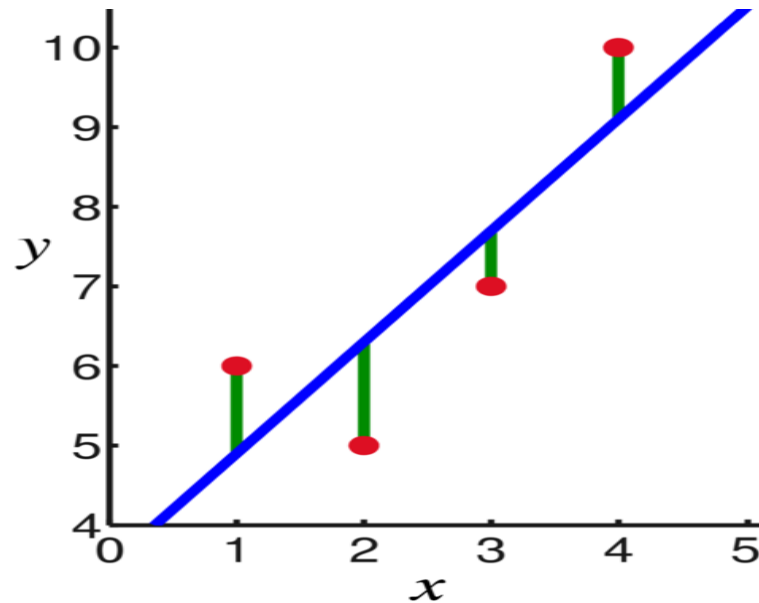


Linear Regression as Linear Optimization

Eric Olberding

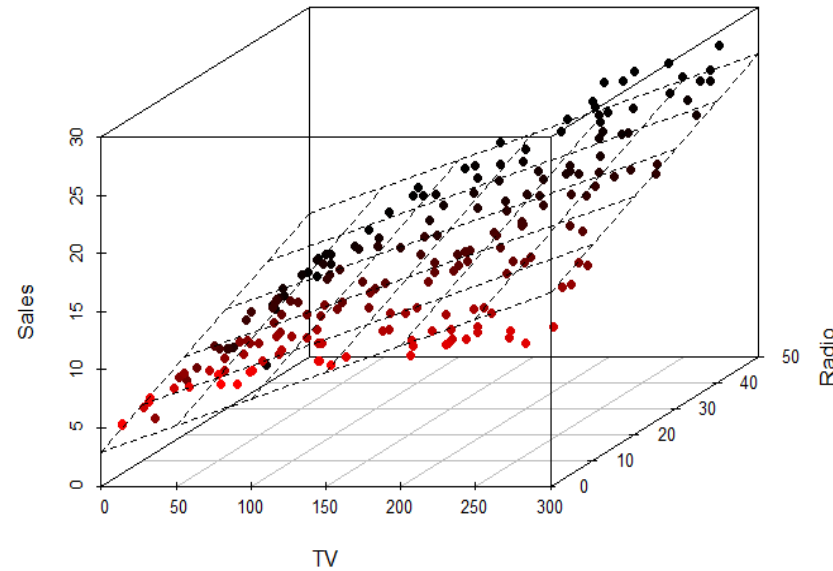
Linear Regression

- Model a dependent variable y as a linear function of some independent variables x_i . The model usually won't be perfect so there is some error term ϵ .
- Example for 1 independent variable: $y = \beta_0 + \beta x + \epsilon$



Linear Regression: General Form

- ▶ $y_i = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_{i,1} + \dots + \beta_p x_{i,p} + \epsilon_i; \quad i = 1, \dots, n$
- ▶ N datapoints $(y_i, x_{i,1}, \dots, x_{i,p})$
- ▶ 3-dimensional example (y, x_1, x_2)



Minimizing Error

- ▶ $\epsilon_i = y_i - \beta_0 + \sum_{j=1}^p \beta_j x_{i,j}; \quad i = 1, \dots, n$
- ▶ Want to find β_j values that minimize “total error”
- ▶ Ordinary Least Squares(OLS) Regression minimizes Squared Error

