



YOUR FREEDOM IN LEARNING

EE306 - Microprocessors

Term Project
Sliding Text

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Ali Bahadır Bulut
#041602017

Alp Gokcek
#041701014

Erdal Sidal Dogan
#041702023

1 Project Description

2-3 cümlelik abstract/description (0-1): açıklayıcı, net olmalı. Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. Integer at lectus est. Etiam pellentesque, dui eget tempor suscipit, turpis dui pharetra sapien, vel molestie enim felis ac est. Aliquam erat volutpat. Duis eget dictum lacus, nec luctus magna. Sed et cursus erat. Vivamus lobortis sollicitudin fringilla. In tincidunt mi arcu, quis suscipit metus hendrerit vitae. Sed ut libero sit amet orci pretium fermentum sit amet eu augue. Vivamus lobortis ante ut nunc porta posuere. Quisque vel leo a dui ultrices imperdiet.

Our design supports the characters provided in Figure 1.

8	8	0	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
P	Q	R	S	T	U	V	W	X	Y	Z	0	1	2	3	
8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8	8
4	5	6	7	8	9	Space									

Figure 1: Sample output on 7-segment displays for input "EE306 Fun"

2 Sample Output



Figure 2: Sample output on 7-segment displays for input "EE306 Fun"



Figure 3: Sample output on 7-segment displays for input "1234567890"



Figure 4: Sample output on 7-segment displays for input "Mustafa Kemal Ataturk"

3 Source Code

Listing 1: Source code of our sliding text project

```
.global _start
_start:
    LDR R9, BUTTON_BASE // push buttons address
    LDR R11, TIMER_BASE //timer address
    LDR R12, =200000000 // 200M
    STR R12, [R11] //set load register of the timer
    MOV R2, #0b011 //control configuration
    STR R2, [R11, #8] //set config bits
    MOV R7, #0 //current input status flag

    /* AT THIS POINT WE CAN USE R1 & R2 REGISTERS AS WE WISH */
    /* DON'T FORGET R11 & R12 ARE RESERVED FOR TIMER OPERATION */

    LDR R0, DISPLAY_BASE // 7-segment address
    LDR R1, =CHAR_SET // address of the character set
    LDR R2, =INPUT0 // input register
    MOV R3, #0 // string character iterator index
    MOV R5, #0 // length
    B MAIN

MAIN:
    BL SET_WORD // setting the word according to the switches
    BL CHECK_PAUSE // checking pause state from push button 0
    BL SET_SPEED // setting the speed of words according to push button 1 and 2
    BL PRINT_STRING // updating 7 segments
    B MAIN

CHECK_PAUSE:
    PUSH {R7} // save state of r7
    PAUSE:
        LDR R7, [R9] // load push buttons' state
        ANDS R7, R7, #0b001 // if push button 0 is pressed
        BNE PAUSE // branch until not pressed
        POP {R7} // restore state of r7
        BX LR // return to main loop

SET_SPEED:
    PUSH { R6 } // save state of registers
    LDR R6, [R9] // load buttons state
    CMP R6, #0b100 // check if button 2 is pressed
    BEQ INCREASE_SPEED // if yes branch to increase speed
    CMP R6, #0b010 // check if button 1 is pressed
    BEQ DECREASE_SPEED // if yes branch to decrease speed

    NORMALIZE_SPEED:
        LDR R12, =200000000 // load 200m to normalize speed
        STR R12, [R11] // update load register of the timer
        POP { R6 } //restore the register
        BX LR // return to main loop
```

```

INCREASE_SPEED:
    LDR R12, =50000000 // load 50m to increase the speed
    STR R12, [R11] // update load register of the timer
    POP { R6 } // restore the register
    BX LR // return to main loop

DECREASE_SPEED:
    LDR R12, =800000000 // load 800m to decrease the speed
    STR R12, [R11] // update load register of the timer
    POP { R6 } // restore the register
    BX LR // return to main loop

SET_WORD:
    PUSH {R0} // save register state
    set_word_loop:
        LDR R0, SWITCH_BASE // load base address of switches
        LDR R0, [R0] // load switches' status
        CMP R0, #0 // check if any of the switches are on
        BEQ set_word_loop // if not continue until one of them is pressed
        CMP R0, R7 // if not changed
        POP {R0} // restore r0
        BXEQ LR // return to main loop
        PUSH {R0} // save r0 again
        LDR R0, SWITCH_BASE // load base address of switches
        LDR R0, [R0] // load switches' status
        CMP R0, #1 // check if switch 0 is on
        LDREQ R2, =INPUT0 // update input
        MOVEQ R7, #1 // update flag
        CMP R0, #2 // check if switch 1 is on
        LDREQ R2, =INPUT1 // update input
        MOVEQ R7, #2 // update flag
        CMP R0, #4 // check if switch 2 is on
        LDREQ R2, =INPUT2 // update input
        MOVEQ R7, #4 // update flag
        CMP R0, #8 // check if switch 3 is on
        LDREQ R2, =INPUT3 // update input
        MOVEQ R7, #8 // update flag
        MOV R3, #0 // reset string character iterator index
        MOV R5, #0 // reset length
        POP {R0} // restore state of register
        BX LR

PRINT_STRING:
    PUSH {LR} // save state of link register
    PRINT_STR:
        LDRB R4, [R2, R3] // load ascii code of the character
        CMP R4, #0x00 // reached to the end of the string
        MOVEQ R5, R3 // length
        MOVEQ R3, #0 // start from the beginning of the string
        BEQ PRINT_STR
        CMP R4, #32 // 32 is ascii code of the space char
        SUBEQ R4, R4, #32 // 0th location of array contains space char
        PUSH {LR}
        BLNE FIND_LOC

