King County House Prices

for Investors and Real estate agents

Christoph Blickle

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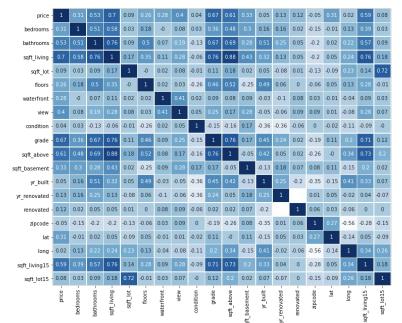
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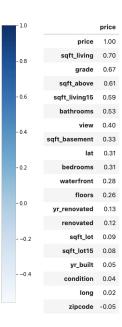
Overview of the given data

- The data for 21597 house in King County was given
- The dataset is mostly complete with missing values in only a few variables
- Strong outliers can be found in sqft_living, bedrooms, bathrooms and price
 - Probably luxury houses
- The outliers were not removed as these may also be interesting to high class investors and real estate agents

Overview of the given data

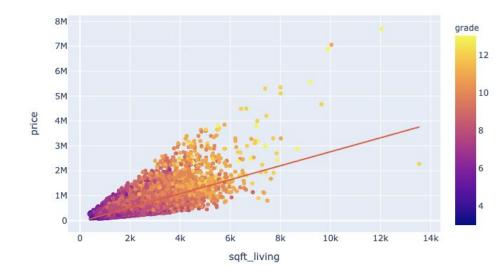
- Correlation between variables
- Correlation with price
- Highest with sqft_living and grade



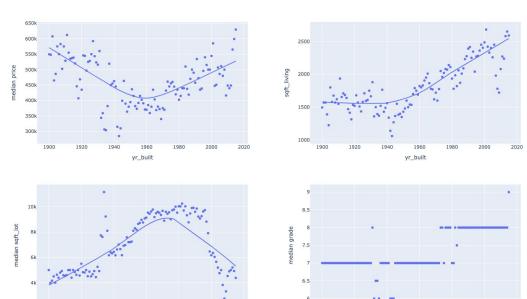


- Price is mostly influenced by sqft_living and grade
- These go hand in hand

 A positive linear correlation between price and sqft_living is observable



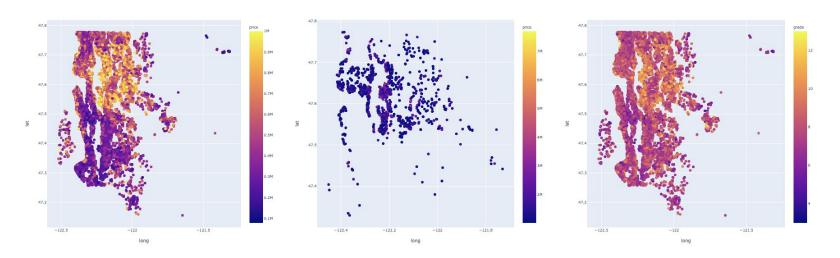
- Older house are more expensive even though they offer less space
- Grades are somewhat constant with small dips in the 40s and an increase in the 90s

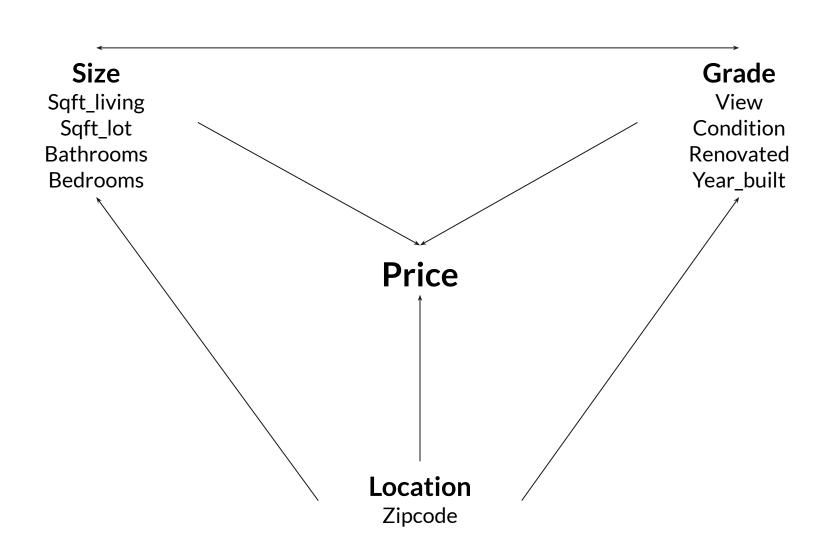


- Literature researches show that seasons influence sales prices
- The data only contains one year of data
- A small fluctuation is still visible



- Prices correlate with location, but this seems to be the consequence of higher grades in the area





Recommendations

- When was the house built?
 - The newer the house the more expensive it will get to buy in the future
 - Buy houses built in the 40s to the 80s
- How big is the lot in comparison to the actual living space?
 - Buy big lots to leave room for living space expansion
 - Adding new floors is more expensive making inner city houses less desirable and hard to improve
 - Add bathrooms and bedrooms if needed, but not as sole means to improve the resale price
- Why is a grade high or low?
 - Avoid houses whose grades are high due to their location, since improvement is difficult. Thus making a buy and resell less beneficial
 - Improve grade by renovation and expansion
- Keep the seasons in mind

Multivariate linear regression

- The algorithm uses only 3 variables:
 - sqft_living, grade and zipcode
- Thereby being reliable and less prone to errors when using new datasets
- The 3 variables cover most other parameters, since sqft_living also correlates with number of bathrooms, grade with view etc.
- The mean absolute percentage error at this point in time equals 18.9 %
- A better MAPE can be achieved when more variables are passed, but this could come at the cost of reliability

Summary

- The King County house price dataset from 14/15 was used to understand influences of different parameters
- The goal was to give recommendations to real estate agents and investors
- Multivariate linear regression can be used to predict house prices for new data