

home_credit_default_risk

November 24, 2019

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0.1.1 Chapter 1 - Udacity Final Project

This directory contain all code that was used for the [Udacity Data Scientist Nanodegree Program](#)

0.1.2 Chapter 2 - Step 1: Define the Problem

For this project, the problem statement is given to us , develop an algorithm to predict the default of home credit .

Project Summary: Many people struggle to get loans due to insufficient or non-existent credit histories. And, unfortunately, this population is often taken advantage of by untrustworthy lenders.

In this project, we ask you to complete the analysis of which customers of home credit were likely default. In particular, we ask you to apply the tools of machine learning to predict which customers defaulted.

Project Metrics: Default customer can be predicted using less variable at credit risk perspective. So selected model specification must be explainable and applicable.

Practice Skills

- Binary classification
- Python

0.1.3 Chapter 3 - Step 2: Gather the Data

The dataset is given to us as test and train data at [Kaggle's Home Credit Default Risk](#)

3.1 Import Libraries The following code is written in Python 3.x. Libraries provide pre-written functionality to perform necessary tasks.

```
In [1]: #load packages

import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
%matplotlib inline

import random as rnd
```

3.11 Load Data Modelling Libraries We will use the popular scikit-learn library to develop our machine learning algorithms and for data visualization, we will use the matplotlib and seaborn library. Below are common classes to load.

```
In [2]: #Common Model Algorithms

from sklearn.linear_model import LogisticRegression
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.neighbors import KNeighborsClassifier
from sklearn.svm import SVC, LinearSVC
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
from sklearn.linear_model import Perceptron
from sklearn.linear_model import SGDClassifier
from sklearn.tree import DecisionTreeClassifier

#Visualization
import matplotlib as mpl
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.pylab as pylab
import seaborn as sns
```

0.1.4 Chapter 4 - Step 3: Prepare the Data

To begin this step, The data is imported firstly . Next we use the info() and head() function, to get a quick and dirty overview of variable datatypes (i.e. qualitative vs quantitative). Click here for the [Source Data Dictionary](#).

```
In [3]: train_df = pd.read_csv("application_train.csv")
test_df = pd.read_csv("application_test.csv")
#bureau_df = pd.read_csv("bureau.csv")
#bureau_balance_df = pd.read_csv("bureau_balance.csv")
#credit_card_balance_df = pd.read_csv("credit_card_balance.csv")
#HomeCredit_columns_description_df=pd.read_csv("HomeCredit_columns_description.csv")
```

```
#installments_payments_df=pd.read_csv("installments_payments.csv")
#POS_CASH_balance_df=pd.read_csv("POS_CASH_balance.csv")
#previous_application_df=pd.read_csv("previous_application.csv")
#sample_submission_df=pd.read_csv("sample_submission.csv")
```

```
In [4]: pd.set_option('display.max_rows', 500)
pd.set_option('display.max_columns', 500)
pd.set_option('display.width', 1000)
```

```
In [5]: # train_df
# preview the data
```

```
train_df.head(10)
```

```
Out [5]:
```

	SK_ID_CURR	TARGET	NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE	CODE_GENDER	FLAG_OWN_CAR	FLAG_OWN_REALTY	CNT
0	100002	1	Cash loans	M	N	Y	
1	100003	0	Cash loans	F	N	N	
2	100004	0	Revolving loans	M	Y	Y	
3	100006	0	Cash loans	F	N	Y	
4	100007	0	Cash loans	M	N	Y	
5	100008	0	Cash loans	M	N	Y	
6	100009	0	Cash loans	F	Y	Y	
7	100010	0	Cash loans	M	Y	Y	
8	100011	0	Cash loans	F	N	Y	
9	100012	0	Revolving loans	M	N	Y	

	LIVINGAPARTMENTS_AVG	LIVINGAREA_AVG	NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_AVG	NONLIVINGAREA_AVG	AI
0	0.0202	0.0190	0.0000	0.0000	
1	0.0773	0.0549	0.0039	0.0098	
2	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
3	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
4	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
5	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
6	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
7	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
8	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	
9	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	

	FLAG_DOCUMENT_11	FLAG_DOCUMENT_12	FLAG_DOCUMENT_13	FLAG_DOCUMENT_14	FLAG_DOCUMENT_15
0	0	0	0	0	
1	0	0	0	0	
2	0	0	0	0	
3	0	0	0	0	
4	0	0	0	0	
5	0	0	0	0	
6	0	0	0	1	
7	0	0	0	0	
8	0	0	0	0	
9	0	0	0	0	

```
In [6]: # train_df
        #data info
```

```
train_df.info(max_cols=1000)
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 307511 entries, 0 to 307510
Data columns (total 122 columns):
SK_ID_CURR                307511 non-null int64
TARGET                    307511 non-null int64
NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE        307511 non-null object
CODE_GENDER               307511 non-null object
FLAG_OWN_CAR              307511 non-null object
FLAG_OWN_REALTY           307511 non-null object
CNT_CHILDREN              307511 non-null int64
AMT_INCOME_TOTAL          307511 non-null float64
AMT_CREDIT                307511 non-null float64
AMT_ANNUITY               307499 non-null float64
AMT_GOODS_PRICE           307233 non-null float64
NAME_TYPE_SUITE           306219 non-null object
NAME_INCOME_TYPE          307511 non-null object
NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE       307511 non-null object
NAME_FAMILY_STATUS        307511 non-null object
NAME_HOUSING_TYPE         307511 non-null object
REGION_POPULATION_RELATIVE 307511 non-null float64
DAYS_BIRTH                307511 non-null int64
DAYS_EMPLOYED             307511 non-null int64
DAYS_REGISTRATION         307511 non-null float64
DAYS_ID_PUBLISH           307511 non-null int64
OWN_CAR_AGE               104582 non-null float64
FLAG_MOBIL                307511 non-null int64
FLAG_EMP_PHONE            307511 non-null int64
FLAG_WORK_PHONE           307511 non-null int64
FLAG_CONT_MOBILE          307511 non-null int64
FLAG_PHONE                307511 non-null int64
FLAG_EMAIL                307511 non-null int64
OCCUPATION_TYPE           211120 non-null object
CNT_FAM_MEMBERS           307509 non-null float64
REGION_RATING_CLIENT      307511 non-null int64
REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY 307511 non-null int64
WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START 307511 non-null object
HOUR_APPR_PROCESS_START   307511 non-null int64
REG_REGION_NOT_LIVE_REGION 307511 non-null int64
REG_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION 307511 non-null int64
LIVE_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION 307511 non-null int64
REG_CITY_NOT_LIVE_CITY    307511 non-null int64
REG_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY    307511 non-null int64
LIVE_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY   307511 non-null int64
```

ORGANIZATION_TYPE	307511 non-null object
EXT_SOURCE_1	134133 non-null float64
EXT_SOURCE_2	306851 non-null float64
EXT_SOURCE_3	246546 non-null float64
APARTMENTS_AVG	151450 non-null float64
BASEMENTAREA_AVG	127568 non-null float64
YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_AVG	157504 non-null float64
YEARS_BUILD_AVG	103023 non-null float64
COMMONAREA_AVG	92646 non-null float64
ELEVATORS_AVG	143620 non-null float64
ENTRANCES_AVG	152683 non-null float64
FLOORSMAX_AVG	154491 non-null float64
FLOORSMIN_AVG	98869 non-null float64
LANDAREA_AVG	124921 non-null float64
LIVINGAPARTMENTS_AVG	97312 non-null float64
LIVINGAREA_AVG	153161 non-null float64
NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_AVG	93997 non-null float64
NONLIVINGAREA_AVG	137829 non-null float64
APARTMENTS_MODE	151450 non-null float64
BASEMENTAREA_MODE	127568 non-null float64
YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_MODE	157504 non-null float64
YEARS_BUILD_MODE	103023 non-null float64
COMMONAREA_MODE	92646 non-null float64
ELEVATORS_MODE	143620 non-null float64
ENTRANCES_MODE	152683 non-null float64
FLOORSMAX_MODE	154491 non-null float64
FLOORSMIN_MODE	98869 non-null float64
LANDAREA_MODE	124921 non-null float64
LIVINGAPARTMENTS_MODE	97312 non-null float64
LIVINGAREA_MODE	153161 non-null float64
NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_MODE	93997 non-null float64
NONLIVINGAREA_MODE	137829 non-null float64
APARTMENTS_MEDI	151450 non-null float64
BASEMENTAREA_MEDI	127568 non-null float64
YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_MEDI	157504 non-null float64
YEARS_BUILD_MEDI	103023 non-null float64
COMMONAREA_MEDI	92646 non-null float64
ELEVATORS_MEDI	143620 non-null float64
ENTRANCES_MEDI	152683 non-null float64
FLOORSMAX_MEDI	154491 non-null float64
FLOORSMIN_MEDI	98869 non-null float64
LANDAREA_MEDI	124921 non-null float64
LIVINGAPARTMENTS_MEDI	97312 non-null float64
LIVINGAREA_MEDI	153161 non-null float64
NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_MEDI	93997 non-null float64
NONLIVINGAREA_MEDI	137829 non-null float64
FONDKAPREMONT_MODE	97216 non-null object
HOUSETYPE_MODE	153214 non-null object

```

TOTALAREA_MODE          159080 non-null float64
WALLSMATERIAL_MODE      151170 non-null object
EMERGENCYSTATE_MODE     161756 non-null object
OBS_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE 306490 non-null float64
DEF_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE 306490 non-null float64
OBS_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE 306490 non-null float64
DEF_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE 306490 non-null float64
DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE   307510 non-null float64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_2          307511 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_3          307511 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_4          307511 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_5          307511 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_6          307511 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_7          307511 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_8          307511 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_9          307511 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_10         307511 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_11         307511 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_12         307511 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_13         307511 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_14         307511 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_15         307511 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_16         307511 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_17         307511 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_18         307511 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_19         307511 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_20         307511 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_21         307511 non-null int64
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_HOUR 265992 non-null float64
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_DAY 265992 non-null float64
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_WEEK 265992 non-null float64
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_MON 265992 non-null float64
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_QRT 265992 non-null float64
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_YEAR 265992 non-null float64
dtypes: float64(65), int64(41), object(16)
memory usage: 286.2+ MB