```

```

        /* ascii(A) = 65 and goes sequentially, when we subtract
        64 from the ascii code, we get the index of the char
        representation in the array */
        LDRB R4, [R1, R4] // retrieve the character representation
        STRB R4, [R0] // write on to the 7-segment
        BL UPDATE_LOCATION
        POP {LR} // restore link register
        BX LR // return to main

//this subroutine finds the location of the input char on CHAR_SET
FIND_LOC:
        CMP R4, #65 // check if it is upper case "A"
        SUBLT R4, R4, #47 // for numbers
        BXLT LR // return to PRINT_STR
        CMP R4, #97 // check if it is lower case "a"
        SUBLT R4, R4, #54 // for upper case letters
        BXLT LR // return to PRINT_STR
        SUB R4, R4, #86 // for lower case letters
        BX LR // return to PRINT_STR

UPDATE_LOCATION:
        SUB R0, R0, #1 /* R0 is the leftmost 7-segment.
        at each iteration, print the character to the left of the
        previous char */
        LDR R10, =0xFF20002F // non-entry zone for display addresses.
        CMP R0, R10 // check if in non-entry zone
        LDREQ R0, =0xFF200023 // if yes reset
        LDR R10, =0xFF20001F // non-entry zone for display addresses.
        CMP R0, R10 // out of the available 7-segment address. (too right)
        ADDNE R3, R3, #1 /* increase the string char index to read the next char */
        BXNE LR // return to PRINT_STR
        LDR R0, =0xFF200033 // address of the leftmost of the 7-segments
        SUB R3, R3, #6
        CMP R3, #0
        ADDLT R3, R3, R5
        PUSH {LR} // save link register
        BL DELAY // do delay
        POP {LR} // restore link register
        BX LR // return to PRINT_STR

DELAY:
        LDR R8, [R11, #0xC] // load timer state
        CMP R8, #1 // check the interrupt
        BNE DELAY // branch until interrupt
        STR R8, [R11, #0xC] // reset timer state
        BX LR // return to UPDATE_LOCATION

END: B END

DISPLAY_BASE: .word 0xff200033 //display base address
TIMER_BASE: .word 0xfffec600 //timer base address
BUTTON_BASE: .word 0xff200050 //push buttons base address
SWITCH_BASE: .word 0xff200040 //switches base address
//.asciz appends a zero at the end of the string as an finish indicator

```

```

INPUT0: .asciz "abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ "
INPUT1: .asciz "1234567890 "
INPUT2: .asciz "Mustafa Kemal Ataturk "
INPUT3: .asciz "MeF RoCkS EE306 MiCrOpRoCesSorS "
CHAR_SET: .byte 0x00, 0x3F, 0x06, 0x5B, 0x4F, 0x66, 0x6D, 0x7D, 0x07, 0x7F, 0x6F, 0x77,
            0x7C, 0x39, 0x5E, 0x79, 0x71, 0x7D, 0x74, 0x06, 0x0E, 0x75, 0x38, 0x15, 0x54,
            0x5C, 0x73, 0x67, 0x50, 0x6D, 0x78, 0x3E, 0x1C, 0x2A, 0x76, 0x6E, 0x5B
// 1 0 = 0x3F 11 A = 0x77 21 K = 0x75 31 U = 0x3E
// 2 1 = 0x06 12 B = 0x7C 22 L = 0x38 32 W = 0x1C
// 3 2 = 0x5B 13 C = 0x39 23 M = 0x15 33 V = 0x2A
// 4 3 = 0x4F 14 D = 0x5E 24 N = 0x54 34 X = 0x76
// 5 4 = 0x66 15 E = 0x79 25 O = 0x5C 35 Y = 0x6E
// 6 5 = 0x6D 16 F = 0x71 26 P = 0x73 36 Z = 0x5B
// 7 6 = 0x7D 17 G = 0x7D 27 Q = 0x67
// 8 7 = 0x07 18 H = 0x74 28 R = 0x50
// 9 8 = 0x7F 19 I = 0x06 29 S = 0x6D
// 10 9 = 0x6F 20 J = 0x0E 30 T = 0x78

.end

