Lab 4 Report

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1 Test Plan

1.1 Test requirements

本次測試之網站分為 Post Features、Comment Features、Category Features、Enquirie Feature、User Feature,在此 5 個 feature 內部,Lab 4 須滿足 (1) select one or more test cases for each of the following features (2) design at least 8 test cases (3) must do the verifications or assertions for each test scenario.

1.2 Test Strategy

To satisfy the test requirements listed in Section 1, a proposed strategy is to:

(1) design the test cases for those selected methods by using the **graph coverage** testing technique.

1.3 Test activities

To implement the proposed strategy, the following activities are planned to perform.

No.	Activity Name	Plan hours	Schedule Date
1	Study Selenium	2	5/23
2	Study Selenium IDE	1	5/23
3	Try use keystone.js 1		5/24
4	Design test cases for the selected methods	3	5/25
5	Implement test cases 12 5/28-5/		5/28-5/30
6	Complete Lab4 report	2	5/31

1.4 Design Approach

以 activity diagram 先行分析各項 feature,並且在設計測試案例上,需要滿足 edge-coverage。

1.5 Success criteria

90% of all test cases must pass.

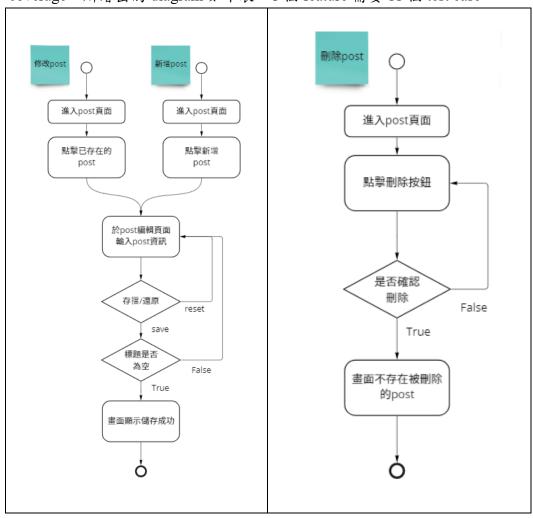
2 Test Design

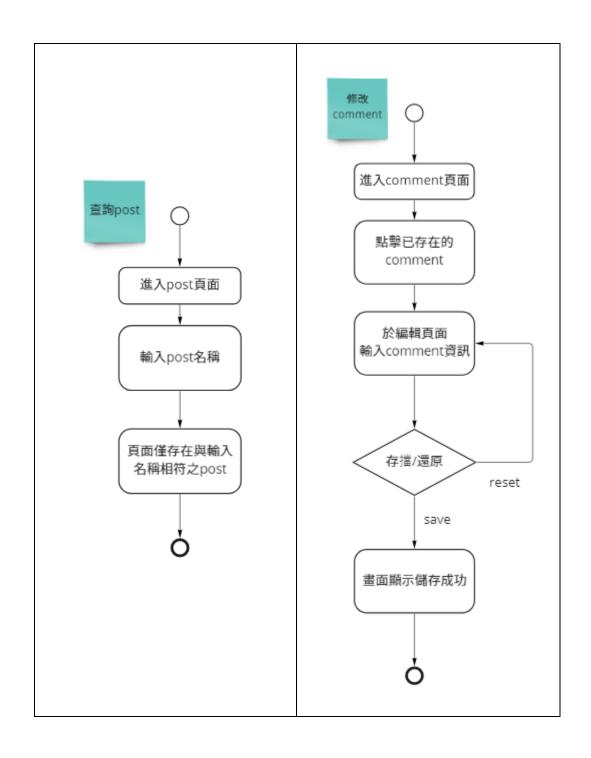
To fulfill the test requirements listed in section 1.1, the following methods are selected and corresponding test cases are designed.

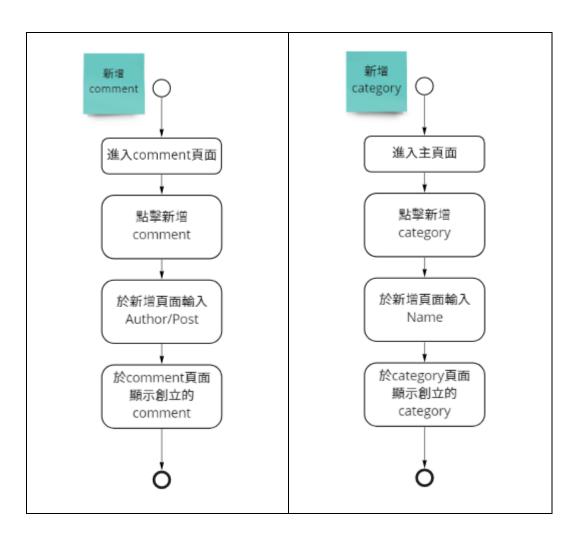
No.	Feature	requirement
1	Create a post on the Admin UI page	edge-coverage
2	Edit a post on the Admin UI page	edge-coverage
3	Delete a post on the Admin UI page	edge-coverage
4	Search posts by keyword on the Admin UI page	edge-coverage
5	Create a comment on Admin UI page	edge-coverage
6	Edit a comment on Admin UI page	edge-coverage
7	Create a category on Admin UI page	edge-coverage
8	Create a new user on Admin UI page	Happy path

