# Creational Pattern: Factory Method



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#### Coming Up



# Describing the factory method pattern Structure of the factory method pattern Implementation

Real-life sample: shopping cart discount service



## Coming Up

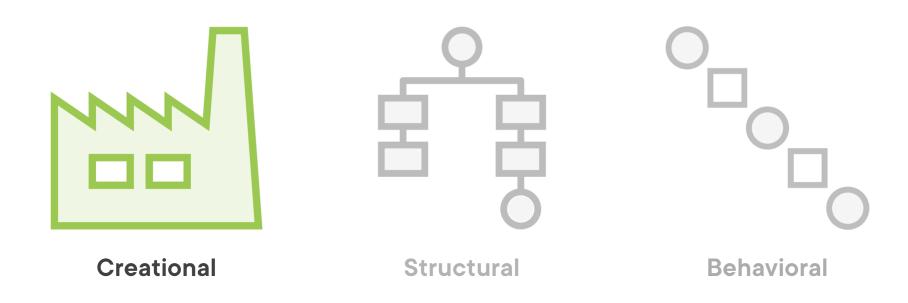


Use cases for this pattern

Pattern consequences

**Related patterns** 

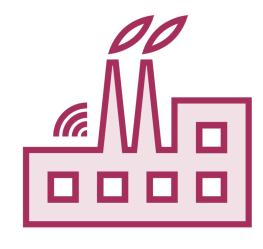








**Factory method** 



**Abstract factory** 



# Factory Method

The intent of the factory method pattern is to define an interface for creating an object, but to let subclasses decide which class to instantiate. Factory method lets a class defer instantiation to subclasses.



```
var codeDiscountService = new CodeDiscountService(Guid.NewGuid());
var discount = codeDiscountService.DiscountPercentage;

// or
var countryDiscountService = new CountryDiscountService("BE");
var discount = countryDiscountService.DiscountPercentage;
```

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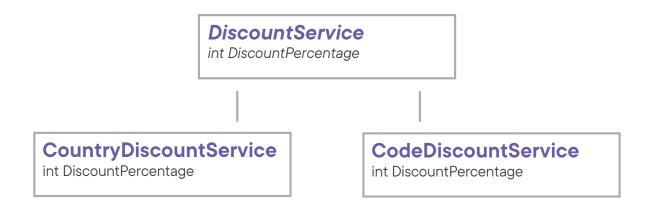
#### CountryDiscountService