```

4 Flowcharts

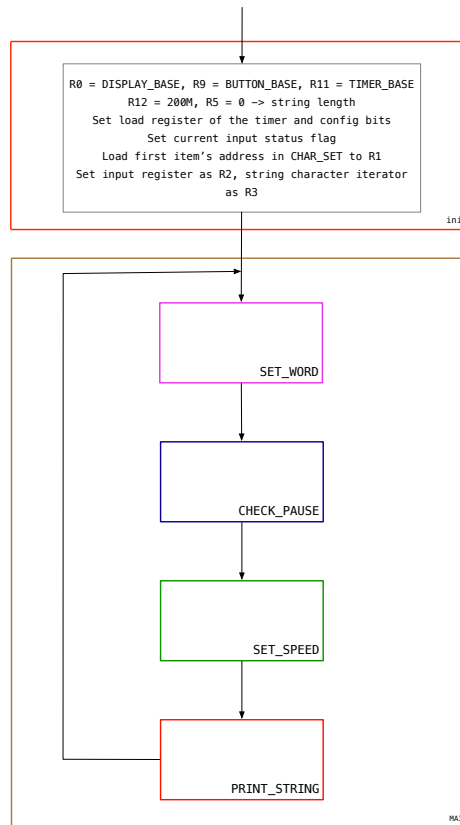


Figure 5: Flowchart of Main Loop

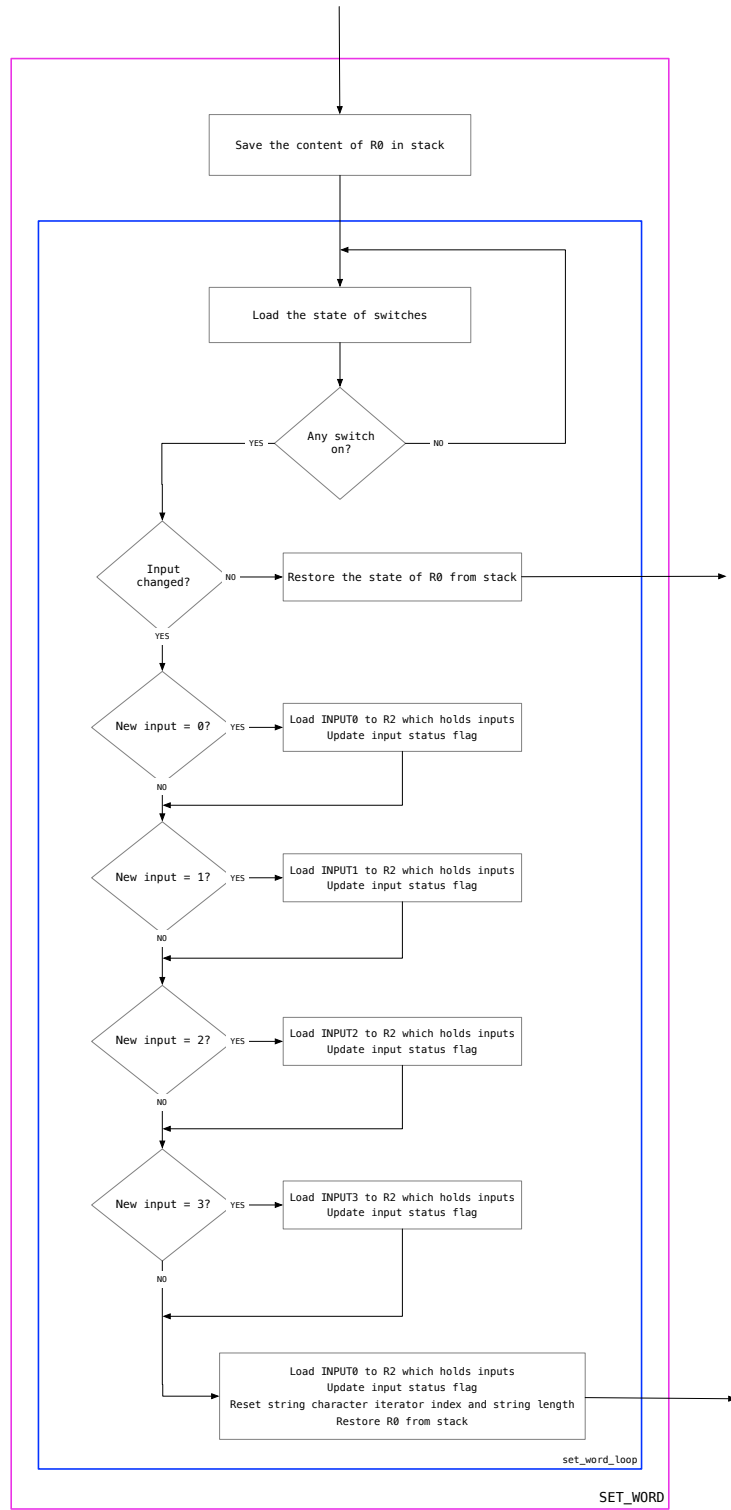