```

```

In [7]: # train_df
        # data describe

```

```

train_df.describe()

```

```

Out[7]:
```

	SK_ID_CURR	TARGET	CNT_CHILDREN	AMT_INCOME_TOTAL	AMT_CREDIT	
count	307511.000000	307511.000000	307511.000000	3.075110e+05	3.075110e+05	307
mean	278180.518577	0.080729	0.417052	1.687979e+05	5.990260e+05	27
std	102790.175348	0.272419	0.722121	2.371231e+05	4.024908e+05	14
min	100002.000000	0.000000	0.000000	2.565000e+04	4.500000e+04	1

25%	189145.500000	0.000000	0.000000	1.125000e+05	2.700000e+05	1
50%	278202.000000	0.000000	0.000000	1.471500e+05	5.135310e+05	2
75%	367142.500000	0.000000	1.000000	2.025000e+05	8.086500e+05	3
max	456255.000000	1.000000	19.000000	1.170000e+08	4.050000e+06	25

	ENTRANCES_MODE	FLOORSMAX_MODE	FLOORSMIN_MODE	LANDAREA_MODE	LIVINGAPARTMENTS_MODE
count	152683.000000	154491.000000	98869.000000	124921.000000	97312.000000
mean	0.145193	0.222315	0.228058	0.064958	0.145193
std	0.100977	0.143709	0.161160	0.081750	0.097700
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	0.069000	0.166700	0.083300	0.016600	0.069000
50%	0.137900	0.166700	0.208300	0.045800	0.137900
75%	0.206900	0.333300	0.375000	0.084100	0.206900
max	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000

	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_WEEK	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_MON	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_QRT
count	265992.000000	265992.000000	265992.000000
mean	0.034362	0.267395	0.265474
std	0.204685	0.916002	0.794056
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
50%	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
75%	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
max	8.000000	27.000000	261.000000

```
In [8]: # train_df
# data describe for object
```

```
categorical_variable=train_df.describe(include=['O'])
categorical_variable
```

```
Out [8]:
```

	NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE	CODE_GENDER	FLAG_OWN_CAR	FLAG_OWN_REALTY	NAME_TYPE_SUITE	NAME_TYPE_SUITE
count	307511	307511	307511	307511	306219	306219
unique	2	3	2	2	7	7
top	Cash loans	F	N	Y	Unaccompanied	Unaccompanied
freq	278232	202448	202924	213312	248526	248526

What is the distribution of categorical features?

- Contract type as two possible values with 90% Cash loans (top=Cash loans, freq=278232/count=307511).
- Gender variable as three possible values with 66% female (top=female, freq=202448/count=307511).
- Own Car variable as two possible values with 66% "No" (top=N, freq=202924/count=307511).
- Own Realty variable as two possible values with 69% "Yes" (top=Y, freq=213312/count=307511).
- Suite Type variable as seven possible values with 81% unaccompanied (top=Unaccompanied, freq=248526/count=306219).

- Income Type variable as eight possible values with 81% Working (top=Working, freq=248526/count=307511).
- Education Type variable as five possible values with 71% unaccompanied (top=Secondary / secondary special, freq=218391/count=307511).
- Family status variable as six possible values with 64% "Married" (top=Married, freq=196432/count=307511).
- Housing type variable as six possible values with 89% "House / apartment " (top=House / apartment, freq=272868/count=307511).
- Occupation type variable as eighteen possible values with 26% "Laborers" (top=Laborers, freq=55186/count=211120).
- Weekday aproval process start day variable as seven possible values with 18% "TUESDAY" (top=TUESDAY, freq=53901/count=307511).
- Organization type variable as fifty eight possible values with 22% "Business Entity Type 3" (top=Business Entity Type 3, freq=67992/count=307511).
- Fondkapremont mode variable as four possible values with 76% "reg oper account" (top=reg oper account, freq=73830/count=97216).
- House type variable as three possible values with 98% "block of flats" (top=block of flats, freq=150503/count=153214).
- Walls material variable as seven possible values with 44% "Panel" (top=No, freq=66040/count=151170).
- Emergency state variable as two possible values with 99% "No" (top=No, freq=159428/count=161756).

```
In [9]: # bureau_df
        # preview the data
```

```
bureau_df.head(10)
```

```
Out [9]:
```

	SK_ID_CURR	SK_ID_BUREAU	CREDIT_ACTIVE	CREDIT_CURRENCY	DAYS_CREDIT	CREDIT_DAY_OVER
0	215354	5714462	Closed	currency 1	-497	
1	215354	5714463	Active	currency 1	-208	
2	215354	5714464	Active	currency 1	-203	
3	215354	5714465	Active	currency 1	-203	
4	215354	5714466	Active	currency 1	-629	
5	215354	5714467	Active	currency 1	-273	
6	215354	5714468	Active	currency 1	-43	
7	162297	5714469	Closed	currency 1	-1896	
8	162297	5714470	Closed	currency 1	-1146	
9	162297	5714471	Active	currency 1	-1146	

0.1.5 Chapter 5 - The 4 C's of Data Cleaning: Correcting, Completing, Creating, and Converting

In this stage, data should have been cleaned 1. Correcting abnormal values and outliers 2. Completing missing information 3. Creating new features for analysis 4. Converting fields to the correct format for calculations and presentation.

Correcting: Reviewing the data, there should have been analyzed to be any abnormal or non-acceptable data inputs. In addition, age and income may have outlier values.Exploratory analysis

will done to find reasonable values. Outliers should be eliminated in dataset. It should be noted, that if unreasonable values were, for example age is 1000 then it also should be eliminated.

Completing: There are null values or missing data in dataset. Missing values can be bad, because some algorithms don't know how to handle null values and will fail. While others, like decision trees, can handle null values. Thus, it's important to fix before modeling will start because several models will have compared. There are two common methods, either delete the record or populate the missing value using a reasonable input. It is not recommended to delete the record, especially a large percentage of records, unless it truly represents an incomplete record. Instead, it's best to impute missing values. A basic methodology for qualitative data is impute using mode. A basic methodology for quantitative data is impute using mean, median, or mean + randomized standard deviation.

Creating: Feature engineering is when we use existing features to create new features to determine if they provide new signals to predict our outcome.

Converting: Last, but certainly not least, we'll deal with formatting. There are no date or currency formats, but datatype formats. Our categorical data imported as objects, which makes it difficult for mathematical calculations. For this dataset, we will convert object datatypes to categorical dummy variables

0.1.6 5.1 Correcting

We have been analyzed for dataset. We have seen the maximum count of children variable. So maximum age is 19. Outliers have been eliminated for count of children=19.

We have not seen any anomaly dataset. We check this step for dataset

```
In [29]: train_df=train_df[train_df.CNT_CHILDREN !=19 ]
```

```
In [30]: test_df=test_df[test_df.CNT_CHILDREN !=19 ]
```

```
In [31]: train_df=train_df[train_df.DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE.notnull()]
```

```
In [32]: test_df=test_df[test_df.DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE.notnull()]
```

```
In [33]: train_df.describe()
```

Out[33]:

	SK_ID_CURR	TARGET	CNT_CHILDREN	AMT_INCOME_TOTAL	AMT_CREDIT	
count	307508.000000	307508.000000	307508.000000	3.075080e+05	3.075080e+05	307508
mean	278180.610368	0.08073	0.416932	1.687984e+05	5.990296e+05	278180.610368
std	102790.006413	0.27242	0.720568	2.371242e+05	4.024910e+05	102790.006413
min	100002.000000	0.00000	0.000000	2.565000e+04	4.500000e+04	100002.000000
25%	189145.750000	0.00000	0.000000	1.125000e+05	2.700000e+05	189145.750000
50%	278201.500000	0.00000	0.000000	1.471500e+05	5.135310e+05	278201.500000
75%	367142.250000	0.00000	1.000000	2.025000e+05	8.086500e+05	367142.250000
max	456255.000000	1.00000	14.000000	1.170000e+08	4.050000e+06	256255.000000
	FLOORSMAX_MODE	FLOORSMIN_MODE	LANDAREA_MODE	LIVINGAPARTMENTS_MODE	LIVINGAREA_MODE	
count	154489.000000	98868.000000	124919.000000	97311.000000	153159.000000	154489.000000
mean	0.222314	0.228059	0.064958	0.105645	0.105645	0.222314
std	0.143710	0.161161	0.081751	0.097881	0.097881	0.143710
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000

25%	0.166700	0.083300	0.016600	0.054200	0
50%	0.166700	0.208300	0.045800	0.077100	0
75%	0.333300	0.375000	0.084100	0.131300	0
max	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1

	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_MON	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_QRT	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_YEAR
count	265990.000000	265990.000000	265990.000000
mean	0.267397	0.265476	1.899900
std	0.916006	0.794058	1.869200
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
50%	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000
75%	0.000000	0.000000	3.000000
max	27.000000	261.000000	25.000000

0.1.7 5.2 Completing

We can analyze the missing value. But some data can not completed for missing value. Because some values normally is missingç For example customers who have no credit bureau information and related coloumns have no information about customer. We can filter variable of occupation_type because of 96391 missing value.

