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Helene Charlotte Rytgaard

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A matemathical formulation of the algorithm, an efficient implementation and a new R interface

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December 8, 2016

Association studies

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... Tomy

- Exposure-outcome analysis
 - lalala
- Example: PPI

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Existing SAS Interface

Input data: Drug database

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Example data:

	atc	eksd	pnr	${\tt strnum}$	apk	packsize
1	1a	2020-04-08	1000	75	3	20
2	1a	2011-10-30	1000	125	2	5
3	1a	2020-01-23	1000	125	1	5
4	1a	2015-09-17	1000	50	2	10
5	2a	2012-05-04	1000	50	3	5
6	2a	2011-10-11	1000	75	2	9
7	2a	2015-12-20	1000	125	1	9
8	2a	2015-10-27	1000	100	3	18
9	2a	2015-04-18	1000	50	3	18
10	1a	2017-03-15	2000	125	3	18
11	1a	2015-11-04	2000	100	2	5
12	1a	2013-05-15	2000	50	3	9
13	1a	2011-04-25	2000	125	3	5
14	1a	2013-07-11	2000	50	2	5
15	2a	2014-02-02	2000	100	1	9

Input data: Admission database

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Example data:

	inddto3	uddto2	inddto2	uddto1	inddto1	max_indl	pnr	
2	2017-05-28	2015-02-14	2015-01-30	2012-04-25	2012-04-12	3	1000	1:
	NA	2015-06-05	2015-05-31	2012-12-15	2012-12-10	2	2000	2:
	NA	NA	NA	2011-05-23	2011-05-14	1	4000	3:
2	2017-03-15	2015-02-01	2015-01-25	2011-10-13	2011-10-11	4	5000	4:
	NA	NA	NA	2011-04-30	2011-04-25	1	6000	5:
	NA	NA	NA	2013-03-21	2013-03-16	1	7000	6:
2	2016-03-10	2014-02-07	2014-02-02	2011-07-02	2011-06-30	4	8000	7:
2	2019-01-30	2015-05-03	2015-04-18	2012-09-14	2012-09-01	4	9000	8:

Current interface (medicin macro)

%x_recepter(recept_data, /* forventes at indeholde variable - skulle gerne passe med DST-standarder: Medicin pnr - cpr/patientidentifikation Macro atc - ATC kode eksd - udleveringsdato som sas-dato strnum - numerisk styrke apk - antal udleverede pakker packsize - antal piller i hver pakke*/ datoer. /* Et produkt af medicin-hilbe-macro eller andet program som ordner ALLE indlggelser pr PNR p EEN record med fortlbende inddto uddto */ out. /* tabel over behandlingsperioder - navn p SAS datast valgt af brugeren*/ 1a, /* atc kode - den behandling som der skal beregnes p*/ 5, /* antal recepter der indgr i beregninger - testet med 5, alts op til 2 fr og 2 efter interesserecept */ 50, 75, 100, 125, /* Doser swarende til de flgende variable - det er pillestrrelser - her og de flgende variable skal ALLE have en vrdi. Hvis der findes frre skal der blot gentages*/ 10, 50, 25, 50, /* Mindst accepterede dosis af lgemidler p hver pillestyrke*/ Input data 75, 200, 150, 150, /* Max accepterede dosis*/ 50, 100, 75, 100, /* Typiske doser - en slags "default" dosis - og startdosis altid ved left only */ 10, /* Maximum sktrrelse af "restdosis" som kan overfres til flgende receptperioder. Denne giver mulighed for at forhindre excessiv ophobning hvis sm antagelser om maxdosis medfrer til tiltagende stort depot Max_depot er piller*styrke - Hvis der hjst m gemmes 100 piller a 10 mg, s er max_depot 1000 '01sep12'd. /* frste og sidste dato som har interesse kan angives som en "SAS-dato" eller med konventionen 'ddmmvv'd */ '02may20'd. 1, /* Hvis vrdien er 1 s kommer der tracking udskrift i loggen - hvis nul, s ikke. Tilsvarende slettes en rkke temporre datast hvis vrdien er 0 */ 1. /* Hvis vrdien er 1 s kommer der grafer */ test, /* prfix p generede variable som kan benyttes til at skelne fra lignende variable genereret i andre trin 1 /* danner tabeller "l_" hvor doser og sluttider KUN regnes bagud*/

