

### General Description

- Latest Trench Power AlphaMOS ( $\alpha$ MOS LV) technology
- Very Low  $R_{DS(on)}$  at 4.5V<sub>GS</sub>
- Low Gate Charge
- High Current Capability
- RoHS and Halogen-Free Compliant

### Application

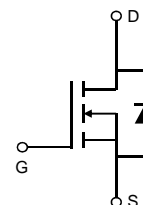
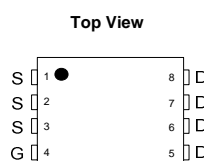
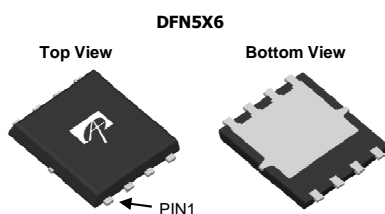
- DC/DC Converters in Computing, Servers, and POL
- Isolated DC/DC Converters in Telecom and Industrial

### Product Summary

$V_{DS}$	30V
$I_D$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$ )	32A
$R_{DS(on)}$ (at $V_{GS}=10V$ )	< 3.2m $\Omega$
$R_{DS(on)}$ (at $V_{GS} = 4.5V$ )	< 5m $\Omega$

100% UIS Tested

100%  $R_g$  Tested



### Absolute Maximum Ratings $T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$ unless otherwise noted

Parameter	Symbol	Maximum	Units
Drain-Source Voltage	$V_{DS}$	30	V
Gate-Source Voltage	$V_{GS}$	$\pm 20$	V
Continuous Drain Current <sup>G</sup>	$I_D$	32	A
$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$		25	
$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$			
Pulsed Drain Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{DM}$	128	
Continuous Drain Current	$I_{DSM}$	29	A
$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$		23	
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$			
Avalanche Current <sup>C</sup>	$I_{AS}$	46	A
Avalanche energy $L=0.05\text{mH}$ <sup>C</sup>	$E_{AS}$	53	mJ
$V_{DS}$ Spike	$V_{SPIKE}$	36	V
Power Dissipation <sup>B</sup>	$P_D$	41	W
		16	
$T_C=25^\circ\text{C}$			
$T_C=100^\circ\text{C}$			
Power Dissipation <sup>A</sup>	$P_{DSM}$	4.2	W
		2.7	
$T_A=25^\circ\text{C}$			
$T_A=70^\circ\text{C}$			
Junction and Storage Temperature Range	$T_J, T_{STG}$	-55 to 150	$^\circ\text{C}$

### Thermal Characteristics

Parameter	Symbol	Typ	Max	Units
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	24	30	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
$t \leq 10\text{s}$				
Maximum Junction-to-Ambient <sup>A D</sup>	$R_{\theta JA}$	53	64	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Steady-State				
Maximum Junction-to-Case	$R_{\theta JC}$	2.6	3	$^\circ\text{C/W}$
Steady-State				