In [34]: `train_df.isnull().sum()`

```
Out[34]: SK_ID_CURR      0
TARGET      0
NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE      0
CODE_GENDER      0
FLAG_OWN_CAR      0
FLAG_OWN_REALTY      0
CNT_CHILDREN      0
AMT_INCOME_TOTAL      0
AMT_CREDIT      0
AMT_ANNUITY      12
AMT_GOODS_PRICE      278
NAME_TYPE_SUITE      1292
NAME_INCOME_TYPE      0
NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE      0
NAME_FAMILY_STATUS      0
NAME_HOUSING_TYPE      0
REGION_POPULATION_RELATIVE      0
DAYS_BIRTH      0
DAYS_EMPLOYED      0
DAYS_REGISTRATION      0
DAYS_ID_PUBLISH      0
OWN_CAR_AGE      202927
FLAG_MOBIL      0
FLAG_EMP_PHONE      0
```

FLAG_WORK_PHONE	0
FLAG_CONT_MOBILE	0
FLAG_PHONE	0
FLAG_EMAIL	0
OCCUPATION_TYPE	96390
CNT_FAM_MEMBERS	2
REGION_RATING_CLIENT	0
REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY	0
WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START	0
HOUR_APPR_PROCESS_START	0
REG_REGION_NOT_LIVE_REGION	0
REG_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION	0
LIVE_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION	0
REG_CITY_NOT_LIVE_CITY	0
REG_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY	0
LIVE_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY	0
ORGANIZATION_TYPE	0
EXT_SOURCE_1	173376
EXT_SOURCE_2	659
EXT_SOURCE_3	60963
APARTMENTS_AVG	156060
BASEMENTAREA_AVG	179942
YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_AVG	150006
YEARS_BUILD_AVG	204486
COMMONAREA_AVG	214863
ELEVATORS_AVG	163890
ENTRANCES_AVG	154827
FLOORSMAX_AVG	153019
FLOORSMIN_AVG	208640
LANDAREA_AVG	182589
LIVINGAPARTMENTS_AVG	210197
LIVINGAREA_AVG	154349
NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_AVG	213512
NONLIVINGAREA_AVG	169680
APARTMENTS_MODE	156060
BASEMENTAREA_MODE	179942
YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_MODE	150006
YEARS_BUILD_MODE	204486
COMMONAREA_MODE	214863
ELEVATORS_MODE	163890
ENTRANCES_MODE	154827
FLOORSMAX_MODE	153019
FLOORSMIN_MODE	208640
LANDAREA_MODE	182589
LIVINGAPARTMENTS_MODE	210197
LIVINGAREA_MODE	154349
NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_MODE	213512
NONLIVINGAREA_MODE	169680

APARTMENTS_MEDI	156060
BASEMENTAREA_MEDI	179942
YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_MEDI	150006
YEARS_BUILD_MEDI	204486
COMMONAREA_MEDI	214863
ELEVATORS_MEDI	163890
ENTRANCES_MEDI	154827
FLOORSMAX_MEDI	153019
FLOORSMIN_MEDI	208640
LANDAREA_MEDI	182589
LIVINGAPARTMENTS_MEDI	210197
LIVINGAREA_MEDI	154349
NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_MEDI	213512
NONLIVINGAREA_MEDI	169680
FONDKAPREMONT_MODE	210293
HOUSETYPE_MODE	154296
TOTALAREA_MODE	148430
WALLSMATERIAL_MODE	156340
EMERGENCYSTATE_MODE	145754
OBS_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE	1021
DEF_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE	1021
OBS_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE	1021
DEF_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE	1021
DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_2	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_3	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_4	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_5	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_6	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_7	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_8	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_9	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_10	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_11	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_12	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_13	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_14	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_15	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_16	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_17	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_18	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_19	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_20	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_21	0
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_HOUR	41518
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_DAY	41518
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_WEEK	41518
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_MON	41518

AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_QRT	41518
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_YEAR	41518
dtype:	int64

In [35]: test_df.isnull().sum()

Out [35]: SK_ID_CURR	0
NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE	0
CODE_GENDER	0
FLAG_OWN_CAR	0
FLAG_OWN_REALTY	0
CNT_CHILDREN	0
AMT_INCOME_TOTAL	0
AMT_CREDIT	0
AMT_ANNUITY	24
AMT_GOODS_PRICE	0
NAME_TYPE_SUITE	911
NAME_INCOME_TYPE	0
NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE	0
NAME_FAMILY_STATUS	0
NAME_HOUSING_TYPE	0
REGION_POPULATION_RELATIVE	0
DAYS_BIRTH	0
DAYS_EMPLOYED	0
DAYS_REGISTRATION	0
DAYS_ID_PUBLISH	0
OWN_CAR_AGE	32312
FLAG_MOBIL	0
FLAG_EMP_PHONE	0
FLAG_WORK_PHONE	0
FLAG_CONT_MOBILE	0
FLAG_PHONE	0
FLAG_EMAIL	0
OCCUPATION_TYPE	15605
CNT_FAM_MEMBERS	0
REGION_RATING_CLIENT	0
REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY	0
WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START	0
HOURL_APPR_PROCESS_START	0
REG_REGION_NOT_LIVE_REGION	0
REG_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION	0
LIVE_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION	0
REG_CITY_NOT_LIVE_CITY	0
REG_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY	0
LIVE_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY	0
ORGANIZATION_TYPE	0
EXT_SOURCE_1	20532
EXT_SOURCE_2	8

EXT_SOURCE_3	8668
APARTMENTS_AVG	23887
BASEMENTAREA_AVG	27641
YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_AVG	22856
YEARS_BUILD_AVG	31818
COMMONAREA_AVG	33495
ELEVATORS_AVG	25189
ENTRANCES_AVG	23579
FLOORSMAX_AVG	23321
FLOORSMIN_AVG	32466
LANDAREA_AVG	28254
LIVINGAPARTMENTS_AVG	32780
LIVINGAREA_AVG	23552
NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_AVG	33347
NONLIVINGAREA_AVG	26084
APARTMENTS_MODE	23887
BASEMENTAREA_MODE	27641
YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_MODE	22856
YEARS_BUILD_MODE	31818
COMMONAREA_MODE	33495
ELEVATORS_MODE	25189
ENTRANCES_MODE	23579
FLOORSMAX_MODE	23321
FLOORSMIN_MODE	32466
LANDAREA_MODE	28254
LIVINGAPARTMENTS_MODE	32780
LIVINGAREA_MODE	23552
NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_MODE	33347
NONLIVINGAREA_MODE	26084
APARTMENTS_MEDI	23887
BASEMENTAREA_MEDI	27641
YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_MEDI	22856
YEARS_BUILD_MEDI	31818
COMMONAREA_MEDI	33495
ELEVATORS_MEDI	25189
ENTRANCES_MEDI	23579
FLOORSMAX_MEDI	23321
FLOORSMIN_MEDI	32466
LANDAREA_MEDI	28254
LIVINGAPARTMENTS_MEDI	32780
LIVINGAREA_MEDI	23552
NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_MEDI	33347
NONLIVINGAREA_MEDI	26084
FONDKAPREMONT_MODE	32797
HOUSETYPE_MODE	23619
TOTALAREA_MODE	22624
WALLSMATERIAL_MODE	23893
EMERGENCYSTATE_MODE	22209

OBS_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE	29
DEF_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE	29
OBS_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE	29
DEF_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE	29
DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_2	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_3	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_4	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_5	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_6	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_7	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_8	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_9	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_10	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_11	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_12	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_13	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_14	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_15	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_16	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_17	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_18	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_19	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_20	0
FLAG_DOCUMENT_21	0
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_HOUR	6049
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_DAY	6049
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_WEEK	6049
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_MON	6049
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_QRT	6049
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_YEAR	6049

dtype: int64

```
In [36]: train_df.drop(['OCCUPATION_TYPE'],axis=1,inplace=True)
```

```
In [37]: test_df.drop(['OCCUPATION_TYPE'],axis=1,inplace=True)
```

0.1.8 5.3 Creating

Days_employed variable divided by Days_birts variable is calculated days_employed_perc in train and test dataset

```
In [38]: train_df['DAYS_EMPLOYED_PERC'] = train_df['DAYS_EMPLOYED'] / train_df['DAYS_BIRTH']
train_df['DAYS_EMPLOYED_PERC']
```

```
Out [38]: 0          0.067329
1          0.070862
2          0.011814
3          0.159905
```

```

4          0.152418
...
307506     0.025303
307507    -17.580890
307508     0.529266
307509     0.400134
307510     0.074869
Name: DAYS_EMPLOYED_PERC, Length: 307508, dtype: float64

```

```

In [39]: train_df['AGE_CAL']=-train_df['DAYS_BIRTH']/365
         train_df['AGE_CAL']

```

```

         test_df['AGE_CAL']=-test_df['DAYS_BIRTH']/365
         test_df['AGE_CAL']

```

```

Out[39]: 0          52.715068
         1          49.490411
         2          54.898630
         3          38.290411
         4          35.726027
...
48739     54.712329
48740     30.646575
48741     43.621918
48742     38.268493
48743     38.252055
Name: AGE_CAL, Length: 48744, dtype: float64

```

```

In [40]: train_df

```

```

Out[40]:
      SK_ID_CURR  TARGET  NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE  CODE_GENDER  FLAG_OWN_CAR  FLAG_OWN_REALTY
0         100002        1         Cash loans             M             N             Y
1         100003        0         Cash loans             F             N             Y
2         100004        0    Revolving loans             M             Y             Y
3         100006        0         Cash loans             F             N             Y
4         100007        0         Cash loans             M             N             Y
...         ...        ...         ...             ...             ...             ...
307506     456251        0         Cash loans             M             N             Y
307507     456252        0         Cash loans             F             N             Y
307508     456253        0         Cash loans             F             N             Y
307509     456254        1         Cash loans             F             N             Y
307510     456255        0         Cash loans             F             N             Y

      LIVINGAREA_AVG  NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_AVG  NONLIVINGAREA_AVG  APARTMENTS_MODE
0          0.0190          0.0000          0.0000          0.0252
1          0.0549          0.0039          0.0098          0.0924
2           NaN           NaN           NaN           NaN
3           NaN           NaN           NaN           NaN
4           NaN           NaN           NaN           NaN

```


...
307506	0.1965	0.0753	0.1095	0.1008
307507	0.0257	0.0000	0.0000	0.0252
307508	0.9279	0.0000	0.0000	0.1050
307509	0.0061	NaN	NaN	0.0126
307510	0.0791	NaN	0.0000	0.0756

	FLAG_DOCUMENT_12	FLAG_DOCUMENT_13	FLAG_DOCUMENT_14	FLAG_DOCUMENT_15	FLAG_DOCUMENT_16
0	0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0	0
2	0	0	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0	0
4	0	0	0	0	0
...
307506	0	0	0	0	0
307507	0	0	0	0	0
307508	0	0	0	0	0
307509	0	0	0	0	0
307510	0	0	0	0	0

[307508 rows x 123 columns]

```
In [41]: test_df['DAYS_EMPLOYED_PERC'] = test_df['DAYS_EMPLOYED'] / test_df['DAYS_BIRTH']
test_df['AGE_CAL']=-test_df['DAYS_BIRTH']/365
```

```
In [42]: f,ax=plt.subplots(1,2,figsize=(18,8))
sns.violinplot("CODE_GENDER", "AGE_CAL", hue="TARGET", data=train_df,split=True,ax=ax)
ax[0].set_title('CODE_GENDER and AGE_CAL vs TARGET')
ax[0].set_yticks(range(0,110,10))

sns.violinplot("NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE","AGE_CAL", hue="TARGET", data=train_df,split=True)
ax[1].set_title('NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE and AGE_CAL vs TARGET')
ax[1].set_yticks(range(0,110,10))
plt.show()
```