Output data

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Continuing example:

```
pnr dosis startdag slutdag
            50
   1000
                17SEP15 060CT15
   1000
           100
                23JAN20
                         28JAN20
3
   1000
           100
                08APR20 22MAY20
4
   2000
            20
                 15MAY13 05AUG13
5
   2000
            75
                04N0V15
                         16NOV15
6
   2000
           100
                 15MAR17 21MAY17
7
   3000
           100
                 16MAR13 21MAR13
8
   3000
           100
                26APR13 02MAY13
            50
9
   3000
                 10MAR16 08MAY16
   3000
            75
                04.JAN19
                         16.JAN19
   3000
           100
                 14.JUI.19
                         04AUG19
   3000
           150
                05AUG19
                         16AUG19
   3000
            75
                 17AUG19
                         22AUG19
            50
   3000
                01NOV19
                         19N0V19
15
   3000
            75
                 20N0V19
                         16DEC19
```

Immediate limitations

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Speed

- Each drug is processed separately
- Lack of transparency
 - Mathematical formulas?
- Other issues:
 - Dependence on the future
 - Only possible to specify four different doses
 - Graphical checks (working?)?

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■ Same input data sets as before (almost)

Admission dates data set long format

```
pnr inddto uddto
1: 1 2003-12-20 2003-12-24
2: 1 2006-07-20 2006-09-01
3: 1 2007-04-30 2007-05-15
4: 1 2010-11-27 2011-01-02
5: 1 2013-05-11 2013-05-16
```

Attach relevant data (more user details in a moment)

```
drugdb(d) <- drugdata
admdb(d) <- admdata</pre>
```

plot()-function to show purchases and admission periods

```
plot(d)
```

Input visualization tools

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Interface

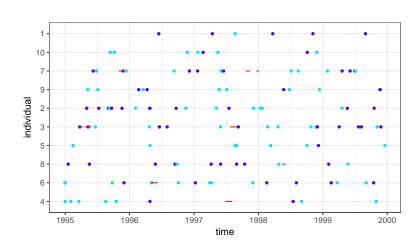
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A07
 A12B — admission periods

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Load package:

```
library(heaven)
```

Create empty object:

```
d <- dpp()
```

Attach relevant data:

```
drugdb(d) <- drugdata
admdb(d) <- admissiondata</pre>
```

Add treatments:

Specify window of prescription dates to use in calculations:

```
pwindow(d) <- 3 ## include data from up to 3 previous purchase dates into the calculation of the daily dosis
```

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When everything is specified, we perform the calculations by running:

process(d)

\$treatment1

```
id
        X
                   В
     100 1997-08-21 2007-11-26
2
    2 100 1995-09-09 2030-02-05
    3 100 1995-06-21 1997-08-12
4
        0 1997-08-13 1998-02-21
         1998-02-22 2010-02-08
         1995-01-01 2030-08-17
         1995-02-14 1996-02-23
        0 1996-02-24 1996-04-25
         1996-04-26 1997-08-20
9
10
      100 1997-08-21 2000-03-01
11
      100 1995-01-01 1995-03-16
12
          1995-03-17 1995-09-23
13
       25 1995-09-24 1996-05-04
14
      100 1996-05-05 2015-01-26
          1995-06-27 1999-09-16
15
         1996-09-26 2009-08-27
16
17
     100 1995-05-09 1999-06-18
18
         1999-06-19 1999-11-18
      100 1999-11-19 2001-06-03
19
  10 100 1995-09-13 2014-04-21
```

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We may add treaments:

And then perform calculations again:

process(d)

\$treatment1

```
id X B E

1 1 100 1997-08-21 2007-11-26

2 2 100 1995-09-09 2030-02-05

3 3 100 1995-06-21 1997-08-12

4 3 0 1997-08-13 1998-02-21

5 3 100 1998-02-22 2010-02-08

6 4 100 1995-01-01 2030-08-17
```

\$treatment2

```
id X E E E 1 1 200 1996-06-15 1996-08-13 3 1 500 1997-04-14 1997-06-12 4 1 0 1997-06-13 1998-03-22 5 1 200 1998-03-23 1998-07-20 6 1 0 1998-07-21 1998-11-04
```

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The function can be used treatment and/or id speficic:

```
process(d, treatment = "treatment2")
```

\$treatment2

```
1 1 200 1996-06-15 1996-08-13
2 1 0 1996-08-14 1997-04-13
3 1 500 1997-04-14 1997-06-12
```

$$process(d, id = 9)$$

\$treatment1

```
id X B E
1 9 100 1995-05-09 1999-06-18
2 9 0 1999-06-19 1999-11-18
3 9 100 1999-11-19 2001-06-03
```

\$treatment2

```
id X B E
1 9 200 1996-02-22 1996-04-08
2 9 500 1996-04-09 1996-05-23
3 9 0 1996-05-27 1998-05-22
4 9 300 1998-05-23 1998-06-11
5 9 0 1998-06-12 1999-11-21
6 9 500 1999-11-22 2000-09-16
```

Built-in tools for output visulizations

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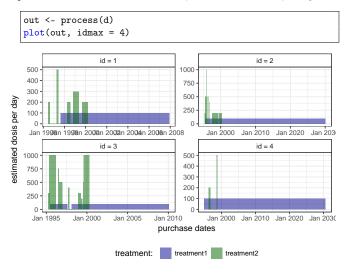
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Final remarks A plot()-function to visualize the output is defined in the package:



Technical details

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... the mathematical part ...

