is seen that in the case of different political party governments at Center and State there is a conflict of interest and there is a desire to dominate which ultimately hampers the growth of the country.

ECONOMICS

36.Ans : (d)

India has the highest proportion of edible oil among agricultural imports which constitutes about two- thirds of agricultural imports. India is self-sufficient and apex producer in spices & fresh fruits. The above mentioned agricultural commodities are also exported by India.

37.Ans: (a)

According to the Economic Survey 2019-20, in 2017-18 the area under rice cultivation is 43.8 million hectares at all India level, which is the maximum in agriculture coverage. An area of 24.5 million hectares has been used under oilseeds whereas 5.0 million area is cultivated under jowar. Cotton cultivation area is 12.6 million hectares and sugarcane cultivation area is 4.7 million hectares. According to 4th Advance estimates for 2019-20, are under Major crop



cultivation is as follows: rice (43 million hectare), oil seeds (27.0 mn hectare), Jowar (4.7 mn hectare), cotton (13.4 mn hectare) and Sugarcane (4.6 mn hectare).

38 .Ans.(a):

Raj Committee- In 1972, the Central Government appointed a tax committee on agricultural wealth and income under the chairmanship of Dr. KN Raj to settle the dispute on agricultural holdings in India. This committee submitted its report to the government on 1 October 1972.

39.Ans.(c)

Bullock capitalist (bull capitalist) is called those farmers who have few resources but are not rich.

40.Ans. (d)

The National Investment and Infrastructure Fund is an entity registered as a Contributory and Fixed Investment Trust, separate from NITI Aayog. Presently, its corpus is proposed to be increased to 40,000 crores. Thus, both the statements in question are untrue.

41.Ans. (d):

As a component of infrastructure, traffic system, communication system, water facility, power supply, education and health are all components. It is a basic concept to create a city or industrial areas while urbanization, industrialization and globalization reflect a multi-faceted institutional position.

42 .Ans.(c):

Visakhapatnam is the only port in India that has received three international certificates ISO-9001.

43.Ans. (a) :

Each year a cess of 3 percent is levied on various taxes like income tax, customs and excise. This money is invested to improve the country's infrastructure. At present, the allocation of funds for National Highways comes from cess.

44.Ans. (b)

The Petroleum and Natural Gas Regulatory Board is not the first regulatory body set up by the Government of India, before which several regulatory bodies have been formed. PNGRB has been constituted in the year 2006 under the Petroleum and Natural Gas Regulatory Board Act, 2006. Whereas earlier Khadi and Village Industries Commission was established in 1956, SEBI was established in 1992, TRAI was established in 1997 and IRDA was established in 1999. One

of the key functions of PNGRB is to ensure a competitive market for gas. Appeals against the decisions of PNGRB are made before the Power Appellate Tribunal.

45.Ans. (a) :

Singrauli Small Hydroelectric Project is extended in two districts i.e. it is located in Sidhi district of Madhya Pradesh and Sonbhadra district of Uttar Pradesh. There are three super thermal power plants / projects in this region - Singrauli, VindhyaChal and Rihand. The Singrauli and Rihand plant is in the Sonbhadra district of Uttar Pradesh while the VindhyaChal plant is in the Singrauli district of Madhya Pradesh.

46.Ans. (d)

The lungs are the primary organs for respiration in mammals and most other vertebrates. In mammals, two lungs are located near the backbone on either side of the heart. Its function in the respiratory system is to extract oxygen from the atmosphere and transfer it into the bloodstream and to release carbon dioxide from the bloodstream into the atmosphere, in a process of gas exchange.

47.Ans. (d)

The action or process of inhaling and exhaling of air is known as respiration. It is a metabolic process, common to all living things. There are five major components of air- Nitrogen 78.09%, Oxygen 20.95%, Argon 0.93%, Carbon dioxide 0.0324% and small amounts of other gases. During the expiration, nitrogen comes out with the same amount as it was entered during the inspiration.

