

Medicin Macro

A mathematical formulation of the algorithm, an efficient implementation and a new R interface

Helene Charlotte Rytgaard

University of Copenhagen, Section of Biostatistics

December 8, 2016

Register data preprocessing steps

Medicin
Macro

Helene
Charlotte
Rytgaard

Introduction

**Overall
Purpose**

SAS

Interface

Input data
Output data
Immediate
limitations

New R
Interface

Visualization
tools
User details
Technical
details

Real example

Input:

pop, lmdb, lpr, indh, dod, sogne ...

Data preprocessing

code from hell, medicin macro, ...

Output:

Time 1	Time 2	Status	Age	Sex	Comorbidity in interval	Exposure in interval
--------	--------	--------	-----	-----	----------------------------	-------------------------

Medicin
Macro

Helene
Charlotte
Rytgaard

Introduction

Overall
Purpose

SAS
Interface

Input data
Output data
Immediate
limitations

New R
Interface

Visualization
tools
User details
Technical
details

Real example

Existing SAS Interface

Input data: Drug database

Medicin
Macro

Helene
Charlotte
Rytgaard

Introduction

Overall
Purpose

SAS

Interface

Input data

Output data

Immediate
limitations

New R

Interface

Visualization
tools

User details

Technical
details

Real example

Example data:

	atc	eksd	pnr	strnum	apk	packsize
1	1a	2020-04-08	1000	75	3	20
2	1a	2011-10-30	1000	125	2	5
3	1a	2020-01-23	1000	125	1	5
4	1a	2015-09-17	1000	50	2	10
5	2a	2012-05-04	1000	50	3	5
6	2a	2011-10-11	1000	75	2	9
7	2a	2015-12-20	1000	125	1	9
8	2a	2015-10-27	1000	100	3	18
9	2a	2015-04-18	1000	50	3	18
10	1a	2017-03-15	2000	125	3	18
11	1a	2015-11-04	2000	100	2	5
12	1a	2013-05-15	2000	50	3	9
13	1a	2011-04-25	2000	125	3	5
14	1a	2013-07-11	2000	50	2	5
15	2a	2014-02-02	2000	100	1	9

.
. .
. .

Input data: Admission database

Medicin
Macro

Helene
Charlotte
Rytgaard

Example data:

	pnr	max_indl	inddto1	uddto1	inddto2	uddto2	inddto3	
1:	1000	3	2012-04-12	2012-04-25	2015-01-30	2015-02-14	2017-05-28	2
2:	2000	2	2012-12-10	2012-12-15	2015-05-31	2015-06-05	NA	
3:	4000	1	2011-05-14	2011-05-23	NA	NA	NA	
4:	5000	4	2011-10-11	2011-10-13	2015-01-25	2015-02-01	2017-03-15	2
5:	6000	1	2011-04-25	2011-04-30	NA	NA	NA	
6:	7000	1	2013-03-16	2013-03-21	NA	NA	NA	
7:	8000	4	2011-06-30	2011-07-02	2014-02-02	2014-02-07	2016-03-10	2
8:	9000	4	2012-09-01	2012-09-14	2015-04-18	2015-05-03	2019-01-30	2

Introduction

Overall
Purpose

SAS

Interface

Input data

Output data

Immediate
limitations

New R

Interface

Visualization
tools

User details

Technical
details

Real example

Current interface (medicine macro)