**Electrical Characteristics (T<sub>J</sub>=25°C unless otherwise noted)**

Symbol	Parameter	Conditions	Min	Typ	Max	Units
<b>STATIC PARAMETERS</b>						
BV <sub>DSS</sub>	Drain-Source Breakdown Voltage	I <sub>D</sub> =250μA, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V	30			V
I <sub>DSS</sub>	Zero Gate Voltage Drain Current	V <sub>DS</sub> =30V, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V T <sub>J</sub> =55°C			1 5	μA
I <sub>GSS</sub>	Gate-Body leakage current	V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, V <sub>GS</sub> = ±20V			100	nA
V <sub>GS(th)</sub>	Gate Threshold Voltage	V <sub>DS</sub> =V <sub>GS</sub> , I <sub>D</sub> =250μA	1.4	1.8	2.2	V
R <sub>DS(on)</sub>	Static Drain-Source On-Resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A T <sub>J</sub> =125°C		2.6 3.6	3.2 4.5	mΩ
		V <sub>GS</sub> =4.5V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		3.6	5	mΩ
g <sub>FS</sub>	Forward Transconductance	V <sub>DS</sub> =5V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		105		S
V <sub>SD</sub>	Diode Forward Voltage	I <sub>S</sub> =1A, V <sub>GS</sub> =0V		0.7	1	V
I <sub>S</sub>	Maximum Body-Diode Continuous Current				48	A
<b>DYNAMIC PARAMETERS</b>						
C <sub>iss</sub>	Input Capacitance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, f=1MHz		2010		pF
C <sub>oss</sub>	Output Capacitance			898		pF
C <sub>rss</sub>	Reverse Transfer Capacitance			124		pF
R <sub>g</sub>	Gate resistance	V <sub>GS</sub> =0V, V <sub>DS</sub> =0V, f=1MHz	0.9	1.8	2.7	Ω
<b>SWITCHING PARAMETERS</b>						
Q <sub>g</sub> (10V)	Total Gate Charge	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, I <sub>D</sub> =20A		36	49	nC
Q <sub>g</sub> (4.5V)	Total Gate Charge			17	23	nC
Q <sub>gs</sub>	Gate Source Charge			6		nC
Q <sub>gd</sub>	Gate Drain Charge			8		nC
t <sub>D(on)</sub>	Turn-On DelayTime	V <sub>GS</sub> =10V, V <sub>DS</sub> =15V, R <sub>L</sub> =0.75Ω, R <sub>GEN</sub> =3Ω		7.5		ns
t <sub>r</sub>	Turn-On Rise Time			4.0		ns
t <sub>D(off)</sub>	Turn-Off DelayTime			37.0		ns
t <sub>f</sub>	Turn-Off Fall Time			7.5		ns
t <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Time	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, dI/dt=500A/μs		14		ns
Q <sub>rr</sub>	Body Diode Reverse Recovery Charge	I <sub>F</sub> =20A, dI/dt=500A/μs		20.3		nC

- A. The value of R<sub>θJA</sub> is measured with the device mounted on 1in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25° C. The Power dissipation P<sub>DSM</sub> is based on R<sub>θJA</sub> and the maximum allowed junction temperature of 150° C. The value in any given application depends on the user's specific board design.
- B. The power dissipation P<sub>D</sub> is based on T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C, using junction-to-case thermal resistance, and is more useful in setting the upper dissipation limit for cases where additional heatsinking is used.
- C. Single pulse width limited by junction temperature T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C.
- D. The R<sub>θJA</sub> is the sum of the thermal impedance from junction to case R<sub>θJC</sub> and case to ambient.
- E. The static characteristics in Figures 1 to 6 are obtained using <300μs pulses, duty cycle 0.5% max.
- F. These curves are based on the junction-to-case thermal impedance which is measured with the device mounted to a large heatsink, assuming a maximum junction temperature of T<sub>J(MAX)</sub>=150° C. The SOA curve provides a single pulse rating.
- G. The maximum current rating is package limited.
- H. These tests are performed with the device mounted on 1 in<sup>2</sup> FR-4 board with 2oz. Copper, in a still air environment with T<sub>A</sub>=25° C.

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## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS

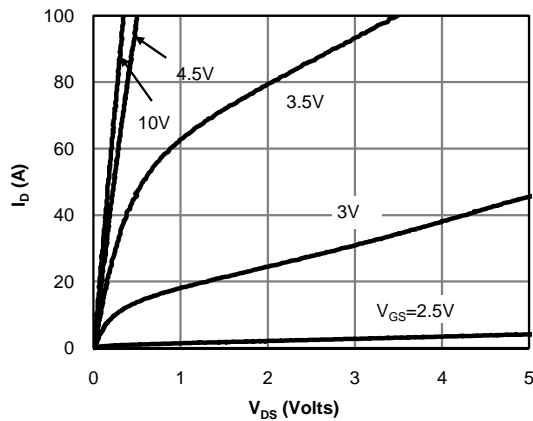


Fig 1: On-Region Characteristics (Note E)

