

Submit a page with the answer to the following questions

1.

convert binary to decimal:

a. $11001100 = 128+64+0+0+8+4+0+0 = 204;$

$$\begin{array}{r} 128 | 64 | 32 | 16 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 1 | \\ \hline 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | \end{array}$$

b. $00001101 = 0+0+0+0+8+4+0+1 = 13;$

$$\begin{array}{r} 128 | 64 | 32 | 16 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 1 | \\ \hline 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 1 | \end{array}$$

c. $11100000 = 128+64+32+0+0+0+0+0 = 224;$

$$\begin{array}{r} 128 | 64 | 32 | 16 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 1 | \\ \hline 1 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \end{array}$$

d. $00000111 = 0+0+0+0+0+4+2+1 = 7;$

$$\begin{array}{r} 128 | 64 | 32 | 16 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 1 | \\ \hline 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 1 | \end{array}$$

2.

convert decimal to binary

a. $48 = 00110000;$

128 > 48 = 0 to binary
64 > 48 = 0 to binary
32 <= 48 = 1 to binary
48 - 32 = 16;
16 <= 16 = 1 to binary
16 - 16 = 0;
8 > 0 = 0 to binary
4 > 0 = 0 to binary
2 > 0 = 0 to binary
1 > 0 = 0 to binary

$$\begin{array}{r} 128 | 64 | 32 | 16 | 8 | 4 | 2 | 1 | \\ \hline 0 | 0 | 1 | 1 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | \end{array}$$

b. $135 = 10000111;$

128 <= 135 = 1 to binary

$135 - 128 = 7;$
 $64 > 7 = 0$ to binary
 $32 > 7 = 0$ to binary
 $16 > 7 = 0$ to binary
 $8 > 7 = 0$ to binary
 $4 \leq 7 = 1$ to binary
 $7 - 4 = 3;$
 $2 \leq 3 = 1$ to binary
 $3 - 2 = 1;$
 $1 \leq 1 = 1$ to binary
 $1 - 1 = 0;$

128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1
1	0	0	0	0	1	1	1

c. $60 = 00111100;$

$128 > 60 = 0$ to binary
 $64 > 60 = 0$ to binary
 $32 \leq 60 = 1$ to binary
 $60 - 32 = 28;$
 $16 \leq 28 = 1$ to binary
 $28 - 16 = 12;$
 $8 \leq 12 = 1$ to binary
 $12 - 8 = 4;$
 $4 \leq 4 = 1$ to binary
 $4 - 4 = 0;$
 $2 > 0 = 0$ to binary
 $1 > 0 = 0$ to binary

128	64	32	16	8	4	2	1
0	0	1	1	1	1	0	0

3.

The default subnet mask for IP 10.1.3.2 in dot notation is: 255.0.0.0 write this network and its subnet mask in prefix (CIDR) notation

- 10.0.0.0 /8

4.

Given a Class C network: 200.1.1.0 We want 5 subnets, each with 30 hosts on it.

How many bits to borrow ?

How many bits to leave?

What is the subnet mask? (in dot notation and in CIDR notation)

3 Borrowed Bits = 8 Number of Subnets Created;

If 2 bits are borrowed, only 4 subnets are created;

Class C network = /24 Classful Mask (Prefix Notation);

3 Borrowed Bits + 24-bit Classful Mask = 27-bit subnet mask;

Dot Notation: 255.255.255.224;

Prefix Notation: /27;

5.

Given a Class B network: 132.70.0.0 and a subnet mask of: 255.255.192.0.
What is the subnet mask in CIDR notation.

Class B network + Classful Mask 255.255.0.0 = /16 Classful Mask (Prefix Notation);
Dotted-Decimal Notation 255.255.192.0 = /18 Classful Mask (Prefix Notation);
Network address with prefix notation: 132.70.0.0 /18;