Optimization and Machine Learning, Fall 2023 Homework 5

(Due Thursday, Jan 11 at 11:59pm (CST))

1. [10 points] [Deep Learning Model]

- (a) Consider a 2D convolution layer. Suppose the input size is $4 \times 64 \times 64 \times (\text{channel, width, height})$ and we use **ten** 3×3 (width, height) kernels with 4 channels input and 4 channels output to convolve with it. Set stride = 1 and pad = 1. What is the output size? Let the bias for each kernel be a scalar, how many parameters do we have in this layer? [5 points]
- (b) The convolution layer is followed by a max pooling layer with 2×2 (width, height) filter and stride = 2. What is the output size of the pooling layer? How many parameters do we have in the pooling layer? [5 points]

2. [10 points] Use the k-means++ algorithm and Euclidean distance to cluster the 8 data points into K=3 clusters. The coordinates of the data points are:

$$x^{(1)} = (2,8), \ x^{(2)} = (2,5), \ x^{(3)} = (1,2), \ x^{(4)} = (5,8),$$

 $x^{(5)} = (7,3), \ x^{(6)} = (6,4), \ x^{(7)} = (8,4), \ x^{(8)} = (4,7).$

Suppose that initially the first cluster centers is $x^{(1)}$.

- (a) Perform the k-means++ algorithm to initialize other centers and report the coordinates of the resulting centroids. [3 points]
- (b) Calculate the loss function

$$Q(r,c) = \frac{1}{n} \sum_{i=1}^{n} \sum_{j=1}^{K} r_{ij} ||x^{(i)} - c_j||^2,$$
(1)

where $r_{ij} = 1$ if $x^{(i)}$ belongs to the j-th cluster and 0 otherwise. [2 points]

(c) How many more iterations are needed to converge? [3 points] Calculate the loss after it converged. [2 points]