

## CSE 333 - OPERATING SYSTEMS

### Programming Assignment # 1

**DUE DATE: 8/11/2023 - 23:59**

1. (15 pts) A histogram is a representation of the distribution of numerical data. Write a shell script that will create histogram of a file of numbers. Your program will take a filename as an argument. The file will contain a number in between 0-9, inclusive, at each line. You will count the occurrence of each number and print histogram. For example:

**Ex:**

```
$ cat file.txt
```

```
4
```

```
5
```

```
5
```

```
2
```

```
1
```

```
2
```

```
2
```

```
7
```

```
6
```

```
1
```

```
6
```

```
6
```

```
8
```

**Ex:**

```
$ ./myprog1.sh file.txt
```

```
0
```

```
1 **
```

```
2 ***
```

```
3
```

```
4 *
```

```
5 **
```

```
6 ***
```

```
7 *
```

```
8 *
```

```
9
```

2. (20 pts) Write a shell script that takes two command line arguments, first one being a string and the second one being a number. The number has to have a length of either 1 or same as the string. Your program should then convert the input string into a ciphered one using this number. For each letter in the string, your program has to find another letter in the English alphabet advancing over the alphabet corresponding digit times. For example:

**Ex:**

```
$ ./myprog2.sh apple 12345
```

```
brspj
```

Since b is one after a, r is two after p and so on. If the number has only one digit, then this digit will be used for all the letters in the string.

**Ex:**

```
$ ./myprog2.sh zoo 8
```

```
hww
```

3. (20 pts) Write a shell script that will take an optional pathname as an argument. If your program is run with no argument, then it will find the oldest file under current working directory and

delete it, after asking the user. If your program is run with a pathname as an argument, it will find the oldest file under given pathname and delete it, after asking the user.

**Ex:**

```
$ ls -l
-r---w---- 1 std std 13107 Jun 20 2002 cask-of-amontillado.txt
-rw----- 1 std std 0 Jun 20 2005 french.txt
drwx----- 14 std std 456 May 25 2007 shakespeare
-rw----- 1 std std 0 Jun 20 2005 trees-and-other-poems.txt

$ ls -l shakespeare
-rw----- 1 std std 456 Jun 20 2005 barleby-scrivener.txt
-rw----- 1 std std 0 Jun 21 2005 calaveras-county.txt

$ ./myprogr3.sh
Do you want to delete cask-of-amontillado.txt? (y/n): y
1 file deleted

$ ./myprogr3.sh shakespeare
Do you want to delete barleby-scrivener.txt.txt? (y/n): y
1 file deleted
```

4. (20 pts) Write a shell script that takes a filename as an argument. Your program will change the numbers to text for each number in between 0-9, inclusive.

**Ex:**

```
$ cat file.txt
```

```
  Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. 7 Suspendisse
vitae odio blandit, commodo nisl dignissim, 9 commodo est. Quisque
blandit laoreet ante id tincidunt. Vivamus in vestibulum sem. Duis ac
faucibus quam. Mauris posuere, sapien quis elementum porttitor, leo
turpis finibus erat, vel dapibus 00 lorem mauris in elit. Curabitur
quis massa sit amet ligula suscipit pulvinar.
```

**Ex:**

```
$ ./myprog4.sh
$ cat file.txt
```

```
  Lorem ipsum dolor sit amet, consectetur adipiscing elit. seven
Suspendisse vitae odio blandit, commodo nisl dignissim, nine commodo
est. Quisque blandit laoreet ante id tincidunt. Vivamus in vestibulum
sem. Duis ac faucibus quam. Mauris posuere, sapien quis elementum
porttitor, leo turpis finibus erat, vel dapibus zerozero lorem mauris
in elit. Curabitur quis massa sit amet ligula suscipit pulvinar.
```

Note that the numbers are highlighted in bold only for readability concerns.

5. (25 pts) Write a shell script that takes a wildcard argument and a -R option. If your program is run with no option, then it will find all the files whose name obeys the wildcard and copy them into a directory named **copied**. If your program is run with -R option, your program will work recursively. For example:

**Ex:**

```
$ ls
cask-of-amontillado.txt  french.txt  shakespeare  trees-and-other-
poems.txt

$ ls shakespeare
barleby-scrivener.txt  calaveras-county.txt
```

```
$ ./myprog5.sh -R "c*.txt"
$ ls
copied cask-of-amontillado.txt french.txt shakespeare trees-and-other-
poems.txt

$ ls copied
cask-of-amontillado.txt

$ ls shakespeare
copied calaveras-county.txt barleby-scrivener.txt

$ ls shakespeare/copied
calaveras-county.txt
```

*Notes:*

- You are required to consider all necessary error checking for the programs.
- No late homework will be accepted.
- In case of any form of **copying and cheating** on solutions, all parties will get **ZERO** grade. You should submit your own work. In case of any forms of cheating or copying, both giver and receiver are equally culpable and suffer equal penalties.
- You have to work with two partners (Each groups will consist of 3 students). Your partners will not be changed throughout the semester.
- Please put your COMMENTED source codes and project report in a zip file and make sure that your zip file name contains your student IDs!  
Ex: 150713852\_150713853\_15071385\_Project1.zip