Age grouping have been appeared need in this graphs. We think age group have been in below side * 18-30 * 30-45 * +45

In [43]: *#[https://stackoverflow.com/questions/21702342/creating-a-new-column-based-on-if-elif-](https://stackoverflow.com/questions/21702342/creating-a-new-column-based-on-if-elif-else)*

```
def f(row):
    if row['AGE_CAL'] < 30:
        AGE_BIN = 1
    elif row['AGE_CAL'] < 45:
        AGE_BIN = 2
    else:
        AGE_BIN = 3
    return AGE_BIN
train_df['AGE_BIN'] = train_df.apply(f, axis=1)
```

In [44]: `f,ax=plt.subplots(1,2,figsize=(18,8))`
`sns.violinplot("AGE_BIN", "DAYS_EMPLOYED", hue="TARGET", data=train_df,split=True,ax=`
`ax[0].set_title('DAYS_EMPLOYED and AGE_BIN vs TARGET')`
`ax[0].set_yticks(range(0,110,10))`

Out[44]: [`<matplotlib.axis.YTick at 0xb678588>`,
`<matplotlib.axis.YTick at 0xb662eb8>`,
`<matplotlib.axis.YTick at 0xb6322b0>`,
`<matplotlib.axis.YTick at 0x165a909b0>`,
`<matplotlib.axis.YTick at 0x165a90e80>`,
`<matplotlib.axis.YTick at 0x165a90908>`,
`<matplotlib.axis.YTick at 0x165a89550>`,
`<matplotlib.axis.YTick at 0x165a89a20>`,
`<matplotlib.axis.YTick at 0x165a89ef0>`,
`<matplotlib.axis.YTick at 0x165a82400>`,
`<matplotlib.axis.YTick at 0x165a828d0>`]

```
In [45]: def density_plot (df,varaible):  
         plt.figure(figsize = (10, 8))  
  
         # KDE plot of loans that were repaid on time  
         sns.kdeplot(df.loc[df['TARGET'] == 0, varaible], label = 'target == 0')  
  
         # KDE plot of loans which were not repaid on time  
         sns.kdeplot(df.loc[df['TARGET'] == 1, varaible], label = 'target == 1')  
  
         # Labeling of plot  
         plt.xlabel(varaible); plt.ylabel('Density'); plt.title(varaible);  
  
In [46]: density_plot(train_df,'AMT_CREDIT')
```

In [47]: *#<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/21702342/creating-a-new-column-based-on-if-elif-else>*

```
def f(row):
    if row['AMT_CREDIT'] < 5000000:
        AMT_CREDIT_BIN = 1
    elif row['AMT_CREDIT'] < 10000000:
        AMT_CREDIT_BIN = 2
    else:
        AMT_CREDIT_BIN = 3
    return AMT_CREDIT_BIN
train_df['AMT_CREDIT_BIN'] = train_df.apply(f, axis=1)
```

In [48]: density_plot(train_df, 'AMT_GOODS_PRICE')

C:\Users\UTKU\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\nonparametric\kde.py:448: RuntimeWarning

X = X[np.logical_and(X > clip[0], X < clip[1])] # won't work for two columns.

C:\Users\UTKU\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\nonparametric\kde.py:448: RuntimeWarning

X = X[np.logical_and(X > clip[0], X < clip[1])] # won't work for two columns.

In [49]: *#<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/21702342/creating-a-new-column-based-on-if-elif->*

```
def f(row):
    if row['AMT_GOODS_PRICE'] < 5000000:
        AMT_GOODS_PRICE_BIN = 1
    elif row['AMT_GOODS_PRICE'] < 10000000:
        AMT_GOODS_PRICE_BIN = 2
    else:
        AMT_GOODS_PRICE_BIN = 3
    return AMT_GOODS_PRICE_BIN
train_df['AMT_GOODS_PRICE_BIN'] = train_df.apply(f, axis=1)
```

In [50]: density_plot(train_df, 'OWN_CAR_AGE')

C:\Users\UTKU\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\nonparametric\kde.py:448: RuntimeWarning

X = X[np.logical_and(X > clip[0], X < clip[1])] # won't work for two columns.

C:\Users\UTKU\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\nonparametric\kde.py:448: RuntimeWarning

X = X[np.logical_and(X > clip[0], X < clip[1])] # won't work for two columns.

```
In [51]: #https://stackoverflow.com/questions/21702342/creating-a-new-column-based-on-if-elif-
```

```
def f(row):
    if row['OWN_CAR_AGE'] == 'NaN':
        OWN_CAR_AGE_BIN = -9
    elif row['OWN_CAR_AGE'] < 10:
        OWN_CAR_AGE_BIN = 1
    elif row['OWN_CAR_AGE'] < 20:
        OWN_CAR_AGE_BIN = 2
    else:
        OWN_CAR_AGE_BIN = 3
    return OWN_CAR_AGE_BIN
train_df['OWN_CAR_AGE_BIN'] = train_df.apply(f, axis=1)
```

```
In [52]: density_plot(train_df, 'APARTMENTS_AVG')
```

```
C:\Users\UTKU\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\nonparametric\kde.py:448: RuntimeWarning
```

```
  X = X[np.logical_and(X > clip[0], X < clip[1])] # won't work for two columns.
```

```
C:\Users\UTKU\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\nonparametric\kde.py:448: RuntimeWarning
```

```
X = X[np.logical_and(X > clip[0], X < clip[1])] # won't work for two columns.
```

```
In [53]: #https://stackoverflow.com/questions/21702342/creating-a-new-column-based-on-if-elif-
```

```
def f(row):
    if row['APARTMENTS_AVG'] == 'NaN':
        APARTMENTS_AVG_BIN = -9
    elif row['APARTMENTS_AVG'] < 0.15:
        APARTMENTS_AVG_BIN = 1
    elif row['APARTMENTS_AVG'] < 0.30:
        APARTMENTS_AVG_BIN = 2
    else:
        APARTMENTS_AVG_BIN = 3
    return APARTMENTS_AVG_BIN
train_df['APARTMENTS_AVG_BIN'] = train_df.apply(f, axis=1)
```

```
In [54]: density_plot(train_df, 'DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE')
```

```
In [55]: #https://stackoverflow.com/questions/21702342/creating-a-new-column-based-on-if-elif-
```

```
def f(row):
    if row['DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE'] == 'NaN':
        DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE_BIN = -9
    elif row['DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE'] < -3000:
        DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE_BIN = 1
    elif row['DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE'] < -1000:
        DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE_BIN = 2
    elif row['DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE'] == 0:
        DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE_BIN = 0
    else:
        DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE_BIN = 3
    return DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE_BIN
train_df['DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE_BIN'] = train_df.apply(f, axis=1)
```

```
In [56]: # train_df
# data describe
```

```
train_df.describe()
```


Out [56]:

	SK_ID_CURR	TARGET	CNT_CHILDREN	AMT_INCOME_TOTAL	AMT_CREDIT	
count	307508.000000	307508.00000	307508.000000	3.075080e+05	3.075080e+05	307
mean	278180.610368	0.08073	0.416932	1.687984e+05	5.990296e+05	27
std	102790.006413	0.27242	0.720568	2.371242e+05	4.024910e+05	14
min	100002.000000	0.00000	0.000000	2.565000e+04	4.500000e+04	
25%	189145.750000	0.00000	0.000000	1.125000e+05	2.700000e+05	10
50%	278201.500000	0.00000	0.000000	1.471500e+05	5.135310e+05	24
75%	367142.250000	0.00000	1.000000	2.025000e+05	8.086500e+05	34
max	456255.000000	1.00000	14.000000	1.170000e+08	4.050000e+06	25

	FLOORSMAX_MODE	FLOORSMIN_MODE	LANDAREA_MODE	LIVINGAPARTMENTS_MODE	LIVINGAREA_MODE
count	154489.000000	98868.000000	124919.000000	97311.000000	153159.000000
mean	0.222314	0.228059	0.064958	0.105645	0.105645
std	0.143710	0.161161	0.081751	0.097881	0.097881
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	0.166700	0.083300	0.016600	0.054200	0.054200
50%	0.166700	0.208300	0.045800	0.077100	0.077100
75%	0.333300	0.375000	0.084100	0.131300	0.131300
max	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000

	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_MON	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_QRT	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_YEAR
count	265990.000000	265990.000000	265990.000000
mean	0.267397	0.265476	1.899900
std	0.916006	0.794058	1.869200
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
25%	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000
50%	0.000000	0.000000	1.000000
75%	0.000000	0.000000	3.000000
max	27.000000	261.000000	25.000000

In [57]: density_plot(train_df, 'DAYS_EMPLOYED')

In [58]: *#<https://stackoverflow.com/questions/21702342/creating-a-new-column-based-on-if-elif->*

```
def f(row):
    if row['DAYS_EMPLOYED'] == 'NaN':
        DAYS_EMPLOYED_BIN = -9
    elif row['DAYS_EMPLOYED'] < 0:
        DAYS_EMPLOYED_BIN = 1
    elif row['DAYS_EMPLOYED'] < 2000:
        DAYS_EMPLOYED_BIN = 2
    else:
        DAYS_EMPLOYED_BIN = 3
    return DAYS_EMPLOYED_BIN
train_df['DAYS_EMPLOYED_BIN'] = train_df.apply(f, axis=1)
```

In [59]: density_plot(train_df, 'OBS_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE')

C:\Users\UTKU\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\nonparametric\kde.py:448: RuntimeWarning

X = X[np.logical_and(X > clip[0], X < clip[1])] # won't work for two columns.