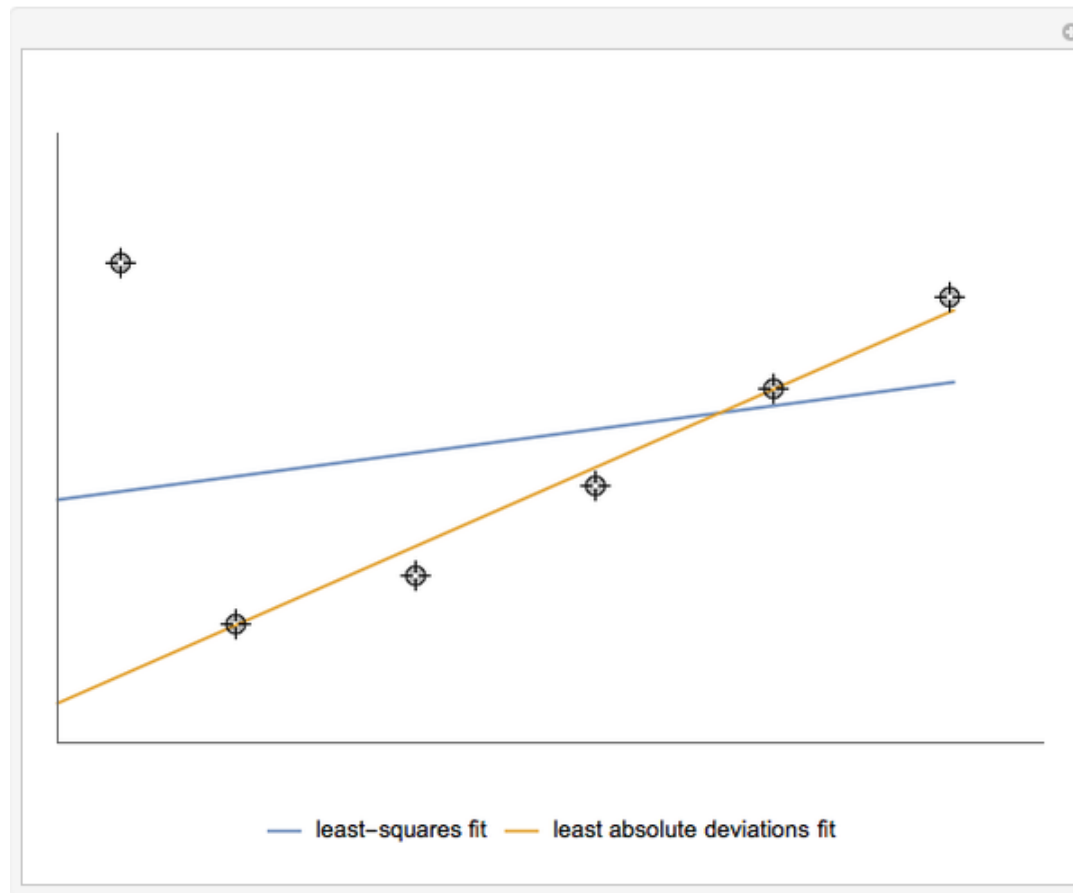
$$\sum_{i=1}^n \left(y_i - \beta_0 + \sum_{j=1}^p \beta_j x_{i,j} \right)^2 = \sum_{i=1}^n \epsilon_i^2 \quad (\text{quadratic optimization})$$

- ▶ Least Absolute Deviation(LAD) Regression minimizes Absolute Error
- $$\sum_{i=1}^n \left| y_i - \beta_0 + \sum_{j=1}^p \beta_j x_{i,j} \right| = \sum_{i=1}^n |\epsilon_i| \quad (\text{linear optimization})$$