Medicine Macro

Helene
Charlotte
Rytgaard

```
%x_recepter(recept_data, /* forventes at indeholde variable - skulle gerne passe med DST-standarder:
```

```
    pnr - cpr/patientidentifikation  
    atc - ATC kode  
    eksd - udleveringsdato som sas-dato  
    strnum - numerisk styrke  
    apk - antal udleverede pakker  
    packsize - antal piller i hver pakke*/
```

```
datoer, /* Et produkt af medicin-hjælpe-macro eller andet program som ordner ALLE indlæggelser pr PNR på  
      EEN record med fortløbende indtøddto */
```

```
out, /* tabel over behandlingsperioder - navn på SAS datasæt valgt af brugeren*/  
ia, /* atc kode - den behandling som der skal beregnes på*/  
5, /* antal recepter der indgår i beregninger - testet med 5, altså op til 2 før og 2 efter interesserecept */  
50, 75, 100, 125, /* Doser svarende til de følgende variable - det er pillestørrelser  
    - her og de følgende variable skal ALLE have en værdi. Hvis der findes færre skal der blot gentages*/  
10, 50, 25, 50, /* Mindst accepterede dosis af lægemidler på hver pillestyrke*/  
75, 200, 150, 150, /* Max accepterede dosis*/  
50, 100, 75, 100, /* Typiske doser - en slags "default" dosis - og startdosis altid ved left_only */  
10, /* Maximum sktørrelse af "restdosis" som kan overføres til følgende receptperioder. Denne giver mulighed for  
    at forhindre excessiv ophobning hvis små antagelser om maxdosis medfører til tiltagende stort depot  
    Max_depot er piller*styrke - Hvis der højst må gemmes 100 piller a 10 mg, så er max_depot 1000  
    */  
'01sep12'd, /* første og sidste dato som har interesse kan angives som en "SAS-dato" eller med konventionen  
    'ddmmyy'd /*  
'02may20'd,  
1, /* Hvis værdien er 1 så kommer der tracking udskrift i loggen - hvis nul, så ikke. Tilsvarende slettes en række  
    temporære datasæt hvis værdien er 0 */  
1, /* Hvis værdien er 1 så kommer der grafer */  
test, /* præfix på genererede variable som kan benyttes til at skelne fra lignende variable genereret i andre tri  
1 /* danner tabeller "1." hvor doser og sluttider KUN regnes bagud*/  
);
```

Output data

Medicin
Macro

Helene
Charlotte
Rytgaard

Introduction

Overall
Purpose

SAS

Interface

Input data

Output data

Immediate
limitations

New R

Interface

Visualization
tools

User details

Technical
details

Real example

Continuing example:

	pnr	dosis	startdag	slutdag
1	1000	50	17SEP15	06OCT15
2	1000	100	23JAN20	28JAN20
3	1000	100	08APR20	22MAY20
4	2000	20	15MAY13	05AUG13
5	2000	75	04NOV15	16NOV15
6	2000	100	15MAR17	21MAY17
7	3000	100	16MAR13	21MAR13
8	3000	100	26APR13	02MAY13
9	3000	50	10MAR16	08MAY16
10	3000	75	04JAN19	16JAN19
11	3000	100	14JUL19	04AUG19
12	3000	150	05AUG19	16AUG19
13	3000	75	17AUG19	22AUG19
14	3000	50	01NOV19	19NOV19
15	3000	75	20NOV19	16DEC19

Immediate limitations

Medicin
Macro

Helene
Charlotte
Rytgaard

Introduction

Overall
Purpose

SAS

Interface

Input data

Output data

**Immediate
limitations**

New R

Interface

Visualization
tools

User details

Technical
details

Real example

- Speed
 - Each drug is processed separately
- Lack of transparency
 - Mathematical formulas?
- Other issues:
 - Dependence on the future
 - Only possible to specify four different doses
 - Graphical checks (working?)?

Medicin
Macro

Helene
Charlotte
Rytgaard

Introduction

Overall
Purpose

SAS

Interface

Input data

Output data

Immediate
limitations

New R

Interface

Visualization
tools

User details

Technical
details

Real example

New R Interface

New R interface

Medicin
Macro

Helene
Charlotte
Rytgaard

Introduction

Overall
Purpose

SAS
Interface

Input data
Output data
Immediate
limitations

New R
Interface

Visualization
tools
User details
Technical
details

Real example

- Same input data sets as before (almost)
 - Admission dates data set long format

	pnr	inddto	uddto
1:	1	2003-12-20	2003-12-24
2:	1	2006-07-20	2006-09-01
3:	1	2007-04-30	2007-05-15
4:	1	2010-11-27	2011-01-02
5:	1	2013-05-11	2013-05-16

...

