# Chat App API Design

Team I: Sammy The Owl

Xiao Xin, Zhijian Yao, Weiwei Zhou, Xinru Xiao, Xuyang Xiao, Wenlong Yan

## 1. Summary

Our ChatApp will have the following features (We specify more details in blue based on the homework requirements).

- A user must initiate the creation of a chat room as private or public. The one who creates the room will be the admin automatically.
- For a private room, the admin needs to set the interests requirements. A public room has no requirements.
- An unblocked user can send direct messages to all users online.
- The banned user will be removed from the current room and will be banned from joining other rooms. He can still create new rooms and chat in the rooms created by him. There are two ways to trigger "Ban":
  - The admin approves the report request.
  - The user tries to either broadcast or send a private message which includes "hate" / "HATE" for the second time. (The user will be warned for the first time).
- An unblocked user should be notified that their message has been received.
- A user may be in multiple chat rooms (public and private).
- A user can choose to exit one chat room or all chat rooms.
- At least one of the users in the chat must be the admin.
- Admin broadcast approved requests of qualified users. Admin monitor users and messages. Admin can ban users and delete messages.
  - Age
  - School (e.g. Rice, Harvard, Duke, Nanjing, Wuhan, etc...)
  - o Interests (e.g. Reading, Sports, Traveling, etc...)
  - A user has a profile that includes their age, school, and interests
- A user can join a public chat room (no special interests) if they are qualified to join.
- Admin invite users to join private rooms regardless of their interests.
- A user will be warned once and eventually forcibly banned from joining all other chat rooms if the user uses the word "hate" in a message for the second time.
- An user can broadcast messages to all users in the same chat room.
- An admin can remove users in the room.
- A user can determine what chat rooms they have joined and what public rooms they can join.
- When user1 sends a message to user2, user1's message should only appear on user1 and user2's screen. It should not appear on user3's screen.

- Messages can contain text, emojis, and/or links. Messages can be edited, recalled, deleted.
- If message msg2 is sent after message msg1, msg2 should appear on the screen below msg1
- If a user leaves a chat room, it should be clear to the other users why the user left (banned, connection closed, forced to leave).
- Users can report any other users (except for the admin and himself) in the same room. The reporter reports to the admin and the admin decides whether to ban the reportee.
- If the admin is banned or left from the current room. The room will be dismissed immediately.
- No JavaScript alerts should be used in the ChatApp since they will pause the app.

## 2. Use Case

a

Use Case UC1	Enter ChatApp website
Primary Actor	User
Secondary Actor	Server
Pre condition	The user must have a good internet connection.
Post condition	The user accesses the Heroku ChatApp website successfully.
Main Flow	The user enters the url of our ChatApp in the browser.
Second Flow	N/A
Exceptions	N/A

b.

Use Case UC2	Log into ChatApp
Primary Actor	User
Secondary Actor	Server
Pre condition	The user accesses the ChatApp website successfully. (UC1)

Post condition	<ol> <li>The server creates a profile for the user.</li> <li>The user enters the main page.</li> </ol>
Main Flow	<ol> <li>The user enters his/her name. (Username consists of alphanumeric characters (a-zA-Z0-9) or underscores. The number of characters must be between 5 to 20).</li> <li>The user enters his/her age.</li> <li>The user enters his/her school (e.g. Rice, Harvard, Duke, Nanjing, Wuhan, etc).</li> <li>The user chooses multiple interests (e.g. Reading, Sports, Traveling, etc).</li> <li>The user clicks the "Enter" button.</li> </ol>
Second Flow	N/A
Exceptions	<ul><li>1a. If the name is blank. Ask the user to enter the name.</li><li>1b. If the name is duplicated. Ask the user to choose a different name.</li><li>2a. If the age is empty. Ask the user to enter.</li><li>3a. If the school is empty. Ask the user to enter the school.</li><li>4a. If the interest. Ask the user to choose at least one interest.</li></ul>

C.		
	Use Case UC3	Create a chat room with restrictions
	Primary Actor	User
	Secondary Actor	Server
	Pre condition	The user has accessed the ChatApp successfully. (UC1)     The user has created a profile. (UC2)
	Post condition	<ol> <li>The chat room is created successfully.</li> <li>The room name is added to the all room list.</li> <li>The user becomes the admin of this room and joins this room automatically.</li> </ol>
	Main Flow	<ol> <li>The user enters the room name.</li> <li>The user sets the room as public.</li> </ol>
	Second Flow	<ol> <li>The user enters the room name.</li> <li>The user sets the room as private.</li> </ol>

	The user sets "interests requirements" for restriction.
Exceptions	N/A

d.

