From: OC GCP Questions

To: Subject:

Safety reporting requirements for IND exempt studies

**Date:** Friday, January 30, 2015 1:25:10 PM

## Good afternoon --

If a study is exempt from the IND requirements per 21 CFR 312.2(b), the study is also exempt from the IND safety reporting requirements (21 CFR 312.32). However, if you are conducting an IND exempt bioavailability or bioequivalence study, you must notify FDA and all participating investigators of any serious adverse event, as defined in 21 CFR 312.32(a), observed during the conduct of the study within 15 days (21 CFR 320.31(d)(3)).

I hope this answer is helpful. Please contact us again at <a href="mailto:gcp.questions@fda.hhs.gov">gcp.questions@fda.hhs.gov</a> should you have additional questions.

Kind regards,

Doreen M. Kezer, MSN Senior Health Policy Analyst Office of Good Clinical Practice Office of the Commissioner, FDA

This communication does not constitute a written advisory opinion under 21 CFR 10.85, but rather is an informal communication under 21 CFR 10.85(k) which represents the best judgment of the employee providing it. This information does not necessarily represent the formal position of FDA, and does not bind or otherwise obligate or commit the agency to the views expressed.

From:

Sent: Thursday, January 29, 2015 3:51 PM

To: OC GCP Questions

**Subject:** Safety reporting requirements for IND exempt studies

Are there any requirements to report serious, unexpected and suspected events when studying an approved drug under an IND exempt study? entirety, whether electronic or hard copy. Thank you.