48.Ans.(c)

Getting oxygen to the body's cells requires three major events: Uptaking oxygen from the air to the lungs;

- Transporting that oxygen in the blood;
- Delivering the oxygen to cells and tissues throughout the body.

49.Ans. (b)

Fertilization occurs at the end of the fallopian tube or oviduct away from the uterus (close to the ovary). The oviduct is the tube that links ovary to the uterus and ovulated oocyte travels down to become fertilized by sperm present in the female tract.

50.Ans. (b)

Fallopian tube, also called oviduct or uterine tube, either of a pair of long narrow ducts located in the human female abdominal cavity that transport the male sperm cells to the egg, provide a suitable environment for fertilization and transport the egg from the ovary, where it is produced.

51.Ans. (d)

A sperm remains alive for up to 72 hours after entering into oviduct but its capacity to fertilize the ovum lasts for about 48 hours (2 days)

52.Ans.(c)

About 4-5 weeks after fertilization, when the heart first begins to beat, the sound of the little heart is too soft to hear. In 4 weeks, the heart typically beats between 105 to 121 times per minute.

53.Ans.(c)

Boron is an essential micronutrient for plants. It is essential for development and growth of new cells in plant meristem. It is necessary for 'Nodule Formation' in legumes. It is associated with translocation of sugars, starches, nitrogen and phosphorus.

54.Ans. (b)

Cuscuta (dodder) is a genus of about 100-170 species of yellow, orange or red parasitic plant. Dodder can be identified by its thin stems-appearing leafless, with the leaves reduced to minute scales. The dodder produces haustoria. It is used in traditional medicine as a purgative and to treat disorders of the liver, spleen and urinary tract

55.Ans. (b)

Crop-logging may be of great help to determine the adequate levels of different nutrients for good plant growth and high yield. The concept of crop-logging was developed by Clements of USA for the growing of sugarcane in Hawaii, where the fertilizer requirements of this crop are greatly influenced by weather and climate. Crop-logging is a method of plant analysis for assessing the requirement of nutrients for crop production.

COMPUTER

56 -(B) 57 -(C) 58.(A) 59 -(D) 60.(B)



LABOUR LAW

61. A 62. A 63.C 64.C 65.C 66.D 67.A 68.A 69.D 70.B 71.C 72.A 73.B 74.D 75.D

ACCOUNT

76.C 77.C 78.C 79.C 80.D 81.C 82.C 83. D 84.D 85.C 86.B 87.C 88.B 89.C
90.A

CURRENT

91. (c) 92. (c) 93. (b) 94. (d) 95. (a) 96. (c) 97. (b) 98. (a) 99. (d) 100. (a)

ENGLISH

FILL IN THE BLANKS

101. (C) Use “Because” [Although]

102. (C) Use “possible”

103. (c) Use “inspite of”

104. (c) Use “Decrepit”

105. (d) Use “sporadic”

106. (b) Use “conventional”

107. (c) Use “for”

IDIOM & PHRASE

108.D 109. B

ONE WORD

110.Ans: D Homicide

111.Ans: A Philanthropis

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SPOTTING ERROR

112. (C)**113. (C)****114. (C)**

Antonyms

ANS 115. b. impartial means to be without prejudice or bias, therefore biased is the opposite**ANS 116. b. luminous means radiating or reflecting light, or glowing; dim means dark or dull****ANS 117. d. awe means a sense of deep respect or veneration; contempt means a lack of respect, or disdain**

Synonyms

118. d. to drag is to pull, or to cause movement in a direction with applied force**119. b. jovial means good humored or merry****120. a. to be indifferent is to be marked by impartiality or to be neutral**GET IT ON
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- Reasoning
- English
- Computer

➤ Approx. Que
40

✓ Your Target 30-35

Part - C

- Accounts
- Labour Laws

➤ Approx. Que
30-40

✓ Your Target 25-30

✓ Attempt 100+ Question = Selection sure

Part A General Studies Strategy

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✓ Your Target 35-45

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- Profit and loss
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- Number system
- volume & surface(cube, cuboid etc)
- Percentage
- Sitting arrangement
- Average
- Reasoning (mirror, blood relation, direction)
- Also cover many additional topics
- Back year questions