- Attach relevant data (more user details in a moment)

```
drugdb(d) <- drugdata  
admdb(d) <- admdata
```

- plot()-function to show purchases and admission periods

```
plot(d)
```

Input visualization tools

Medicin
Macro

Helene
Charlotte
Rytgaard

Introduction

Overall
Purpose

SAS

Interface

Input data

Output data

Immediate
limitations

New R

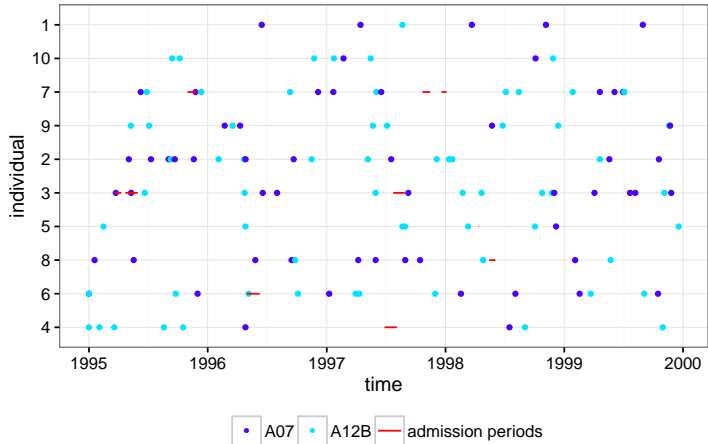
Interface

**Visualization
tools**

User details

Technical
details

Real example



How to use the interface

Medicin
Macro

Helene
Charlotte
Rytgaard

Introduction
Overall
Purpose

SAS
Interface

Input data
Output data
Immediate
limitations

New R
Interface

Visualization
tools

User details

Technical
details

Real example

Load package:

```
library(heaven)
```

Create empty object:

```
d <- dpp()
```

Attach relevant data:

```
drugdb(d) <- drugdata  
admdb(d) <- admissiondata
```

Add treatments:

```
drug(d, "treatment1") <- atc("A12B")  
drug(d, "treatment1") <- pack(c(750, 75),  
                               min = c(250, 25),  
                               max = c(1000, 100),  
                               def = c(750, 100))
```

Specify window of prescription dates to use in calculations:

```
pwindow(d) <- 3 ## include data from up to 3 previous purchase  
                 dates into the calculation of the daily dosis
```

How to use the interface

Medicin
Macro

Helene
Charlotte
Rytgaard

Introduction

Overall
Purpose

SAS

Interface

Input data

Output data

Immediate
limitations

New R

Interface

Visualization
tools

User details

Technical
details

Real example

When everything is specified, we perform the calculations by running:

```
process(d)
```

\$treatment1

	id	X	B	E
1	1	100	1997-08-21	2007-11-26
2	2	100	1995-09-09	2030-02-05
3	3	100	1995-06-21	1997-08-12
4	3	0	1997-08-13	1998-02-21
5	3	100	1998-02-22	2010-02-08
6	4	100	1995-01-01	2030-08-17
7	5	100	1995-02-14	1996-02-23
8	5	0	1996-02-24	1996-04-25
9	5	75	1996-04-26	1997-08-20
10	5	100	1997-08-21	2000-03-01
11	6	100	1995-01-01	1995-03-16
12	6	0	1995-03-17	1995-09-23
13	6	25	1995-09-24	1996-05-04
14	6	100	1996-05-05	2015-01-26
15	7	100	1995-06-27	1999-09-16
16	8	100	1996-09-26	2009-08-27
17	9	100	1995-05-09	1999-06-18
18	9	0	1999-06-19	1999-11-18
19	9	100	1999-11-19	2001-06-03
20	10	100	1995-09-13	2014-04-21

