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Assignment 3 - Javascript Individual Game Assignment

Description:

This assignment involves creating a memory card game using JavaScript and HTML Canvas. The game consists of 8 cards, with pairs of matching numbers (1, 2, 3, 4) represented by different colors. Players must flip over cards to find matching pairs, and upon successfully matching all pairs, they win the game. Using the basic code of JavaScript and Canvas API to complete.

Approach / What I Did:

Identified key tasks such as creating a memory card game, using HTML Canvas, implementing card flipping logic, and providing win condition feedback.

Planning create HTML structure with Canvas element and message container. And write the Javascript functions for card shuffling, drawing cards on the canvas, handling card clicks, checking for matches, and displaying win message. Then implement card flipping logic. Add the function that can reset the game.

Separating tasks were created for each JavaScript function needed to handle game logic.

Testing different situations, such as flipping cards, matching pairs, and winning the game. **Issues and Resolutions:**

My first issue was the cards were not being shuffled properly, leading to the predicted cards can't show up. And I asked ChatGPT to give me some ideas and I borrowed the idea from ChatGPT. I already noted in my code that this function uses ChatGPT.

```
javascript

function shuffle(array) {
    return array.sort(() => Math.random() - 0.5);
}

This version of the shuffle function utilizes the `sort` method to sort the array. The sorting criterion is based on a random number subtracted by 0.5. Since the `sort` method is stable, the relative order of elements will not change when the comparison function returns the same value.
Therefore, by using the result of `Math.random() - 0.5` as the comparison function, the order of array elements will be randomized, achieving the shuffling effect.
```

I resolved it by checking the shuffle function, I found The previous approach was not sufficiently random, leading to predictable shuffling. To solve this problem, I use the `Array.sort()` method along with a custom comparison function. Through sorting the array with a comparison

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function that generates random values between -0.5 and 0.5, the order of elements in the array is effectively randomized.

The second issue is that I had trouble with the handle click part, so I asked ChatGPT. I've noted in my code that I borrowed this idea.

```
javascript
                                                                    Copy code
function handleClick(event) {
   const rect = mycanvas.getBoundingClientRect();
   const mouseX = event.clientX - rect.left;
   const mouseY = event.clientY - rect.top;
   const c = Math.floor(mouseX / (cardWidth + padding));
   const r = Math.floor(mouseY / (cardHeight + padding));
   const index = r * 4 + c;
   if (!flippedCards.includes(index)) {
       flippedCards.push(index);
       drawCard(c * (cardWidth + padding) + padding, r * (cardHeight + padding) + pa
       if (flippedCards.length === 2) {
           setTimeout(() => {
              const [card1, card2] = flippedCards;
              const id1 = cards[card1].id;
              const id2 = cards[card2].id;
              if (pairsToMatch.some(pair => pair[0] === id1 && pair[1] === id2)) {
                  matchedPairs++;
                  checkWin();
              } else {
                  drawCard(card2 , 4 * (cardWidth + padding) + padding, Math.floor(
```

