Agile Teams (A-Teams)

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Proposers Day

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A-Teams: Design abstractions for agile human-machine (hybrid) teams

Program Goal:

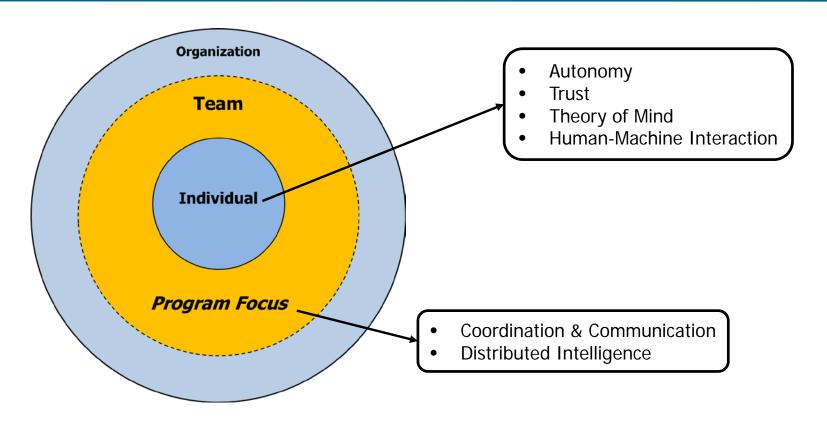
Discover and test predictive and generalizable mathematical methods for the design of agile teams of humans and intelligent machines (hybrid teams)

Program Outcomes:

- 1) Mathematical methods enabling a general purpose design tool for dynamically co-evolving hybrid team structure and problem solving processes
- 2) Experimental capabilities to reproducibly and quantitatively evaluate team architectures in a diverse range of problem contexts



Machine intelligence and team capability



- **Team Structure:** Given a dynamically changing problem, how should a team of humans and machines be structured? Who should have what role or roles, when and why?
- Team Problem Solving: Given an uncertain environment and fluid team structure, how to best use combined human and machine cognitive capability to make decisions?



Hybrid team design is relevant to a diverse set of collective activities

Activity	Team members	Machine elements	
		Today	Tomorrow
Develop complex software	Programmers	Code correction	Architecture optimizerSystem resource emulator
Deliver goods to users through complex network	Logisticians	Scheduling tools	Plan formulation and diagnosis aidsUxV delivery
Discover new drugs	Chemists Biologists Pharmacologists	High throughput testing	 Automated compound synthesis
Design a space probe	Project leader Subsystem engineers	Design toolsModeling and simulation tools	Automated designDecision and interaction facilitator
Control and manage an air battle	Planners Pilots	Decision aidsUAVs	Automatic Plan formulationUAV swarm
Conduct infantry operations in a megacity	Squad leader Riflemen	Communications (radios, phones)	UAV/UGVAutonomous EW operations

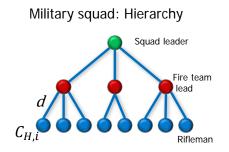
How can we design teams augmented with intelligent machines in a principled way?

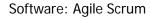


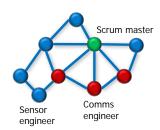
Mathematics for team and problem solving design

Edge lengths *d* represent compatibility for working together to complete a task or goal

Each human or machine agent node has a probability distribution of task capability, C_{H,i} or C_{M,i}



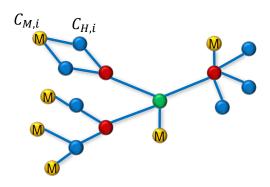




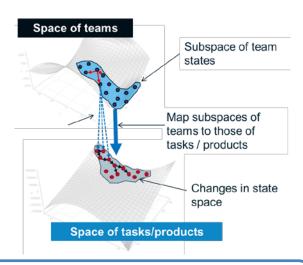
- Team "synergy" is the average of each pair's capability scaled by compatibility
- Graph optimization algorithms can identify team structures for optimal task performance

What about the machines?

Hierarchy with machine agents included



Insight: Machines are not just agents – but a fabric to change overall team and problem states



Are there generalizable mathematical abstractions to capture the dynamic co-evolution of problem space, team structure and performance?