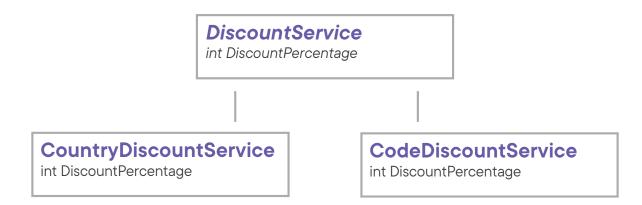
int DiscountPercentage

#### CodeDiscountService

int DiscountPercentage



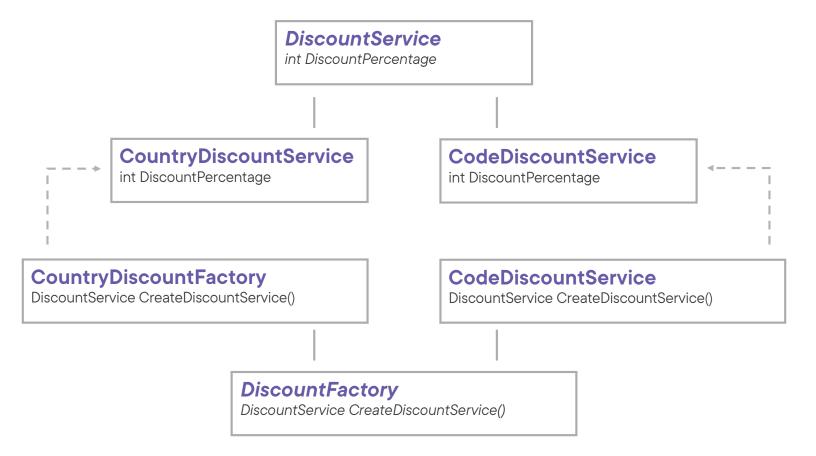




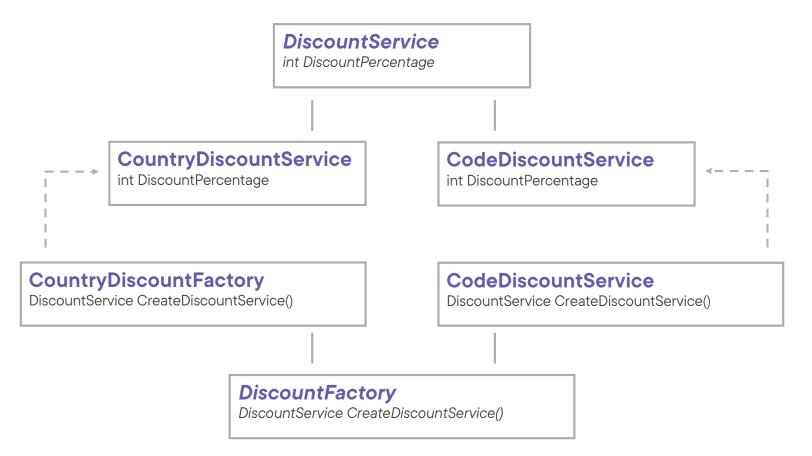
**DiscountFactory** 

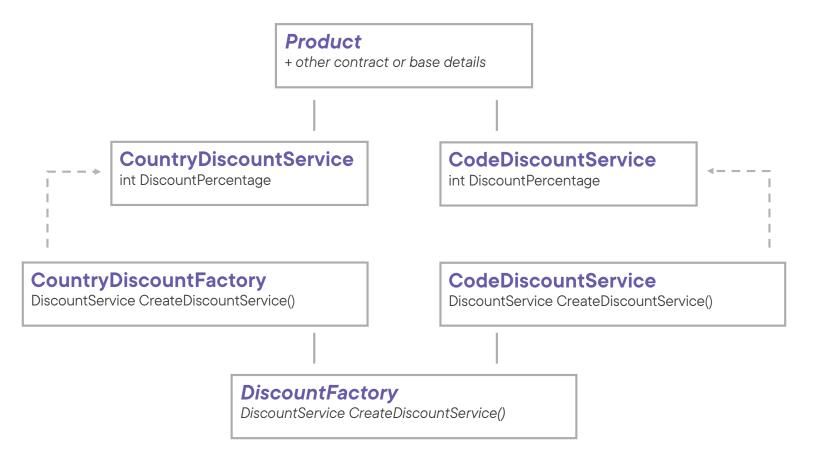
DiscountService CreateDiscountService()