Figure 6: Flowchart of Set Word Subroutine

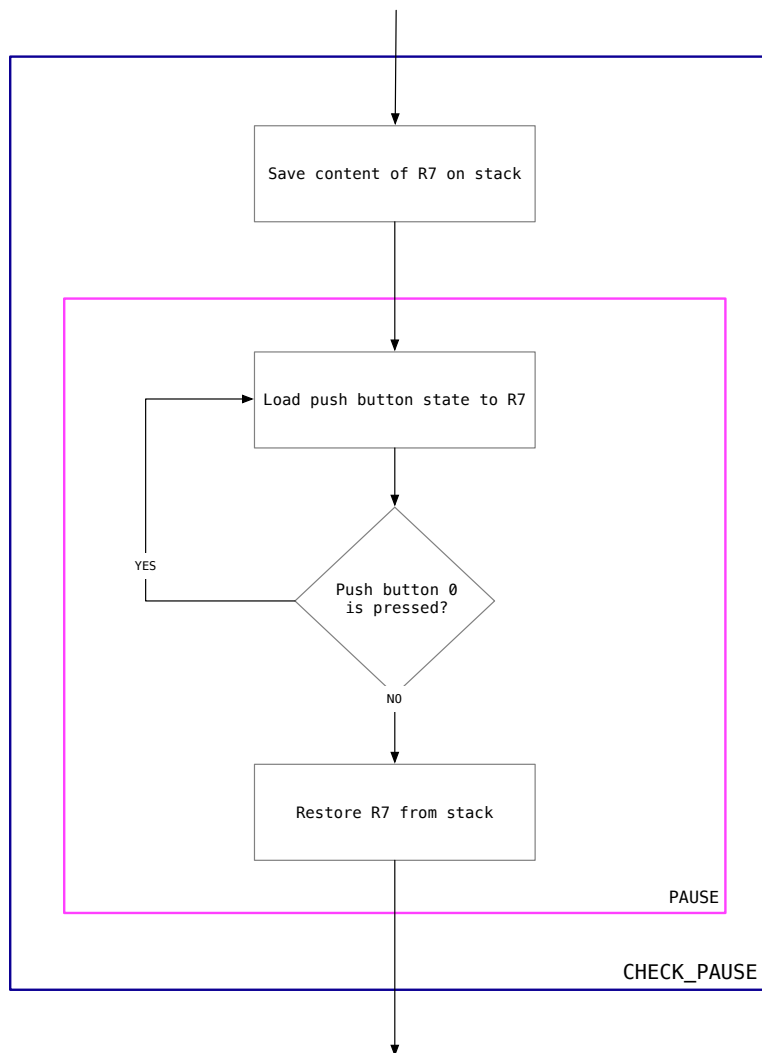


Figure 7: Flowchart of Check Pause Subroutine

