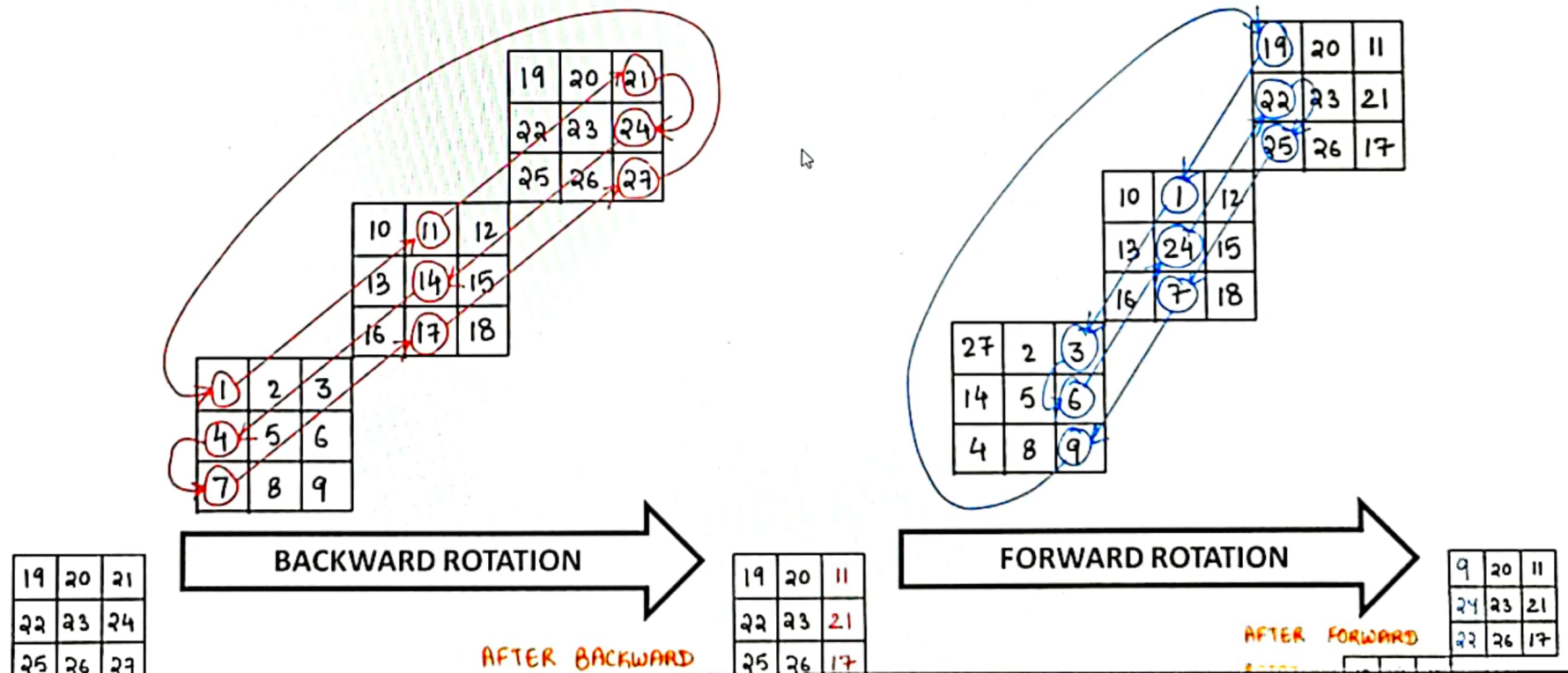


## Problem

A 3-dimensional  $N \times N \times N$  array has to be rotated by  $K$ -times. One rotation is a combination of two operations, a backward rotation followed by a forward rotation. Backward rotation considers elements lying in the plane formed by joining indices  $[0][0][0]$ ,  $[N-1][0][N-1]$ ,  $[N-1][N-1][N-1]$ , and  $[0][N-1][0]$ . Similarly, for Forward rotation elements lying in the plane formed by joining indices  $[N-1][0][0]$ ,  $[0][0][N-1]$ ,  $[0][N-1][N-1]$ , and  $[N-1][N-1][0]$  are considered. The starting points for Backward and Forward rotations are  $[0][0][0]$  and  $[N-1][0][0]$ , respectively. Rotation by  $K = 1$  in a  $3 \times 3 \times 3$  array changes the content as is shown in Fig. 1.



