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Lab Final Lab Task Q1

Question:

- Q1. Show an OpenGL program which will show:
- a) Hello Triangle/Shapes: Two 2D-Square
- b) Shader/Texture: Mix of two different textures for each.
- c) Transformations and Coordinate System: Their rotation will change using keyboard.

Solution (Bold your own written code):

main.cpp

```
#include "glad.h"
#include "glfw3.h"
#define STB IMAGE IMPLEMENTATION
#include "stb image.h"
// #include "learnopengl/filesystem.h"
// #include "learnopengl/shader s.h"
#include "glm/glm.hpp"
#include "glm/gtc/matrix transform.hpp"
#include <sstream>
#include <fstream>
#include <iostream>
void framebuffer size callback(GLFWwindow* window, int
width, int height);
void processInput(GLFWwindow *window);
// settings
const unsigned int SCR WIDTH = 800;
const unsigned int SCR HEIGHT = 600;
float rotate dir = 90.0f;
int main()
    // glfw: initialize and configure
```

```
glfwInit();
    glfwWindowHint(GLFW CONTEXT VERSION MAJOR, 3);
    glfwWindowHint(GLFW CONTEXT VERSION MINOR, 3);
    glfwWindowHint(GLFW OPENGL PROFILE,
GLFW OPENGL CORE PROFILE);
#ifdef APPLE
    glfwWindowHint(GLFW OPENGL FORWARD COMPAT, GL TRUE);
#endif
    // glfw window creation
    // -----
    GLFWwindow* window = glfwCreateWindow(SCR WIDTH,
SCR HEIGHT, "LearnOpenGL", NULL, NULL);
    if (window == NULL)
        std::cout << "Failed to create GLFW window" <<</pre>
std::endl;
       glfwTerminate();
       return -1;
    glfwMakeContextCurrent(window);
    glfwSetFramebufferSizeCallback(window,
framebuffer size callback);
    // glad: load all OpenGL function pointers
    // ----
    if
(!gladLoadGLLoader((GLADloadproc)glfwGetProcAddress))
        std::cout << "Failed to initialize GLAD" <<</pre>
std::endl;
       return -1;
    }
    // configure global opengl state
    glEnable(GL DEPTH TEST);
    // build and compile our shader zprogram
    // -----
    // Shader ourShader("src/shader/4.1.texture.vs",
"src/shader/4.1.texture.fs");
    const char* vertexPath = "src/shader/template1.vs";
    const char* fragmentPath =
"src/shader/template1.fs";
```

```
std::string vertexCode;
    std::string fragmentCode;
    std::ifstream vShaderFile;
    std::ifstream fShaderFile;
    // open files
    vShaderFile.open(vertexPath);
    fShaderFile.open(fragmentPath);
    std::stringstream vShaderStream, fShaderStream;
    // read file's buffer contents into streams
    vShaderStream << vShaderFile.rdbuf();</pre>
    fShaderStream << fShaderFile.rdbuf();</pre>
    // close file handlers
    vShaderFile.close();
    fShaderFile.close();
    // convert stream into string
    vertexCode = vShaderStream.str();
    fragmentCode = fShaderStream.str();
    const char* vShaderCode = vertexCode.c str();
    const char * fShaderCode = fragmentCode.c str();
    // build and compile our shader program
    // vertex shader
    unsigned int vertexShader =
glCreateShader(GL VERTEX SHADER);
    glShaderSource(vertexShader, 1, &vShaderCode, NULL);
    glCompileShader(vertexShader);
    // check for shader compile errors
    int success;
    char infoLog[512];
    glGetShaderiv(vertexShader, GL COMPILE STATUS,
&success);
    if (!success)
        glGetShaderInfoLog(vertexShader, 512, NULL,
infoLog);
        std::cout <<
"ERROR::SHADER::VERTEX::COMPILATION FAILED\n" << infoLog
<< std::endl;
    // fragment shader
    unsigned int fragmentShader =
glCreateShader(GL FRAGMENT SHADER);
    glShaderSource(fragmentShader, 1, &fShaderCode,
```

```
NULL);
    glCompileShader(fragmentShader);
    // check for shader compile errors
    glGetShaderiv(fragmentShader, GL COMPILE STATUS,
&success);
    if (!success)
        glGetShaderInfoLog(fragmentShader, 512, NULL,
infoLog);
        std::cout <<
"ERROR::SHADER::FRAGMENT::COMPILATION FAILED\n" <<
infoLog << std::endl;</pre>