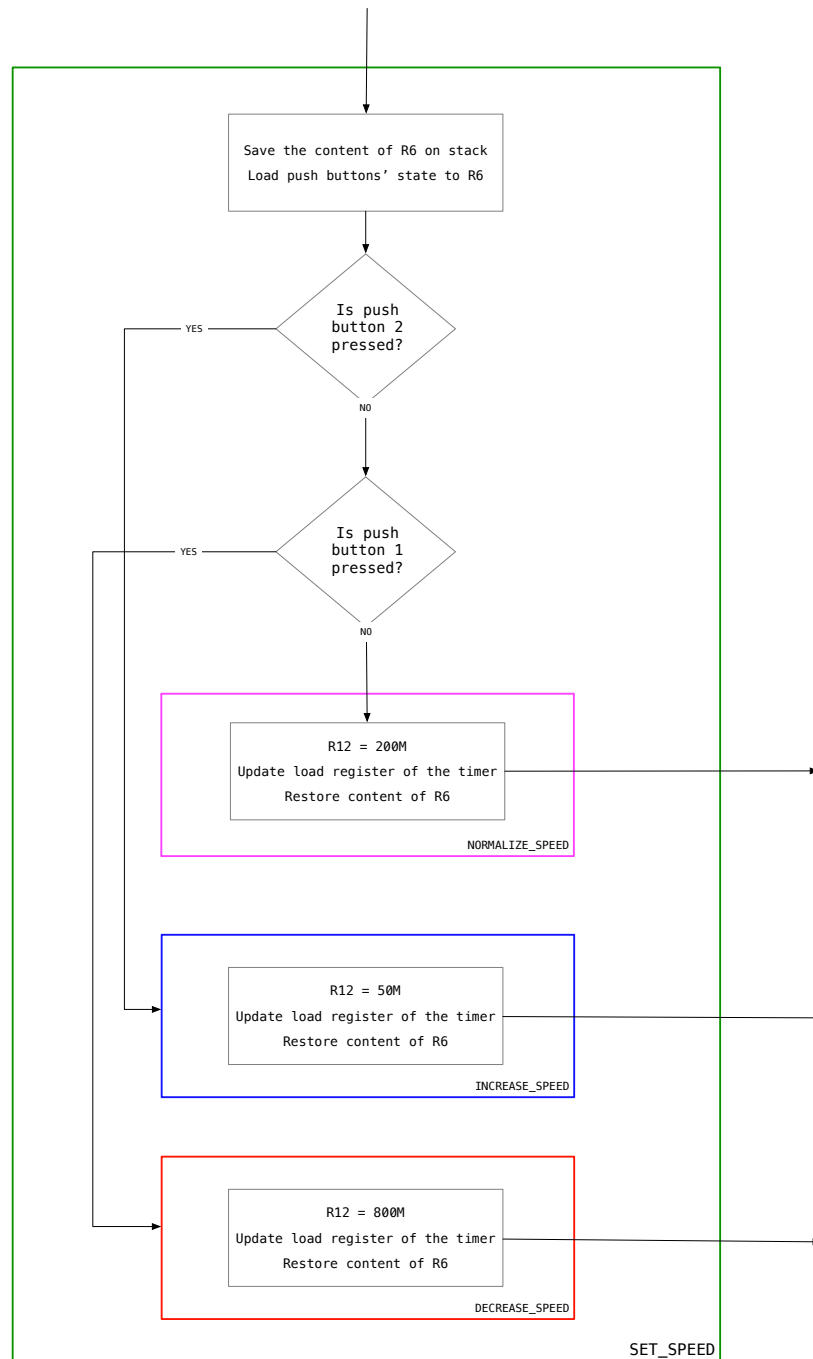


Figure 8: Flowchart of Set Speed Subroutine

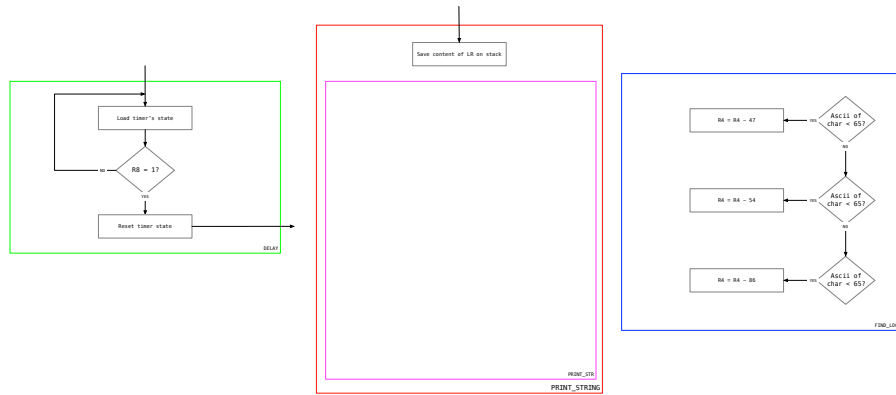


Figure 9: Flowchart of Main Loop