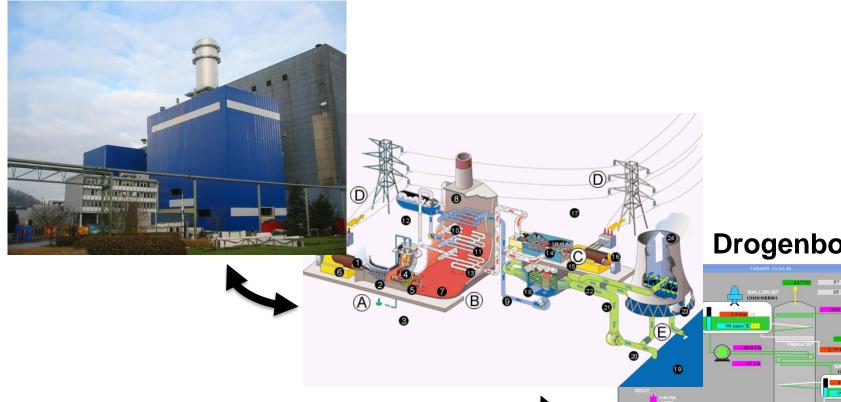




# **MECA 2150: PROJECT**

Modelisation of GT, ST, CCGT and cooling tower



#### **Drogenbos (ENGIE)**

2.5 bit 1

OR manCE

Particip ACE

Particip ACE

Particip ACE

Particip ACE

OR manCE

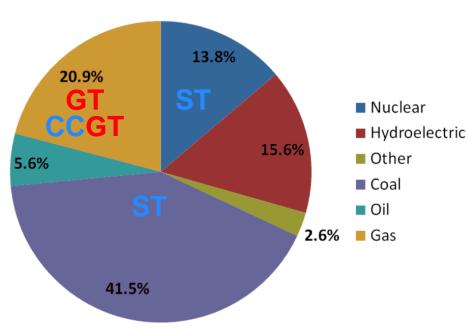
25/09/2017
Gauthier LIMPENS





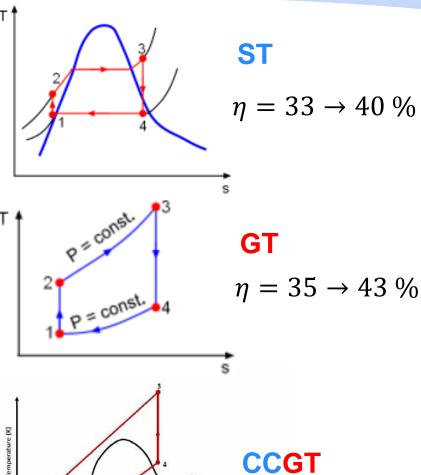
#### Introduction

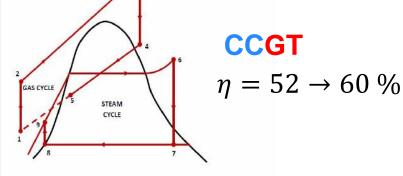
#### → Context



#### World electricity production

>76% world electricity production comes from thermal cycles







#### Introduction

#### → Project goal :

- Perform an in-depth thermodynamic study of a thermal cycle power plant, in order to :
  - Determine performances in the energy and exergy point of views of the different parts of the cycle
  - Draw T-s and h-s diagrams of the different cycles and heat exchangers
  - Study the impact of several parameters on the performances of the cycle

#### → Project structure :

- The project is divided in four parts :
  - Steam turbine (ST) power plant combining reheating and feed-heating for different fuels. It should be used in sub and super critical modes with a degazificator.
  - Gas turbine (GT) power plant cycle
  - Combine cycle gas turbine (CCGT) power plant with 3 pressure levels
  - Cooling tower for ST and CCGT
- The model will be developed with Matlab.

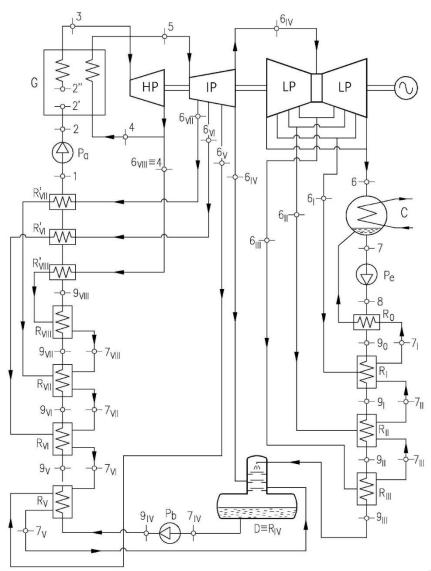




# Thermal cycles: Steam turbine

DATA		
River temperature	15 [°C]	
Max. temperature within the boiler	525 [°C]	
Max. steam pressure	200 [bar]	

- Why these data are relevant?
- Which parameters are also relevant, what are the associated data and their numerical values?
- Which input are required?