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```
if (!flippedCards.includes(index)) {
        flippedCards.push(index);
        drawCard(c * (cardWidth + padding) + padding, r * (cardHeight + padding) + pa
        if (flippedCards.length === 2) {
            setTimeout(() => {
                const [card1, card2] = flippedCards;
                const id1 = cards[card1].id;
                const id2 = cards[card2].id;
                if (pairsToMatch.some(pair => pair[0] === id1 && pair[1] === id2)) {
                    matchedPairs++;
                    checkWin();
                } else {
                    drawCard(card1 % 4 * (cardWidth + padding) + padding, Math.floor(
                    drawCard(card2 % 4 * (cardWidth + padding) + padding, Math.floor(
                }
                flippedCards = [];
            }, 1000);
    }
}
```

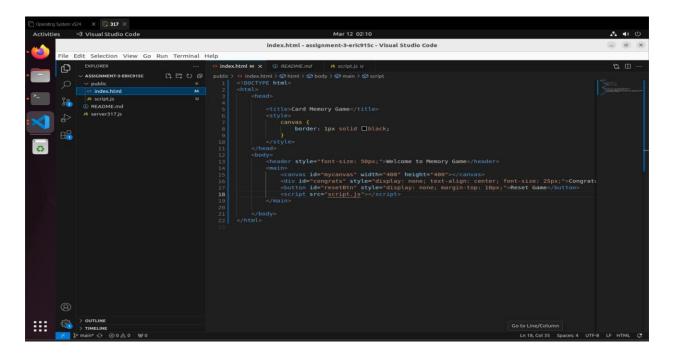
I resolved by following the idea from ChatGPT, it gave me a handleClick function. And to make the game smoother, I changed the delay time from 1000 milliseconds to 100 milliseconds. After testing, I think this will make the game smoother for players.

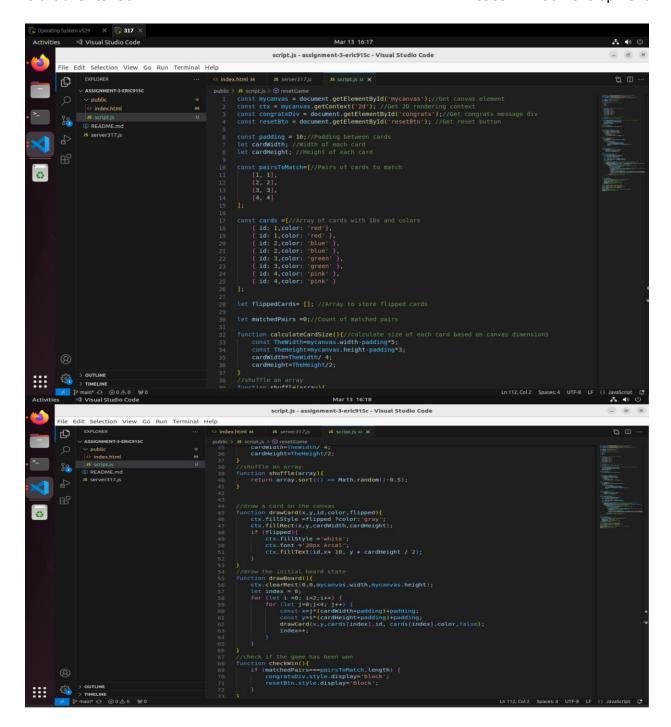
Analysis: (Reflect on what you have learned and how decisions made could impact users.)

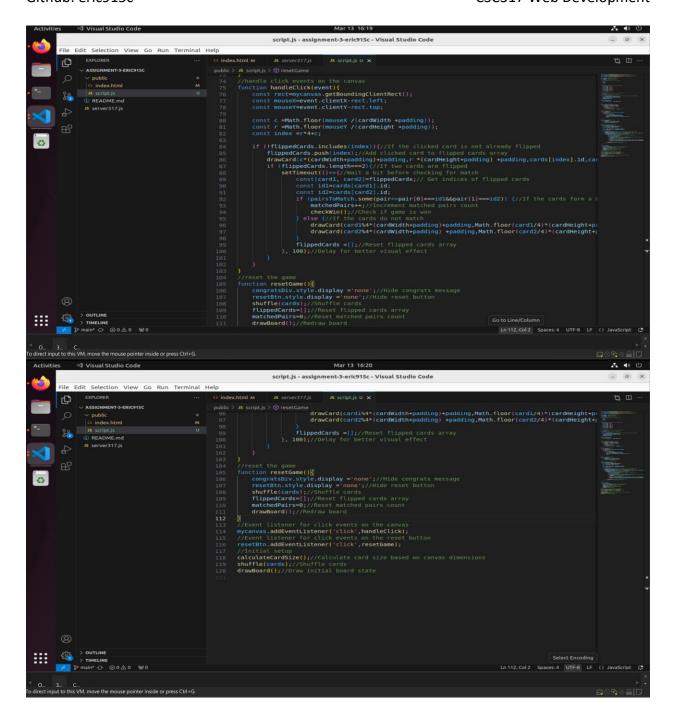
This assignment helped me deepen my understanding of game logic implementation, particularly in a web-based environment. I learned how to structure code to handle game mechanics such as card flipping, matching, and win conditions.

I think that an effective shuffling algorithm enhances replayability and excitement, and the "Reset Game" button improve usability and player engagement.

Screen shots:

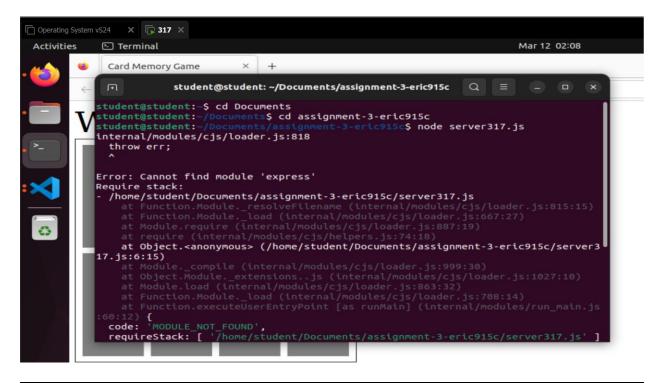


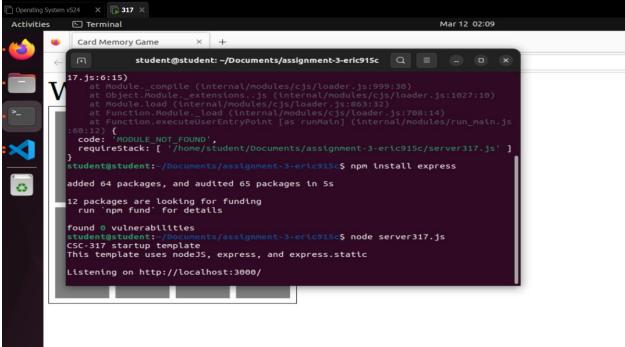




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