    // link shaders
    unsigned int shaderProgram = glCreateProgram();
    glAttachShader(shaderProgram, vertexShader);
    glAttachShader(shaderProgram, fragmentShader);
    glLinkProgram(shaderProgram);
    // check for linking errors
    glGetProgramiv(shaderProgram, GL LINK STATUS,
&success);
    if (!success) {
        glGetProgramInfoLog(shaderProgram, 512, NULL,
infoLog);
        std::cout <<</pre>
"ERROR::SHADER::PROGRAM::LINKING FAILED\n" << infoLog <<
std::endl;
    glDeleteShader(vertexShader);
    glDeleteShader(fragmentShader);
    // set up vertex data (and buffer(s)) and configure
vertex attributes
    // -----
    float vertices[] = {
        -0.5f, -0.5f, 0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f,
0.0f,
        0.5f, -0.5f, 0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f,
0.0f,
        0.5f, 0.5f, 0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f,
1.0f,
        0.5f, 0.5f, 0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f,
                                                 1.0f,
1.0f,
        -0.5f, 0.5f, 0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f,
1.0f,
```

```
-0.5f, -0.5f, 0.0f, 1.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f,
                                                 0.0f,
0.0f.
    };
    // world space positions of our cubes
    glm::vec3 cubePositions[] = {
        glm::vec3(0.0f, 0.0f, 0.0f),
        glm::vec3(2.0f, 5.0f, -15.0f),
        glm::vec3(-1.5f, -2.2f, -2.5f)
    };
    unsigned int VBO, VAO;
    glGenVertexArrays(1, &VAO);
    glGenBuffers(1, &VBO);
    glBindVertexArray(VAO);
    glBindBuffer(GL ARRAY BUFFER, VBO);
    glBufferData(GL ARRAY BUFFER, sizeof(vertices),
vertices, GL STATIC DRAW);
    // position attribute
    glVertexAttribPointer(0, 3, GL FLOAT, GL FALSE, 8 *
sizeof(float), (void*)0);
    glEnableVertexAttribArray(0);
    // color attribute
    glVertexAttribPointer(1, 3, GL FLOAT, GL FALSE, 8 *
sizeof(float), (void*)(3 * sizeof(float)));
    glEnableVertexAttribArray(1);
    // texture coord attribute
    glVertexAttribPointer(2, 2, GL FLOAT, GL FALSE, 8 *
sizeof(float), (void*)(6 * sizeof(float)));
    glEnableVertexAttribArray(2);
    // load and create a texture
    unsigned int texture1, texture2;
    // texture 1
    // -----
    glGenTextures(1, &texture1);
    glBindTexture(GL TEXTURE 2D, texture1);
    // set the texture wrapping parameters
    glTexParameteri(GL TEXTURE 2D, GL TEXTURE WRAP S,
GL REPEAT);
    glTexParameteri (GL TEXTURE 2D, GL TEXTURE WRAP T,
```

```
GL REPEAT);
    // set texture filtering parameters
    glTexParameteri (GL TEXTURE 2D,
GL TEXTURE MIN FILTER, GL LINEAR);
    qlTexParameteri (GL TEXTURE 2D,
GL TEXTURE MAG FILTER, GL LINEAR);
    // load image, create texture and generate mipmaps
    int width, height, nrChannels;
    stbi set flip vertically on load(true); // tell
stb image.h to flip loaded texture's on the y-axis.
    unsigned char *data =
stbi load("resources/textures/container.jpg", &width,
&height, &nrChannels, 0);
    if (data)
        glTexImage2D(GL TEXTURE 2D, 0, GL RGB, width,
height, 0, GL RGB, GL UNSIGNED BYTE, data);
        glGenerateMipmap(GL TEXTURE 2D);
    else
        std::cout << "Failed to load texture" <<
std::endl;
    stbi image free (data);
    // texture 2
    // ----
    glGenTextures(1, &texture2);
    glBindTexture(GL TEXTURE 2D, texture2);
    // set the texture wrapping parameters
    glTexParameteri (GL TEXTURE 2D, GL TEXTURE WRAP S,
GL REPEAT);
    glTexParameteri (GL TEXTURE 2D, GL TEXTURE WRAP T,
GL REPEAT);
    // set texture filtering parameters
    glTexParameteri(GL TEXTURE 2D,
GL TEXTURE MIN FILTER, GL LINEAR);
    qlTexParameteri (GL TEXTURE 2D,
GL TEXTURE MAG FILTER, GL LINEAR);
    // load image, create texture and generate mipmaps
    data =
stbi load ("resources/textures/awesomeface.png", &width,
