## vgg model

## October 1, 2024

```
[]: import torch
     import torch.nn as nn
     import torch.nn.functional as F
     from torch.autograd import Variable
     from torchvision import datasets, transforms
     import numpy as np
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
[ ]: transform_train = transforms.Compose([
         transforms.RandomHorizontalFlip(),
         transforms.RandomRotation(10),
         transforms.ToTensor(),
         transforms.Normalize((0.4914, 0.4822, 0.4465), (0.2023, 0.1994, 0.2010)),
     ])
     transform_test = transforms.Compose([
         transforms.ToTensor(),
         transforms.Normalize((0.5, 0.5, 0.5), (0.5, 0.5, 0.5))
     ])
     train_dataset = datasets.CIFAR10(root='./data', train=True, download=True,__
      →transform=transform_train)
     test_dataset = datasets.CIFAR10(root='./data', train=False, download=True,__
      →transform=transform_test)
    Downloading https://www.cs.toronto.edu/~kriz/cifar-10-python.tar.gz to
    ./data\cifar-10-python.tar.gz
              | 170498071/170498071 [00:41<00:00, 4074079.89it/s]
    100%|
    Extracting ./data\cifar-10-python.tar.gz to ./data
    Files already downloaded and verified
[]: train, val = torch.utils.data.random_split(train_dataset, [40000, 10000])
     train_dataloader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(train, batch_size=1024,_u
      ⇒shuffle=True, num_workers=2)
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val_dataloader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(val, batch_size=1024,__
      ⇒shuffle=False, num_workers=2)
     test_dataloader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(test_dataset, batch_size=1024,__
      ⇒shuffle=False, num workers=2)
[]: for data, label in train_dataloader:
         print(data.shape)
         print(label.shape)
         print(label)
         break
    torch.Size([1024, 3, 32, 32])
    torch.Size([1024])
    tensor([9, 2, 5, ..., 1, 5, 6])
[]: class VGG custom(nn.Module): #VGG16
         def __init__(self):
             super(VGG_custom, self).__init__()
             # 32x32x3
             self.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(3, 64, kernel_size=3, padding=1) # 32 - 3
             self.relu1 = nn.ReLU()
             self.conv2 = nn.Conv2d(64, 64, kernel_size=3, padding=1)
             self.relu2 = nn.ReLU()
             self.max_pool1 = nn.MaxPool2d(2) # 16x16x64
             self.conv3 = nn.Conv2d(64, 128, kernel_size=3, padding=1)
             self.relu3 = nn.ReLU()
             self.conv4 = nn.Conv2d(128, 128, kernel_size=3, padding=1)
             self.relu4 = nn.ReLU()
             self.max_pool2 = nn.MaxPool2d(2) # 8x8x128
             self.conv5 = nn.Conv2d(128, 256, kernel_size=3, padding=1)
             self.relu5 = nn.ReLU()
             self.conv6 = nn.Conv2d(256, 256, kernel_size=3, padding=1)
             self.relu6 = nn.ReLU()
             self.max_pool3 = nn.MaxPool2d(2) # <math>4x4x256
             self.conv7 = nn.Conv2d(256, 512, kernel_size=3, padding=1)
             self.relu7 = nn.ReLU()
             self.conv8 = nn.Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=3, padding=1)
             self.relu8 = nn.ReLU()
             self.conv9 = nn.Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=3, padding=1)
             self.relu9 = nn.ReLU()
             self.max_pool4 = nn.MaxPool2d(2) # 2x2x512
             self.conv10 = nn.Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=3, padding=1)
             self.relu10 = nn.ReLU()
```