DARPA Technical Areas

TA1: Dynamic Team Design

- Mathematics
- Organizational theory
- · Operations research

TA2: Team Problem Solving

- Planning/scheduling
- Cognitive science
- Human factors

TA3: Experimental Testbeds

- Citizen science
- Autonomy

Theory/Model Building

Minimal models

• Balance rigor with practicality

Moderate team size

• 5-50 human/machine agents

Clear path to TA1/TA2 integration

 No coupling until later stages of program

Testing

Data on team behavior

 Provide high quality data for theory teams

Validation

 Test predictions from TA1 & TA2 teams



DARPA Program structure

	Discover	Integrate	Test
TA1: Dynamic Team Design TA2: Team Problem Solving	 What is the best team structure in context for dynamically evolving and interrelated tasks? How to make optimal joint decisions in uncertain and coevolving contexts? 	 Are there practical encodings of the dynamic co-evolution of problem space, team structure & performance? How can you change the team when the problems change? 	 How generalizable are the methods? Can they predict average performance a prior?
TA3: Experimental Testbeds	 How does team structure affect outcome? What about decision making approach? 	 What is the impact of intelligent machines in various roles? How correlated are team structure and problem solving approaches? 	
Outcome	Model that predicts and explains performance of top teams	Coupled models that predict structure and behavior for a best performing team	Demonstration that the coupled models are effective in multiple types of team

problems



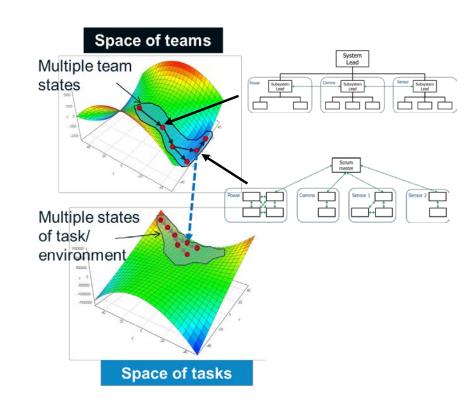
DARPA TA1: Dynamic Team Design

Goal: Machine-based "intelligent fabric" that will co-evolve team structure in context with problems

- Abstractions, algorithms, "programming languages," and architectures
- Must be practical, predictive, generalizable and computable

Must address:

- Decidability and computational complexity
- Encoding of variability in environment, goals, tasks, team interactions, roles, individual characteristics
- How to determine best team structure in dynamic context: what are roles and how will that change
- Coupling to TA2: Team Problem Solving and simultaneous team structure/problem solving evolution

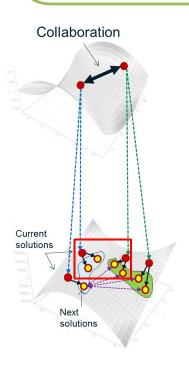




DARPA TA2: Team problem solving

Goal: Machine-based "intelligent fabric" that will dynamically mitigate gaps in ability, improve team decision making, and accelerate realization of collective goals

- Abstractions, algorithms, "programming languages," and architectures
- Must be practical, predictive, generalizable and computable: "minimal models" for human problem solving



Must address:

- Decidability and computational complexity
- Approaches to make optimal joint decisions in uncertain and coevolving contexts with variable human and machine capabilities
 - Abstractions encoding joint and individual reasoning, decision making
- Communication intensity, information content, latent/intermittent communications, and effect on strategy
- Individual agent and team learning, memory, and sensing
- Coupling to TA1: Dynamic Team Structure and simultaneous team structure/problem solving evolution



DARPA TA3: Experimental Testbeds

Goal:

Scalable experimental testbeds to exercise and validate TA1 and TA2 formalisms

Must have:

- Multiple, selectable intelligent machine elements
 - Ideally embodied in interaction substrate
- Ability to quantitatively measure team progress towards collective goals
- Ability to incorporate qualitative changes that test team adaptability
- Clear strategy for replicability and control experiments
- Clear strategy for TA1 and TA2 integration
- See BAA for other desired features

Other TA3 specific guidance

- Strongly recommend local IRB approval prior to proposal submission, including consent for sharing data with third parties
- Must have clear data management plan, as specified in BAA
- If you have data available to share with TA1 and TA2 teams at start of effort, identify the data and measurements/characteristics relevant to TA1 and TA2



Timeline and milestones

