Your name:

Assignment Name: CA01 - Data Cleaning and Exploration of India Air Quality

Program Inititialization Section

Enter your import packages here

```
# import packages
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
```

Data File Reading Section

Write code to read in data from external sources here

```
#read datasets
df = pd.read_csv('/content/data.csv',na_values=0, encoding='cp1252')
df
```

```
/usr/local/lib/python3.6/dist-packages/IPython/core/interactiveshell.py:2718: DtypeWarn
  interactivity=interactivity, compiler=compiler, result=result)
```

	stn_code	sampling_date	state	location	agency	type	so2	no2
0	150	February - M021990	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	NaN	Residential, Rural and other Areas	4.8	17.4
1	151	February - M021990	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	NaN	Industrial Area	3.1	7.0
2	152	February - M021990	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	NaN	Residential, Rural and other Areas	6.2	28.5

Initial Data Investigation Section

Summarized details

Generate descriptive statistics that summarize the central tendency, dispersion, and shape of a dataset's distribution, excluding NaN values.

Steps:

1. Statistical Description of data (data.describe)

2. Display number of total rows and columns of the dataset (data.shape)

3. Display number of non-null values for each column (data.count)

4. Display number of null values for each column (sum of data.isnull)

5. Display range, column, number of non-null objects of each column, datatype and memory usage (data.info)

6. Display Top 10 and Bottom 10 records (head and tail)

```
# Your code for this section here ...
df.describe()
```

	so2	no2	rspm	spm	pm2_5
count	400221.000000	418724.000000	394754.000000	197142.000000	9314.000000
mean	10.853091	25.858009	109.043969	222.141944	40.791467
std	11.177910	18.486613	74.791245	150.863648	30.832525

```
df.shape
```

```
(435742, 13)
```

50%	8.000000	22.000000	90.000000	188.000000	32.000000

```
df.count()
```

```
stn_code                     291665
sampling_date                435739
state                        435742
location                     435739
agency                       286261
type                         430349
so2                          400221
no2                          418724
rspm                         394754
spm                          197142
location_monitoring_station  408251
pm2_5                          9314
date                         435735
dtype: int64
```

```
df.isnull().sum()
```

```
stn_code                     144077
sampling_date                     3
state                             0
location                          3
agency                       149481
type                           5393
so2                           35521
no2                           17018
rspm                          40988
spm                          238600
location_monitoring_station   27491
pm2_5                        426428
date                              7
dtype: int64
```

```
df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 435742 entries, 0 to 435741
Data columns (total 13 columns):
 #   Column                       Non-Null Count   Dtype
---  ------                       --------------   -----
```

```
 0   stn_code                     291665 non-null  object
 1   sampling_date                435739 non-null  object
 2   state                        435742 non-null  object
 3   location                     435739 non-null  object
 4   agency                       286261 non-null  object
 5   type                         430349 non-null  object
 6   so2                          400221 non-null  float64
 7   no2                          418724 non-null  float64
 8   rspm                         394754 non-null  float64
 9   spm                          197142 non-null  float64
 10  location_monitoring_station  408251 non-null  object
 11  pm2_5                        9314 non-null    float64
 12  date                         435735 non-null  object
dtypes: float64(5), object(8)
memory usage: 43.2+ MB
```

```
df.head(10)
```

	stn_code	sampling_date	state	location	agency	type	so2	no2	rspm	spr
0	150	February - M021990	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	NaN	Residential, Rural and other Areas	4.8	17.4	NaN	NaN
1	151	February - M021990	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	NaN	Industrial Area	3.1	7.0	NaN	NaN
2	152	February - M021990	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	NaN	Residential, Rural and other Areas	6.2	28.5	NaN	NaN
3	150	March - M031990	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	NaN	Residential, Rural and other Areas	6.3	14.7	NaN	NaN
4	151	March - M031990	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	NaN	Industrial Area	4.7	7.5	NaN	NaN
						Residential				

```
df.tail(10)
```

	stn_code	sampling_date	state	location	agency	type	so2	no2	r
435732	SAMP	09-12-15	West Bengal	ULUBERIA	West Bengal State Pollution Control Board	RIRUO	22.0	50.0	1
435733	SAMP	12-12-15	West Bengal	ULUBERIA	West Bengal State Pollution	RIRUO	34.0	61.0	1

Cleansing the dataset

Dropping of less valued columns:

1. stn_code, agency, sampling_date, location_monitoring_agency do not add much value to the dataset in terms of information. Therefore, we can drop those columns.
2. Dropping rows where no date is available.