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self.conv11 = nn.Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=3, padding=1)
             self.relu11 = nn.ReLU()
             self.conv12 = nn.Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=3, padding=1)
             self.relu12 = nn.ReLU()
             self.max_pool5 = nn.MaxPool2d(2) # 1x1x512
             self.fc1 = nn.Linear(512, 256)
             self.fc2 = nn.Linear(256, 128)
             self.fc3 = nn.Linear(128, 10)
         def forward(self, x):
             x = self.relu1(self.conv1(x))
             x = self.max_pool1(self.relu2(self.conv2(x)))
             x = self.relu3(self.conv3(x))
             x = self.max_pool2(self.relu4(self.conv4(x)))
             x = self.relu5(self.conv5(x))
             x = self.max_pool3(self.relu6(self.conv6(x)))
             x = self.relu7(self.conv7(x))
             x = self.relu8(self.conv8(x))
             x = self.max_pool4(self.relu9(self.conv9(x)))
             x = self.relu10(self.conv10(x))
             x = self.relu11(self.conv11(x))
             x = self.max_pool5(self.relu12(self.conv12(x)))
             x = x.view(-1, 512)
             x = F.relu(self.fc1(x))
             x = F.relu(self.fc2(x))
             x = self.fc3(x)
             return x
[]: model = VGG_custom()
    model = model.cuda()
     criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
     learning_rate = 0.01
     \# optimizer = torch.optim.SGD(model.parameters(), lr=learning\_rate, momentum=0.
```

optimizer = torch.optim.Adam(model.parameters(), lr=0.001)

[]: model

```
[ ]: VGG_custom(
       (conv1): Conv2d(3, 64, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
       (relu1): ReLU()
       (conv2): Conv2d(64, 64, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
       (relu2): ReLU()
       (max_pool1): MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
     ceil mode=False)
       (conv3): Conv2d(64, 128, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
       (relu3): ReLU()
       (conv4): Conv2d(128, 128, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
       (relu4): ReLU()
       (max pool2): MaxPool2d(kernel size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
     ceil_mode=False)
       (conv5): Conv2d(128, 256, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
       (relu5): ReLU()
       (conv6): Conv2d(256, 256, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
       (relu6): ReLU()
       (max_pool3): MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
     ceil mode=False)
       (conv7): Conv2d(256, 512, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
       (relu7): ReLU()
       (conv8): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
       (relu8): ReLU()
       (conv9): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
       (relu9): ReLU()
       (max pool4): MaxPool2d(kernel size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
     ceil_mode=False)
       (conv10): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
       (relu10): ReLU()
       (conv11): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
       (relu11): ReLU()
       (conv12): Conv2d(512, 512, kernel_size=(3, 3), stride=(1, 1), padding=(1, 1))
       (relu12): ReLU()
       (max_pool5): MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2, stride=2, padding=0, dilation=1,
     ceil mode=False)
       (fc1): Linear(in_features=512, out_features=256, bias=True)
       (fc2): Linear(in features=256, out features=128, bias=True)
       (fc3): Linear(in_features=128, out_features=10, bias=True)
     )
[]: epochs = 20
     train_loss = []
     valid loss = []
     train_accuracy = []
     valid_accuracy = []
```

```
for epoch in range(epochs):
    iter loss = 0.0
    correct = 0
    iterations = 0
    model.train()
    for i, (items, classes) in enumerate(train_dataloader):
        items = Variable(items)
        classes = Variable(classes)
        items = items.cuda()
        classes = classes.cuda()
        optimizer.zero_grad()
        outputs = model(items)
        loss = criterion(outputs, classes)
        iter_loss += loss.item()
        loss.backward()
        optimizer.step()
        _, predicted = torch.max(outputs.data, 1)
        correct += (predicted == classes.data).sum()
        iterations += 1
    train_loss.append(iter_loss/iterations)
    # Record the training accuracy
    train_accuracy.append(100 * correct.cpu() / float(len(train_dataloader.

dataset)))
    loss = 0.0
    correct = 0
    iterations = 0
    model.eval()
    for i, (items, classes) in enumerate(val_dataloader):
        items = Variable(items)
        classes = Variable(classes)
        items = items.cuda()
        classes = classes.cuda()
        outputs = model(items)
        loss += criterion(outputs, classes).item()
```