&height, &nrChannels, 0);
    if (data)
        // note that the awesomeface.png has
```

```
transparency and thus an alpha channel, so make sure to
tell OpenGL the data type is of GL RGBA
        glTexImage2D(GL TEXTURE 2D, 0, GL RGB, width,
height, 0, GL RGBA, GL UNSIGNED BYTE, data);
        glGenerateMipmap(GL TEXTURE 2D);
    else
    {
        std::cout << "Failed to load texture" <<</pre>
std::endl;
    stbi image free (data);
    glUseProgram(shaderProgram);
    glUniform1i(glGetUniformLocation(shaderProgram,
"texture1"), 0);
    glUniform1i(glGetUniformLocation(shaderProgram,
"texture2"), 1);
    // render loop
    // -----
    while (!glfwWindowShouldClose(window))
        // input
        // ----
        processInput(window);
        // render
        // ----
        glClearColor(0.2f, 0.3f, 0.3f, 1.0f);
        glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT |
GL DEPTH BUFFER BIT); // also clear the depth buffer
now!
        // bind textures on corresponding texture units
        glActiveTexture(GL TEXTURE0);
        glBindTexture(GL TEXTURE 2D, texture1);
        glActiveTexture(GL TEXTURE1);
        glBindTexture(GL TEXTURE 2D, texture2);
        // activate shader
        glUseProgram(shaderProgram);
        // create transformations
        glm::mat4 view
                               = glm::mat4(1.0f);
        glm::mat4 projection = glm::mat4(1.0f);
```

```
view = glm::translate(view, glm::vec3(0.0f,
0.0f, -3.0f));
       projection =
glm::perspective(glm::radians(45.0f), (float)SCR WIDTH /
(float) SCR HEIGHT, 0.1f, 100.0f);
glUniformMatrix4fv(glGetUniformLocation(shaderProgram,
          ), 1, GL FALSE, &view[0][0]);
glUniformMatrix4fv(glGetUniformLocation(shaderProgram,
"projection"), 1, GL FALSE, &projection[0][0]);
       // render container
       glBindVertexArray(VAO);
       for (unsigned int i = 0; i < 2; i++)
           // calculate the model matrix for each
object and pass it to shader before drawing
           glm::mat4 model = glm::mat4(1.0f);
           model = glm::scale(model, glm::vec3(1.0f));
           model = glm::translate(model,
cubePositions[i]);
           float angle = 20.0f * i;
           model = glm::rotate(model,
glm::radians(rotate dir), glm::vec3(0.0f, 0.0f, 1.0f));
glUniformMatrix4fv(glGetUniformLocation(shaderProgram,
"model"), 1, GL FALSE, &model[0][0]);
           glDrawArrays(GL TRIANGLES, 0, 6);
       // glfw: swap buffers and poll IO events (keys
pressed/released, mouse moved etc.)
             _____
       glfwSwapBuffers(window);
       glfwPollEvents();
    }
    // optional: de-allocate all resources once they've
outlived their purpose:
    // -----
                      ______
    glDeleteVertexArrays(1, &VAO);
    glDeleteBuffers(1, &VBO);
```

```
// glfw: terminate, clearing all previously
allocated GLFW resources.
   // -----
   glfwTerminate();
   return 0;
}
// process all input: query GLFW whether relevant keys
are pressed/released this frame and react accordingly
// -----
void processInput(GLFWwindow *window)
    //Keyboard Example, F KEY = GLFW KEY F
    //Keyboard Example, 1 KEY = GLFW KEY 1
    if (glfwGetKey(window, GLFW KEY ESCAPE) ==
GLFW PRESS)
       glfwSetWindowShouldClose(window, true);
   else if (glfwGetKey(window, GLFW KEY L) ==
GLFW PRESS)
        {
            rotate dir = 90.0;
       else if (glfwGetKey(window, GLFW KEY R) ==
GLFW PRESS)
        {
            rotate dir = -90.0;
        }
}
// glfw: whenever the window size changed (by OS or user
resize) this callback function executes
void framebuffer size callback(GLFWwindow* window, int
width, int height)
   // make sure the viewport matches the new window
dimensions; note that width and
   // height will be significantly larger than
specified on retina displays.
   glViewport(0, 0, width, height);
```

