OpenTestCenter Application Purpose

Given the OpenTestCenter open database schema designed to provide tracking of tests and defects as related to requirement and story artifacts, provide a flexible, scalable, open-source application which transparently solves the problem of QA engineers being forced to use expensive, obtuse tools in order to:

- author and track requirements and stories,
- author and track the tests written to cover those stories,
- author and track the bugs that result from testing,
- maintain basic metadata

and derive meaning from metrics that measure

- the relationships and causal relationships between development and testing artifacts,
- · tell the story of how a release is shaping up,
- indicate the snapshot and synthesis to-date of the quality of a given build,
- · the strong and weak areas of a product over time, and
- custom metrics of interest to the team

OpenTestCenter can and must

- (1) provide base functionality derived from principles of real testing that solves the problems testers need solved in order to do their job effectively,
- (2) **be completely transparent to the tester** so that the tester may adjust and tweak the application to their needs, and
- (3) **outperform** existing commercial products.

OpenTestCenter Application Goal

Provide a smart, adaptable, modular application that works with the OpenTestCenter data layer in order to provide logic and programmable interfaces to

- accept programmatic and manual queries and CRUD assertions to artifacts (acceptance criteria, stories, tests, bugs, associations between entities, and membership assertions/changes/removals from relationships)
- accept queries and CRUD manipulation of metrics
- provide clean and clear implementation of a base set of QA metrics with an open interface to allow for the programmatic creation of further metrics as a tester sees fit, including:
 - First-order metrics:
 - Tests passed, failed, not run, and anything in between
 - Requirements/Stories/Acceptance Criteria covered by tests
 - Bugs open, closed, and in between
 - o Second-order metrics:
 - Build and Release quality based on weighted bug and test states
 - Weighted heatmap of tests indicating quality issues of the system anatomy
 - Weighted heatmap of tests indicating tests that have captured the most useful bugs vs tests that have found zero or useless bugs
 - o Third-order metrics:

- Probabilistic likelihood of completion of release delivery to quality standards over time based on past history of builds and
- QA timeline predictor of time needed to test changes to specific areas of system anatomy based on what is being proposed to change, who is doing the testing, and who is developing the change
- Automated testing analysis to show the most valuable return on investment of automating the most time spent on manual testing on highest risk areas of the product.