Use Case UC4	Send a private message
Primary Actor	User
Secondary Actor	User
Pre condition	Both senders and receivers are online.
Post condition	<ol> <li>A new message shows up as a notification in the receivers' window.</li> <li>The senders receive notification.</li> </ol>
Main Flow	<ol> <li>The user chooses an user from the all userlist panel to chat privately.</li> <li>The user enters the message.</li> <li>The user clicks on the "Send" button.</li> </ol>
Second Flow	N/A
Exception	<ul> <li>2a. If the content includes "hate". The user will be warned and banned from joining all other chat rooms.</li> <li>3a. If the message is not sent successfully. The sender will receive an alert.</li> <li>3b. If the sender is blocked by the receiver. The sender will receive an alert.</li> </ul>

e.

Use Case UC5	Receive a private message
Primary Actor	User (Receiver)
Secondary Actor	User (Sender)
Pre condition	<ol> <li>The sender is not blocked by the receiver.</li> <li>The sender has sent a message to the receiver. (UC4)</li> </ol>
Post condition	The senders receive the reply message.

Main Flow	<ol> <li>The receivers receive the message.</li> <li>The receivers enter the reply message and send it back.</li> </ol>
Second Flow	The receivers ignore the message.
Exception	(MF)1a. If the content includes "hate". The user will be warned and banned from joining all other chat rooms.

f.

Use Case UC6	Broadcast a message
Primary Actor	User
Secondary Actor	User
Pre condition	The senders and the receivers are in the same room.
Post condition	<ol> <li>A new message appears on the dashboard of the receivers.</li> <li>The senders are notified if the message is received or not.</li> </ol>
Main Flow	The user enters a message and clicks the "send" button.
Second Flow	N/A
Exception	1a. If the content includes "hate". The user will be warned and banned from all chat rooms.

g.

Use Case UC7	Join a public chat room
Primary Actor	User
Secondary Actor	Server
Pre condition	<ol> <li>The user has logged into ChatApp. (UC2)</li> <li>At least one room exists.</li> </ol>
Post condition	The name of the user appears on the participant list of the chat room he just joined.
Main Flow	The user chooses a room and clicks on the

	room name.
Second Flow	N/A
Exception	1a. If the user was banned before. Refuse and notify the user.

h.

Use Case UC8	Join a private chat room
Primary Actor	User
Secondary Actor	Server
Pre condition	<ol> <li>The user has logged into ChatApp. (UC2)</li> <li>At least one room exists.</li> </ol>
Post condition	The name of the user appears on the participant list of the chat room he just joined.
Main Flow	<ol> <li>The user chooses a room and clicks on the room name.</li> <li>The user meets all the requirements of the room.</li> </ol>
Second Flow	N/A
Exception	2a. If the user fails to meet all the requirements. Refuse and notify the user.

i.

Use Case UC9	Exit a chat room
Primary Actor	User
Secondary Actor	User
Pre condition	1. The user is in a chat room.
Post condition	<ol> <li>The current user name is removed from the participant list of the current room.</li> <li>All the other users in the chat room receive a notification. (UC10)</li> <li>The chat room is removed from the joined room list of the user.</li> <li>The name of the user is removed from the participant list of the chat room he just</li> </ol>

	exited.
Main Flow	The user is not the admin. The user clicks the "exit" button of one chat room.
Second Flow	N/A
Exception	1a. If the room becomes empty or the admin leaves the room. Dismiss the chat room.

j.

