

Name: \_\_\_\_\_

You have 20 minutes.

## Problem 1

Points: (1+1)+(3+3)

1. Give the  $\Theta$ -class of the worst-case time complexity of  $\text{contains}(x : \text{Set}[A], a : A) : \text{bool}$  (in terms of  $|x|$ ) if  $x$  is represented as a
  - (a) bit vector
  - (b) list set
2. Consider the set  $\{3, 7, 12, 25, 47, 58, 89\} \in \text{Set}[\mathbb{N}]$ .
  - (a) Assume it is represented as a hash set using the hash function

$$\text{hash} : x \mapsto (\text{sum of digits of } x) \bmod 10$$

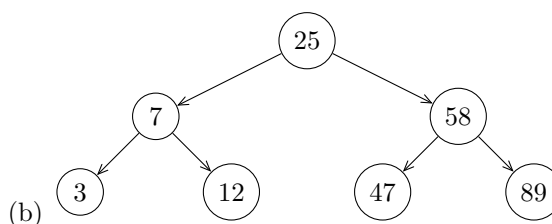
For every bucket, say which elements it contains.

- (b) Assume it is represented as a binary search tree using the ordering  $\leq$ . Give the binary search tree for the case where the tree is optimally balanced.

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## Solution:

1.
  - (a)  $\Theta(1)$
  - (b)  $\Theta(|x|)$
2. Consider the set  $\{3, 7, 12, 25, 47, 58, 89\} \in \text{Set}[\mathbb{N}]$ .
  - (a) ten buckets, one each for hash values  $0, \dots, 9$ . Bucket 1: 47, bucket 3: 3, 12, 58, bucket 7: 7, 25, 89, other buckets empty.



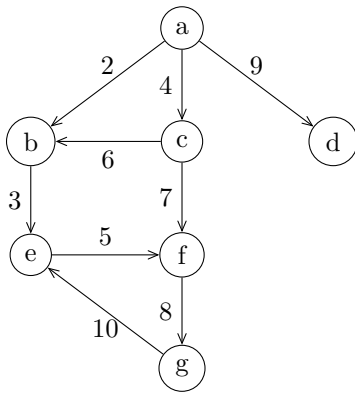
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## Problem 2

Points: 1+1+2+2+2+4

Consider the following graph:

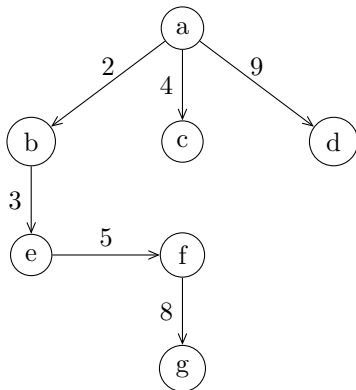
Name: \_\_\_\_\_



1. Give the out-degree of the node  $a$ .
2. Give a cycle in this graph.
3. Give all nodes that are reachable from  $b$ .
4. Interpreting the weights as costs, give the cheapest path from  $a$  to  $g$ .
5. Interpreting the weights as capacities, give the capacity of the greatest flow from  $a$  to  $g$ .
6. Give the result of applying Kruskal's algorithm.

**Solution:**

1. 3
2. The path  $[e, f, g, e]$  (or  $[f, g, e, f]$  or  $[g, e, f, g]$ ).
3.  $b, e, f, g$
4.  $[a, b, e, f, g]$  (with cost 18)
5. 6 (we flow 2 along  $[a, b, e, f, g]$  and 4 along  $[a, c, f, g]$ ; the paths overlap at  $[f, g]$  but that edge has enough capacity for both)



6.