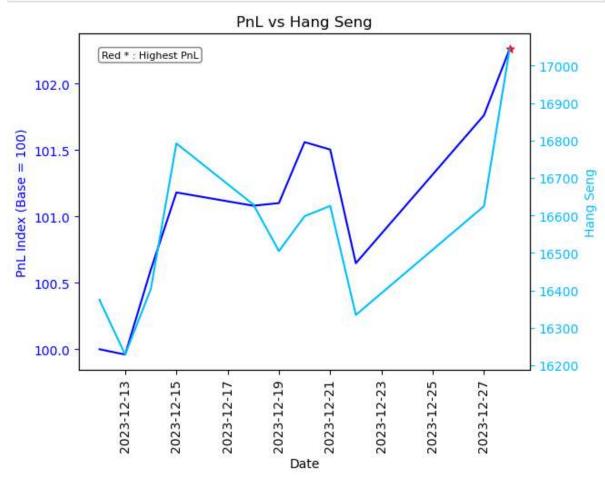
```
In [1]:
        import pandas as pd
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         import numpy as np
        from scipy import stats
In [2]: # Load the Excel file
        excel_file = pd.ExcelFile('D:\Derivatives Trading\Mini Hang Seng.xlsx')
In [3]: # Get the sheet you want to read
         sheet_name = 'For Python' # Replace with the name of the sheet you want to read
        df = excel_file.parse(sheet_name)
In [4]: # Output data information
        print(df.head())
                Date PnL Index Hang Seng HSI VIX
        0 2023-12-12 100.000000
                                  16374.50
                                               23.90
        1 2023-12-13
                      99.959994
                                   16228.75
                                               22.84
        2 2023-12-14 100.597928
                                               22.36
                                   16403.19
        3 2023-12-15 101.180204
                                   16792.19
                                               22.49
        4 2023-12-18 101.080163
                                   16629.23
                                               22.81
In [5]: #*****Plotting setup*****#
        # Generate some data
        Date = df["Date"]
        Date
        y1 =df["PnL Index"]
        у1
        y2 = df["Hang Seng"]
        y2
        0
              16374.50
Out[5]:
        1
              16228.75
        2
              16403.19
        3
              16792.19
        4
              16629.23
        5
              16505.00
        6
              16597.90
        7
              16625.56
        8
              16334.55
        9
              16624.84
        10
              17044.28
        Name: Hang Seng, dtype: float64
In [6]: # Get the maximum PnL value
        max_pnl = df['PnL Index'].max()
        max_pnl_date = df.loc[df['PnL Index']==max_pnl, 'Date'].values[0]
In [7]: # Create the plot and set the first y-axis (left)
        fig, ax1 = plt.subplots()
        plt.xticks(rotation=90)
        ax1.plot(Date, y1, 'b-')
         ax1.scatter(max_pnl_date, max_pnl, color='red', marker='*')
         ax1.set_xlabel('Date')
         ax1.set_ylabel('PnL Index (Base = 100)', color='b')
         ax1.tick_params('y', colors='b')
        # Set the second y-axis (right)
        ax2 = ax1.twinx()
         ax2.plot(Date, y2, color='deepskyblue', marker=',')
         ax2.set_ylabel('Hang Seng', color='deepskyblue')
```



```
In [8]: #Pnl vs HK's Hang Seng VIX
         y3 = df["HSI VIX"]
        у3
               23.90
        0
Out[8]:
        1
               22.84
         2
               22.36
               22.49
        3
        4
               22.81
         5
               22.06
        6
               21.49
        7
               21.93
        8
               23.17
        9
               23.22
        10
               22.49
        Name: HSI VIX, dtype: float64
In [9]: # Create the plot and set the first y-axis (left)
         fig, ax1 = plt.subplots()
         plt.xticks(rotation=90)
         ax1.plot(Date, y1, 'b-')
         ax1.scatter(max_pnl_date, max_pnl, color='red', marker='*')
```

```
ax1.set_xlabel('Date')
ax1.set_ylabel('PnL Index (Base = 100)', color='b')
ax1.tick_params('y', colors='b')

# Set the second y-axis (right)
ax3 = ax1.twinx()
ax3.plot(Date, y3, 'fuchsia', marker='1', linestyle='-.')
ax3.set_ylabel('HSI VIX', color='fuchsia')
ax3.tick_params('y', colors='fuchsia')

# Show the plot
plt.title('PnL vs HSI VIX')
plt.show()
```