Use Case UC10	Receive notification "A user just left the room"
Primary Actor	User
Secondary Actor	User
Pre condition	The user is in the same chat room as the user who just left.
Post condition	A notification appears on the dashboard of every user.
Main Flow	All the users receive a notification with a reason included.
Second Flow	N/A
Exception	N/A

k.

Use Case UC11	Invite a user to a private room
Primary Actor	Admin
Secondary Actor	User
Pre condition	<ol> <li>The admin is in a private room.</li> <li>The user to be invited is not in the private room as the admin.</li> </ol>
Post condition	The user joins the private room regardless of his interests.
Main Flow	Admin clicks the "invite" button and input the username of the user to be invited.
Second Flow	N/A

Exception	1a. If the user to be invited does not exist. Notify the admin.
	2a. If the user has been banned to enter the room before. Notify the user.

I.

Use Case UC12	Edit a message
Primary Actor	User
Secondary Actor	Message
Pre condition	<ol> <li>The user is in a chat room.</li> <li>The message to be edited was sent by the user.</li> </ol>
Post condition	<ol> <li>The content of the message is updated on all dashboards of all the receivers.</li> <li>All receivers receive a notification "The message has been recalled".</li> </ol>
Main Flow	<ol> <li>The user clicks the "edit" button following a message.</li> <li>The user edits the message and clicks the "done" button.</li> </ol>
Second Flow	N/A
Exception	2a. If the content includes "hate". The user will be warned and banned from all chat rooms.

m.

Use Case UC13	Delete a message
Primary Actor	User
Secondary Actor	Message
Pre condition	<ol> <li>The user is in a chat room.</li> <li>The message to be deleted was sent by the user.</li> </ol>
Post condition	The message is removed from the chat window of the current user but still exists in the chat windows of other users.
Main Flow	The user clicks the "delete" button of the message.

Second Flow	N/A
Exception	N/A

n.

Use Case UC14	Recall a message
Primary Actor	User
Secondary Actor	Message
Pre condition	<ol> <li>The user is in a chat room.</li> <li>The message to be recalled was sent by the user.</li> </ol>
Post condition	The message is overwritten as "The message was recalled".
Main Flow	The user clicks the "recall" button of the message.
Second Flow	N/A
Exception	N/A

0.

Use Case UC15	Admin forces a user to leave
Primary Actor	Admin
Secondary Actor	User
Pre condition	The admin and the user are in the same chat room.
Post condition	<ol> <li>The user's name is removed from the participant list of the chat room.</li> <li>All other users receive a notification. (UC10)</li> </ol>
Main Flow	The admin chooses one user and clicks the "remove" button.
Second Flow	N/A
Exception	N/A

p.

Use Case UC16	Users report a user

Primary Actor	User
Secondary Actor	User
Pre condition	<ol> <li>The reporter and the reportee are in the same room.</li> <li>The reporter has sent at least one message in the chat room.</li> </ol>
Post condition	The admin receives a reporting message. (UC17)
Main Flow	<ol> <li>The reporter chooses one message and inputs his/her reason.</li> <li>The reporter clicks the "report" button.</li> </ol>
Second Flow	N/A
Exception	N/A

q.

Use Case UC17	Receive a reporting message		
Primary Actor	Admin		
Secondary Actor	Reporter (User)		
Pre condition	A user reports another user. (UC16)		
Post condition	<ol> <li>The reporting message disappears.</li> <li>The reportee is removed from that chat room and is banned from joining all other rooms if the admin approves.</li> </ol>		
Main Flow	The admin clicks the "approve" button.		
Second Flow	The admin clicks the "disapprove" button.		
Exception	N/A		

r.

Use Case UC18	Exit all chat rooms	
Primary Actor	User	
Secondary Actor	Server	
Pre condition	The user has joined at least one chat room.	

Post condition	<ol> <li>The user exits all chat rooms.</li> <li>All the other users in the chat room receive a notification. (UC10)</li> <li>All chat rooms are removed from the joined room list.</li> <li>The name of the user is removed from all the participant list of the chat rooms he just exited.</li> </ol>
Main Flow	1. The user clicks the "exit all" button.
Second Flow	N/A
Exception	1a. If the user has not joined any rooms. The server does nothing.