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- Spotting error
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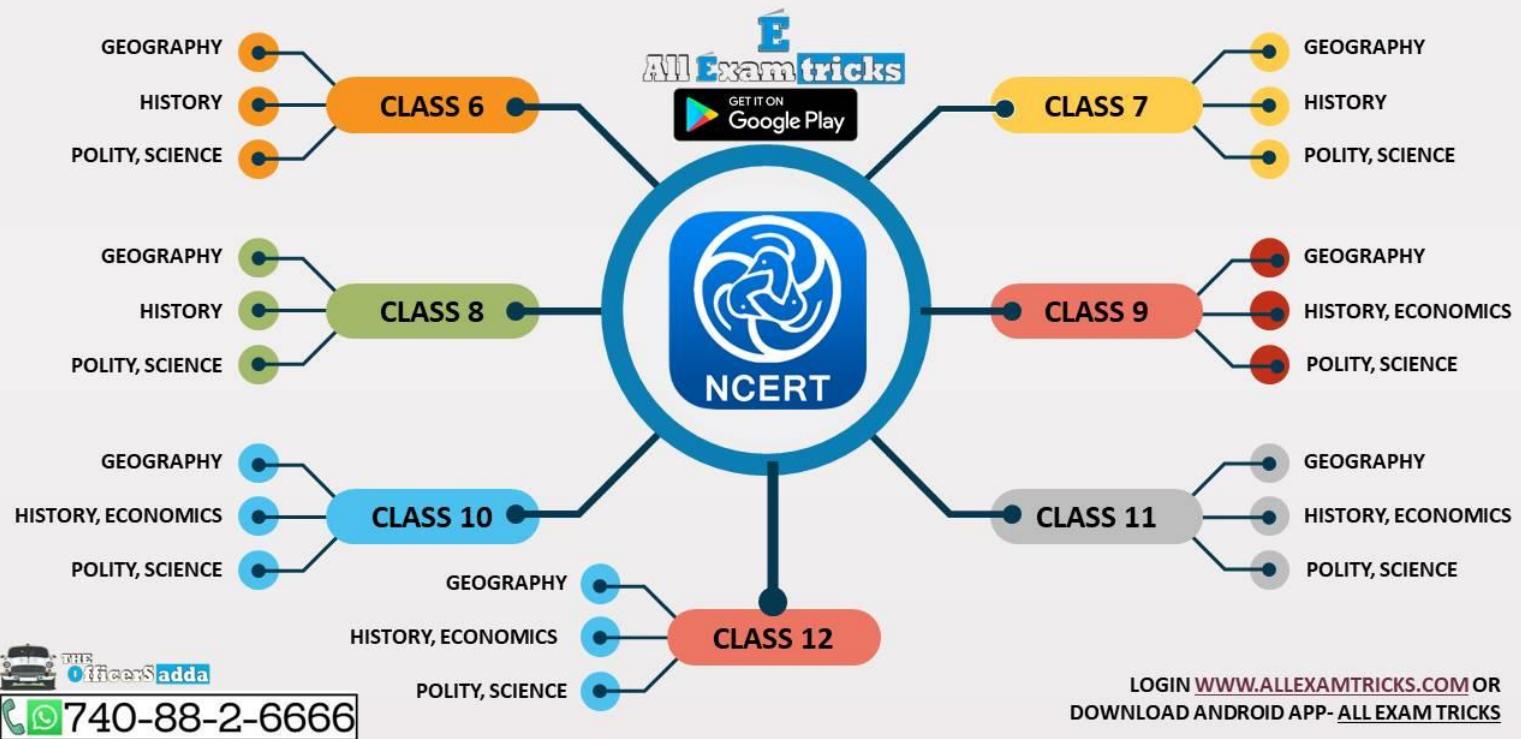
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