```
def main():
    Print_Function()
    (x, y, z) = xyz = symbols('x,y,z',real=True)
    (o3d, ex, ey, ez) = Ga.build('e_x e_y e_z', g=[1, 1, 1], coords=xyz)
    grad = o3d.grad
    (u, v) = uv = symbols('u,v',real=True)
    (g2d, eu, ev) = Ga. build ('e_u e_v', coords=uv)
    grad_uv = g2d.grad
    v_xyz = o3d.mv('v', 'vector')
    A_xyz = o3d.mv('A', 'vector', f=True)
    A_{uv} = g2d.mv('A', 'vector', f=True)
    print '#3d orthogonal ($A$ is vector function)'
    print 'A = ', A_xyz
    print \%A^{2} = A_xyz * A_xyz
    print 'grad | A = ', grad | A_xyz
    print 'grad*A =', grad * A_xyz
    \mathbf{print} 'v | (grad *A) = ', v_xyz | (grad *A_xyz)
    print '#2d general ($A$ is vector function)'
    print 'A =', A_uv
    print '%A^{2} =', A_uv * A_uv
    print 'grad | A = ', grad_uv | A_uv
    print 'grad*A =', grad_uv * A_uv
    A = o3d.lt('A')
    print '#3d orthogonal ($A,\\; B$ are linear transformations)'
    print 'A = ', A
    print r' \setminus f\{mat\}\{A\} = ', A. matrix()
    print ' \setminus f \{ \setminus \det \} \{A\} = ', A. \det ()
    print ' \setminus overline \{A\} = ', A.adj()
    print ' \setminus f \{ \setminus Tr \} \{A\} = ', A. tr()
    print ' \setminus f\{A\}\{e_x \cdot e_y\} = ', A(ex \cdot ey)
    print ' \setminus f\{A\}\{e_x\}^{\land} \setminus f\{A\}\{e_y\} = ', A(e_x)^{\land}A(e_y)
    B = o3d.lt('B')
    print 'g = ', o3d.g
    print \%g^{-1} = ', o3d.g_inv
    print 'A + B = ', A + B
    print 'AB = ', A * B
    print 'A - B =', A - B
    print 'General Symmetric Linear Transformation'
    Asym = o3d.lt('A', mode='s')
    print 'A = ', Asym
    print 'General Antisymmetric Linear Transformation'
    Aasym = o3d.lt('A', mode='a')
    print 'A =', Aasym
    print '#2d general (A, \); B$ are linear transformations)'
    A2d = g2d.lt('A')
    print 'g = ', g2d.g
    print \%g^{-}\{-1\} = ', g2d.g_{inv}
    \mathbf{print} \ \ '\%gg^{-}\{-1\} = ', \ \operatorname{simplify} (g2d.g * g2d.g_{inv})
    print 'A = ', A2d
    print r' \setminus f\{mat\}\{A\} = ', A2d. matrix()
    print ' \setminus f \{ \setminus \det \} \{A\} = ', A2d. \det ()
    A2d_adi = A2d.adi()
    print '\\ overline \{A\} =', A2d_adj
    print ' \setminus f\{mat\}\{\setminus overline\{A\}\} = ', simplify(A2d_adj.matrix())
    print ' \setminus f \{ \setminus Tr \} \{ A \} = ', A2d.tr()
    print ' \setminus f\{A\}\{e_u^e_v\} = ', A2d(eu^e_v)
    print ' \setminus f\{A\}\{e_u\}^{\land} \setminus f\{A\}\{e_v\} = ', A2d(eu)^{\land}A2d(ev)
    B2d = g2d.lt('B')
```

```
print 'B = ', B2d
print 'A + B = ', A2d + B2d
print 'AB =', A2d * B2d
print 'A - B = ', A2d - B2d
a = g2d.mv('a', 'vector')
b = g2d.mv('b', 'vector')
print r'a \mid f(\ cal A) \mid f(\ 
m4d = Ga('e_t e_x e_y e_z', g=[1, -1, -1], coords=symbols('t, x, y, z', real=True))
T = m4d.lt('T')
 print 'g = ', m4d.g
 print r'\setminus underline\{T\} = ', T
print r'\overline{T} = ',T.adj()
print r' f \{ \det \} \{ underline \{T\} \} = ', T. det ()
print r' \setminus f\{ \setminus \{tr\} \} \{ \setminus \{tr\} \} \} = ', T. tr()
a = m4d.mv('a', 'vector')
b = m4d.mv('b', 'vector')
 print r'a \mid f(a|T,adj(a)) - b \mid f(underline T) \} \{a\} = ', ((a|T,adj(a)) - (b|T(a))) \cdot simplify(a)
 coords = (r, th, phi) = symbols('r, theta, phi', real=True)
 (sp3d, er, eth, ephi) = Ga.build('e_r e_th e_ph', g=[1, r**2, r**2*sin(th)**2], coords=coords)
 grad = sp3d.grad
sm\_coords = (u, v) = symbols('u, v', real=True)
smap = [1, u, v] \# Coordinate map for sphere of r = 1
sph2d = sp3d.sm(smap, sm_coords, norm=True)
 (eu, ev) = sph2d.mv()
 grad_uv = sph2d.grad
F = sph2d.mv('F', 'vector', f=True)
 f = sph2d.mv('f', 'scalar', f=True)
 \mathbf{print} 'f = ', f
print 'grad*f =', grad_uv * f
 print 'F = ', F
 print 'grad*F =', grad_uv * F
 tp = (th, phi) = symbols('theta, phi', real=True)
smap = [sin(th)*cos(phi), sin(th)*sin(phi), cos(th)]
 sph2dr = o3d.sm(smap, tp, norm=True)
(eth, ephi) = sph2dr.mv()
grad_tp = sph2dr.grad
F = sph2dr.mv('F', 'vector', f=True)
 f = sph2dr.mv('f', 'scalar', f=True)
 print 'f = ', f
print 'grad*f =', grad_tp * f
 print 'F = ', F
print 'grad*F = ', grad_tp * F
return
```