S.

Use Case UC19	Block a user
Primary Actor	User
Secondary Actor	User
Pre condition	The two users are in the same chat room.
Post condition	The user is added to the blocked list of the other user.
Main Flow	The user chooses to block the other user and clicks the "block" button.
Second Flow	N/A
Exception	1a. If the to-be-blocked user has been blocked before. Notify the user.

t.

Use Case UC20	Log out
Primary Actor	User
Secondary Actor	Server
Pre condition	The user has entered the chat app.
Post condition	The user is redirected to the login page.

Main Flow	The user clicks the "Logout" button or refreshes the page.
Second Flow	N/A
Exception	1a. If the user has joined other chat rooms before he logs out. Notify all the other users. (UC 10)

u.

Use Case UC21	Include "hate" in the message		
Primary Actor	User		
Secondary Actor	Server		
Pre condition	The user is in a chat room / is sending a private message.		
Post condition	<ol> <li>The user receives a warning after trying to send a hate message for the first time / The user is banned from joining other rooms after trying to send a hate message for the second time.</li> <li>The message is not sent.</li> </ol>		
Main Flow	Send a message which Includes "hate" /     "HATE".		
Second Flow	N/A		
Exception	N/A		

## 3. API Design

For this assignment, we use the **Model-View-Controller design pattern**, **Singleton design pattern**, **Factory design pattern and Command design pattern**. All data is in JSON-format. The data is only transferred via WebSocket protocol.

## 3.1 View

We use React.js and AntUI Design on the front-end. The front-end mainly consists of two parts -- a login form and a chatting page. After logging into our chatApp successfully, the user will be redirected to our main chatting page.

The login page has a login form which includes the following parts:

- 1) Name
- 2) Age
- 3) School
- 4) Interests

The main chatting page is divided into several parts:

- 1) A list of joined rooms.
- 2) A sublist of participants for each joined room. Each participant name is followed by a report button and a block button.
- 3) A list of all rooms, which includes both private and public rooms.
- 4) A list of all online users. A user can chat with another user privately.
- 5) A chat window where the user can receive and send messages.
- 6) An "invite" and an "exit" button in each chat room.
- 7) A button for creating a new chat room with restrictions.
- 8) A button for exiting all rooms.
- 9) Each message sent by the owner has a delete button, a recall button and an edit button.
- 10) A logout button.
- 11) A profile sider.

## 3.2 Model

The model mainly consists of a User Class, a ChatRoom Class, a Message Class, a dispatcher adapter and commands.

#### 3.2.1 User

Class User has four fields -- age, name, school, interest. It also includes all getter and setter functions, as well as a constructor method.

Modifier and Type	Field	Description
Private Int	age	The age of the user.
Private String	name	The name of the user.
Private String	school	The school of the user.
Private List <string></string>	interest	The interest of the user.
Boolean	isWarned	It Indicates if the user has been warned before.

#### 3.2.2 ChatRoom

Class ChatRoom represents the chat room. It contains 3 fields. It also includes all getter and setter functions, as well as a constructor method.

Modifier and Type	Field	Description
Private String	name	The chat room name.
Private String	owner	The owner of the room
Private List <string></string>	interestRequirement	The requirements of the chatRoom. Only the user whose interests match the requirements can join this room.
Private Boolean	isPublic	Indicates if the room is public.

According to the use cases we mentioned above, we use field -- *interestsRequirement* to mark a chat room as private or public. If the field interestsRequirement is null, the chat room is private. Otherwise, the room is public.

## 3.2.3 DispatchAdapter

The adapter interfaces with the models and the controllers. It uses a **Singleton design pattern** in order to guarantee the consistency of the data. It contains 7 concurrent maps to store all room, user and message data and a concurrent list to store all the banned users. It is responsible for handing off requests to corresponding commands for a given user session.

Modifier and Type	Field	Description
Private Static DispatchAdapter	singleton	Singleton object.
Public Static Map <session, user=""></session,>	session2user	Map a session to a user.
Public Static Map <string, chatroom=""></string,>	name2ChatRoom	Map a room name to a chatRoom.