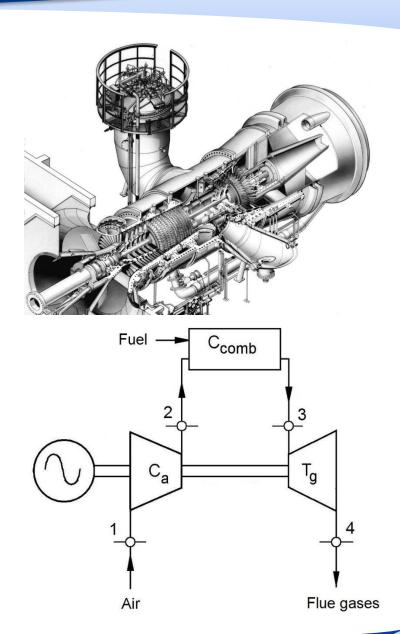




# Thermal cycles: Gas turbine

DATA		
Air temperature	15 [°C]	
Max. temperature	1050 [°C]	
Compression ratio	10 [-]	

- Why these data are relevant?
- Which parameters are also relevant, what are the associated data and their numerical values?
- Which input are required?

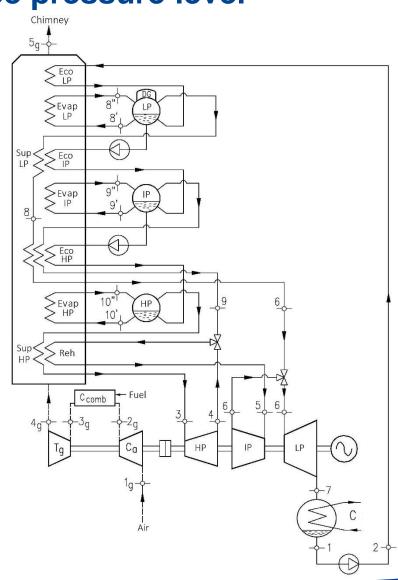




# Thermal cycles: CCGT - three pressure level

DATA		
Steam pressure (HP)	122.8 [bar]	
Steam pressure (HP)	27.3 [bar]	
Steam pressure (LP)	3.6 [bar]	
ST elec. power	153.8 [MW]	
GT elec. power	283.7 [MW]	

- Why these data are relevant?
- Which parameters are also relevant, what are the associated data and their numerical values?
- Which input are required?





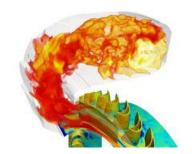
# **Humid air analysis**

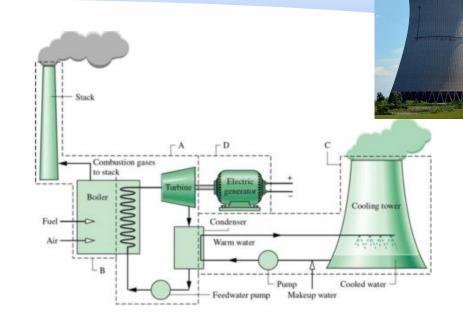
#### → Design of cooling tower :

- What are the required flows?
- What are the thermodynamic states?

#### → Combustion:

- What is the required amount of fluids?
- What is the exhaust gas composition?





### → Computation of the dew point at the chimney

- What is the value?
- What is the risk and what should be provided to avoid the risk?







## **Organisation**

#### → Group:

2 students

#### →Input:

- Xsteam : thermodynamics state of liquid and gaseous water
- Janaf : heat capacity of various gas (CO2, CO, O2 N2...)
- Psychrometrics: thermodynamics state of humid air

#### → Support :

Facultative exercices (on moodle):



Project

Project & exercices

- Cycles
- Combustion
- Consulting (see appendix 2):
  - Group forum (whenever): Discussion between each group and me.
  - Consultation: Thursday 10h45-12h45 in room a.078 (Stévin). Scheduled by myself based on questions on group forum.
- Informations :
  - Via moodle. Please check directly on moodle (not on your mails)





#### **Evaluation**

#### → Code (40%):

- The code must be done in matlab and respect a given structure (see appendix 3)
- Automatic computation of the code will occur (20%), I will check your graphs (20%).
- Exact signature and an example of computation code will be given later.
- Codes will be compared. Similarities will be sanctioned.

#### → Report (30%):

Explain your assumptions, methodology to an expert with a synthetic 6 pages (3 sheets without cover & appendix) report. Add 1-2 pages per cycle with only graphes without comments (T-s, h-s, pie charts, steam generator and heat exchangers).

#### → Oral (30%):

- 10 minutes presentations on the strenght and the innovative part of your work
- 5-10 minutes Q-A.
- Previous group will attend actively the next one.

#### **→** Submissions

- Planning including jalons date, duration and description for S3 (see appendix 1)
- Code, report and updated planning will be given back on moodle Friday S13 (14-12)
- Orals will occur on S14 and will be scheduled on S12.

