TITLE X

Supplemental materials for submittal to X

Paula Williams J. Leah Jones-Crank Bassel Daher Alyssa Thomas Erich Seamon Ruchie Pathak Dan Cronan Meghna Babbar-Sebens Andrew Kliskey

2025-08-23

Contents

Supplemental Materials Summary				
Variable Summary	5			
Chi-Square Testing	6			
Chi Square Testing: solution proposed or not vs. stakeholder engagement	6			
Summary Statistics Graphs	8			
Were solutions proposed in the set of all papers?	8			
Were solutions implemented in the set of all papers?	9			
What were the solution types?	10			
Were stakeholders engaged?	11			
All FEWS papers by year	12			
Level of stakeholder engagement by year - Ghodsvali scale	13			
Stakeholder engagement by year	14			
Researcher types	15			
Stakeholder types	16			
Ghodsvali scale breakdown	17			
Geographic location breakdown	18			
Ghodsvali Scale Modeling - solution proposed	19			
Ghodsvali scale regression	19			
Ghodsvali scale odds	20			
Ghodsvali Ensembled Decision Tree with Feature Importance	21			

	keholder Engagement Modeling - solution proposed
(QUESTION: Does engaging stakeholders increase the likelihood that a solution will be proposed/implemented?
(ODDS RATIOS: Does engaging stakeholders increase the likelihood that a solution will be proposed/implemented?
]	Diversity of stakeholders vs solution
(QUESTION: Does the diversity of stakeholders increase the likelihood that a solution will be proposed?
(ODDS RATIOS: Does the diversity of stakeholders increase the likelihood that a solution will be proposed?
(QUESTION: If diversity of stakeholders does not increase proposing/implementing solutions, which stakeholders are more associated with proposing/implementing solutions?
(ODDS RATIOS: Diversity of stakeholders vs solution
]	DECISION TREE: Ensembed Decision Tree - Diversity of stakeholders vs solution $->$
Res	searcher Modeling - solution proposed
(QUESTION: Does researcher type increase the likelihood that a solution will be proposed?
(ODDS RATIOS: Does researcher type increase the likelihood that a solution will be proposed? $$. $$.
]	DECISON TREE: Researcher Type Ensembed Decision Tree - researcher type vs solution
Res	searcher Diversity Modeling - solution proposed
(QUESTION: Does the diversity of researchers increases the likelihood that a solution will be proposed?
(ODDS RATIOS: Does the diversity of researchers increases the likelihood that a solution will be proposed?
Sta	keholder Engagement Modeling - Ghodsvali
]	Regression Testing - Stakeholder type vs level of engagement (Ghodsvali)
]	Regression Testing - Stakeholder type vs solution
Geo	ographic Location Modeling - solution proposed
(QUESTION: Does the geographic location of the study increase the likelihood of proposed/implemented solutions?
(ODDS RATIOS: Does the geographic location of the study increase the likelihood of proposed/implemented solutions?
]	DECISON TREE: Geographic area Ensembed Decision Tree - Geographic area vs solution
	gional Location Modeling - solution proposed
Reg	Stonar Location Wodering Solution proposed
	QUESTION: Does the regional location of the study increase the likelihood of proposed/implemented solutions? Regions were grouped in: Europe/Asia, Middle East/Global - and Other

posed/implemented solutions?	60
RESULTS: Compared to other regions, cases from Europe and Asia had 3.77 times higher odds of proposing a solution (95% CI [1.35, 10.48], $p=.011$). Global and Middle East cases also had higher odds (OR = 3.35, 95% CI [0.97, 11.57]), though this effect was marginal ($p=.056$).	60
DECISON TREE: Region area Ensembed Decision Tree - Region area vs solution	61
Multivariate Stakeholder Engagement Modeling - geographic area	66
Regression Testing - stakeholder type vs geographic area - interactions and effects $\dots \dots \dots$	66
Multivariate Geographic Modeling - Ghodsvali	71
Regression Testing - Geographic area vs engagement (Ghodsvali) - interactions and effects	71
ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS - ALL VARIABLES	74
Looking at Decision Tree for all variables - with Ghodsvali scale - with solution proposed as dependent variable	74
ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS - ALL VARIABLES - minus scaling	77
Looking at Decision Tree for all variables - minus the Ghodsvali scale - with solution proposed as dependent variable	77
Representative Decision Tree Plot - Balanced Model - Minus Scaling	80

Supplemental Materials Summary

This analysis focuses on examining if how stakeholder engagement, and the level of engagement, impacts whether a solution for research outcomes is proposed and/or implemented. This meta-synthesis of 483 papers were evaluated and coded using several differing engagement scales. Additionally, each paper was coded by the geographic scale, and whether a computational model was used as part of the research.