- The R-interface and the following formulas are all based on the implementation of medicin macro (left_only).
- The computations performed consists basically of an averaging over a set of prescriptions back in time (decided by the user)
- A number of things will for each prescription date help us determine how many dates back in time we should use for the calculations:
 - The number of days of supply of a certain drug is calculated based on the minimal possible doses for a drug
 - The actual number of dates between the prescription periods (where the number of days hospitalized is subtracted)
 - Whether or not the total amount of drug purchased at time k is approximately the same as purchased at earlier times
- Exposure periods are then calculated based on these average dose amounts

Final formula (a snippet of what we have worked on)

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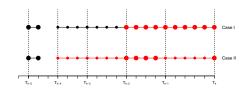
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$$\begin{split} X_k &= (1 - u_{k-1}) \, s_{b(k)}^* \qquad \qquad \text{(No overlap)} \\ &+ u_{k-1} \bigg[\qquad \qquad \text{(Overlap)} \\ &\quad 1 \Big\{ S_{b(k-1)} = S_{b(k)} \Big\} \left(1 \Big\{ W_k > s_{b(k)}^{\max} \Big\} \, s_{b(k)}^{\max} \\ &\quad + 1 \Big\{ W_k < s_{b(k)}^{\min} \Big\} \, s_{b(k)}^{\min} \qquad \qquad \text{(I)} \\ &\quad + 1 \Big\{ W_k \leq s_{b(k)}^{\max} \Big\} \, 1 \, \Big\{ W_k \geq s_{b(k)}^{\min} \Big\} \, W_k \Big) \bigg]. \\ &\quad + 1 \Big\{ S_{b(k-1)} \neq S_{b(k)} \Big\} \left(1 \Big\{ M_k^{(2)} > s_{b(k)}^{\max} \Big\} \, s_{b(k)}^{\max} \\ &\quad + 1 \, \Big\{ M_k^{(2)} < s_{b(k)}^{\min} \Big\} \, s_{b(k)}^{\min} \qquad \qquad \text{(II)} \\ &\quad + 1 \, \Big\{ M_k^{(2)} \leq s_{b(k)}^{\max} \Big\} \, 1 \, \Big\{ M_k^{(2)} \geq s_{b(k)}^{\min} \Big\} \, s_{b(k)}^{*} \Big) \bigg]. \end{split}$$

 $M_k^{(1)}, M_k^{(2)}$ are average doses over the periods

 W_k is a rounding of $M_k^{(1)}$ to nearest multiple of relevant minimal dose



More output visulizations

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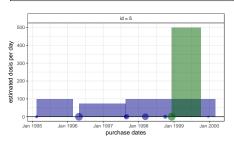
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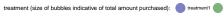
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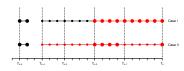
Real example

Final remarks We may also take a closer view on the underlying purchases behind the final exposures estimated:

out1 <- process(d, keep_data = TRUE)
plot(out1, id = 5, trace = TRUE)</pre>







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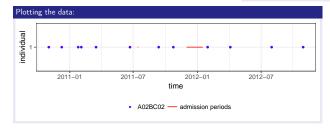
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Drug purchases: eksd packsize strnum apk pnr atc 1 25/01/2011 56 40 1 A02BC02 2 1 29/10/2012 100 40 1 A02BC02 3 1 31/07/2012 100 40 1 A02BC02 4 1 12/09/2011 28 40 1 A02BC02 5 1 24/10/2011 1 A02BC02 28 40 1 03/02/2011 56 40 1 A02BC02 7 1 09/12/2010 56 40 1 A02BC02 8 1 02/11/2010 1 A02BC02 56 40 9 1 04/04/2012 98 40 1 A02BC02 10 1 30/01/2012 98 40 1 A02BC02 1 A02BC02 11 1 22/06/2011 98 40 12 1 17/03/2011 98 40 1 A02BC02