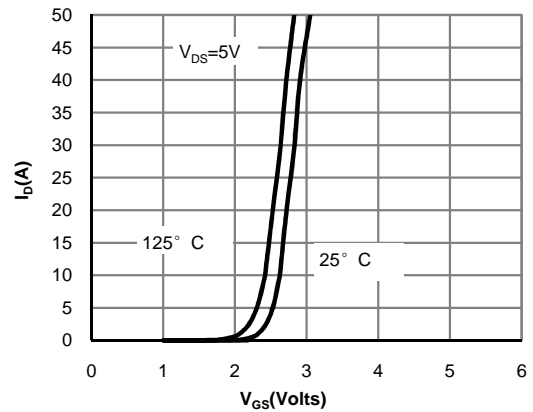


Figure 2: Transfer Characteristics (Note E)

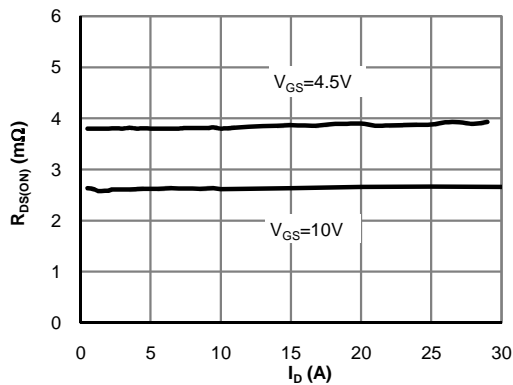


Figure 3: On-Resistance vs. Drain Current and Gate Voltage (Note E)

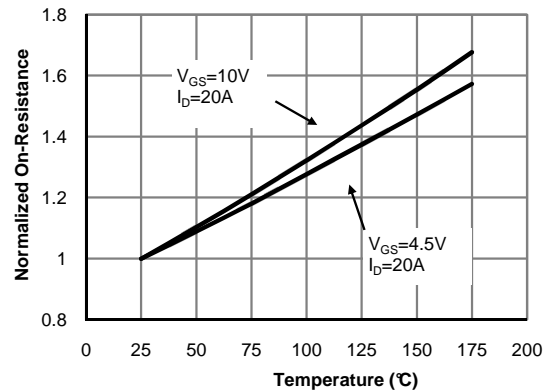


Figure 4: On-Resistance vs. Junction Temperature (Note E)

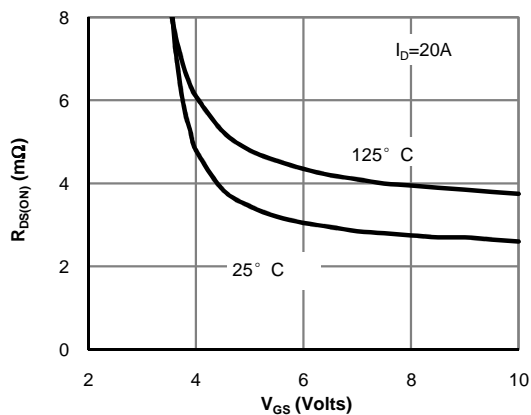


Figure 5: On-Resistance vs. Gate-Source Voltage (Note E)

