

Problem Set #7

Wednesday, September 28, 2022 9:08 AM

1. Unfair coin with $P(H) = 0.55$, 4 flips

| Heads | Combs | Individual Probability |
|-------|--|--------------------------|
| 0 | !H, !H, !H, !H | $(.45)^4=0.041$ |
| 1 | H, !H, !H, !H !H, H, !H, !H !H, !H, H, !H !H, !H, !H, H | $(.45)^3*.55=0.0501$ |
| 2 | H, H, !H, !H H, !H, H, !H H, !H, !H, H !H, H, H, !H !H, H, !H, H !H, !H, H, H | $(.45)^2*(.55)^2=0.0613$ |
| 3 | !H, H, H, H H, !H, H, H H, H, !H, H H, H, H, !H | $(.45)*(.55)^3=0.0749$ |
| 4 | H, H, H, H | $(.55)^4=0.0915$ |

- b. 5: 0, 1, 2, 3, and 4

- c. HHTH and THHH are the same but TTHT is different as the number of tails and heads differs.

If this was a fair coin, they would have all been the same

i. HHTH: $0.55*0.55*0.45*0.55=0.0749$

ii. THHH: $0.45*0.55*0.55*0.55=0.0749$

iii. TTHT: $0.45*0.45*0.55*0.45=0.0501$

- d. 4

e. $\frac{0.0749 * 3}{1} = 0.2247$

- f. Because the coin is not fair so the probabilities differ across the different number of heads

2. Unfair coin with $P(H) = 0.55$, 4 flips

| Heads | Combs | Individual Prob | Total Prob |
|-------|--|--------------------------|----------------------------|
| 0 | !H, !H, !H, !H | $(.45)^4=0.041$ | $(.45)^4=0.041$ |
| 1 | H, !H, !H, !H !H, H, !H, !H !H, !H, H, !H !H, !H, !H, H | $(.45)^3*.55=0.0501$ | $(.45)^3*.55*4=0.2005$ |
| 2 | H, H, !H, !H H, !H, H, !H H, !H, !H, H !H, H, H, !H !H, H, !H, H !H, !H, H, H | $(.45)^2*(.55)^2=0.0613$ | $(.45)^2*(.55)^2*6=0.3675$ |
| 3 | !H, H, H, H H, !H, H, H H, H, !H, H H, H, H, !H | $(.45)*(.55)^3=0.0749$ | $(.45)*(.55)^3*4=0.2995$ |

| | | | |
|---|------------|------------------|------------------|
| 4 | H, H, H, H | $(.55)^4=0.0915$ | $(.55)^4=0.0915$ |
|---|------------|------------------|------------------|

i. $0.041+0.2005+0.3675+0.2995+0.0915=1$

b. It's a normal distribution that's slightly skewed due to the coin not being fair



c. It would still be a normal distribution but would be exactly symmetrical

d. What are the chances that the first 2 are heads and how does that align with the table?

i. $0.55 \times 0.55 = 0.3025$

ii. In the table, there are 4 options or 0.25, which would be 0.5×0.5 . Makes sense since table does not include the chances of the coin. If we add the individual probabilities, we get $0.0915+0.0749+0.0749+0.0613=0.3026$, which is basically the same (rounding error probably)

3. $\frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!}$

a. $\frac{4!}{3!(4-3)!} = \frac{4}{1} = 4$, they match

b. They all match

i. $\frac{4!}{0!(4-0)!} = 1$

ii. $\frac{4!}{1!(4-1)!} = 4$

iii. $\frac{4!}{2!(4-2)!} = \frac{4 \times 3}{2!} = 6$

iv. $\frac{4!}{4!(4-4)!} = 1$

c. With tails, the function would not change at all since it's just checking number of combinations

i. $n \text{ choose } n-k: \frac{n!}{(n-k)!(n-n+k)!} = \frac{n!}{(n-k)!(k)!} = \frac{n!}{k!(n-k)!}$

d. The rows reflect how many coin flips occur and the numbers in the middle tell you how many times each outcome occurs

4. At least 16 with 3 dice

a. 4, 6, 6; 6, 4, 6; 6, 6, 4

b. 5, 5, 6; 5, 6, 5; 5, 5, 6

c. 5, 6, 6; 6, 5, 6; 6, 6, 5;

d. 6, 6, 6

e. $10/216 = 5/108$