Variable Summary

Below is a list of the categorical variables generated from the literature reviews

Table 1: Table T1: Variable Descriptions

Variable Name	Description
Year	Year of citation
Solution Proposed	Was a solution proposed?
Solution Implemented	Was a solution implemented?
Solution Type	If a solution was proposed, what was the solution type? Groups include: Technology, Policy, Institutional, Social, Economic, Ecological, and Educational.
Researcher Type	What was the research type? Groups include: NGO, English, Math, Computer Science, Physics, Engineering, Interdisciplinary, Social Science, Economics, Agriculture, and Other
Stakeholder Type	What was the stakeholder type? Groups include: Farmers, Combined Government, Combined Coalition, Combined Industry, Migrants, Youth, Public, University, and Experts
Stakeholder engagement Scale - Ghodsvali	If a stakeholder was engaged, categorization of the engagement using the Ghodsvali scale. Groups include: Nominal, Instrumental, Representation, and Transformative
Geographical Type	What the geography type? Groups include: Not Described, Local, Regional, National, Multinational, Global, and No Geography
Region	What was the country?

Chi-Square Testing

Chi Square Testing: solution proposed or not vs. stakeholder engagement

Chi Square and Fishers Exact Test on contingency table with Solution/No Solution as the explanatory variable, and engaged stakeholder/did not engage stakeholder as the response variable.

ChiSquare = 46: Fishers Exact Test Odds Ratio: 19: Not Independent

Both chi square and fishers exact test were significant, with a chi square approximation of \sim 46, which is well above the critical value (3.84 with one degree of freedom). Fishers Exact Test returned an odds ratio of \sim 19. The alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1, therefore the null hypothesis is rejected - the groups are not independent.

The Fishers Exact Test defaults to associating the odds ratio (which can represent effect size) with the first cell. In this instance "The odds of having a solution is 19 times that for an engaged stakeholder". You could flip the response and explanatory variables, but the odds ratio would stay the same.

For more info on this topic see: Kim HY. Statistical notes for clinical researchers: Chi-squared test and Fisher's exact test. Restor Dent Endod. 2017 May;42(2):152-155. doi: 10.5395/rde.2017.42.2.152. Epub 2017 Mar 30. PMID: 28503482; PMCID: PMC5426219.

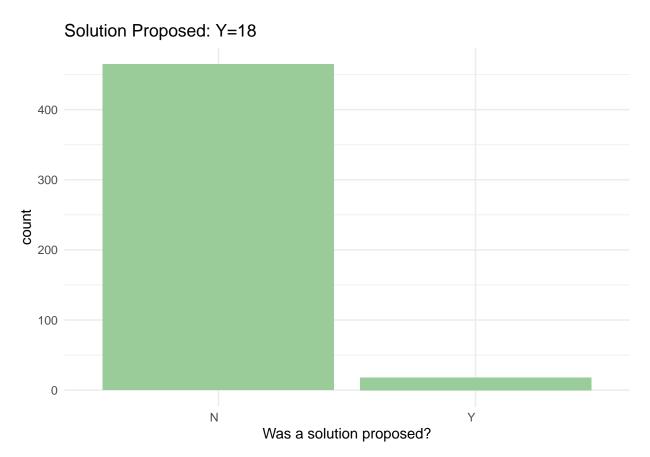
```
## Loading required package: grid
           stakeholder
##
## solution
             N
                 γ
          N 389
                 76
##
##
          Y
              4
                14
## Number of cases in table: 483
## Number of factors: 2
## Test for independence of all factors:
  Chisq = 43.14, df = 1, p-value = 5.104e-11
    Chi-squared approximation may be incorrect
##
##
   Fisher's Exact Test for Count Data
##
## data: solution_stakeholder
## p-value = 4.019e-08
## alternative hypothesis: true odds ratio is not equal to 1
## 95 percent confidence interval:
     5.385841 76.064980
## sample estimates:
## odds ratio
     17.75835
##
##
## Barnard's Unconditional Test
##
##
              Treatment I Treatment II
## Outcome I
                       76
                                    465
## Outcome II
                       14
                                     18
##
```