vertex shader

```
#version 330 core
layout (location = 0) in vec3 aPos;
layout (location = 1) in vec3 aColor;
layout (location = 2) in vec2 aTexCoord;

out vec3 ourColor;
out vec2 TexCoord;

uniform mat4 model;
uniform mat4 view;
uniform mat4 projection;

void main()
{
    gl_Position = projection * view * model * vec4(aPos, 1.0f);
    ourColor = aColor;
    TexCoord = vec2(aTexCoord.x, aTexCoord.y);
}
```

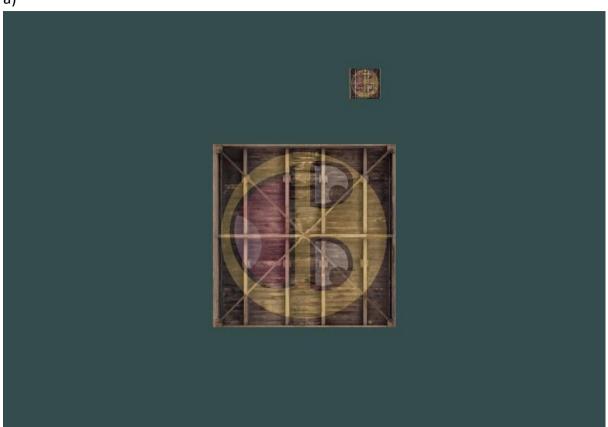
fragment shader

```
#version 330 core
out vec4 FragColor;
in vec3 ourColor;
in vec2 TexCoord;

// texture samplers
uniform sampler2D texture1;
uniform sampler2D texture2;

void main()
{
    FragColor = mix(texture(texture1, TexCoord), texture(texture2, TexCoord), 0.2);
}
```

Output (ScreenShot):





c) Left rotaion



Right rotation



Lab Task Q2

Question:

- Q2. Show an OpenGL program which will show a less shinny 3d colored cube which will be lighted by another 3d white colored cube where:
- a) Camera: Camera will move along the -z axis using keyboard.
- b) Lighting: 20% ambient + 15% specular

Solution (Bold your own written code):