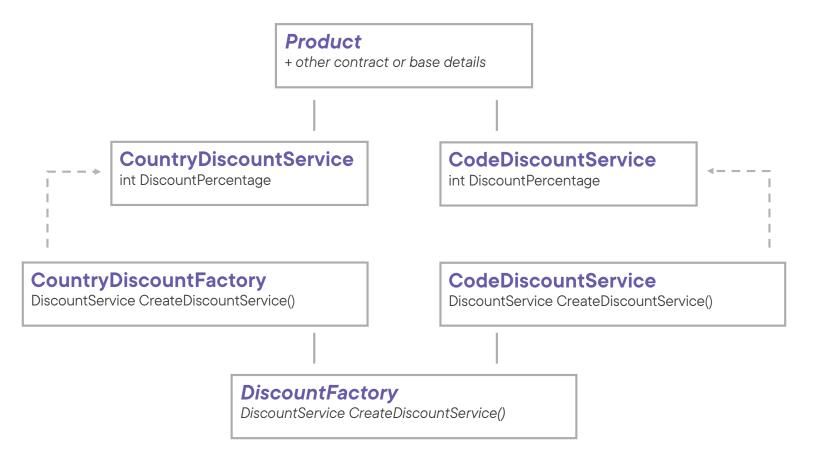






**Product** defines the interface of objects that the factory method creates

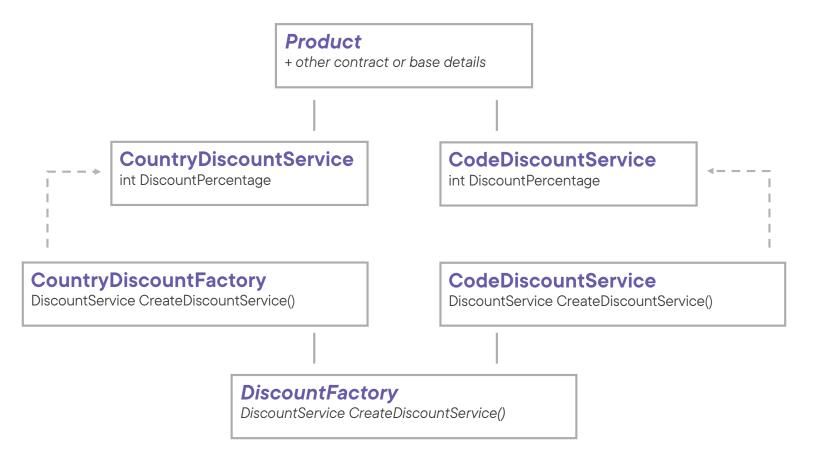


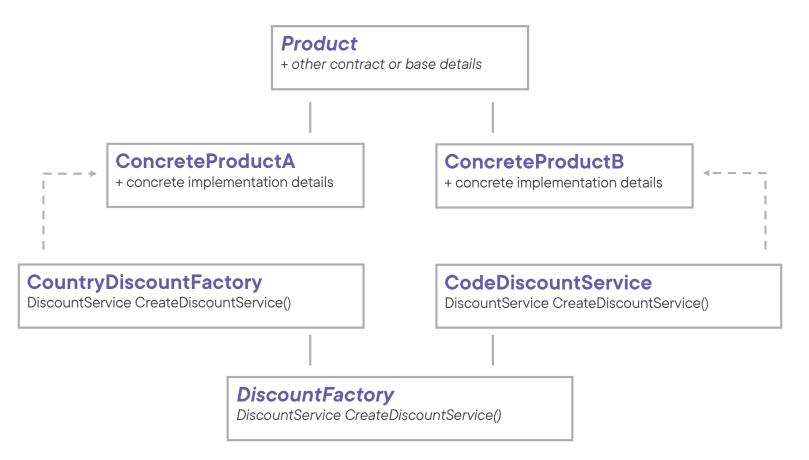




ConcreteProduct implements the Product interface





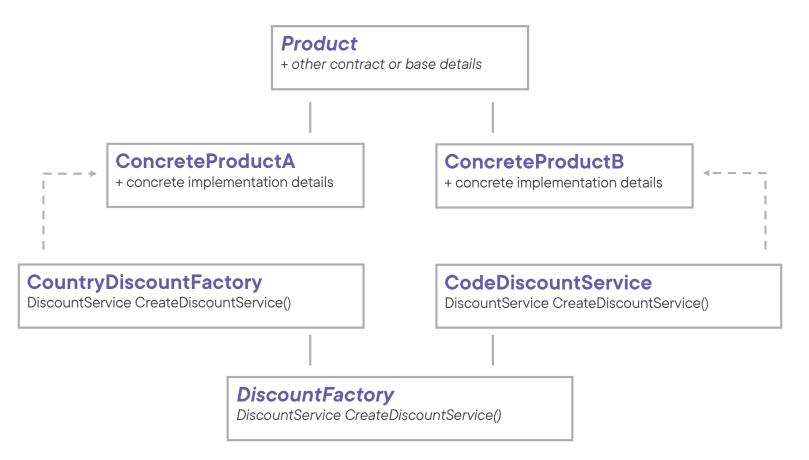




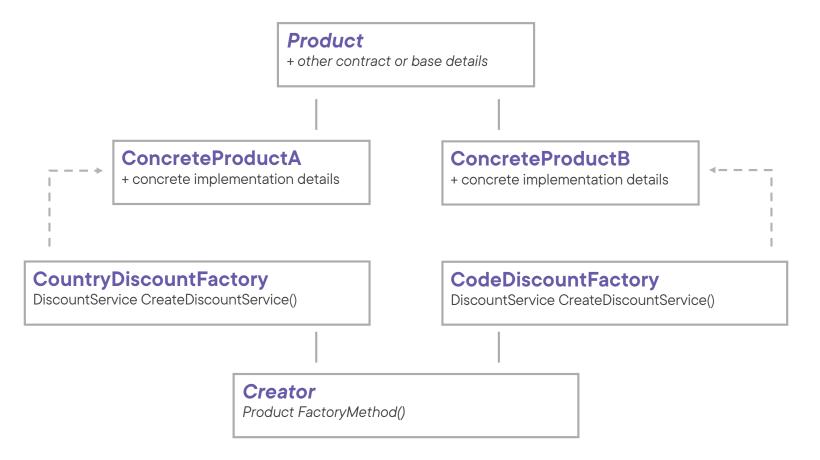


The **Creator** declares the factory method, which must return a **Product** 







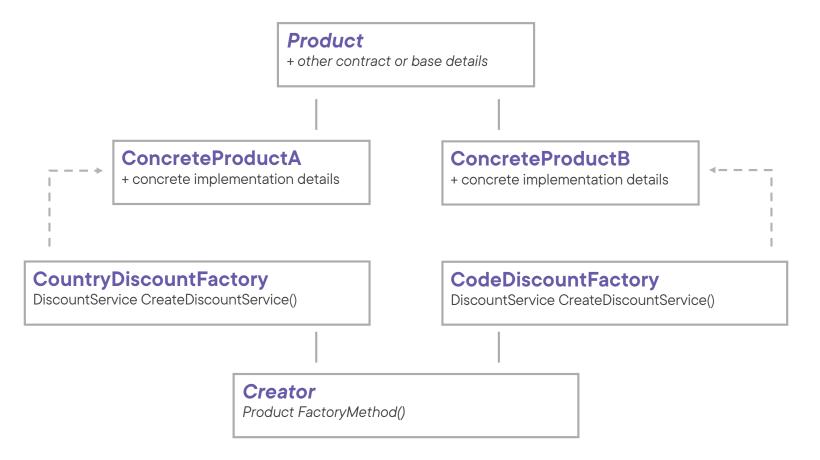




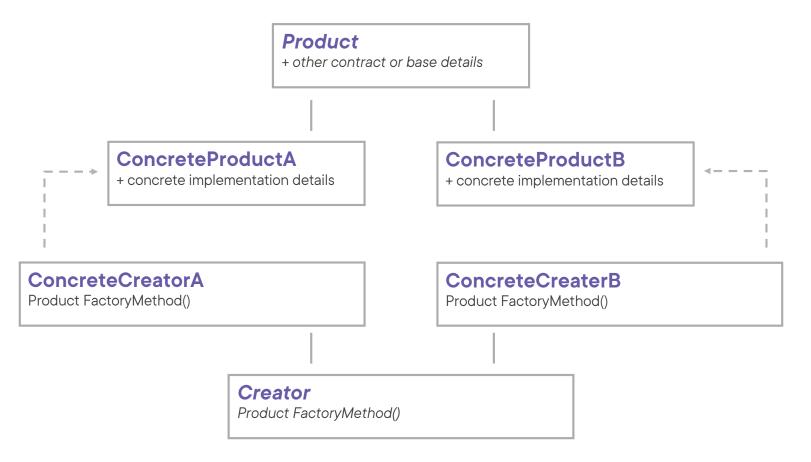


The ConcreteCreator implements Creator and overrides the factory method to return an instance of ConcreteProduct















Implementing the factory method pattern



## Use Cases for the Factory Method Pattern



When a class can't anticipate the class of objects it must create



When a class wants its subclasses to specify the objects it creates



When classes delegate responsibility to one of several helper subclasses, and you want to localize the knowledge of which helper subclass is the delegate



As a way to enable reusing of existing objects



#### Pattern Consequences



Factory methods eliminate the need to bind application-specific classes to your code



New types of products can be added without breaking client code: open/closed principle



Creating products is moved to one specific place in your code, the creator: single responsibility principle



Clients might need to create subclasses of the creator class just to create a particular ConcreteProduct object



#### Related Patterns



#### **Abstract Factory**

Often implemented with factory methods



#### **Prototype**

No subclassing is needed (not based on inheritance), but an initialize action on Product is often required



#### **Template**

Factory methods are often called from within template methods



#### Summary



#### Intent of the factory method pattern:

 To define an interface for creating an object, but to let subclasses decide which class to instantiate

Eliminates the need to bind applicationspecific classes to your code



#### Summary



#### Implementation:

- Product and Creator can be implemented as interface or (abstract) base class
- ConcreteCreator must implement a method to create a ConcreteProduct

Up Next:

Creational Pattern: Abstract Factory