: 0.299

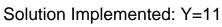
Cramer's V

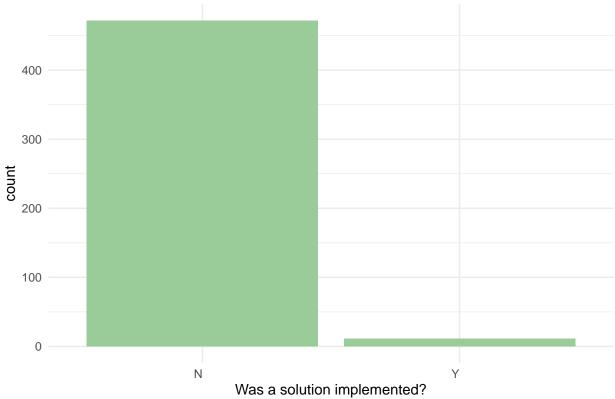
Summary Statistics Graphs

Were solutions proposed in the set of all papers?

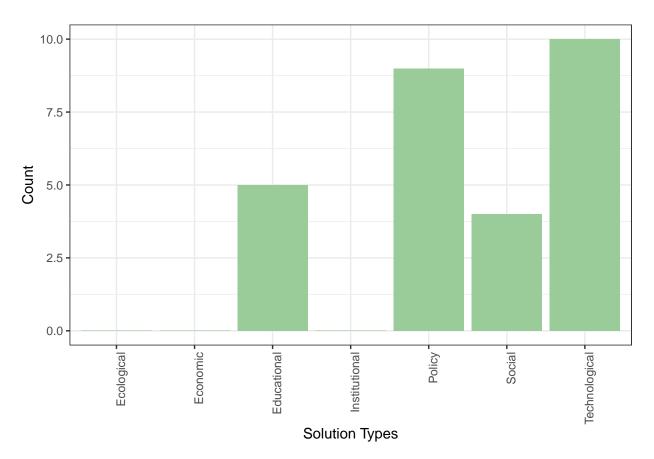


Were solutions implemented in the set of all papers?



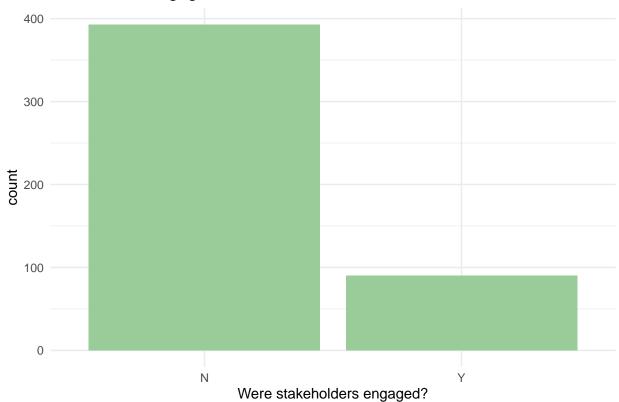


What were the solution types?

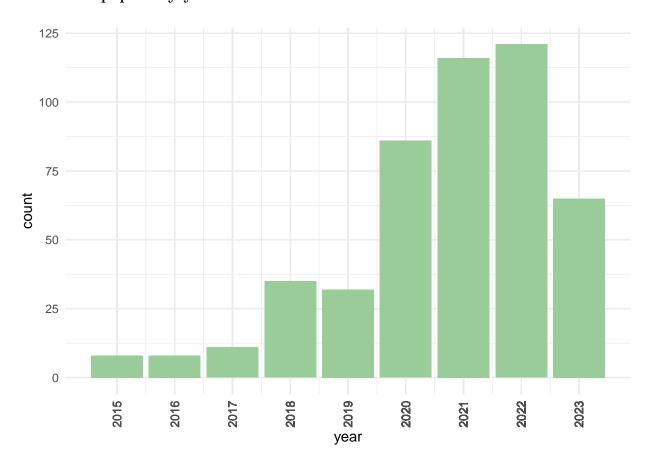


Were stakeholders engaged?