Code Output: 3d orthogonal (A is vector function)

$$A = A^x \mathbf{e}_x + A^y \mathbf{e}_y + A^z \mathbf{e}_z$$

$$A^2 = (A^x)^2 + (A^y)^2 + (A^z)^2$$

$$\nabla \cdot A = \partial_x A^x + \partial_y A^y + \partial_z A^z$$

$$\nabla A = (\partial_x A^x + \partial_y A^y + \partial_z A^z) + (-\partial_y A^x + \partial_x A^y) \mathbf{e}_x \wedge \mathbf{e}_y + (-\partial_z A^x + \partial_x A^z) \mathbf{e}_x \wedge \mathbf{e}_z + (-\partial_z A^y + \partial_y A^z) \mathbf{e}_y \wedge \mathbf{e}_z$$

$$v \cdot (\nabla A) = (v^y \partial_y A^x - v^y \partial_x A^y + v^z \partial_z A^x - v^z \partial_x A^z) \mathbf{e}_x + (-v^x \partial_y A^x + v^x \partial_x A^y + v^z \partial_z A^y - v^z \partial_y A^z) \mathbf{e}_y + (-v^x \partial_z A^x + v^x \partial_x A^z - v^y \partial_z A^y + v^y \partial_y A^z) \mathbf{e}_z$$
2d general (A is vector function)
$$A = A^u \mathbf{e}_u + A^v \mathbf{e}_v$$

$$A^2 = (\mathbf{e}_u \cdot \mathbf{e}_u) (A^u)^2 + 2 (\mathbf{e}_u \cdot \mathbf{e}_v) A^u A^v + (\mathbf{e}_v \cdot \mathbf{e}_v) (A^v)^2$$

$$\nabla \cdot A = \partial_u A^u + \partial_v A^v$$

$$\nabla A = (\partial_u A^u + \partial_v A^v) + \frac{-(e_u \cdot e_u) \partial_v A^u + (e_u \cdot e_v) \partial_u A^u - (e_u \cdot e_v) \partial_v A^v + (e_v \cdot e_v) \partial_u A^v}{(e_u \cdot e_u) (e_v \cdot e_v) - (e_u \cdot e_v)^2} \boldsymbol{e}_u \wedge \boldsymbol{e}_v$$