main.cpp

```
#include "glad.h"
#include "glfw3.h"
#include "glm/glm/glm.hpp"
#include "glm/glm/gtc/matrix transform.hpp"
#include "glm/glm/gtc/type ptr.hpp"
#include "shader m.h"
#include "camera.h"
#include <iostream>
void framebuffer size callback(GLFWwindow* window, int
width, int height);
void mouse callback(GLFWwindow* window, double xpos,
double ypos);
void scroll callback (GLFWwindow* window, double xoffset,
double yoffset);
void processInput(GLFWwindow *window);
// settings
const unsigned int SCR WIDTH = 800;
const unsigned int SCR HEIGHT = 600;
```

```
// camera
Camera camera(glm::vec3(0.0f, 0.0f, 3.0f));
float lastX = SCR WIDTH / 2.0f;
float lastY = SCR HEIGHT / 2.0f;
bool firstMouse = true;
// timing
float deltaTime = 0.0f;
float lastFrame = 0.0f;
// lighting
glm::vec3 lightPos(1.2f, 0.0f, 0.0f);
int main()
    // glfw: initialize and configure
    // -----
    qlfwInit();
    glfwWindowHint(GLFW CONTEXT VERSION MAJOR, 3);
    glfwWindowHint(GLFW CONTEXT VERSION MINOR, 3);
    glfwWindowHint(GLFW OPENGL PROFILE,
GLFW OPENGL CORE PROFILE);
#ifdef APPLE
    glfwWindowHint (GLFW OPENGL FORWARD COMPAT, GL TRUE);
#endif
    // glfw window creation
    GLFWwindow* window = glfwCreateWindow(SCR WIDTH,
SCR HEIGHT, "LearnOpenGL", NULL, NULL);
    if (window == NULL)
        std::cout << "Failed to create GLFW window" <<</pre>
std::endl;
        glfwTerminate();
        return -1;
    glfwMakeContextCurrent(window);
    glfwSetFramebufferSizeCallback(window,
framebuffer size callback);
    glfwSetCursorPosCallback(window, mouse callback);
    glfwSetScrollCallback(window, scroll callback);
    // tell GLFW to capture our mouse
```

```
glfwSetInputMode(window, GLFW CURSOR,
GLFW CURSOR DISABLED);
    // glad: load all OpenGL function pointers
          ______
    if
(!gladLoadGLLoader((GLADloadproc)glfwGetProcAddress))
       std::cout << "Failed to initialize GLAD" <<
std::endl;
       return -1;
    }
    // configure global opengl state
   glEnable(GL DEPTH TEST);
    // build and compile our shader zprogram
    Shader lightingShader ("src/colors.vs",
"src/colors.fs");
    Shader lightCubeShader("src/light cube.vs",
"src/light cube.fs");
    // set up vertex data (and buffer(s)) and configure
vertex attributes
                _____
   float vertices[] = {
       -0.5f, -0.5f, -0.5f,
        0.5f, -0.5f, -0.5f,
        0.5f, 0.5f, -0.5f,
        0.5f, 0.5f, -0.5f,
       -0.5f, 0.5f, -0.5f,
       -0.5f, -0.5f, -0.5f,
       -0.5f, -0.5f, 0.5f,
        0.5f, -0.5f, 0.5f,
        0.5f, 0.5f, 0.5f,
        0.5f, 0.5f, 0.5f,
       -0.5f, 0.5f, 0.5f,
       -0.5f, -0.5f, 0.5f,
       -0.5f, 0.5f, 0.5f,
       -0.5f, 0.5f, -0.5f,
       -0.5f, -0.5f, -0.5f,
```

```
-0.5f, -0.5f, -0.5f,
        -0.5f, -0.5f, 0.5f,
        -0.5f, 0.5f, 0.5f,
         0.5f, 0.5f, 0.5f,
         0.5f, 0.5f, -0.5f,
        0.5f, -0.5f, -0.5f,
         0.5f, -0.5f, -0.5f,
         0.5f, -0.5f, 0.5f,
         0.5f, 0.5f, 0.5f,
        -0.5f, -0.5f, -0.5f,
        0.5f, -0.5f, -0.5f,
        0.5f, -0.5f, 0.5f,
        0.5f, -0.5f, 0.5f,
        -0.5f, -0.5f, 0.5f,
        -0.5f, -0.5f, -0.5f,
        -0.5f, 0.5f, -0.5f,
        0.5f, 0.5f, -0.5f,
        0.5f, 0.5f, 0.5f,
         0.5f, 0.5f, 0.5f,
        -0.5f, 0.5f, 0.5f,
        -0.5f, 0.5f, -0.5f,
    };
    // first, configure the cube's VAO (and VBO)
   unsigned int VBO, cubeVAO;
    glGenVertexArrays(1, &cubeVAO);
   glGenBuffers(1, &VBO);
    glBindBuffer(GL ARRAY BUFFER, VBO);
    glBufferData(GL ARRAY BUFFER, sizeof(vertices),
vertices, GL STATIC DRAW);
    glBindVertexArray(cubeVAO);
    // position attribute
    glVertexAttribPointer(0, 3, GL FLOAT, GL FALSE, 3 *
sizeof(float), (void*)0);
    glEnableVertexAttribArray(0);
    // second, configure the light's VAO (VBO stays the
same; the vertices are the same for the light object
which is also a 3D cube)
   unsigned int lightCubeVAO;
    glGenVertexArrays(1, &lightCubeVAO);
```

```
glBindVertexArray(lightCubeVAO);
    // we only need to bind to the VBO (to link it with
glVertexAttribPointer), no need to fill it; the VBO's
data already contains all we need (it's already bound,
but we do it again for educational purposes)
    qlBindBuffer(GL ARRAY BUFFER, VBO);
    glVertexAttribPointer(0, 3, GL FLOAT, GL FALSE, 3 *
sizeof(float), (void*)0);
    glEnableVertexAttribArray(0);
    // render loop
    // -----
    while (!qlfwWindowShouldClose(window))