435735	SAMP	18-12-15	West Bengal	ULUBERIA	[illegible]	RIRUO	17.0	44.0	1

```
# Cleaning up the data

#dropping columns that aren't required

# ... your code here

# dropping rows where no date is available

# ... your code here

#data columns:  stn_code  sampling_date state location  agency  type so2  no2 rspm  spm locat
#Drop stn_code, agency, sampling_date, location_monitoring_agency
#New data: state  location type so2 no2 rspm  spm pm2_5 date

df = df.loc[:,['state', 'location', 'type', 'so2',  'no2',  'rspm', 'spm', 'pm2_5', 'date']]


# displaying final columns (data.columns)
df.columns

# ... your code here
#Drop columns where there is NaN in Date

#Doesn't work
#df['date'].dropna(how = "all", axis = 0,inplace = True)
df = df[df['date'].notnull()]
```

```
#No null values in those columns
df.isnull().sum()
```

```
state           0
location        0
type         5390
so2         35518
no2         17015
rspm        40985
spm        238593
pm2_5      426421
date            0
dtype: int64
```

```
df
```

	state	location	type	so2	no2	rspm	spm	pm2_5	date
0	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	Residential, Rural and other Areas	4.8	17.4	NaN	NaN	NaN	1990-02-01
1	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	Industrial Area	3.1	7.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	1990-02-01
2	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	Residential, Rural and other Areas	6.2	28.5	NaN	NaN	NaN	1990-02-01
3	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	Residential, Rural and other Areas	6.3	14.7	NaN	NaN	NaN	1990-03-01
4	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	Industrial Area	4.7	7.5	NaN	NaN	NaN	1990-03-01
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
435734	West Bengal	ULUBERIA	RIRUO	20.0	44.0	148.0	NaN	NaN	2015-12-15
435735	West Bengal	ULUBERIA	RIRUO	17.0	44.0	131.0	NaN	NaN	2015-12-18

Changing the types to uniform format:

Notice that the ‘type’ column has values such as ‘Industrial Area’ and ‘Industrial Areas’—both actually mean the same, so let’s remove such type of stuff and make it uniform. Replace the 'type' values with standard codes as follows:

types = { "Residential": "R", "Residential and others": "RO", "Residential, Rural and other Areas": "RRO", "Industrial Area": "I", "Industrial Areas": "I", "Industrial": "I", "Sensitive Area": "S", "Sensitive Areas": "S", "Sensitive": "S", np.nan: "RRO" }

data.type = data.type.replace(types)

```
# ... Your code here
#df['type'].replace({ "Residential": "R", "Residential and others": "RO", "Residential, Rural

types = { "Residential": "R", "Residential and others": "RO", "Residential, Rural and other A

df.type = df.type.replace(types)


df
```

	state	location	type	so2	no2	rspm	spm	pm2_5	date
0	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	RRO	4.8	17.4	NaN	NaN	NaN	1990-02-01
1	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	I	3.1	7.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	1990-02-01
2	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	RRO	6.2	28.5	NaN	NaN	NaN	1990-02-01
3	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	RRO	6.3	14.7	NaN	NaN	NaN	1990-03-01
4	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	I	4.7	7.5	NaN	NaN	NaN	1990-03-01
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
435734	West Bengal	ULUBERIA	RIRUO	20.0	44.0	148.0	NaN	NaN	2015-12-15
435735	West Bengal	ULUBERIA	RIRUO	17.0	44.0	131.0	NaN	NaN	2015-12-18
435736	West Bengal	ULUBERIA	RIRUO	18.0	45.0	140.0	NaN	NaN	2015-12-21
435737	West Bengal	ULUBERIA	RIRUO	22.0	50.0	143.0	NaN	NaN	2015-12-24
435738	West Bengal	ULUBERIA	RIRUO	20.0	46.0	171.0	NaN	NaN	2015-12-29

435735 rows × 9 columns

```
# Display top 10 records after codification of 'types'
# ... Your code here
#
df.head(10)
```

	state	location	type	so2	no2	rspm	spm	pm2_5	date
0	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	RRO	4.8	17.4	NaN	NaN	NaN	1990-02-01

Creating a year column

To view the trend over a period of time, we need year values for each row and also when you see in most of the values in date column only has ‘year’ value. So, let’s create a new column holding year values. Convert the column to 'datetime' type and extract the year to populate the new column. Display Top 5 records after the conversion.