Admission d	ates:		
	inddto	uddto	
2004-01-20	12437	12437	
2004-01-22	12439	12440	
2006-06-20	13319	13319	
2006-06-23	13322	13322	
2010-01-21	14630	14629	
2010-01-14	14623	14635	
2010-01-26	14635	14650	
2010-07-05	14795	14795	
2010-10-21	14903	14911	
2011-07-14	15169	15171	
2011-12-01	15309	15322	
2011-12-14	15322	15333	
2011-12-25	15333	15337	
2011-12-29	15337	15355	



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Using medicin-macro:

```
%x_recepter(PPI, /* forventes at indeholde variable - skulle gerne passe med DST-standarder:
                  pnr - cpr/patientidentifikation
                 atc - ATC kode
                  eksd - udleveringsdato som sas-dato
                  strnum - numerisk styrke
                  apk - antal udleverede pakker
                  packsize - antal piller i hver pakke*/
         admData, /* Et produkt af medicin-hjlpe-macro eller andet program som ordner ALLE indlggelser pr PNR p
              EEN record med fortlbende inddto uddto */
         omeprazol. /* tabel over behandlingsperioder - navn p SAS datast valgt af brugeren*/
         A02BC02, /* atc kode - den behandling som der skal beregnes p*/
         5, /* antal recepter der indgr i beregninger - testet med 5, alts op til 2 fr og 2 efter interesserecept */
         10, 20, 40, 40, /* Doser swarende til de flgende variable - det er pillestrrelser
             - her og de flgende variable skal ALLE have en vrdi. Hvis der findes frre skal der blot gentages*/
          10, 20, 40, 40,
                            /* Mindst accepterede dosis af lgemidler p hver pillestvrke*/
         20, 40, 60, 80, /* Max accepterede dosis*/
          10, 20, 40, 40,
                             /* Typiske doser - en slags "default" dosis - og startdosis altid ved left_only */
         4000, /* Maximum sktrrelse af "restdosis" som kan overfres til flgende receptperioder. Denne giver mulighed
   for
           at forhindre excessiv ophobning hvis sm antagelser om maxdosis medfrer til tiltagende stort depot
          Max depot er piller*styrke - Hvis der hist m gemmes 100 piller a 10 mg. s er max depot 1000
          '01jan1997'd, /* frste og sidste dato som har interesse kan angives som en "SAS-dato" eller med konventionen
             'ddmmyy'd
                          */
          '31dec2012'd.
          1. /* Hvis vrdien er 1 s kommer der tracking udskrift i loggen - hvis nul. s ikke. Tilsvarende slettes en rkke
            temporre datast hvis vrdien er 0 */
          1, /* Hvis vrdien er 1 s kommer der grafer */
         test, /* prfix p generede variable som kan benyttes til at skelne fra lignende variable genereret i andre trin
         1 /* danner tabeller "l " hvor doser og sluttider KUN regnes bagud*/
         ):
```

```
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```

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```
library(heaven)
d <- dpp()
drugdb(d) <- PPI
admdb(d) <- admData
drug(d, "omeprazol") <- atc("A02BC02")</pre>
drug(d, "omeprazol") <- pack(c(10, 20, 40, 40),</pre>
                  min = c(10, 20, 40, 40).
                  \max = c(20, 40, 60, 80).
                  def = c(10, 20, 40, 40))
period(d) <- sapply(c("1997-01-01", "2012-12-31"), as.Date)
pwindow(d) <- 2
maxdepot(d) <- 4000
process(d)
```

```
$omeprazol
id X B E
1 1 40 2010-11-02 2010-12-08
2 1 80 2010-12-09 2011-10-09
3 1 0 2011-10-10 2011-10-23
4 1 80 2011-10-24 2011-11-20
5 1 0 2011-11-21 2012-01-29
6 1 40 2012-01-30 2012-04-03
7 1 80 2012-04-04 2013-02-05
```

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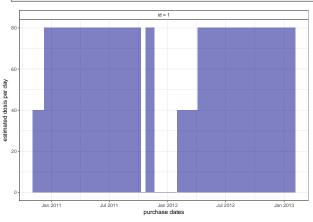
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Plotting output:

out <- process(d)
plot(out)</pre>



treatment: omeprazol

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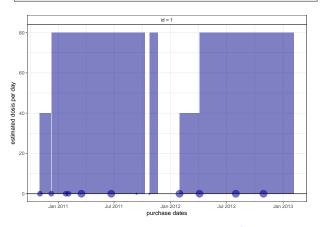
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Plotting output with input:

```
out1 <- process(d, keep_data = TRUE)
plot(out1, trace = TRUE)</pre>
```



treatment (size of bubbles indicative of total amount purchased):

Discussion

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... Tomy

- cumulative exposure
 - andre macroer?
- tradition in other registry data research groups

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Thank you