C:\Users\UTKU\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\nonparametric\kde.py:448: RuntimeWarning

X = X[np.logical_and(X > clip[0], X < clip[1])] # won't work for two columns.

```
In [60]: density_plot(train_df, 'DEF_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE')
```

```
C:\Users\UTKU\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\nonparametric\kde.py:448: RuntimeWarning
```

```
  X = X[np.logical_and(X > clip[0], X < clip[1])] # won't work for two columns.
```

```
C:\Users\UTKU\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\statsmodels\nonparametric\kde.py:448: RuntimeWarning
```

```
  X = X[np.logical_and(X > clip[0], X < clip[1])] # won't work for two columns.
```

0.1.9 5.4 Converting

The data set will contain categorical variables. We will convert from categorical variables to numeric variables

Converting methodologies have been existed about this link

References: <https://pbpython.com/categorical-encoding.html>

```
In [61]: categorical_variable=train_df.describe(include=['O'])
        categorical_variable_col = set(categorical_variable.columns)
```

```
In [62]: train_df=pd.get_dummies(train_df, columns=categorical_variable_col)
        train_df.head(5)
```

```
Out [62]:
```

	SK_ID_CURR	TARGET	CNT_CHILDREN	AMT_INCOME_TOTAL	AMT_CREDIT	AMT_ANNUITY	AMT_G
0	100002	1	0	202500.0	406597.5	24700.5	
1	100003	0	0	270000.0	1293502.5	35698.5	
2	100004	0	0	67500.0	135000.0	6750.0	
3	100006	0	0	135000.0	312682.5	29686.5	
4	100007	0	0	121500.0	513000.0	21865.5	

	LANDAREA_MODE	LIVINGAPARTMENTS_MODE	LIVINGAREA_MODE	NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_MODE	NONLIVINGAREA_MODE
0	0.0377	0.022	0.0198	0.0	0.0
1	0.0128	0.079	0.0554	0.0	0.0
2	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
3	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
4	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_QRT	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_YEAR	DAYS_EMPLOYED_PERC	AGE_C
0	0.0	1.0	0.067329	25.9205
1	0.0	0.0	0.070862	45.9315
2	0.0	0.0	0.011814	52.1808
3	NaN	NaN	0.159905	52.0684
4	0.0	0.0	0.152418	54.6082

	WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START_THURSDAY	WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START_TUESDAY	WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START_MONDAY
0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0
2	0	0	0
3	0	0	0
4	1	0	0

	NAME_HOUSING_TYPE_Rented apartment	NAME_HOUSING_TYPE_With parents	NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE
0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0
2	0	0	0
3	0	0	0
4	0	0	0

	ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 6	ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 7	ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 8
0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0
2	0	0	0
3	0	0	0
4	0	0	0

	ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Transport: type 3	ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Transport: type 4	ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Transport: type 5
0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0
2	0	0	0
3	0	0	0
4	0	0	0

```
In [63]: test_df=pd.get_dummies(test_df, columns=categorical_varaible_col)
test_df.head(5)
```

```
Out [63]:
```

	SK_ID_CURR	CNT_CHILDREN	AMT_INCOME_TOTAL	AMT_CREDIT	AMT_ANNUITY	AMT_GOODS_PRICE
0	100001	0	135000.0	568800.0	20560.5	450000

1	100005	0	99000.0	222768.0	17370.0	180000
2	100013	0	202500.0	663264.0	69777.0	630000
3	100028	2	315000.0	1575000.0	49018.5	1575000
4	100038	1	180000.0	625500.0	32067.0	625500

	LANDAREA_MODE	LIVINGAPARTMENTS_MODE	LIVINGAREA_MODE	NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_MODE	NONLIVINGAREA_MODE
0	NaN	NaN	0.0526	NaN	NaN
1	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
2	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN
3	0.2089	0.2626	0.3827	0.0389	0.0389
4	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN

	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_QRT	AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_YEAR	AGE_CAL	DAYS_EMPLOYED_PERCENT
0	0.0	0.0	52.715068	0.12104
1	0.0	3.0	49.490411	0.2473
2	1.0	4.0	54.898630	0.2224
3	0.0	3.0	38.290411	0.1335
4	NaN	NaN	35.726027	0.1680

	FONDKAPREMONT_MODE_org spec account	FONDKAPREMONT_MODE_reg oper account	FONDKAPREMONT_MODE
0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0
2	0	0	0
3	0	1	0
4	0	0	0

	FLAG_OWN_CAR_Y	ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Advertising	ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Agriculture	ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Healthcare
0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	0
2	1	0	0	0
3	0	0	0	0
4	1	0	0	0

	ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Legal Services	ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Medicine	ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Military
0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0
2	0	0	0
3	0	0	0
4	0	0	0

```
In [64]: train_df['TARGET'].value_counts()
```

```
Out[64]: 0    282683
         1    24825
         Name: TARGET, dtype: int64
```

```
In [65]: # train_df
         #data info
```

```

train_df.info(max_cols=1000)

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
Int64Index: 307508 entries, 0 to 307510
Data columns (total 237 columns):
SK_ID_CURR                    307508 non-null int64
TARGET                       307508 non-null int64
CNT_CHILDREN                 307508 non-null int64
AMT_INCOME_TOTAL            307508 non-null float64
AMT_CREDIT                   307508 non-null float64
AMT_ANNUITY                  307496 non-null float64
AMT_GOODS_PRICE              307230 non-null float64
REGION_POPULATION_RELATIVE   307508 non-null float64
DAYS_BIRTH                   307508 non-null int64
DAYS_EMPLOYED                307508 non-null int64
DAYS_REGISTRATION            307508 non-null float64
DAYS_ID_PUBLISH              307508 non-null int64
OWN_CAR_AGE                  104581 non-null float64
FLAG_MOBIL                   307508 non-null int64
FLAG_EMP_PHONE               307508 non-null int64
FLAG_WORK_PHONE              307508 non-null int64
FLAG_CONT_MOBILE             307508 non-null int64
FLAG_PHONE                   307508 non-null int64
FLAG_EMAIL                   307508 non-null int64
CNT_FAM_MEMBERS              307506 non-null float64
REGION_RATING_CLIENT         307508 non-null int64
REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY  307508 non-null int64
HOUR_APPR_PROCESS_START      307508 non-null int64
REG_REGION_NOT_LIVE_REGION   307508 non-null int64
REG_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION   307508 non-null int64
LIVE_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION  307508 non-null int64
REG_CITY_NOT_LIVE_CITY       307508 non-null int64
REG_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY       307508 non-null int64
LIVE_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY      307508 non-null int64
EXT_SOURCE_1                 134132 non-null float64
EXT_SOURCE_2                 306849 non-null float64
EXT_SOURCE_3                 246545 non-null float64
APARTMENTS_AVG               151448 non-null float64
BASEMENTAREA_AVG             127566 non-null float64
YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_AVG  157502 non-null float64
YEARS_BUILD_AVG              103022 non-null float64
COMMONAREA_AVG               92645 non-null float64
ELEVATORS_AVG                143618 non-null float64
ENTRANCES_AVG                152681 non-null float64
FLOORSMAX_AVG                154489 non-null float64
FLOORSMIN_AVG                98868 non-null float64
LANDAREA_AVG                 124919 non-null float64

```

LIVINGAPARTMENTS_AVG	97311 non-null float64
LIVINGAREA_AVG	153159 non-null float64
NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_AVG	93996 non-null float64
NONLIVINGAREA_AVG	137828 non-null float64
APARTMENTS_MODE	151448 non-null float64
BASEMENTAREA_MODE	127566 non-null float64
YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_MODE	157502 non-null float64
YEARS_BUILD_MODE	103022 non-null float64
COMMONAREA_MODE	92645 non-null float64
ELEVATORS_MODE	143618 non-null float64
ENTRANCES_MODE	152681 non-null float64
FLOORSMAX_MODE	154489 non-null float64
FLOORSMIN_MODE	98868 non-null float64
LANDAREA_MODE	124919 non-null float64
LIVINGAPARTMENTS_MODE	97311 non-null float64
LIVINGAREA_MODE	153159 non-null float64
NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_MODE	93996 non-null float64
NONLIVINGAREA_MODE	137828 non-null float64
APARTMENTS_MEDI	151448 non-null float64
BASEMENTAREA_MEDI	127566 non-null float64
YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_MEDI	157502 non-null float64
YEARS_BUILD_MEDI	103022 non-null float64
COMMONAREA_MEDI	92645 non-null float64
ELEVATORS_MEDI	143618 non-null float64
ENTRANCES_MEDI	152681 non-null float64
FLOORSMAX_MEDI	154489 non-null float64
FLOORSMIN_MEDI	98868 non-null float64
LANDAREA_MEDI	124919 non-null float64
LIVINGAPARTMENTS_MEDI	97311 non-null float64
LIVINGAREA_MEDI	153159 non-null float64
NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_MEDI	93996 non-null float64
NONLIVINGAREA_MEDI	137828 non-null float64
TOTALAREA_MODE	159078 non-null float64
OBS_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE	306487 non-null float64
DEF_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE	306487 non-null float64
OBS_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE	306487 non-null float64
DEF_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE	306487 non-null float64
DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE	307508 non-null float64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_2	307508 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_3	307508 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_4	307508 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_5	307508 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_6	307508 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_7	307508 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_8	307508 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_9	307508 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_10	307508 non-null int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_11	307508 non-null int64

FLAG_DOCUMENT_12	307508	non-null	int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_13	307508	non-null	int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_14	307508	non-null	int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_15	307508	non-null	int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_16	307508	non-null	int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_17	307508	non-null	int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_18	307508	non-null	int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_19	307508	non-null	int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_20	307508	non-null	int64
FLAG_DOCUMENT_21	307508	non-null	int64
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_HOUR	265990	non-null	float64
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_DAY	265990	non-null	float64
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_WEEK	265990	non-null	float64
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_MON	265990	non-null	float64
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_QRT	265990	non-null	float64
AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_YEAR	265990	non-null	float64
DAYS_EMPLOYED_PERC	307508	non-null	float64
AGE_CAL	307508	non-null	float64
AGE_BIN	307508	non-null	int64
AMT_CREDIT_BIN	307508	non-null	int64
AMT_GOODS_PRICE_BIN	307508	non-null	int64
OWN_CAR_AGE_BIN	307508	non-null	int64
APARTMENTS_AVG_BIN	307508	non-null	int64
DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE_BIN	307508	non-null	int64
DAYS_EMPLOYED_BIN	307508	non-null	int64
WALLSMATERIAL_MODE_Block	307508	non-null	uint8
WALLSMATERIAL_MODE_Mixed	307508	non-null	uint8
WALLSMATERIAL_MODE_Monolithic	307508	non-null	uint8
WALLSMATERIAL_MODE_Others	307508	non-null	uint8
WALLSMATERIAL_MODE_Panel	307508	non-null	uint8
WALLSMATERIAL_MODE_Stone, brick	307508	non-null	uint8
WALLSMATERIAL_MODE_Wooden	307508	non-null	uint8
FLAG_OWN_REALTY_N	307508	non-null	uint8
FLAG_OWN_REALTY_Y	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE_Academic degree	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE_Higher education	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE_Incomplete higher	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE_Lower secondary	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE_Secondary / secondary special	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_FAMILY_STATUS_Civil marriage	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_FAMILY_STATUS_Married	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_FAMILY_STATUS_Separated	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_FAMILY_STATUS_Single / not married	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_FAMILY_STATUS_Unknown	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_FAMILY_STATUS_Widow	307508	non-null	uint8
WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START_FRIDAY	307508	non-null	uint8
WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START_MONDAY	307508	non-null	uint8
WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START_SATURDAY	307508	non-null	uint8

WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START_SUNDAY	307508	non-null	uint8
WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START_THURSDAY	307508	non-null	uint8
WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START_TUESDAY	307508	non-null	uint8
WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START_WEDNESDAY	307508	non-null	uint8
FONDKAPREMONT_MODE_not specified	307508	non-null	uint8
FONDKAPREMONT_MODE_org spec account	307508	non-null	uint8
FONDKAPREMONT_MODE_reg oper account	307508	non-null	uint8
FONDKAPREMONT_MODE_reg oper spec account	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_INCOME_TYPE_Businessman	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_INCOME_TYPE_Commercial associate	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_INCOME_TYPE_Maternity leave	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_INCOME_TYPE_Pensioner	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_INCOME_TYPE_State servant	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_INCOME_TYPE_Student	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_INCOME_TYPE_Unemployed	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_INCOME_TYPE_Working	307508	non-null	uint8
HOUSETYPE_MODE_block of flats	307508	non-null	uint8
HOUSETYPE_MODE_specific housing	307508	non-null	uint8
HOUSETYPE_MODE_terraced house	307508	non-null	uint8
EMERGENCYSTATE_MODE_No	307508	non-null	uint8
EMERGENCYSTATE_MODE_Yes	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_TYPE_SUITE_Children	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_TYPE_SUITE_Family	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_TYPE_SUITE_Group of people	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_TYPE_SUITE_Other_A	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_TYPE_SUITE_Other_B	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_TYPE_SUITE_Spouse, partner	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_TYPE_SUITE_Unaccompanied	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_HOUSING_TYPE_Co-op apartment	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_HOUSING_TYPE_House / apartment	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_HOUSING_TYPE_Municipal apartment	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_HOUSING_TYPE_Office apartment	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_HOUSING_TYPE_Rented apartment	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_HOUSING_TYPE_With parents	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE_Cash loans	307508	non-null	uint8
NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE_Revolving loans	307508	non-null	uint8
CODE_GENDER_F	307508	non-null	uint8
CODE_GENDER_M	307508	non-null	uint8
CODE_GENDER_XNA	307508	non-null	uint8
FLAG_OWN_CAR_N	307508	non-null	uint8
FLAG_OWN_CAR_Y	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Advertising	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Agriculture	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Bank	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Business Entity Type 1	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Business Entity Type 2	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Business Entity Type 3	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Cleaning	307508	non-null	uint8

ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Construction	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Culture	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Electricity	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Emergency	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Government	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Hotel	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Housing	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 1	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 10	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 11	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 12	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 13	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 2	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 3	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 4	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 5	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 6	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 7	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 8	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 9	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Insurance	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Kindergarten	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Legal Services	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Medicine	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Military	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Mobile	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Other	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Police	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Postal	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Realtor	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Religion	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Restaurant	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_School	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Security	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Security Ministries	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Self-employed	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Services	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Telecom	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Trade: type 1	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Trade: type 2	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Trade: type 3	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Trade: type 4	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Trade: type 5	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Trade: type 6	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Trade: type 7	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Transport: type 1	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Transport: type 2	307508	non-null	uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Transport: type 3	307508	non-null	uint8

```

ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Transport: type 4          307508 non-null uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_University                307508 non-null uint8
ORGANIZATION_TYPE_XNA                       307508 non-null uint8
dtypes: float64(67), int64(48), uint8(122)
memory usage: 317.9 MB

```

0.2 Chapter 6 - Step 4: Perform Exploratory Analysis with Statistics

0.2.1 6.1 Correlation Elimination

All variable analyze the correlation of target. We will choose higher than 0.05 or lower than -0.005. Correlations are very useful in many applications, especially when conducting regression analysis. However, it should not be mixed with causality and misinterpreted in any way. I should also always check the correlation between different variables in our dataset and gather some insights as part of my exploration and analysis.

```

In [66]: #correlation heatmap of dataset
def correlation_heatmap(df):
    _ , ax = plt.subplots(figsize =(14, 12))
    colormap = sns.diverging_palette(220, 10, as_cmap = True)

    _ = sns.heatmap(
        df.corr(),
        cmap = colormap,
        square=True,
        cbar_kws={'shrink':.9 },
        ax=ax,
        annot=True,
        linewidths=0.1,vmax=1.0, linecolor='white',
        annot_kws={'fontsize':12 }
    )

    plt.title('Pearson Correlation of Features', y=1.05, size=15)

In [67]: v1={'TARGET',
            'CNT_CHILDREN',
            'AMT_INCOME_TOTAL',
            'AMT_CREDIT',
            'AMT_ANNUITY',
            'AMT_GOODS_PRICE',
            'REGION_POPULATION_RELATIVE',
            'DAYS_BIRTH',
            'DAYS_EMPLOYED',
            'DAYS_REGISTRATION',
            'DAYS_ID_PUBLISH',
            'OWN_CAR_AGE',
            'FLAG_MOBIL',
            'FLAG_EMP_PHONE',

```

```

'FLAG_WORK_PHONE',
'FLAG_CONT_MOBILE',
'FLAG_PHONE',
'FLAG_EMAIL',
'CNT_FAM_MEMBERS',
'REGION_RATING_CLIENT'
}

```

```

v2={'TARGET',
'REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY',
'HOURL_APPR_PROCESS_START',
'REG_REGION_NOT_LIVE_REGION',
'REG_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION',
'LIVE_REGION_NOT_WORK_REGION',
'REG_CITY_NOT_LIVE_CITY',
'REG_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY',
'LIVE_CITY_NOT_WORK_CITY',
'EXT_SOURCE_1',
'EXT_SOURCE_2',
'EXT_SOURCE_3',
'APARTMENTS_AVG',
'BASEMENTAREA_AVG',
'YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_AVG',
'YEARS_BUILD_AVG',
'COMMONAREA_AVG',
'ELEVATORS_AVG',
'ENTRANCES_AVG',
'FLOORSMAX_AVG',
'FLOORSMIN_AVG'}

```

```

v3={'TARGET',
'LANDAREA_AVG',
'LIVINGAPARTMENTS_AVG',
'LIVINGAREA_AVG',
'NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_AVG',
'NONLIVINGAREA_AVG',
'APARTMENTS_MODE',
'BASEMENTAREA_MODE',
'YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_MODE',
'YEARS_BUILD_MODE',
'COMMONAREA_MODE',
'ELEVATORS_MODE',
'ENTRANCES_MODE',
'FLOORSMAX_MODE',
'FLOORSMIN_MODE',
'LANDAREA_MODE',
'LIVINGAPARTMENTS_MODE',
'LIVINGAREA_MODE',

```

```

'NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_MODE',
'NONLIVINGAREA_MODE',
'APARTMENTS_MEDI'
}

v4={'TARGET',
'BASEMENTAREA_MEDI',
'YEARS_BEGINEXPLUATATION_MEDI',
'YEARS_BUILD_MEDI',
'COMMONAREA_MEDI',
'ELEVATORS_MEDI',
'ENTRANCES_MEDI',
'FLOORSMAX_MEDI',
'FLOORSMIN_MEDI',
'LANDAREA_MEDI',
'LIVINGAPARTMENTS_MEDI',
'LIVINGAREA_MEDI',
'NONLIVINGAPARTMENTS_MEDI',
'NONLIVINGAREA_MEDI',
'TOTALAREA_MODE',
'OBS_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE',
'DEF_30_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE',
'OBS_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE',
'DEF_60_CNT_SOCIAL_CIRCLE',
'DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_2'}
v5={'TARGET',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_3',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_4',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_5',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_6',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_7',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_8',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_9',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_10',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_11',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_12',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_13',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_14',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_15',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_16',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_17',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_18',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_19',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_20',
'FLAG_DOCUMENT_21',
'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_HOUR'}
v6={

```

```

'TARGET',
'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_DAY',
'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_WEEK',
'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_MON',
'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_QRT',
'AMT_REQ_CREDIT_BUREAU_YEAR',
'DAYS_EMPLOYED_PERC',
'AGE_CAL',
'FONDKAPREMONT_MODE_not specified',
'FONDKAPREMONT_MODE_org spec account',
'FONDKAPREMONT_MODE_reg oper account',
'FONDKAPREMONT_MODE_reg oper spec account',
'WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START_FRIDAY',
'WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START_MONDAY',
'WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START_SATURDAY',
'WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START_SUNDAY',
'WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START_THURSDAY',
'WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START_TUESDAY',
'WEEKDAY_APPR_PROCESS_START_WEDNESDAY',
'CODE_GENDER_F',
'CODE_GENDER_M'}
v7={
    'TARGET',
    'CODE_GENDER_XNA',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Advertising',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Agriculture',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Bank',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Business Entity Type 1',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Business Entity Type 2',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Business Entity Type 3',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Cleaning',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Construction',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Culture',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Electricity',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Emergency',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Government',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Hotel',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Housing',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 1',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 10',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 11',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 12',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 13'}

v8={
    'TARGET',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 2',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 3',

