Due: 16 March 2011

**1.** Find the derivatives of the following functions at 
$$x = 3$$
 given  $f(3) = 6$ ,  $f'(3) = 0$ ,  $f(1) = 1$ ,  $f'(1) = 5$ ,  $g(3) = 1$ ,  $g'(3) = 2$ ,  $g(4) = 2$ ,  $g'(4) = 1$ ,  $h(3) = 4$ , and  $h'(3) = 2$ 

(a) 
$$f(g(x)) \cdot h(x)$$

(b) 
$$\frac{f(x)}{g(h(x))}$$

2.

(a) Find y' if

$$y = \tan(\cos(\cos(x^2)))$$

(b) Find  $y^{(1123)}$  if

$$y = \sin^2 x$$

3. Using implicit differentiation show

(a) 
$$\frac{d}{dx} \left[ \sin^{-1} x \right] = \frac{1}{\sqrt{1 - x^2}}$$
 Hint: Set  $y = \sin^{-1} x$  solve for  $x$  and then differentiate.

(b) 
$$\frac{d}{dx} [\ln x] = \frac{1}{x}$$
 Hint: Set  $y = \ln x$  solve for  $x$  and then differentiate.

**4.** Given the following functions find y'

(a) 
$$\cos y + \tan y^2 = \frac{x+1}{e^{x^2}}$$

(b) 
$$y^2 + y = \cot(3x + 2)$$