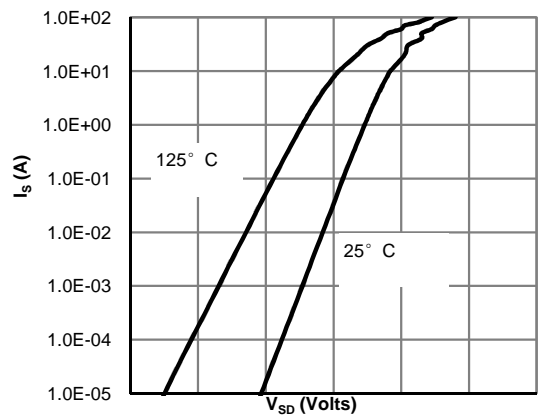
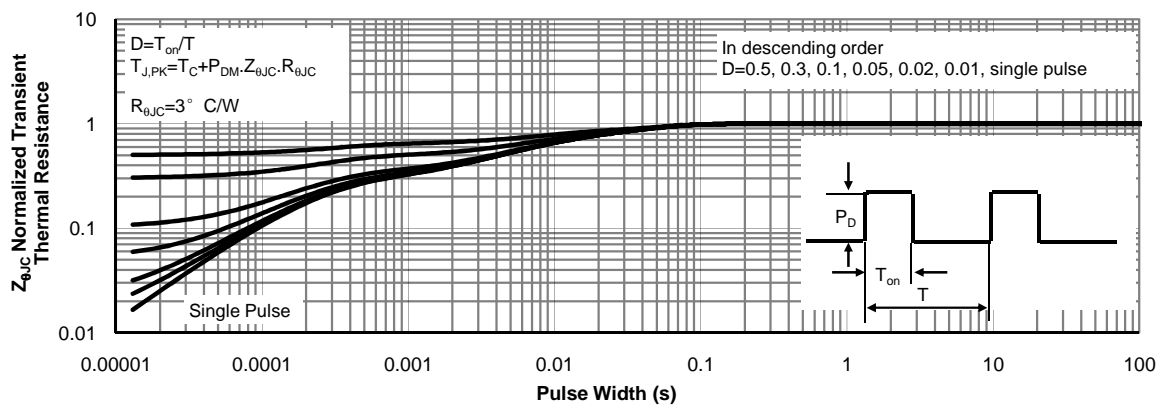
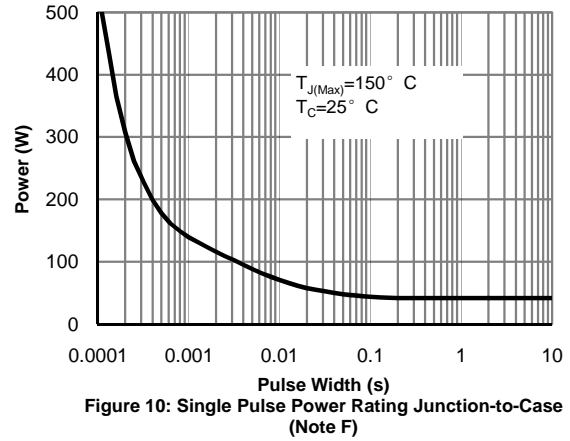
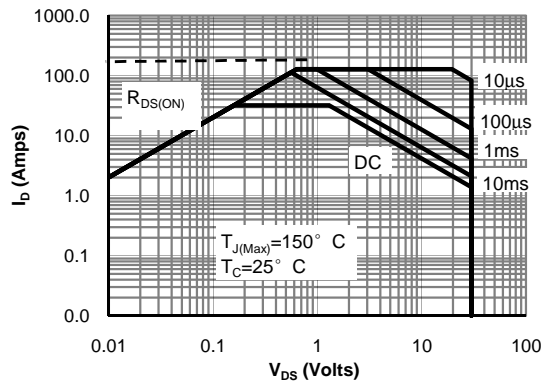
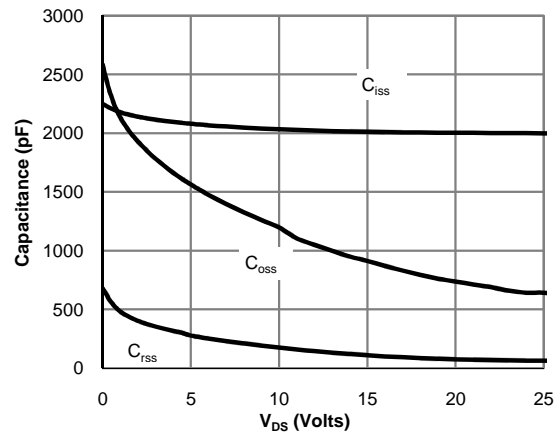
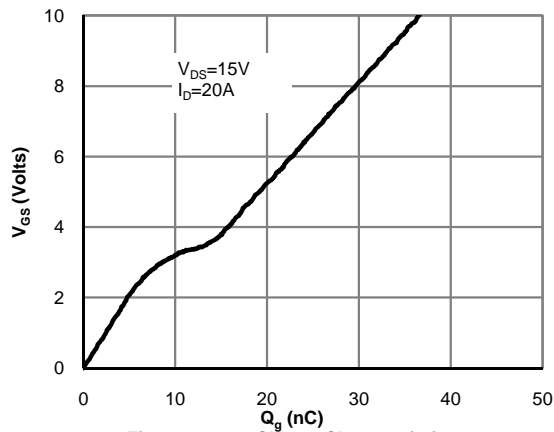