```

```

'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 4',
'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 5',
'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 6',
'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 7',
'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 8',
'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Industry: type 9',
'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Insurance',
'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Kinderergarten',
'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Legal Services',
'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Medicine',
'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Military',
'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Mobile',
'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Other',
'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Police',
'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Postal',
'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Realtor',
'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Religion',
'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Restaurant'}

v9={
    'TARGET',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_School',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Security',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Security Ministries',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Self-employed',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Services',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Telecom',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Trade: type 1',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Trade: type 2',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Trade: type 3',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Trade: type 4',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Trade: type 5',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Trade: type 6',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Trade: type 7',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Transport: type 1',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Transport: type 2',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Transport: type 3',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_Transport: type 4',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_University',
    'ORGANIZATION_TYPE_XNA',
    'NAME_HOUSING_TYPE_Co-op apartment'}

v10={
    'TARGET',
    'NAME_HOUSING_TYPE_House / apartment',
    'NAME_HOUSING_TYPE_Municipal apartment',
    'NAME_HOUSING_TYPE_Office apartment',
    'NAME_HOUSING_TYPE_Rented apartment',

```



```

'NAME_HOUSING_TYPE_With parents',
'NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE_Academic degree',
'NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE_Higher education',
'NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE_Incomplete higher',
'NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE_Lower secondary',
'NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE_Secondary / secondary special',
'NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE_Cash loans',
'NAME_CONTRACT_TYPE_Revolving loans',
'EMERGENCYSTATE_MODE_No',
'EMERGENCYSTATE_MODE_Yes',
'NAME_TYPE_SUITE_Children',
'NAME_TYPE_SUITE_Family',
'NAME_TYPE_SUITE_Group of people',
'NAME_TYPE_SUITE_Other_A',
'NAME_TYPE_SUITE_Other_B',
'NAME_TYPE_SUITE_Spouse, partner'}

```

```

v11={
    'TARGET',
    'NAME_TYPE_SUITE_Unaccompanied',
    'FLAG_OWN_REALTY_N',
    'FLAG_OWN_REALTY_Y',
    'WALLSMATERIAL_MODE_Block',
    'WALLSMATERIAL_MODE_Mixed',
    'WALLSMATERIAL_MODE_Monolithic',
    'WALLSMATERIAL_MODE_Others',
    'WALLSMATERIAL_MODE_Panel',
    'WALLSMATERIAL_MODE_Stone, brick',
    'WALLSMATERIAL_MODE_Wooden',
    'NAME_FAMILY_STATUS_Civil marriage'}

```

```

v12={
    'TARGET',
    'NAME_FAMILY_STATUS_Married',
    'NAME_FAMILY_STATUS_Separated',
    'NAME_FAMILY_STATUS_Single / not married',
    'NAME_FAMILY_STATUS_Unknown',
    'NAME_FAMILY_STATUS_Widow',
    'NAME_INCOME_TYPE_Businessman',
    'NAME_INCOME_TYPE_Commercial associate',
    'NAME_INCOME_TYPE_Maternity leave',
    'NAME_INCOME_TYPE_Pensioner',
    'NAME_INCOME_TYPE_State servant',
    'NAME_INCOME_TYPE_Student',
    'NAME_INCOME_TYPE_Unemployed',
    'NAME_INCOME_TYPE_Working',
    'FLAG_OWN_CAR_N',
    'FLAG_OWN_CAR_Y',

```

```
'HOUSETYPE_MODE_block of flats',  
'HOUSETYPE_MODE_specific housing',  
'HOUSETYPE_MODE_terraced house']
```

```
v13={  
    'TARGET',  
    'AGE_BIN',  
    'AMT_CREDIT_BIN',  
    'AMT_GOODS_PRICE_BIN',  
    'OWN_CAR_AGE_BIN',  
    'APARTMENTS_AVG_BIN',  
    'DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE_BIN',  
    'DAYS_EMPLOYED_BIN'  
}
```

```
In [68]: train_df_v1=train_df[v1]  
train_df_v2=train_df[v2]  
train_df_v3=train_df[v3]  
train_df_v4=train_df[v4]  
train_df_v5=train_df[v5]  
train_df_v6=train_df[v6]  
train_df_v7=train_df[v7]  
train_df_v8=train_df[v8]  
train_df_v9=train_df[v9]  
train_df_v10=train_df[v10]  
train_df_v11=train_df[v11]  
train_df_v12=train_df[v12]  
train_df_v13=train_df[v13]
```

```
In [69]: correlation_heatmap(train_df_v13)
```

```
In [70]: correlation_heatmap(train_df_v1)
```

REGION_RATING_CLIENT AND DAYS_ID_PUBLISH is higher than 0.05 correlation. So 2 variables are selected as final variables

```
In [71]: correlation_heatmap(train_df_v2)
```

REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY, EXT_SOURCE_1 EXT_SOURCE_2,EXT_SOURCE_3 is higher than 0.05 correlation. So 4 variables are selected as final variables

```
In [72]: correlation_heatmap(train_df_v3)
```

```
In [73]: correlation_heatmap(train_df_v4)
```

DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE is higher than 0.05 correlation. So 1 variable S selected as final variables

```
In [74]: correlation_heatmap(train_df_v5)
```

```
In [75]: correlation_heatmap(train_df_v6)
```


AGE_CALC, CODE_GENDER_F, CODE_GENDER_M are higher than 0.05 correlation. So 3 variables are selected as final variables

```
In [76]: correlation_heatmap(train_df_v7)
```

```
In [77]: correlation_heatmap(train_df_v8)
```

```
In [78]: correlation_heatmap(train_df_v9)
```

```
In [79]: correlation_heatmap(train_df_v10)
```

NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE_Secondary / secondary special are higher than 0.05 correlation.
So 1 variable are selected as final variable

```
In [80]: correlation_heatmap(train_df_v11)
```

```
In [81]: correlation_heatmap(train_df_v12)
```

NAME_INCOME_TYPE_Working is higher than 0.05 correlation. So 1 variable are selected as final variable

Finally NAME_INCOME_TYPE_Working, NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE_Secondary / secondary special, AGE_CAL, CODE_GENDER_F, CODE_GENDER_M, DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE, REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY, EXT_SOURCE_1, EXT_SOURCE_2, EXT_SOURCE_3 are selected final variables

```
In [82]: final_list={'NAME_INCOME_TYPE_Working', 'NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE_Secondary / secondary special',  
train_df_final_list=train_df[final_list]  
correlation_heatmap(train_df_final_list)
```

```
In [83]: final_list_V1={'NAME_INCOME_TYPE_Working', 'NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE_Secondary / secondary'}  
train_df_final_list_V1=train_df[final_list_V1]  
correlation_heatmap(train_df_final_list_V1)
```


0.2.2 6.1.1 Elimination List

1. EXT_SOURCE_1 variable is eliminated because of high correlated age_cal. I can choose the age_cal
2. EXT_SOURCE_3 variable is eliminated because of high correlated age_cal. I can choose the age_cal
3. Age_bin variable is eliminated because of high correlated age_cal. I can choose the age_cal
4. Gender_M variable is eliminated because of high correlated Gender_F. I can choose the Gender_F
5. REGION_RATING_CLIENT_W_CITY is eliminated because of moderate correlated ext_source_2. I can choose the ext_source_2
6. NAME_INCOME_TYPE_Working is eliminated because of moderate correlated age_cal. I can choose the age_cal

In [84]: final_list_V2_with_target={ 'NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE_Secondary / secondary special', 'AGE'

```
final_list_V2={ 'NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE_Secondary / secondary special', 'AGE_CAL', 'CODE_GENDER_F' }
test_final_list_V2={ 'NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE_Secondary / secondary special', 'AGE_CAL', 'CODE_GENDER_F' }

final_list_V3={'AGE_CAL', 'CODE_GENDER_F' , 'DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE'}
test_final_list_V3={'AGE_CAL', 'CODE_GENDER_F' , 'DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE'}

train_df_final_list_V2=train_df[final_list_V2]
test_df_final_list_V2=test_df[test_final_list_V2]

train_df_final_list_V3=train_df[final_list_V3]
test_df_final_list_V3=test_df[test_final_list_V3]

train_df_final_list_V2_with_target=train_df[final_list_V2_with_target]

correlation_heatmap(train_df_final_list_V2_with_target)
```

```
In [85]: train_df_final_list_V2.describe()
```

```
Out[85]:
```

	DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE	CODE_GENDER_F	AGE_CAL	NAME_EDUCATION_TYPE_Secor
count	307508.000000	307508.000000	307508.000000	
mean	-962.854518	0.658344	43.937135	
std	826.806465	0.474266	11.956076	
min	-4292.000000	0.000000	20.517808	
25%	-1570.000000	0.000000	34.008219	
50%	-757.000000	1.000000	43.150685	
75%	-274.000000	1.000000	53.923288	
max	0.000000	1.000000	69.120548	

0.3 6.2 Train Test Cross Validation Split

the data we use is usually split into training data and test data. The training set contains a known output and the model learns on this data in order to be generalized to other data later on. We have the test dataset (or subset) in order to test our model's prediction on this subset. In order to avoid this, we can perform something called cross validation. It's very similar to train/test split, but it's applied to more subsets. I decided to split size in below side

- Train dataset %60
- Test dataset %20
- Cross Validation dataset %20

References: <https://tarangshah.com/blog/2017-12-03/train-validation-and-test-sets/>

```
In [86]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, cross_val_score
         from sklearn.metrics import accuracy_score, classification_report, precision_score, r
         from sklearn.metrics import confusion_matrix, precision_recall_curve, roc_curve, auc,
```

1 7. Model Data

1.1 7.1 Modelling selection

In literature logistic regression have been used for credit risk modeling. So I selected logistic regression modelling approach.