Public Static Map <chatroom, list<user="">&gt;</chatroom,>	chatRoom2listUser	Map a room to its corresponding list of users.
Public Static Map <list<user>, ChatRoom&gt;</list<user>	listUser2chatRoom	Map a list of users to its chatRoom.
Public Static Map <user, session=""></user,>	user2session	Map a user to a session.
Public Static Map <user, list<user="">&gt;</user,>	user2blockList	Map a user to his/her blocked user lists.
Public Static List <user></user>	chatRoomBanList	A list of users banned from accessing all chatRooms.

As shown in Figure 1., the data structures in DispathAdapter are dependent with each other.

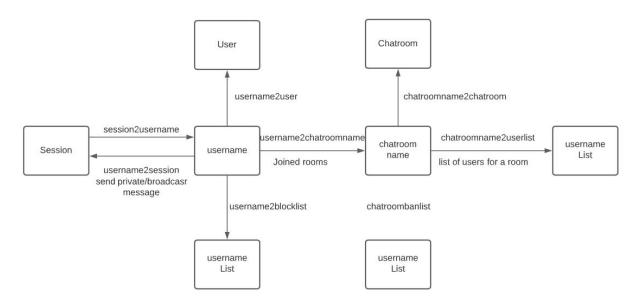


Figure 1. Variable dependency in Dispatch Adapter

## 3.2.4 AbstractCmd

We use an abstract class named Acmd which shares common logic of different sub command classes.

## 1. Member Fields

Modifier and Type	Field	Description
Protected Gson (com.google.gson.Gson)	gson	An Gson object used to parse requests to JSON objects.

## 2. Methods

Modifier	Return Type	Name	Parameters	Description
Public Abstract	void	execute	- Session userSession - Map <string, object=""> request</string,>	Perform the execution of a command.
Protected	String	getUser	- Session session	Helper method to get the user by session.
Protected	void	sendWSMsg	<ul><li>Session session</li><li>String section</li><li>String command</li><li>String type</li><li>String msg</li><li>String body</li></ul>	Helper method to send different types of messages via WebSocket.
Protected	void	updateAllSession	N/A	Helper method to update all other sessions.
Protected	void	dismissChatRoom	- String chatRoomName - String type	Helper method to dismiss a chat room according to the chatRoomName and send notification based on the type.
Protected	void	userLeftChatRoo m	- Session userSession - String chatRoomName - String userName - String type	Remove the user (userName) from the room (chatRoomName). Notify the removed user and others users in the same room.

Each concrete command class will implement the abstract execute method. The commands use **Singleton Design Pattern** and **Factory Design Pattern**.

The CmdFactory Class itself uses a **Singleton Design Pattern**. Inside the class, it uses a map to map name to singleton object of each concrete class to increase the lookup efficiency.

According to the requirements of this assignment, we use the following concrete classes to handle different user actions:

- 1) BanCmd
- 2) BlockCmd
- 3) SendMsgCmd
- 4) CreateRoom
- 5) DeleteMsgCmd
- 6) RecallMsgCmd
- 7) EditMsgCmd
- 8) GetARoomCmd
- 9) LeaveRoomCmd
- 10) InviteCmd
- 11) LeaveAllRoomCmd
- 12) PrivateMsgCmd
- 13) LoginCmd
- 14) LogoutCmd
- 15) RemoveUserCmd
- 16) SendReportCmd

#### 3.3 Controller

## 3.3.1 ChatAppController

The chat app controller communicates with all the clients on the web socket. It has a main function, which is the entry point of this chat app. It also includes methods for hosting the app on Heroku.

#### 3.3.2 WebSocketController

The web socket controller creates a web socket for the server. It contains methods -- onConnect(), onClose() and onMessage().

# 4. UML Diagram

Since the image is too big to show in the API doc, please refer to this link below: <a href="https://github.com/RiceGradOOCourse/chatapp-sammy-the-owl/blob/master/UML.png?raw=true">https://github.com/RiceGradOOCourse/chatapp-sammy-the-owl/blob/master/UML.png?raw=true</a>