Figure 6: Body-Diode Characteristics (Note E)

## TYPICAL ELECTRICAL AND THERMAL CHARACTERISTICS



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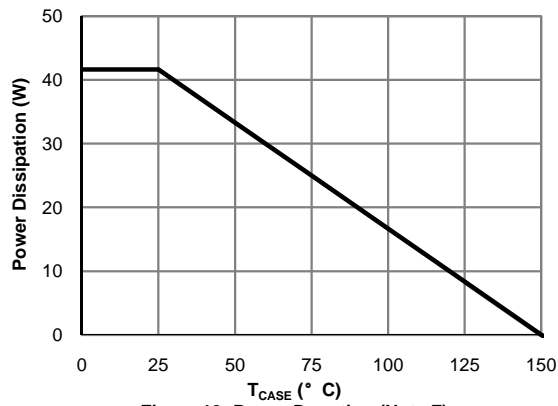


Figure 12: Power De-rating (Note F)

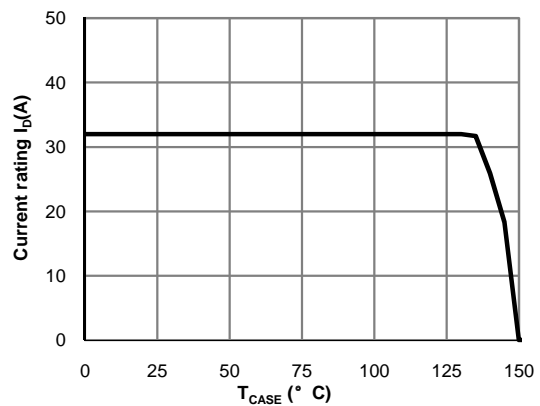


Figure 13: Current De-rating (Note F)

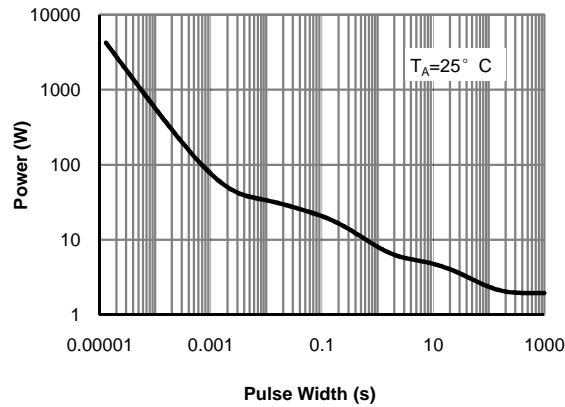


Figure 14: Single Pulse Power Rating Junction-to-Ambient (Note H)