How to use the interface

Medicin
Macro

Helene
Charlotte
Rytgaard

Introduction

Overall
Purpose

SAS
Interface

Input data
Output data
Immediate
limitations

New R
Interface

Visualization
tools

User details

Technical
details

Real example

We may add treatments:

```
drug(d, "treatment2") <- atc("A07")
drug(d, "treatment2") <- pack(c(200, 400, 500),
  min = c(100, 100, 250),
  max = c(400, 500, 1000),
  def = c(300, 200, 500))
```

And then perform calculations again:

```
process(d)
```

\$treatment1

	id	X	B	E
1	1	100	1997-08-21	2007-11-26
2	2	100	1995-09-09	2030-02-05
3	3	100	1995-06-21	1997-08-12
4	3	0	1997-08-13	1998-02-21
5	3	100	1998-02-22	2010-02-08
6	4	100	1995-01-01	2030-08-17

\$treatment2

	id	X	B	E
1	1	200	1996-06-15	1996-08-13
2	1	0	1996-08-14	1997-04-13
3	1	500	1997-04-14	1997-06-12
4	1	0	1997-06-13	1998-03-22
5	1	200	1998-03-23	1998-07-20
6	1	0	1998-07-21	1998-11-04

How to use the interface

Medicin
Macro

Helene
Charlotte
Rytgaard

Introduction

Overall
Purpose

SAS

Interface

Input data

Output data

Immediate
limitations

New R

Interface

Visualization
tools

User details

Technical
details

Real example

The function can be used treatment and/or id specific:

```
process(d, treatment = "treatment2")
```

\$treatment2

	id	X	B	E
1	1	200	1996-06-15	1996-08-13
2	1	0	1996-08-14	1997-04-13
3	1	500	1997-04-14	1997-06-12
4	1	0	1997-06-13	1998-03-22
5	1	200	1998-03-23	1998-07-20
6	1	0	1998-07-21	1998-11-04

```
process(d, id = 9)
```

\$treatment1

	id	X	B	E
1	9	100	1995-05-09	1999-06-18
2	9	0	1999-06-19	1999-11-18
3	9	100	1999-11-19	2001-06-03

\$treatment2

	id	X	B	E
1	9	200	1996-02-22	1996-04-08
2	9	500	1996-04-09	1996-05-26
3	9	0	1996-05-27	1998-05-22
4	9	300	1998-05-23	1998-06-11
5	9	0	1998-06-12	1999-11-21
6	9	500	1999-11-22	2000-09-16

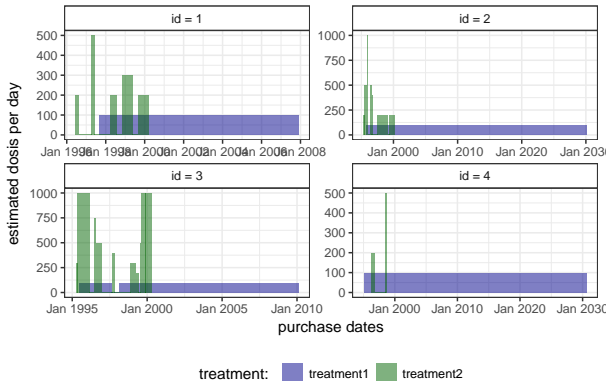
Built-in tools for output visualizations

Medicin
Macro

Helene
Charlotte
Rytgaard

A `plot()`-function to visualize the output is defined in the package:

```
out <- process(d)  
plot(out, idmax = 4)
```



Technical details

Medicin Macro

Helene
Charlotte
Rytgaard

Introduction Overall Purpose

SAS Interface

Input data
Output data
Immediate
limitations

New R Interface

Visualization
tools
User details

Technical details

Real example

... the mathematical part ...