6 Andhra Pradesh Hyderabad RRO 5.4 17.1 NaN NaN NaN 1990-04-01

```
# ... Your code here
#convert to datetime
df['date']= pd.to_datetime(df['date'])
#Extract year to populate new column year
df['year'] = df['date'].dt.year


df
```

	state	location	type	so2	no2	rspm	spm	pm2_5	date	year
0	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	RRO	4.8	17.4	NaN	NaN	NaN	1990-02-01	1990
1	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	I	3.1	7.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	1990-02-01	1990
2	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	RRO	6.2	28.5	NaN	NaN	NaN	1990-02-01	1990
3	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	RRO	6.3	14.7	NaN	NaN	NaN	1990-03-01	1990
4	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	I	4.7	7.5	NaN	NaN	NaN	1990-03-01	1990
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
435734	West Bengal	ULUBERIA	RIRUO	20.0	44.0	148.0	NaN	NaN	2015-12-15	2015
435735	West Bengal	ULUBERIA	RIRUO	17.0	44.0	131.0	NaN	NaN	2015-12-18	2015

Handling Missing Values

The column such as SO2, NO2, rspm, spm, pm2_5 are the ones which contribute much to our analysis. So, we need to remove null from those columns to avoid inaccuracy in the prediction. We

use the Imputer from sklearn.preprocessing to fill the missing values in every column with the

```
# define columns of importance, which shall be used reguarly (COLS = ....)
# invoke SimpleImputer to fill missing values using 'mean' as the replacement strategy
# Display data.info after the transformation
# Display that there are no more missing values in the dataset
```

```
# ... your code here
#remove null values from SO2, NO2, rspm, spm, pm2_5
#fill missing value with imputer from sklearn
from sklearn.impute import SimpleImputer
#imp = SimpleImputer(missing_values=-1, strategy='mean')
dfnew = df.loc[:,['so2','no2', 'rspm', 'spm', 'pm2_5']]
imp = SimpleImputer(missing_values = np.nan, strategy='mean')
#Fit then transform
imp.fit(dfnew)
dftransformed = imp.transform(dfnew)
dftransformednew = imp.transform(dftransformed)
#Dataframe turned into nested list arrays
#now convert it back into it being a dataframe
dfnew = pd.DataFrame(dftransformednew)
dfnew.columns = ['so2','no2', 'rspm', 'spm', 'pm2_5']

#Drop 'so2','no2', 'rspm', 'spm', 'pm2_5' in original dataframe
df = df.loc[:,['state', 'location', 'type', 'date', 'year']]
result = pd.concat([df, dfnew], axis=1)

#Figure out a way to do this without dropping columns !!! DO LATER
#result2 = pd.merge(df, dfnew, how='right')
```

Statewise Grouping of so2, no2, rspm, spm values

Calculate median values of so2, no2, rspm, spm for each state and display in (a) as table (b) bar chart, with values sorted in ascending order. Separate section for each of the component. Use matplotlib().

```
result
check = result.groupby('state')['so2'].agg(['median'])
```

so2 status

```
# ... Your code here
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
dfso2 = result.groupby('state')['so2'].agg(['median'])
```

```
#Sort ascending table then barplot
dfso2 = dfso2.sort_values(by='median')
dfso2['state'] = dfso2.index
dfso2.state.count()

n = 34
ind = np.arange(n)
width = 0.35
dfso2med = dfso2['median']

plt.bar(ind, dfso2med, width)

plt.xticks(ind+width / 2, dfso2.index, rotation=90)
```

```
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```

no2 status

```
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```

```
# ... Your code here
dfno2 = result.groupby('state')['no2'].agg(['median'])
#Sort ascending table then barplot
dfno2 = dfno2.sort_values(by='median')
dfno2['state'] = dfno2.index
dfno2.state.count()

n = 34
ind = np.arange(n)
width = 0.35
dfno2med = dfno2['median']

plt.bar(ind, dfno2med, width)

plt.xticks(ind+width / 2, dfno2.index, rotation=90)
```

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  Text(0, 0, 'Chhattisgarh'),
  Text(0, 0, 'Telangana')
```

rspm status

```
# ... Your code here
dfrspm = result.groupby('state')['rspm'].agg(['median'])
#Sort ascending table then barplot
dfrspm = dfrspm.sort_values(by='median')
dfrspm['state'] = dfrspm.index
dfrspm.state.count()

n = 34
ind = np.arange(n)
width = 0.35
dfrspmmed = dfrspm['median']

plt.bar(ind, dfrspmmed, width)

plt.xticks(ind+width / 2, dfrspm.index, rotation=90)
```

```
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  Text(0, 0, 'Chhattisgarh'),
  Text(0, 0, 'Daman & Diu'),
  Text(0, 0, 'Bihar'),
```