3d orthogonal (A, B are linear transformations)

$$A = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} L\left(\mathbf{e}_{x}\right) = & A^{xx}\mathbf{e}_{x} + A^{xy}\mathbf{e}_{y} + A^{xz}\mathbf{e}_{z} \\ L\left(\mathbf{e}_{y}\right) = & A^{yx}\mathbf{e}_{x} + A^{yy}\mathbf{e}_{y} + A^{yz}\mathbf{e}_{z} \\ L\left(\mathbf{e}_{z}\right) = & A^{zx}\mathbf{e}_{x} + A^{zy}\mathbf{e}_{y} + A^{zz}\mathbf{e}_{z} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$mat\left(A\right) = \left[\begin{array}{l} A^{xx} & A^{xy} & A^{xz} \\ A^{yx} & A^{yy} & A^{yz} \\ A^{zx} & A^{zy} & A^{zz} \end{array} \right]$$

$$\det\left(A\right) = A^{zx}\left(A^{xy}A^{yz} - A^{xz}A^{yy}\right) - A^{zy}\left(A^{xx}A^{yz} - A^{xz}A^{yx}\right) + A^{zz}\left(A^{xx}A^{yy} - A^{xy}A^{yx}\right)$$

$$\overline{A} = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} L\left(\mathbf{e}_{x}\right) = & A^{xx}\mathbf{e}_{x} + A^{yx}\mathbf{e}_{y} + A^{zx}\mathbf{e}_{z} \\ L\left(\mathbf{e}_{y}\right) = & A^{xy}\mathbf{e}_{x} + A^{yy}\mathbf{e}_{y} + A^{zy}\mathbf{e}_{z} \\ L\left(\mathbf{e}_{z}\right) = & A^{xz}\mathbf{e}_{x} + A^{yz}\mathbf{e}_{y} + A^{zz}\mathbf{e}_{z} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$\operatorname{Tr}(A) = A^{xx} + A^{yy} + A^{zz}$$

$$A\left(e_x \wedge e_y\right) = \left(A^{xx}A^{yy} - A^{xy}A^{yx}\right)\boldsymbol{e}_x \wedge \boldsymbol{e}_y + \left(A^{xx}A^{yz} - A^{xz}A^{yx}\right)\boldsymbol{e}_x \wedge \boldsymbol{e}_z + \left(A^{xy}A^{yz} - A^{xz}A^{yy}\right)\boldsymbol{e}_y \wedge \boldsymbol{e}_z$$

$$A\left(e_{x}\right) \wedge A\left(e_{y}\right) = \left(A^{xx}A^{yy} - A^{xy}A^{yx}\right)\boldsymbol{e}_{x} \wedge \boldsymbol{e}_{y} + \left(A^{xx}A^{yz} - A^{xz}A^{yx}\right)\boldsymbol{e}_{x} \wedge \boldsymbol{e}_{z} + \left(A^{xy}A^{yz} - A^{xz}A^{yy}\right)\boldsymbol{e}_{y} \wedge \boldsymbol{e}_{z}$$