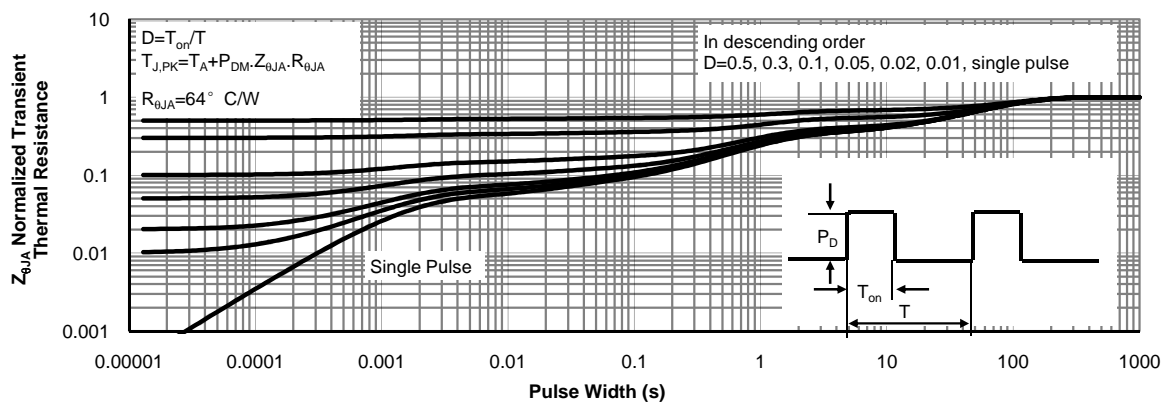
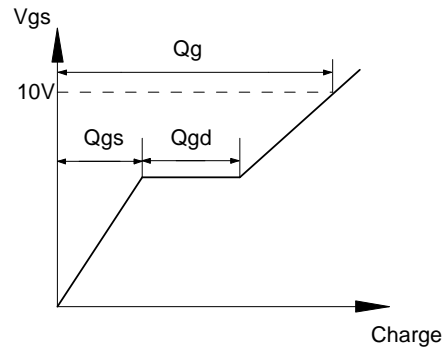
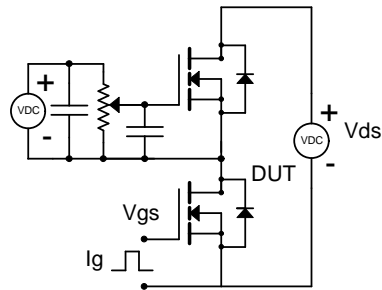
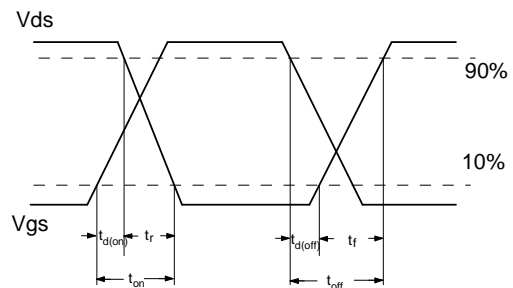
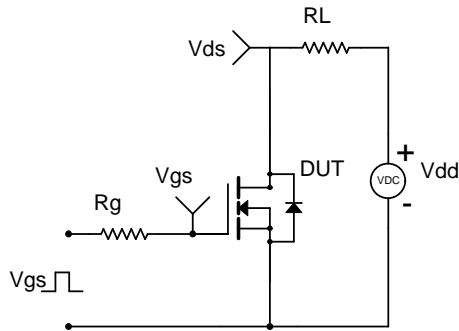


Figure 15: Normalized Maximum Transient Thermal Impedance (Note H)

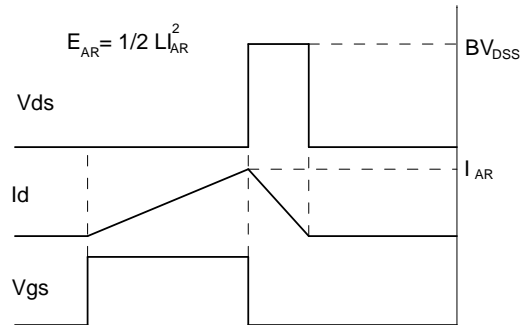
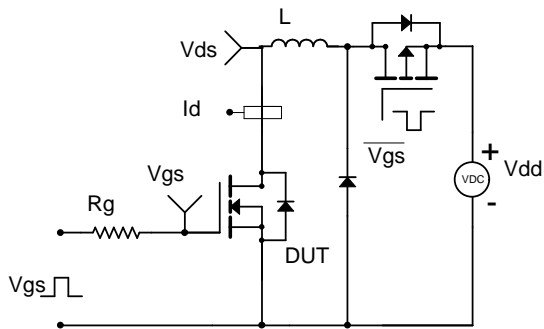
### Gate Charge Test Circuit & Waveform



### Resistive Switching Test Circuit & Waveforms



### Unclamped Inductive Switching (UIS) Test Circuit & Waveforms



### Diode Recovery Test Circuit & Waveforms