        // per-frame time logic
        // -----
        float currentFrame =
static cast<float>(glfwGetTime());
        deltaTime = currentFrame - lastFrame;
        lastFrame = currentFrame;
        // input
        // ----
        processInput(window);
        // render
        // ----
        glClearColor(0.1f, 0.1f, 0.1f, 1.0f);
        glClear(GL COLOR BUFFER BIT |
GL DEPTH BUFFER BIT);
        // be sure to activate shader when setting
uniforms/drawing objects
        lightingShader.use();
        lightingShader.setVec3("objectColor", 1.0f,
0.5f, 0.31f);
        lightingShader.setVec3("lightColor", 1.0f,
1.0f, 1.0f);
        // view/projection transformations
        glm::mat4 projection =
glm::perspective(glm::radians(camera.Zoom),
(float) SCR WIDTH / (float) SCR HEIGHT, 0.1f, 100.0f);
```

```
glm::mat4 view = camera.GetViewMatrix();
       lightingShader.setMat4("projection",
projection);
       lightingShader.setMat4("view", view);
       // world transformation
       glm::mat4 model = glm::mat4(1.0f);
       lightingShader.setMat4("model", model);
       // render the cube
       glBindVertexArray(cubeVAO);
       glDrawArrays(GL TRIANGLES, 0, 36);
       // also draw the lamp object
       lightCubeShader.use();
       lightCubeShader.setMat4("projection",
projection);
       lightCubeShader.setMat4("view", view);
       model = glm::mat4(1.0f);
       model = glm::translate(model, lightPos);
       model = glm::scale(model, glm::vec3(0.2f)); // a
smaller cube
       lightCubeShader.setMat4("model", model);
       glBindVertexArray(lightCubeVAO);
       glDrawArrays(GL TRIANGLES, 0, 36);
       // glfw: swap buffers and poll IO events (keys
pressed/released, mouse moved etc.)
       // -----
       glfwSwapBuffers(window);
       glfwPollEvents();
   }
   // optional: de-allocate all resources once they've
outlived their purpose:
   // -----
                       _____
   glDeleteVertexArrays(1, &cubeVAO);
   glDeleteVertexArrays(1, &lightCubeVAO);
   glDeleteBuffers(1, &VBO);
   // glfw: terminate, clearing all previously
```

```
allocated GLFW resources.
    glfwTerminate();
    return 0;
// process all input: query GLFW whether relevant keys
are pressed/released this frame and react accordingly
void processInput(GLFWwindow *window)
    if (glfwGetKey(window, GLFW KEY ESCAPE) ==
GLFW PRESS)
        glfwSetWindowShouldClose(window, true);
    if (glfwGetKey(window, GLFW KEY W) == GLFW PRESS)
        camera.ProcessKeyboard(FORWARD, deltaTime);
    if (glfwGetKey(window, GLFW KEY S) == GLFW PRESS)
        camera.ProcessKeyboard(BACKWARD, deltaTime);
    if (glfwGetKey(window, GLFW KEY A) == GLFW PRESS)
        camera.ProcessKeyboard(LEFT, deltaTime);
    if (glfwGetKey(window, GLFW KEY D) == GLFW PRESS)
        camera.ProcessKeyboard(RIGHT, deltaTime);
}
// glfw: whenever the window size changed (by OS or user
resize) this callback function executes
void framebuffer size callback(GLFWwindow* window, int
width, int height)
    // make sure the viewport matches the new window
dimensions; note that width and
    // height will be significantly larger than
specified on retina displays.
    glViewport(0, 0, width, height);
// glfw: whenever the mouse moves, this callback is
called
```

```
void mouse callback(GLFWwindow* window, double xposIn,
double yposIn)
    float xpos = static cast<float>(xposIn);
    float ypos = static cast<float>(yposIn);
    if (firstMouse)
        lastX = xpos;
        lastY = ypos;
        firstMouse = false;
    float xoffset = xpos - lastX;
    float yoffset = lastY - ypos; // reversed since y-
coordinates go from bottom to top
    lastX = xpos;
    lastY = ypos;
    camera.ProcessMouseMovement(xoffset, yoffset);
// glfw: whenever the mouse scroll wheel scrolls, this
callback is called
// -----
void scroll callback(GLFWwindow* window, double xoffset,
double yoffset)
camera.ProcessMouseScroll(static cast<float>(yoffset));
```

vertex shader

```
#version 330 core
layout (location = 0) in vec3 aPos;

uniform mat4 model;
uniform mat4 view;
uniform mat4 projection;

void main()
{
    gl_Position = projection * view * model *
```

```
vec4(aPos, 1.0);
}
```

fragment shader

```
#version 330 core
out vec4 FragColor;
uniform vec3 objectColor;
uniform vec3 lightColor;

void main()
{
    FragColor = vec4(lightColor * objectColor, 1.0);
}
```

Output (ScreenShot):

a)