- The R-interface and the following formulas are all based on the implementation of `medicin macro (left_only)`.
- The computations performed consists basically of an averaging over a set of prescriptions back in time (decided by the user)
- A number of things will for each prescription date help us determine how many dates back in time we should use for the calculations:
 - The number of days of supply of a certain drug is calculated based on the minimal possible doses for a drug
 - The actual number of dates between the prescription periods (where the number of days hospitalized is subtracted)
 - Whether or not the total amount of drug purchased at time k is approximately the same as purchased at earlier times
- Exposure periods are then calculated based on these average dose amounts

Final formula (a snippet of what we have worked on)

Medicin
Macro

Helene
Charlotte
Rytgaard

Introduction
Overall
Purpose

SAS
Interface

Input data
Output data
Immediate
limitations

New R
Interface

Visualization
tools
User details

Technical
details

Real example

$$X_k = (1 - u_{k-1}) s_{b(k)}^* \quad (\text{No overlap})$$

$$+ u_{k-1} \left[\quad (\text{Overlap}) \right.$$

$$1 \{S_{b(k-1)} = S_{b(k)}\} \left(1 \{W_k > s_{b(k)}^{\max}\} s_{b(k)}^{\max} \right. \\ \left. + 1 \{W_k < s_{b(k)}^{\min}\} s_{b(k)}^{\min} \right. \quad (I)$$

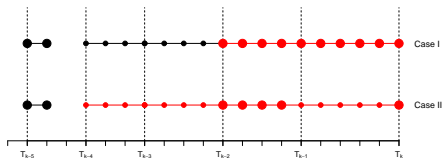
$$\left. + 1 \{W_k \leq s_{b(k)}^{\max}\} 1 \{W_k \geq s_{b(k)}^{\min}\} W_k \right).$$

$$+ 1 \{S_{b(k-1)} \neq S_{b(k)}\} \left(1 \{M_k^{(2)} > s_{b(k)}^{\max}\} s_{b(k)}^{\max} \right. \\ \left. + 1 \{M_k^{(2)} < s_{b(k)}^{\min}\} s_{b(k)}^{\min} \right. \quad (II)$$

$$\left. + 1 \{M_k^{(2)} \leq s_{b(k)}^{\max}\} 1 \{M_k^{(2)} \geq s_{b(k)}^{\min}\} s_{b(k)}^* \right).$$

$M_k^{(1)}, M_k^{(2)}$ are average doses **over the periods**

W_k is a rounding of $M_k^{(1)}$ to nearest multiple of relevant minimal dose



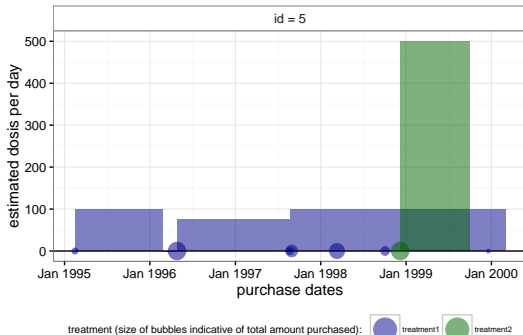
More output visualizations

Medicin
Macro

Helene
Charlotte
Rytgaard

We may also take a closer view on the underlying purchases behind the final exposures estimated:

```
out1 <- process(d, keep_data = TRUE)  
plot(out1, id = 5, trace = TRUE)
```



