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1.

a. 11111001      Negative number, so we invert the bits and add 1  
                    = 00000110 inverted  
                    +            1  
                    00000111  
=  $0 \cdot 2^7 + 0 \cdot 2^6 + 0 \cdot 2^5 + 0 \cdot 2^4 + 0 \cdot 2^3 + 1 \cdot 2^2 + 1 \cdot 2^1 + 1 \cdot 2^0$   
=  $4 + 2 + 1$   
= 7  
= -7

b.

=  $0 \cdot 2^7 + 1 \cdot 2^6 + 0 \cdot 2^5 + 1 \cdot 2^4 + 1 \cdot 2^3 + 0 \cdot 2^2 + 0 \cdot 2^1 + 0 \cdot 2^0$   
=  $2^6 + 2^4 + 2^3$   
=  $64 + 16 + 8$   
= 88

2.

a. -3      = 1100  
b. 5       = 0101

3.

Instruction set

Repeat until we hit the rightmost of the list:

    Compare right

    Note who is larger, set larger kid as largest

Repeat until we hit the rightmost of the list

    Tell kid who the largest one is

Program

Assuming each "kid" is a node with fields to store a name(string), a number value(int), and who is largest(string) so at the end they "all know who is largest"

So each kid node has variables: current\_kid\_name(string), current\_kid\_value(int), and kid\_with\_largest\_value(string).

```
while (there is still another kid to the right) { /* find the largest value */
    if (current_kid_value > right_kid_value)
        largest_name_string = current_kid_name /*
largest_name_string is a variable that stores the name of the kid with
the largest name */
    move to next kid
}
```

```
while (there is still another kid to the right) { /* second
transversal to "tell" each */
    kid_with_largest_value = largest_name_string /* set
kid_with_largest_value for each kid node to who has the largest
value.*/
                                                    /* this
"tells" each kid which node is the largest */
    move to next kid
}
```