```
        Text(0, 0, 'Sikkim'),
```

spm status

```
        Text(0, 0, 'Jammu & Kashmir'),
```

```
# ... Your code here
dfspm = result.groupby('state')['spm'].agg(['median'])
#Sort ascending table then barplot
dfspm = dfspm.sort_values(by='median')
dfspm['state'] = dfspm.index
dfspm.state.count()

n = 34
ind = np.arange(n)
width = 0.35
dfspmmed = dfspm['median']

plt.bar(ind, dfspmmed, width)

plt.xticks(ind+width / 2, dfspm.index, rotation=90)
```

```
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  Text(0, 0, 'Sikkim'),
  Text(0, 0, 'Andhra Pradesh'),
  Text(0, 0, 'Meghalaya'),
  Text(0, 0, 'Mizoram'),
  Text(0, 0, 'Nagaland'),
  Text(0, 0, 'Odisha'),
  Text(0, 0, 'Punjab'),
  Text(0, 0, 'Rajasthan'),
  Text(0, 0, 'Tamil Nadu'),
  Text(0, 0, 'Telangana'),
  Text(0, 0, 'Uttar Pradesh'),
  Text(0, 0, 'Uttarakhand'),
  Text(0, 0, 'Maharashtra'),
  Text(0, 0, 'Madhya Pradesh'),
  Text(0, 0, 'Kerala'),
  Text(0, 0, 'Karnataka'),
  Text(0, 0, 'Jharkhand'),
  Text(0, 0, 'Jammu & Kashmir'),
  Text(0, 0, 'Himachal Pradesh'),
  Text(0, 0, 'Haryana'),
```

```
Text(0, 0, 'Gujarat'),
Text(0, 0, 'Goa'),
Text(0, 0, 'Dadra & Nagar Haveli'),
Text(0, 0, 'Chhattisgarh'),
```

What is the yearly trend in a particular state, say ‘Andhra Pradesh’?

Create a new dataframe containing the NO2, SO2, rspm, and spm data regarding state ‘Andhra Pradesh’ only and group it by ‘year’. Display top 5 records after.

```
Text(0, 0, 'Uttaranchal')])
```

```
result
```

	state	location	type	date	year	so2	no2	rspm	spm	
0	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	RRO	1990-02-01	1990.0	4.8	17.4	109.044278	222.141944	40.
1	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	I	1990-02-01	1990.0	3.1	7.0	109.044278	222.141944	40.
2	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	RRO	1990-02-01	1990.0	6.2	28.5	109.044278	222.141944	40.
3	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	RRO	1990-03-01	1990.0	6.3	14.7	109.044278	222.141944	40.
4	Andhra Pradesh	Hyderabad	I	1990-03-01	1990.0	4.7	7.5	109.044278	222.141944	40.
...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	
435734	West Bengal	ULUBERIA	RIRUO	2015-12-15	2015.0	20.0	46.0	171.000000	222.141944	40.
435735	West Bengal	ULUBERIA	RIRUO	2015-12-18	2015.0	NaN	NaN	NaN	NaN	

```
dfandhranew
```

	no2	so2	rspm	spm	year
	mean	mean	mean	mean	
year					
1990.0	15.296552	8.868966	109.044278	165.984875	1990.0
1991.0	18.827778	10.811111	109.044278	154.503943	1991.0
1992.0	36.013978	19.766738	109.044278	210.643678	1992.0
1993.0	15.961111	8.544444	109.044278	222.141944	1993.0
1994.0	18.273016	10.760317	109.044278	178.677526	1994.0
1995.0	33.531868	17.225275	109.044278	167.293513	1995.0
1996.0	36.589482	19.861099	109.044278	180.345095	1996.0
1997.0	38.163330	20.339507	109.044278	177.785714	1997.0
1998.0	26.409459	11.491892	109.044278	175.351351	1998.0
1999.0	19.887963	14.384259	109.044278	197.509259	1999.0
2000.0	23.882019	13.856973	109.044278	140.935185	2000.0
2001.0	27.105714	12.000952	109.044278	142.790476	2001.0
2002.0	24.976190	7.506667	109.044278	85.866667	2002.0
2004.0	31.430507	7.338767	85.384298	170.814559	2004.0
2005.0	30.081095	6.370926	79.468608	220.257282	2005.0

```
# ... Your code here
dfandhra = result.loc[result.state == 'Andhra Pradesh', ['no2', 'so2', 'rspm', 'spm','year']]
dfandhranew = dfandhra.groupby('year').agg(['mean'])


# Display yearly trend graph (year vs. value) in pairs: (a) so2 and no2 (b) rspm and spm.
# So, you will display TWO graphs altogether.

# ... Your code here

so2mean = dfandhranew['so2']
no2mean = dfandhranew['no2']

plt.plot(so2mean, ls= '--',color='red',marker='s', markerfacecolor= 'white',label='so2')
plt.plot(no2mean, ls= '-.', color='g', marker='o', markerfacecolor='grey',label='no2')
plt.legend()
plt.title('Mean NO2 vs SO2 for Andhra Pradesh')
plt.xlabel('Year')
plt.ylabel('Gas Level')
plt.show()
```