References: <https://smartdrill.com/pdf/Credit%20Risk%20Analysis.pdf>

1.2 7.2 Model Implementaion

```
In [87]: #Model Alternative 1
```

```
X=train_df_final_list_V2
y = train_df['TARGET']
```

```
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=
```

```
X_train, X_val, y_train, y_val = train_test_split(X_train, y_train, test_size=0.25, r
```

```
#X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.95, random_sta
#old
```

```
# check classification scores of logistic regression
logreg = LogisticRegression()
logreg.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred = logreg.predict(X_test)
y_pred_proba = logreg.predict_proba(X_test)[: , 1]
```

```

[fpr, tpr, thr] = roc_curve(y_test, y_pred_proba)
print('Train/Test split results:')
print(logreg.__class__.__name__+" accuracy is %2.3f" % accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
print(logreg.__class__.__name__+" log_loss is %2.3f" % log_loss(y_test, y_pred_proba))
print(logreg.__class__.__name__+" auc is %2.3f" % auc(fpr, tpr))

idx = np.min(np.where(tpr > 0.95)) # index of the first threshold for which the sensi

plt.figure()
plt.plot(fpr, tpr, color='coral', label='ROC curve (area = %0.3f)' % auc(fpr, tpr))
plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], 'k--')
plt.plot([0,fpr[idx]], [tpr[idx],tpr[idx]], 'k--', color='blue')
plt.plot([fpr[idx],fpr[idx]], [0,tpr[idx]], 'k--', color='blue')
plt.xlim([0.0, 1.0])
plt.ylim([0.0, 1.05])
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate (1 - specificity)', fontsize=14)
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate (recall)', fontsize=14)
plt.title('Receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curve')
plt.legend(loc="lower right")
plt.show()

print("Using a threshold of %.3f " % thr[idx] + "guarantees a sensitivity of %.3f " %
      "and a specificity of %.3f" % (1-fpr[idx]) +
      ", i.e. a false positive rate of %.2f%%." % (np.array(fpr[idx])*100))

```

```

Train/Test split results:
LogisticRegression accuracy is 0.920
LogisticRegression log_loss is 0.271
LogisticRegression auc is 0.626

```

Using a threshold of 0.043 guarantees a sensitivity of 0.950 and a specificity of 0.109, i.e. :

```
In [88]: #Model Alternative 1
         #Cross Validation
         # check classification scores of logistic regression
         logreg = LogisticRegression()
         logreg.fit(X_train, y_train)
         y_pred = logreg.predict(X_val)
         y_pred_proba = logreg.predict_proba(X_val)[:, 1]
         [fpr, tpr, thr] = roc_curve(y_val, y_pred_proba)
         print('Train/Test split results:')
         print(logreg.__class__.__name__+" accuracy is %2.3f" % accuracy_score(y_val, y_pred))
         print(logreg.__class__.__name__+" log_loss is %2.3f" % log_loss(y_val, y_pred_proba))
         print(logreg.__class__.__name__+" auc is %2.3f" % auc(fpr, tpr))

         idx = np.min(np.where(tpr > 0.95)) # index of the first threshold for which the sensi

         plt.figure()
         plt.plot(fpr, tpr, color='coral', label='ROC curve (area = %0.3f)' % auc(fpr, tpr))
         plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], 'k--')
```

```

plt.plot([0,fpr[idx]], [tpr[idx],tpr[idx]], 'k--', color='blue')
plt.plot([fpr[idx],fpr[idx]], [0,tpr[idx]], 'k--', color='blue')
plt.xlim([0.0, 1.0])
plt.ylim([0.0, 1.05])
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate (1 - specificity)', fontsize=14)
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate (recall)', fontsize=14)
plt.title('Receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curve')
plt.legend(loc="lower right")
plt.show()

print("Using a threshold of %.3f " % thr[idx] + "guarantees a sensitivity of %.3f " %
      "and a specificity of %.3f" % (1-fpr[idx]) +
      ", i.e. a false positive rate of %.2f%%." % (np.array(fpr[idx])*100))

```

Train/Test split results:

LogisticRegression accuracy is 0.919

LogisticRegression log_loss is 0.274

LogisticRegression auc is 0.621

Using a threshold of 0.042 guarantees a sensitivity of 0.950 and a specificity of 0.092, i.e. :

The variable is selected that least correlation of target. After that the variable will be eliminated in model. If the AUC value is not decreasing too much, the variable will be eliminated

In [89]: *#Model Alternative 2*

```
X=train_df_final_list_V3
y = train_df['TARGET']

X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.2, random_state=42)

X_train, X_val, y_train, y_val = train_test_split(X_train, y_train, test_size=0.25, random_state=42)

#X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size=0.95, random_state=42)
#old

# check classification scores of logistic regression
logreg = LogisticRegression()
logreg.fit(X_train, y_train)
y_pred = logreg.predict(X_test)
y_pred_proba = logreg.predict_proba(X_test)[:, 1]
[fpr, tpr, thr] = roc_curve(y_test, y_pred_proba)
print('Train/Test split results:')
print(logreg.__class__.__name__+" accuracy is %2.3f" % accuracy_score(y_test, y_pred))
print(logreg.__class__.__name__+" log_loss is %2.3f" % log_loss(y_test, y_pred_proba))
print(logreg.__class__.__name__+" auc is %2.3f" % auc(fpr, tpr))

idx = np.min(np.where(tpr > 0.95)) # index of the first threshold for which the sensitivity is at least 0.95

plt.figure()
plt.plot(fpr, tpr, color='coral', label='ROC curve (area = %0.3f)' % auc(fpr, tpr))
plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], 'k--')
plt.plot([0,fpr[idx]], [tpr[idx],tpr[idx]], 'k--', color='blue')
plt.plot([fpr[idx],fpr[idx]], [0,tpr[idx]], 'k--', color='blue')
plt.xlim([0.0, 1.0])
plt.ylim([0.0, 1.05])
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate (1 - specificity)', fontsize=14)
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate (recall)', fontsize=14)
plt.title('Receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curve')
plt.legend(loc="lower right")
plt.show()

print("Using a threshold of %.3f " % thr[idx] + "guarantees a sensitivity of %.3f " %
      "and a specificity of %.3f" % (1-fpr[idx]) +
      ", i.e. a false positive rate of %.2f%%." % (np.array(fpr[idx])*100))
```



```
Train/Test split results:
LogisticRegression accuracy is 0.920
LogisticRegression log_loss is 0.273
LogisticRegression auc is 0.608
```

Using a threshold of 0.047 guarantees a sensitivity of 0.950 and a specificity of 0.106, i.e. a

```
In [90]: #Model Alternative 2
         #Cross Validation
         # check classification scores of logistic regression
         logreg = LogisticRegression()
         logreg.fit(X_train, y_train)
         y_pred = logreg.predict(X_val)
         y_pred_proba = logreg.predict_proba(X_val)[:, 1]
         [fpr, tpr, thr] = roc_curve(y_val, y_pred_proba)
         print('Train/Test split results:')
         print(logreg.__class__.__name__+" accuracy is %2.3f" % accuracy_score(y_val, y_pred))
         print(logreg.__class__.__name__+" log_loss is %2.3f" % log_loss(y_val, y_pred_proba))
         print(logreg.__class__.__name__+" auc is %2.3f" % auc(fpr, tpr))
```

```

idx = np.min(np.where(tpr > 0.95)) # index of the first threshold for which the sensi

plt.figure()
plt.plot(fpr, tpr, color='coral', label='ROC curve (area = %0.3f)' % auc(fpr, tpr))
plt.plot([0, 1], [0, 1], 'k--')
plt.plot([0,fpr[idx]], [tpr[idx],tpr[idx]], 'k--', color='blue')
plt.plot([fpr[idx],fpr[idx]], [0,tpr[idx]], 'k--', color='blue')
plt.xlim([0.0, 1.0])
plt.ylim([0.0, 1.05])
plt.xlabel('False Positive Rate (1 - specificity)', fontsize=14)
plt.ylabel('True Positive Rate (recall)', fontsize=14)
plt.title('Receiver operating characteristic (ROC) curve')
plt.legend(loc="lower right")
plt.show()

print("Using a threshold of %.3f " % thr[idx] + "guarantees a sensitivity of %.3f " %
      "and a specificity of %.3f" % (1-fpr[idx]) +
      ", i.e. a false positive rate of %.2f%%." % (np.array(fpr[idx])*100))

```

Train/Test split results:

LogisticRegression accuracy is 0.919

LogisticRegression log_loss is 0.276

LogisticRegression auc is 0.609

Using a threshold of 0.047 guarantees a sensitivity of 0.950 and a specificity of 0.101, i.e. a

1.2.1 7.3 Model Refinement

Model alternative 2 is better than first model. Because of Cross Validation AUC value is higher than train dataset. In addition to between Model alternative 1 and Model alternative 2 AUC is similar so I choose the Model Alternative 2

1.2.2 7.4 Model Result

We selected Model alternative 2 * Model AUC is 0.609 * Model Accuracy is 0.920

Model variables are * AGE_CAL * CODE_GENDER_F * DAYS_LAST_PHONE_CHANGE

1.2.3 7.5 Model Implementation for Test dataset

We will implement the test data set

```
In [92]: log_reg_pred = logreg.predict_proba(test_df_final_list_V3)[: , 1]
```

```
In [93]: #Implementation test data set
```

```
# Submission dataframe
submit = test_df[['SK_ID_CURR']]
submit['TARGET'] = log_reg_pred

submit.head()
```

C:\Users\UTKU\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\ipykernel_launcher.py:5: SettingWithCopyWarning:

A value is trying to be set on a copy of a slice from a DataFrame.

Try using .loc[row_indexer,col_indexer] = value instead

See the caveats in the documentation: http://pandas.pydata.org/pandas-docs/stable/user_guide/indexing.html
"""

```
Out[93]:
```

	SK_ID_CURR	TARGET
0	100001	0.048173
1	100005	0.101670
2	100013	0.076617
3	100028	0.065348
4	100038	0.115715

1.3 8 Conclusion

My expectation would be credit type, credit amount or income type for final variable modelling. But these variables were eliminated in the correlation step. I am surprised for this to happen. This project aimed to end to end data processing and data modelling in credit risk data. I enjoyed to analyze and create this project

1.4 8.1 Improvement

Gradient Boosting method is more higher creating auc value than logistic regression in literature. For example, Data Scientist have used Gradient Boosting and reached better than logistic regression results. <https://www.kaggle.com/ashishpatel26/home-credit-default-analysis>, Model detail contains in this link <https://lightgbm.readthedocs.io/en/latest/>

2 9 References

- [Udacity Data Scientist Nanodegree Program](#)
- [Kaggle's Home Credit Default Risk](#)
- [Source Data Dictionary](#)
- [Creating New Column](#)
- [Correlation Elimination](#)
- [Train Test Cross Validation](#)
- [Credit Risk Modelling](#)
- [Logistic Regression](#)
- [Gradient Boosting](#)
- [LightGBM's documentation](#)
- [Pandas Data Frame Describe](#)
- [Pandas Missing Data](#)