CSE 211: Discrete Mathematics

(Due: 27/10/19)

Homework #1

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Course Policy: Read all the instructions below carefully before you start working on the assignment, and before you make a submission.

- It is not a group homework. Do not share your answers to anyone in any circumstance. Any cheating means at least -100 for both sides.
- Do not take any information from Internet.
- No late homework will be accepted.
- For any questions about the homework, send an email to gizemsungu@gtu.edu.tr
- Submit your homework into Assignments/Homework1 directory of the CoCalc project CSE211-2019-2020.

Problem 1: Conditional Statements

(5+5+5=15 points)

State the converse, contrapositive, and inverse of each of these conditional statements.

(a) If it snows tonight, then I will stay at home. (Solution)

Converse: If I stay at home, it will snow tonight.

Contrapositive: If I dont stay at home, it wont snow tonight.

Inverse:If it doesn't snow tonight, I wont stay at home.

(b) I go to the beach whenever it is a sunny summer day. (Solution)

Converse:It is a sunny summer day whenever I go to the beach.

Contrapositive:It is not a sunny summer day whenever I dont go to the beach.

Inverse:I dont go to the beach whenever it is not a sunny summer day.

(c) When I stay up late, it is necessary that I sleep until noon. (Solution)

Converse: When It is necessary that I sleep until noon ,I stay up late.

Contrapositive: When It is not necessary that I sleep until noon, I dont stay up late.

Inverse: When I dont stay up late, it is not necessary that I sleep until noon.

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Problem 2: Truth Tables For Logic Operators

(5+5+5=15 points)

Construct a truth table for each of the following compound propositions.

(a) $(p \oplus \neg q)$

(Solution)

p	q	¬ q	$(p \oplus \neg q)$
T	T	F	T
T	F	T	F
F	T	F	F
\overline{F}	F	T	T

$$\begin{array}{l} \textbf{(b)} \ (p \iff q) \oplus (\ \neg \ p \iff \neg \ r) \\ \textbf{(Solution)} \end{array}$$

	p	q	r	(¬ p)	(¬ r)	$(p \iff q)$	(¬ p ⇔ ¬ r)	$(p \iff q) \oplus (\neg p \iff \neg r)$
	T	T	\overline{T}	F	F	T	T	F
ĺ	T	\overline{F}	\overline{T}	F	F	F	T	T
ĺ	T	T	\overline{F}	F	T	T	F	T
	T	F	F	F	T	F	F	F
	F	T	T	T	F	F	F	$\mid F \mid$
	F	T	F	T	T	F	T	$\mid T \mid$
ĺ	F	F	T	T	F	T	F	T
ĺ	F	F	F	T	T	T	T	F

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(c)
$$(p \oplus q) \Rightarrow (p \oplus \neg q)$$
 (Solution)

	p	q	¬ q	$(p \oplus q)$	$(p \oplus \neg q)$	$(p \oplus q) \Rightarrow (p \oplus \neg q)$
	T	T	F	F	T	$\mid T \mid$
	T	F	T	T	F	F
	F	T	F	T	F	F
	F	F	T	F	T	T

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Problem 3: Logic in Algorithms
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(10+10+10=30 points)

If x = 1 before the statement is reached, what is the value of x after each of these statements is encountered in a computer program? Why? Show your work step by step.

(a) for $i \Leftarrow 1$ to 10 do

if
$$x + 2 = 3$$
 then $x := x + 1$

end

(Solution)

- 1)i=1, X=1 is true because of x+2=3; then x=2
- 2)i=2,X=2 is false because of x+2=4; then x=2
- 3)i=3,X=2 is false because of x+2 = 4; then x=2

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- 9)i=9, x=2 is false because of x+2=4; then x=2
- 10)i=10,x=2 is false because of x+2=4; then x=2

X=2 Because, after step 2, X does not provide the condition given in any step.

(b) for $i \Leftarrow 1$ to 5 do

if
$$(x + 1 = 2) XOR (x + 2 = 3)$$
 then $x := x + 1$

 $\quad \text{end} \quad$

(Solution)

- 1)i=1, x=1, (x+1=2) XOR (x+2=3): 1 XOR 1 = FALSE x=1 still
- 2)i=2 , x=1 , (x+1 = 2) XOR (x+2=3) : 1 XOR 1 = FALSE x=1 still
- 3)i=3 , x=1 , (x+1 = 2) XOR (x+2=3) : 1 XOR 1 = FALSE x=1 still
- 4)i=4, x=1, (x+1=2) XOR (x+2=3): 1 XOR 1 = FALSE x=1 still
- 5)i=5 , x=1 , (x+1 = 2) XOR (x+2=3) : 1 XOR 1 = FALSE x=1 still

X always be 1 because in first step x dont provide the condition in any step

(c) for $i \Leftarrow 1$ to 4 do

if
$$(2x + 3 = 5)$$
 AND $(3x + 4 = 7)$ then $x := x + 1$

end

(Solution)

- 1)i=1, x=1 (2x+3=5) AND (3x+4=7): 1 AND 1 =TRUE, X:=X+1,X=2
- 2)i=2, x=2 (2x+3=5) AND (3x+4=7): 0 AND 0 = FALSE, X=2 still
- 3)i=3, x=2 (2x+3=5) AND (3x+4=7): 0 AND 0 = FALSE, X=2 still
- 4)i=4, x=2(2x+3=5) AND (3x + 4 = 7) : 0 AND 0 = FALSE, X=2 still

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Problem 4: Proof by contradiction

(20 points)

Show that at least three of any 25 days chosen must fall in the same month of the year using a proof by contradiction. Explain your work step by step.

(Solution)

- 1)p:At least three of any 25 days chosen must fall in same mounth of the year
- 2)-p:At least three of any 25 days chosen don't have to fall in same mounth of the year
- 3) If we detirmine $\neg p$ is false we prove that p is true
- 4)1 year = 12 mounth

According to $\neg p$ every mounths of the year must has 2 of any 25 days chosen but if we choose 2 day 12*2=24, In this situation, we need to choose one more so $\neg p$ is false

5)p is true

Problem 5: Proof by contraposition

(20 points)

Show that if $n^3 + 5$ is odd, then n is even using a proof by contraposition. Explain your work step by step. *Note: Assume that n is an integer.*

(Solution)

1) If we prove that (\neg q \Rightarrow ¬ p) is true we also prove that p \Rightarrow q true

- 2) $\neg q \Rightarrow \neg p$: If n is odd then n3+5 is even
- 3) Assume that n is odd true

$$n=2k+1 k \varepsilon Z$$

$$4)n^3 + 5 = (2k+1)^3 + 5 = 8k^3 + 12k^2 + 6k + 6 = 2(4k^3 + 6k^2 + 3k + 3)$$

$$p = 4k^3 + 6k^2 + 3k + 3, k\varepsilon Z, p\varepsilon Z$$

$$5)n^3 + 5 = 2p$$

6)(
$$\neg q \Rightarrow \neg p$$
) true

also
$$p \Rightarrow q$$
 true