$$g = \left[\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$g^{-1} = \left[\begin{array}{rrr} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$A + B = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} L\left(\mathbf{e}_{x}\right) = & \left(A^{xx} + B^{xx}\right)\mathbf{e}_{x} + \left(A^{xy} + B^{xy}\right)\mathbf{e}_{y} + \left(A^{xz} + B^{xz}\right)\mathbf{e}_{z} \\ L\left(\mathbf{e}_{y}\right) = & \left(A^{yx} + B^{yx}\right)\mathbf{e}_{x} + \left(A^{yy} + B^{yy}\right)\mathbf{e}_{y} + \left(A^{yz} + B^{yz}\right)\mathbf{e}_{z} \\ L\left(\mathbf{e}_{z}\right) = & \left(A^{zx} + B^{zx}\right)\mathbf{e}_{x} + \left(A^{zy} + B^{zy}\right)\mathbf{e}_{y} + \left(A^{zz} + B^{zz}\right)\mathbf{e}_{z} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$AB = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} L\left(\boldsymbol{e}_{x}\right) = & \left(A^{xx}B^{xx} + A^{yx}B^{xy} + A^{zx}B^{xz}\right)\boldsymbol{e}_{x} + \left(A^{xy}B^{xx} + A^{yy}B^{xy} + A^{zy}B^{xz}\right)\boldsymbol{e}_{y} + \left(A^{xz}B^{xx} + A^{yz}B^{xy} + A^{zz}B^{xz}\right)\boldsymbol{e}_{z} \\ L\left(\boldsymbol{e}_{y}\right) = & \left(A^{xx}B^{yx} + A^{yx}B^{yy} + A^{zx}B^{yz}\right)\boldsymbol{e}_{x} + \left(A^{xy}B^{yx} + A^{yy}B^{yy} + A^{zy}B^{yz}\right)\boldsymbol{e}_{y} + \left(A^{xz}B^{yx} + A^{yz}B^{yy} + A^{zz}B^{yz}\right)\boldsymbol{e}_{z} \\ L\left(\boldsymbol{e}_{z}\right) = & \left(A^{xx}B^{zx} + A^{yx}B^{zy} + A^{zx}B^{zz}\right)\boldsymbol{e}_{x} + \left(A^{xy}B^{zx} + A^{yy}B^{zy} + A^{zy}B^{zz}\right)\boldsymbol{e}_{y} + \left(A^{xz}B^{xx} + A^{yz}B^{zy} + A^{zz}B^{zz}\right)\boldsymbol{e}_{z} \end{array} \right\}$$

$$A - B = \left\{ \begin{array}{l} L\left(\mathbf{e}_{x}\right) = & \left(A^{xx} - B^{xx}\right)\mathbf{e}_{x} + \left(A^{xy} - B^{xy}\right)\mathbf{e}_{y} + \left(A^{xz} - B^{xz}\right)\mathbf{e}_{z} \\ L\left(\mathbf{e}_{y}\right) = & \left(A^{yx} - B^{yx}\right)\mathbf{e}_{x} + \left(A^{yy} - B^{yy}\right)\mathbf{e}_{y} + \left(A^{yz} - B^{yz}\right)\mathbf{e}_{z} \\ L\left(\mathbf{e}_{z}\right) = & \left(A^{zx} - B^{zx}\right)\mathbf{e}_{x} + \left(A^{zy} - B^{zy}\right)\mathbf{e}_{y} + \left(A^{zz} - B^{zz}\right)\mathbf{e}_{z} \end{array} \right\}$$

General Symmetric Linear Transformation

$$A = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} L\left(\boldsymbol{e}_{x}\right) = & A^{xx}\boldsymbol{e}_{x} + A^{xy}\boldsymbol{e}_{y} + A^{xz}\boldsymbol{e}_{z} \\ L\left(\boldsymbol{e}_{y}\right) = & A^{xy}\boldsymbol{e}_{x} + A^{yy}\boldsymbol{e}_{y} + A^{yz}\boldsymbol{e}_{z} \\ L\left(\boldsymbol{e}_{z}\right) = & A^{xz}\boldsymbol{e}_{x} + A^{yz}\boldsymbol{e}_{y} + A^{zz}\boldsymbol{e}_{z} \end{array} \right\}$$