Example: Omeprazol

Medicin Macro

Helene
Charlotte
Rytgaard

Introduction

Overall
Purpose

SAS

Interface

Input data
Output data
Immediate
limitations

New R Interface

Visualization
tools
User details
Technical
details

Real example

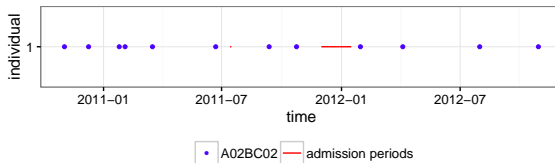
Drug purchases:

	pnr	eksd	packsize	strnum	apk	atc
1	1	25/01/2011	56	40	1	A02BC02
2	1	29/10/2012	100	40	1	A02BC02
3	1	31/07/2012	100	40	1	A02BC02
4	1	12/09/2011	28	40	1	A02BC02
5	1	24/10/2011	28	40	1	A02BC02
6	1	03/02/2011	56	40	1	A02BC02
7	1	09/12/2010	56	40	1	A02BC02
8	1	02/11/2010	56	40	1	A02BC02
9	1	04/04/2012	98	40	1	A02BC02
10	1	30/01/2012	98	40	1	A02BC02
11	1	22/06/2011	98	40	1	A02BC02
12	1	17/03/2011	98	40	1	A02BC02

Admission dates:

	inddto	uddto
2004-01-20	12437	12437
2004-01-22	12439	12440
2006-06-20	13319	13319
2006-06-23	13322	13322
2010-01-21	14630	14629
2010-01-14	14623	14635
2010-01-26	14635	14650
2010-07-05	14795	14795
2010-10-21	14903	14911
2011-07-14	15169	15171
2011-12-01	15309	15322
2011-12-14	15322	15333
2011-12-25	15333	15337
2011-12-29	15337	15355

Plotting the data:



Example: Omeprazol

Medicin Macro

Helene
Charlotte
Rytgaard

Introduction

Overall
Purpose

SAS

Interface

Input data
Output data
Immediate
limitations

New R

Interface

Visualization
tools
User details
Technical
details

Real example

Using medicin-macro:

```
%x_recepter(PPI, /* forventes at indeholde variable - skulle gerne passe med DST-standarder:
```

```
  pnr - cpr/patientidentifikation  
  atc - ATC kode  
  eksd - udleveringsdato som sas-dato  
  straum - numerisk styrke  
  apk - antal udleverede pakker  
  packsize - antal piller i hver pakke*/
```

```
  admData, /* Et produkt af medicin-hjælpe-macro eller andet program som ordner ALLE indlæggelser pr PNR på  
          EEN record med fortløbende indtoldto */
```

```
  omeprazol, /* tabel over behandlingsperioder - navn på SAS datasæt valgt af brugeren*/
```

```
  A02BC02, /* atc kode - den behandling som der skal beregnes på*/
```

```
  5, /* antal recepter der indgår i beregninger - testet med 5, altså op til 2 før og 2 efter interesserecept */  
  10, 20, 40, 40, /* Doser svarende til de følgende variable - det er pillestørrelser
```

```
    - her og de følgende variable skal ALLE have en værdi. Hvis der findes færre skal der blot gentages*/
```

```
  10, 20, 40, 40, /* Mindst accepterede dosis af lægemidler på hver pillestyrke*/
```

```
  20, 40, 60, 80, /* Max accepterede dosis*/
```

```
  10, 20, 40, 40, /* Typiske doser - en slags "default" dosis - og startdosis altid ved left_only */
```

```
  4000, /* Maximum sktørrelse af "restdosis" som kan overføres til følgende receptperioder. Denne giver mulighed  
        at forhindre excessiv ophobning hvis små antagelser om maxdosis medfører til tiltagende stort depot
```

```
  Max_depot er piller*styrke - Hvis der højst må gemmes 100 piller a 10 mg, så er max_depot 1000
```

```
  */
```

```
  '01jan1997'd, /* første og sidste dato som har interesse kan angives som en "SAS-dato" eller med konventionen
```

```
    'ddmmyy'd    */
```

```
  '31dec2012'd,
```

```
  1, /* Hvis værdien er 1 så kommer der tracking udskrift i loggen - hvis nul, så ikke. Tilsvarende slettes en ra  
        temporære datasæt hvis værdien er 0 */
```

```
  1, /* Hvis værdien er 1 så kommer der grafer */
```

```
  test, /* præfix på generede variable som kan benyttes til at skelne fra lignende variable genereret i andre tri
```

```
  1 /* danner tabeller "1." hvor doser og sluttider KUN regnes bagud*/
```

```
);
```