(1) Part1 : Design by edge-coverage

此處選擇以 activity diagram 先行分析,並且在設計測試上須滿足 edge-coverage,所繪出的 diagram 如下表,8 個 feature 需要 11 個 test case。







(2) Part2: Design by happy path

在「Create a new user on Admin UI page」部分,因為牽涉可能的 diagram 分支過多,考量時間成本,最終在此部份選擇以 happy path 處理。

3 Test Implementation

The design of test cases specified in Section 2 was implemented using selenium. The test scripts of 3 selected test cases are given below. 其餘程式碼一併附於 lab report 內,此外設計之測試案例表也於同資料夾內。

	Test	Source test code		
No	Case			
	ID			
	TC-	import unittest		
	POST	from MyWebOperator import MyWebOperator		
1	-			
	ADD-	<pre>class testAddPost(unittest.TestCase):</pre>		
	01			

```
webOperator = MyWebOperator()
              def setUp(self):
                  self.webOperator.login("demo@keystonejs.com",
           "demo")
                  self.webOperator.add post("TC-POST-ADD-01")
              def test(self):
                  self.webOperator.post exist("TC-POST-ADD-01")
              def tearDown(self):
                  self.webOperator.delete post("TC-POST-ADD-01")
                  self.webOperator.sign_out()
                  self.webOperator.close_browser()
          if __name__ == "__main__":
              unittest.main()
          import unittest
   TC-
   POST
          from MyWebOperator import MyWebOperator
          from selenium.webdriver.support import
   EDIT-
          expected conditions
   01
          from selenium.webdriver.common.by import By
          from time import sleep
          class testAddPost(unittest.TestCase):
3
              webOperator = MyWebOperator()
              driver = webOperator.driver
              wait = webOperator.wait
              def setUp(self):
                  self.webOperator.login("demo@keystonejs.com",
           "demo")
                  self.webOperator.add post("TC-POST-EDIT-01")
              def test(self):
```

```
self.webOperator.into_edit_post_page("TC-POST-
           EDIT-01")
                  postName text box =
           self.webOperator.driver.find_element(By.XPATH,
           "//*[@name='name']")
                  postName text box.clear()
                  postName_text_box.send_keys("TC-POST-EDITED")
                   self.webOperator.click_save_post_button()
                  self.webOperator.from_post_edit_page_to_post_p
           age()
                  self.webOperator.post_exist("TC-POST-EDITED")
              def tearDown(self):
                  self.webOperator.delete_post("TC-POST-EDITED")
                   self.webOperator.sign_out()
                  self.webOperator.close_browser()
           if __name__ == "__main__":
              unittest.main()
           import unittest
    TC-
    USER
           from MyWebOperator import MyWebOperator
    ADD-
           class testAddPost(unittest.TestCase):
    01
              webOperator = MyWebOperator()
              def setUp(self):
                  self.webOperator.login("demo@keystonejs.com",
10
           "demo")
              def test(self):
                   self.webOperator.add_user("FN", "LN",
           'userEmail@gmail.com", "userpassword123",
           'userpassword123")
                   self.webOperator.user_exist("FN", "LN")
               def tearDown(self):
```

```
# issue on delete user(can't delete user by
UI)
    self.webOperator.sign_out()
    self.webOperator.close_browser()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    unittest.main()
```

4 Test Results

4.1 Test result

在 11 個 test case 中,成功的有 9 個 test case; 失敗的兩個 case 分別為 TC-COMMENT-EDIT-01 與 TC-USER-ADD-01。

TC-COMMENT-EDIT-01 失敗原因在於無法再 comment 正確修改 post, drop down 選項 invisible 當嘗試 select element, 這部分嘗試使用 selector hub 等外部工具,但也無法找出適當解決做法。

至於 TC-USER-ADD-01,經過使用認為這部分有 issue 存在,於 4.2 段落說明。

4.2 Find issue

User Feature 部分,使用者可以正確創立與正確顯示所創立的使用者,但是在刪除的操作上,即使經過刪除流程仍無法正確刪除使用者。關於此段落的驗證有確實進行創立與驗證使用者的實作,但是 tear down 部分先行省略,避免批次執行錯誤。

5 Summary

In Lab 4, 11 test cases have been designed and implemented using selenium and the path coverage technique(through activity diagram). In these cases, 9 test cases have passed, 1 can't implement and find 1 issue. Thus, the test requirements described in Section 1 are satisfied.