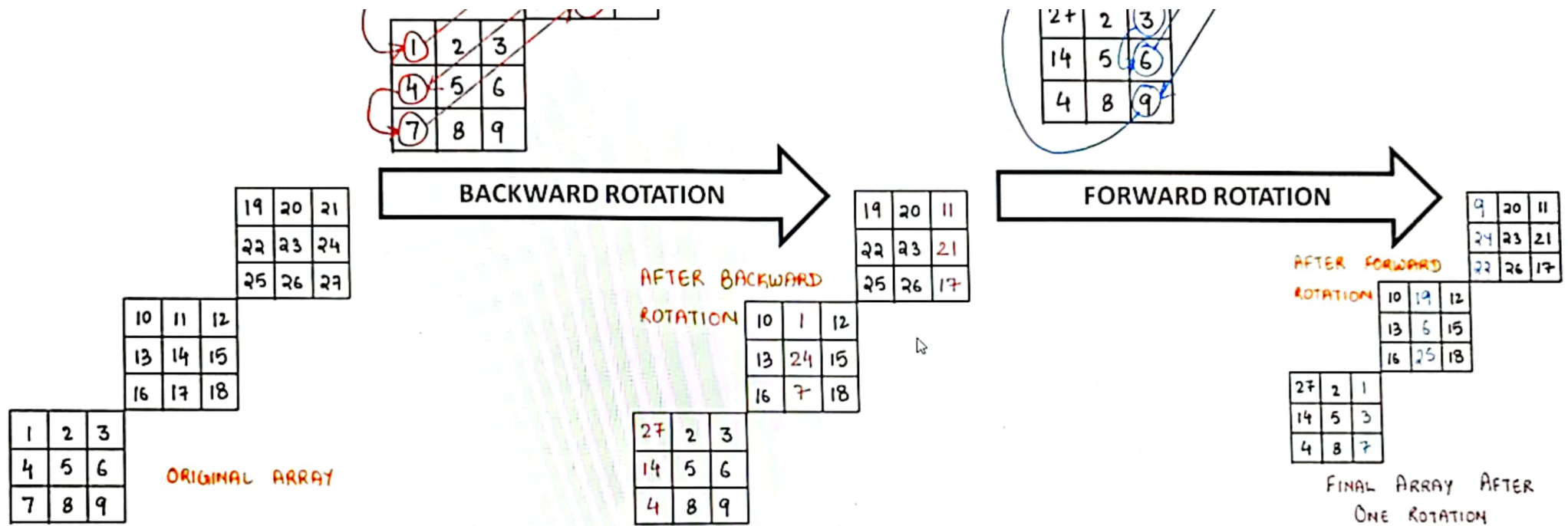


Fig. 1. One rotation (backward followed by forward) in a  $3 \times 3 \times 3$  array for  $k = 1$ .

### Input Format

- Line 1 contains two space separated integers,  $N$  and  $K$ , respectively representing dimensions of a 3-dimensional array and the value of  $K$  for rotation.
- Each of the following  $N$  lines contains  $N \times N$  space separated integers representing elements in each possible  $N \times N$  array following a row-major order, starting with  $N = 0$ .

### Output Format

- Line 1 is a space separated sequence of  $M \times M \times M$  integers representing the final contents of a 3-dimensional array following a row-major order obtained after  $K$  rotations, starting with  $N = 0$ .

### Input Format

- Line 1 contains two space separated integers,  $N$  and  $K$ , respectively representing dimensions of a 3-dimensional array and the value of  $K$  for rotation.
- Each of the following  $N$  lines contains  $N \times N$  space separated integers representing elements in each possible  $N \times N$  array following a row-major order, starting with  $N = 0$ .

### Output Format

- Line 1 is a space separated sequence of  $N \times N \times N$  integers representing the final contents of a 3-dimensional array following a row-major order obtained after  $K$  rotations, starting with  $N = 0$ .

### Constraints

- All integers range in between 1 and 1000.

### Sample 1:

Input

```
3 1
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18
19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27
```



Output

```
27 2 1 14 5 3 4 8 7 10 19 12 13 6 15 16 25 18 9 20 11 24 23 21 22 26 17
```



### Explanation:

Refer Fig. 1 for detailed explanation.

### More Info