General Antisymmetric Linear Transformation

$$A = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} L(\boldsymbol{e}_x) = & A^{xy}\boldsymbol{e}_y + A^{xz}\boldsymbol{e}_z \\ L(\boldsymbol{e}_y) = & -A^{xy}\boldsymbol{e}_x + A^{yz}\boldsymbol{e}_z \\ L(\boldsymbol{e}_z) = & -A^{xz}\boldsymbol{e}_x - A^{yz}\boldsymbol{e}_y \end{array} \right\}$$

2d general (A, B are linear transformations)

$$g = \begin{bmatrix} (e_{u} \cdot e_{u}) & (e_{u} \cdot e_{v}) \\ (e_{u} \cdot e_{v}) & (e_{v} \cdot e_{v}) \end{bmatrix}$$

$$g^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})(e_{v} \cdot e_{v})^{2} - (e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v})}{(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v})^{2} - 2(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})(e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v}) + (e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{4}} & \frac{-(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})(e_{u} \cdot e_{v})(e_{v} \cdot e_{v}) + (e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{3}}{(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v})^{2} - 2(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})(e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v}) + (e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{4}} & \frac{(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v})^{2} - 2(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})(e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v}) + (e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{4}}{(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v})^{2} - 2(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})(e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v}) + (e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{4}} & \frac{(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v})^{2} - 2(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})(e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v}) + (e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{4}}{(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v})^{2} - 2(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})(e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v}) + (e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{4}} & \frac{(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v})^{2} - 2(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})(e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v}) + (e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{4}}{(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v})^{2} - 2(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})(e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v}) + (e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{4}} & \frac{(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v})^{2} - 2(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})(e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v}) + (e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{4}}{(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v})^{2} - 2(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})(e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v}) + (e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{4}} & \frac{(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v})^{2} - 2(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})(e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v})^{2} - 2(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})(e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{2}}{(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v})^{2} - 2(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})(e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v})^{2} - 2(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})(e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v})^{2} - 2(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})(e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{2}}{(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})^{2}(e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v})^{2} - 2(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})(e_{u} \cdot e_{v})^{2}(e_{v} \cdot e_{v})^{2} - 2(e_{u} \cdot e_{u})(e_$$

$$A = \begin{cases} I_{1}(x_{0}) & = -i \log_{2} X_{0}^{(1)} (x_{0}^{(1)} (x_{0}^{(1)$$

 $\mathbf{\nabla} f = \partial_u f \mathbf{e}_u + \frac{\partial_v f}{\sin(u)} \mathbf{e}_v$

$$F = F^{u} \boldsymbol{e}_{u} + F^{v} \boldsymbol{e}_{v}$$

$$\nabla F = \left(\frac{F^{u}}{\tan(u)} + \partial_{u} F^{u} + \frac{\partial_{v} F^{v}}{\sin(u)}\right) + \left(\frac{F^{v}}{\tan(u)} + \partial_{u} F^{v} - \frac{\partial_{v} F^{u}}{\sin(u)}\right) \boldsymbol{e}_{u} \wedge \boldsymbol{e}_{v}$$

$$f = f$$

$$oldsymbol{
abla} f = \partial_{ heta} f oldsymbol{e}_{ heta} + rac{\partial_{\phi} f}{\sin{(heta)}} oldsymbol{e}_{\phi}$$

$$F = F^{\theta} \mathbf{e}_{\theta} + F^{\phi} \mathbf{e}_{\phi}$$

$$\nabla F = \left(\frac{F^{\theta}}{\tan{(\theta)}} + \partial_{\theta}F^{\theta} + \frac{\partial_{\phi}F^{\phi}}{\sin{(\theta)}}\right) + \left(\frac{F^{\phi}}{\tan{(\theta)}} + \partial_{\theta}F^{\phi} - \frac{\partial_{\phi}F^{\theta}}{\sin{(\theta)}}\right) \boldsymbol{e}_{\theta} \wedge \boldsymbol{e}_{\phi}$$