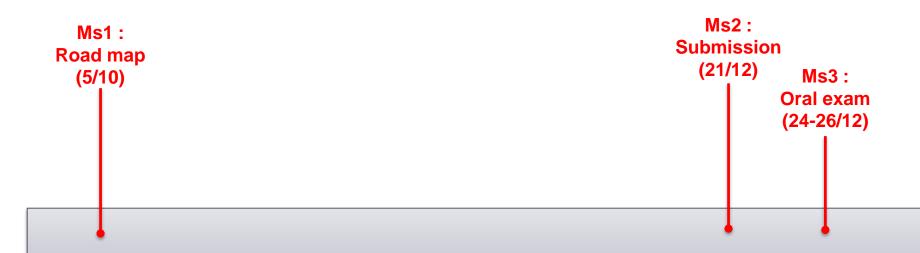




# **Planning**

#### → Milestones (Ms):

- Ms1 : Road map (1 page) see appendix 1
- Ms2 : Code + report (6 pages) submission
- Ms3 : Oral examination





# APPENDIX



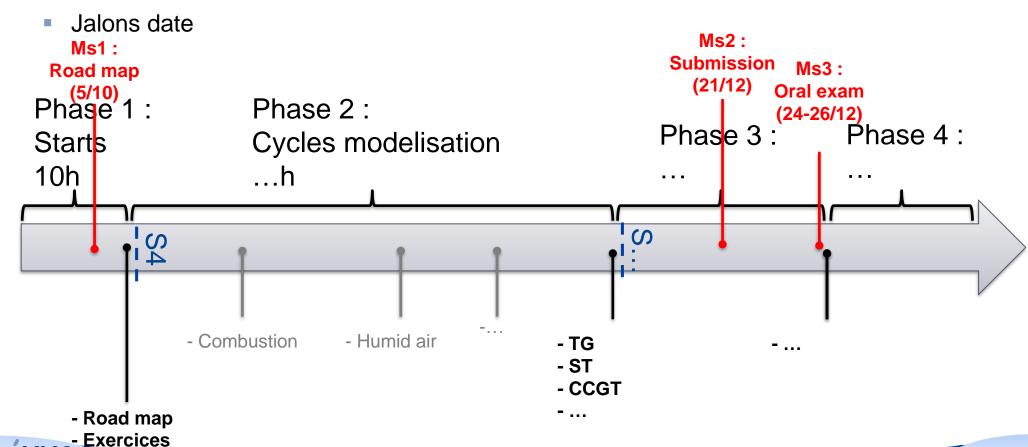


MMC

# **APPENDIX 1 : Planning example**

#### → Road map must include :

- Jalons description
- Approximal duration per jalon

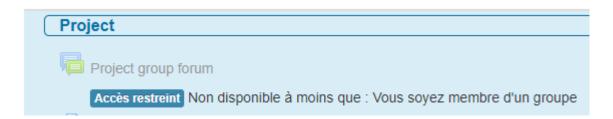




# **APPENDIX 2: Group forum and consultation**

#### → Use:

- I recommend to use this template for the forum :
  - 1 topic = 1 problem domain (exchanger/ heat feeders / combustion ...)
  - For each topic, make a short question (I know what is hard for you).
  - Use pictures/graphics that you can upload on the thread, it worths.
- Please be assertiveness, a question well asked will be faster to answer.
- I will answer your questions or I will schedule an appointment to help you during the consultation session.







#### **APPENDIX 3: Code structure**

#### → Folder structure :

- 1 folder with the name: « LMECA2150\_1718\_GrX », where X is your group number
- In this folder,
  - You must include these functions : CCGT.m, GT.m, ST.m, janaf.m, Xsteam.m
  - You can include other function with the name you want







#### **APPENDIX 3: Code structure**

# Functions will be provided in week 4 (S4)

#### → Signature:

- These are the minimum required. Your fonction can include more parameters (input/ouput).
- Use nargin to have default value of input. You may check input arguments and return a warning if a value seems unrelevant (ex: -300°C)

```
function [ETA DATEN DATEX DAT MASSFLOW COMBUSTION] = GT(P e, options, display)
- % GT Gas turbine modelisation
 % GT(P e,options,display) compute the thermodynamics states for a Gas
 % turbine based on several inputs (given in OPTION) and based on a given
 % electricity production P e. It returns the main results. It can as well
 % plots graphs if input argument DISPLAY = true (<=> DISPLAY=1)
                                                function [ETA DATEN DATEX DAT MASSFLOW COMBUSTION] = ST(P e, options, display)
 % INPUTS :
                                                % ST Steam power plants modelisation
 % P E = electrical power output target [W]
                                                % ST(P e,options,display) compute the thermodynamics states for a Steam
 % OPTIONS is a structure containing :
                                                % power plant (combustion, exchanger, cycle) turbine based on several
     -ontions k mec [-] · Shaft los
                                                % inputs (given in OPTION) and based on a given electricity production P e.
                                                 % It returns the main results. It can as well plots graphs if input
                                                 % argument DISPLAY = true (<=> DISPLAY=1)
                                                % INPUTS :
                                                % P E = electrical power output target [W]
                                                 % OPTIONS is a structure containing :
                                                    -options.nsout [-]: Number of feed-heating
```