```
_, predicted = torch.max(outputs.data, 1)
        correct += (predicted == classes.data).sum()
        iterations += 1
    valid_loss.append(loss/iterations)
    correct_scalar = np.array([correct.clone().cpu()])[0]
    valid_accuracy.append(correct_scalar / len(val_dataloader.dataset) * 100.0)
    print ('Epoch %d/%d, Tr Loss: %.4f, Tr Acc: %.4f, Val Loss: %.4f, Val Acc:
 →%.4f'
           %(epoch+1, epochs, train_loss[-1], train_accuracy[-1],
             valid_loss[-1], valid_accuracy[-1]))
Epoch 1/20, Tr Loss: 2.3057, Tr Acc: 9.7575, Val Loss: 2.3027, Val Acc: 10.0400
Epoch 2/20, Tr Loss: 2.2418, Tr Acc: 13.6350, Val Loss: 2.1110, Val Acc: 17.7600
Epoch 3/20, Tr Loss: 2.0445, Tr Acc: 19.1875, Val Loss: 1.9950, Val Acc: 22.1200
Epoch 4/20, Tr Loss: 1.9182, Tr Acc: 22.3750, Val Loss: 1.8587, Val Acc: 23.9100
Epoch 5/20, Tr Loss: 1.7975, Tr Acc: 27.4075, Val Loss: 1.7351, Val Acc: 30.3300
Epoch 6/20, Tr Loss: 1.6934, Tr Acc: 33.6650, Val Loss: 1.7068, Val Acc: 34.5800
Epoch 7/20, Tr Loss: 1.5842, Tr Acc: 39.3775, Val Loss: 1.4988, Val Acc: 41.2000
Epoch 8/20, Tr Loss: 1.4466, Tr Acc: 44.5225, Val Loss: 1.5885, Val Acc: 42.0400
Epoch 9/20, Tr Loss: 1.3864, Tr Acc: 47.8300, Val Loss: 1.3045, Val Acc: 51.8100
Epoch 10/20, Tr Loss: 1.2582, Tr Acc: 52.9000, Val Loss: 1.3513, Val Acc:
51.9200
Epoch 11/20, Tr Loss: 1.1960, Tr Acc: 56.1975, Val Loss: 1.2017, Val Acc:
56.7100
Epoch 12/20, Tr Loss: 1.0990, Tr Acc: 59.6575, Val Loss: 1.2356, Val Acc:
56.2700
Epoch 13/20, Tr Loss: 1.0382, Tr Acc: 62.1050, Val Loss: 1.0817, Val Acc:
61.4500
Epoch 14/20, Tr Loss: 0.9414, Tr Acc: 66.2850, Val Loss: 1.0049, Val Acc:
64.7000
Epoch 15/20, Tr Loss: 0.9130, Tr Acc: 67.5475, Val Loss: 1.1219, Val Acc:
63.2800
Epoch 16/20, Tr Loss: 0.8626, Tr Acc: 69.4825, Val Loss: 1.0228, Val Acc:
65.0700
Epoch 17/20, Tr Loss: 0.8121, Tr Acc: 71.3900, Val Loss: 1.0038, Val Acc:
65.8800
Epoch 18/20, Tr Loss: 0.7776, Tr Acc: 72.4100, Val Loss: 0.8674, Val Acc:
70.0400
Epoch 19/20, Tr Loss: 0.7390, Tr Acc: 73.9825, Val Loss: 0.9955, Val Acc:
Epoch 20/20, Tr Loss: 0.7252, Tr Acc: 74.7975, Val Loss: 0.8305, Val Acc:
71.3700
```

## 0.1 Notes

• We can see that it is still training, and we can proceed with more epochs (20 epoch is not enough, of course - the original VGG authors (Oxford group) were training this network for a week). I will stop here, since it is taking a lot of time - training is performed on my local laptop