Example: Omeprazol

Medicin
Macro

Helene
Charlotte
Rytgaard

Introduction

Overall
Purpose

SAS

Interface

Input data
Output data
Immediate
limitations

New R

Interface

Visualization
tools
User details
Technical
details

Real example

```
library(heaven)

d <- dpp()
drugdb(d) <- PPI
admdb(d) <- admData

drug(d, "omeprazol") <- atc("A02BC02")
drug(d, "omeprazol") <- pack(c(10, 20, 40, 40),
                             min = c(10, 20, 40, 40),
                             max = c(20, 40, 60, 80),
                             def = c(10, 20, 40, 40))

period(d) <- sapply(c("1997-01-01", "2012-12-31"), as.Date)
pwindow(d) <- 2
maxdepot(d) <- 4000

process(d)
```

\$omeprazol

	id	X	B	E
1	1	40	2010-11-02	2010-12-08
2	1	80	2010-12-09	2011-10-09
3	1	0	2011-10-10	2011-10-23
4	1	80	2011-10-24	2011-11-20
5	1	0	2011-11-21	2012-01-29
6	1	40	2012-01-30	2012-04-03
7	1	80	2012-04-04	2013-02-05

Example: Omeprazol

Medicin
Macro

Helene
Charlotte
Rytgaard

Introduction
Overall
Purpose

SAS
Interface

Input data
Output data
Immediate
limitations

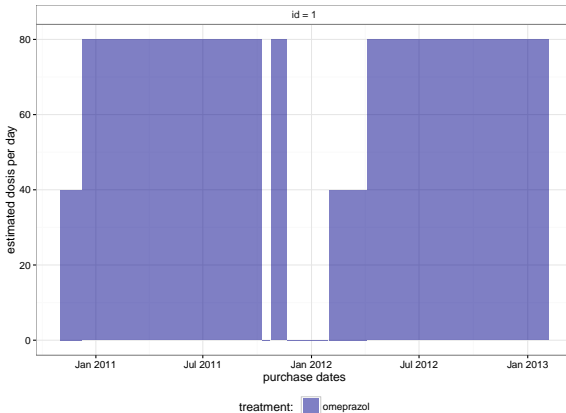
New R
Interface

Visualization
tools
User details
Technical
details

Real example

Plotting output:

```
out <- process(d)
plot(out)
```



Example: Omeprazol

Medicin
Macro

Helene
Charlotte
Rytgaard

Introduction
Overall
Purpose

SAS
Interface

Input data
Output data
Immediate
limitations

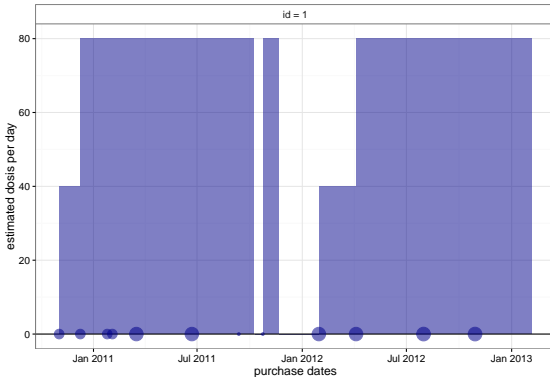
New R
Interface

Visualization
tools
User details
Technical
details

Real example

Plotting output with input:

```
out1 <- process(d, keep_data = TRUE)
plot(out1, trace = TRUE)
```



Medicin
Macro

Helene
Charlotte
Rytgaard

Introduction
Overall
Purpose

SAS
Interface

Input data
Output data
Immediate
limitations

New R
Interface

Visualization
tools
User details
Technical
details

Real example

Thank you