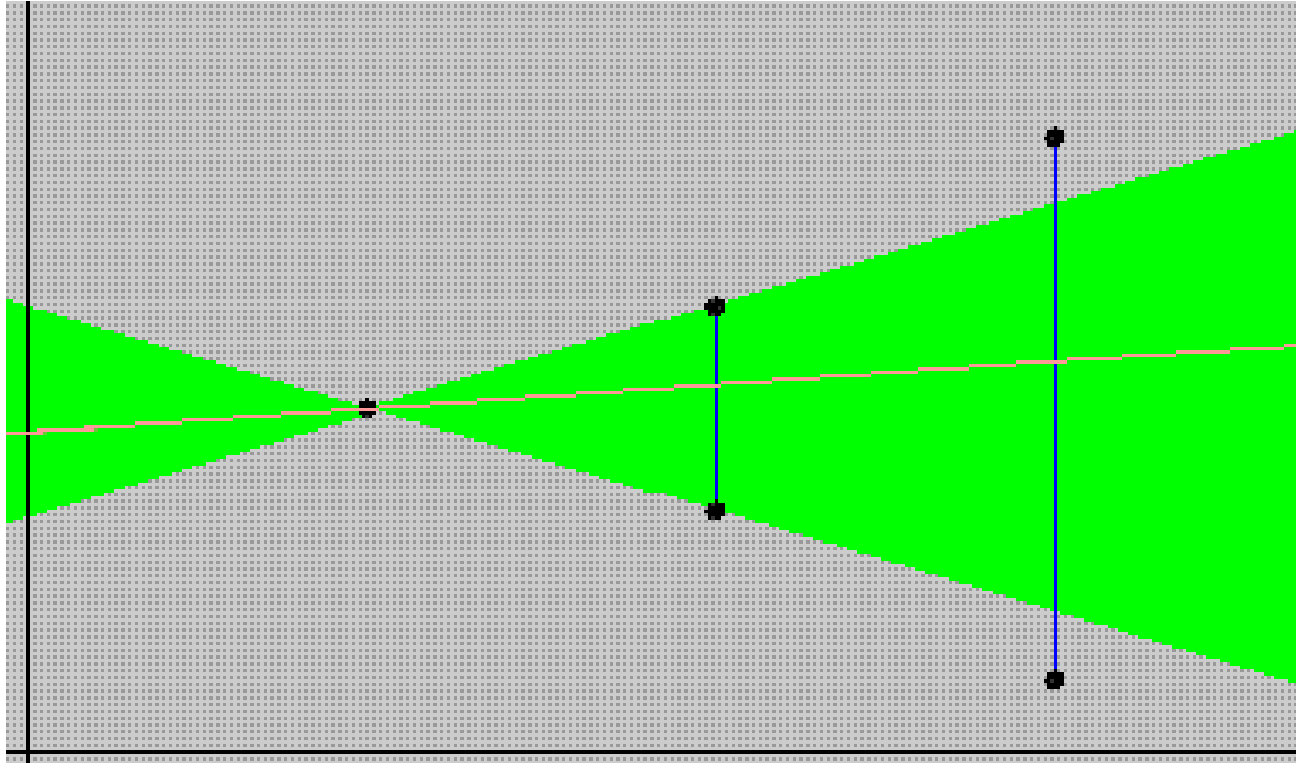
LAD vs OLS

LAD	OLS
Robust	Not very robust
Possibly many solution	Unique solution
Unstable Solution	Stable Solution

Robustness of LAD



Multiple Solutions using LAD



Least Absolute Deviations as a Linear Program

- ▶ Need fact that $|a| \leq b \Leftrightarrow -b \leq a \leq b$
- ▶ $t_i \geq 0 \quad i = 1, \dots, n$ such that $|\epsilon_i| \leq t_i \Leftrightarrow -t_i \leq \epsilon_i \leq t_i$
- ▶ $\sum_{i=1}^n |\epsilon_i| \leq \sum_{i=1}^n t_i$
- ▶ LP formulation:

$$\begin{aligned} & \min \sum_{i=1}^n t_i \\ & -t_i \leq y_i - \beta_0 + \sum_{j=1}^p \beta_j x_{i,j} \leq t_i; \quad i = 1, \dots, n \end{aligned}$$

Examples: mtcars data

- ▶ Variables in handout

- ▶
$$mpg = 7.62 + 0.65cyl + 0.02disp - 0.03hp + 0.78drat - 4.56wt + 0.58qsec + 1.59vs + 1.33am + 2.37gear - 0.33carb + \epsilon$$

Examples: iris data

► Variables in handout

► $\text{petallength} = -2.636 + 1.72\text{sepallength} - 1.22\text{sepalwidth} + \epsilon$

References

- ▶ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/File:Linear_regression.svg
- ▶ <https://stackoverflow.com/questions/26431800/plot-linear-model-in-3d-with-matplotlib>
- ▶ <https://demonstrations.wolfram.com/ComparingLeastSquaresFitAndLeastAbsoluteDeviationsFit/>
- ▶ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Linear_regression
- ▶ <https://vanderbei.princeton.edu/542/lectures/lec9.pdf>
- ▶ https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Least_absolute_deviations