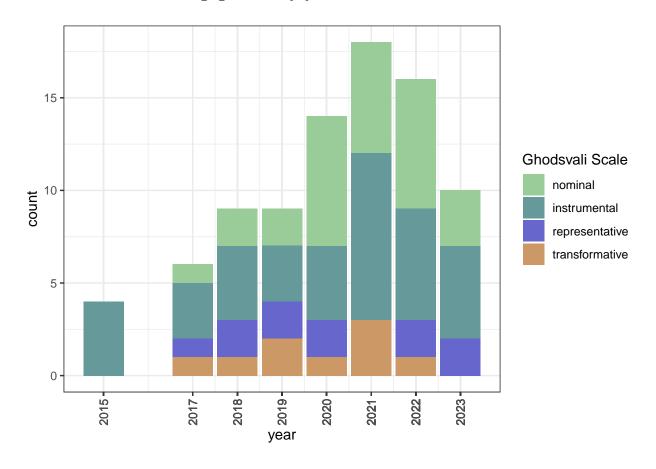




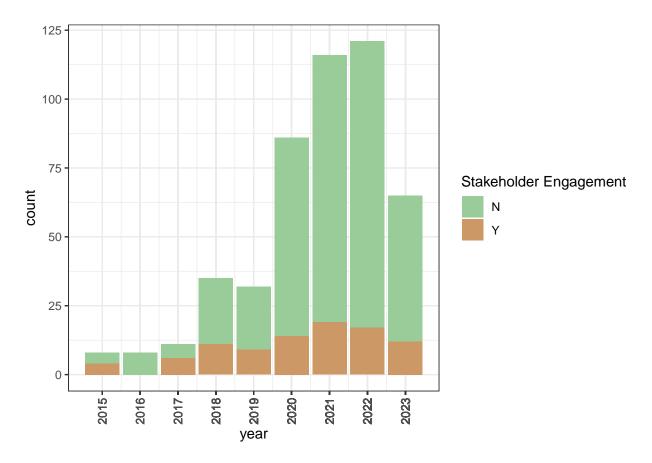
All FEWS papers by year



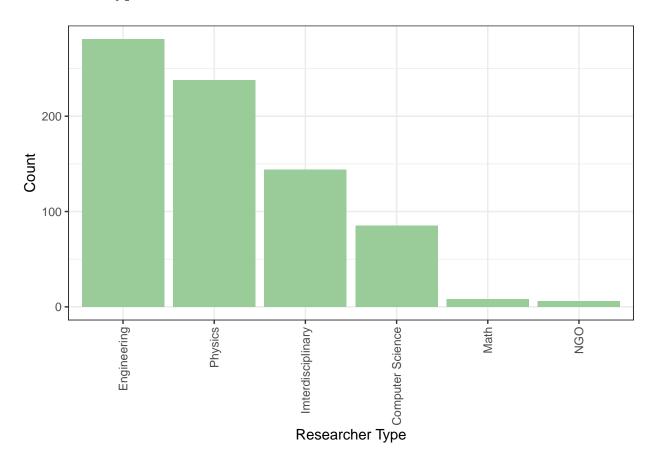
Level of stakeholder engagement by year - Ghodsvali scale



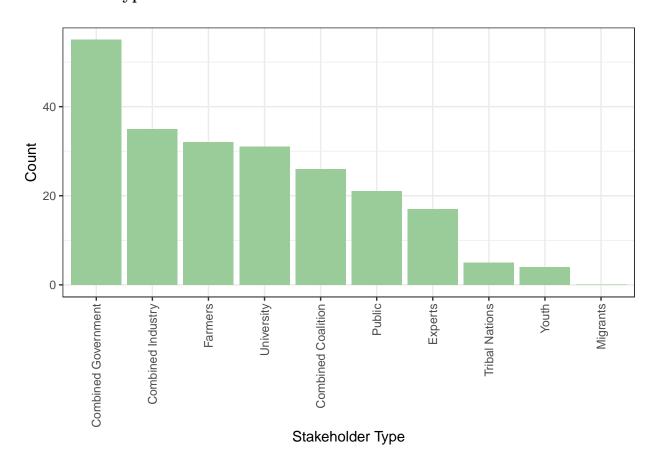
Stakeholder engagement by year



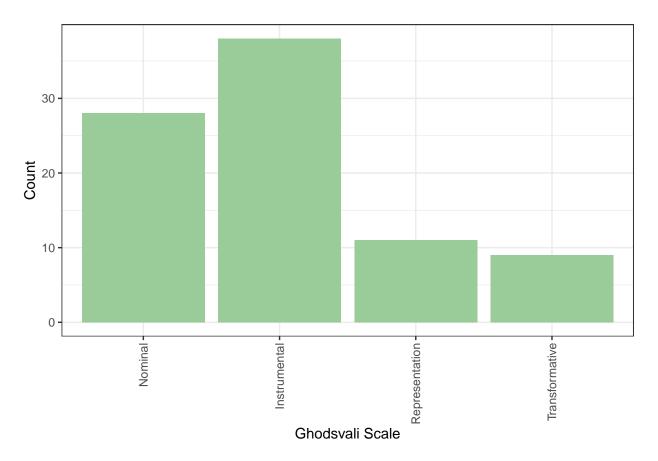
Researcher types



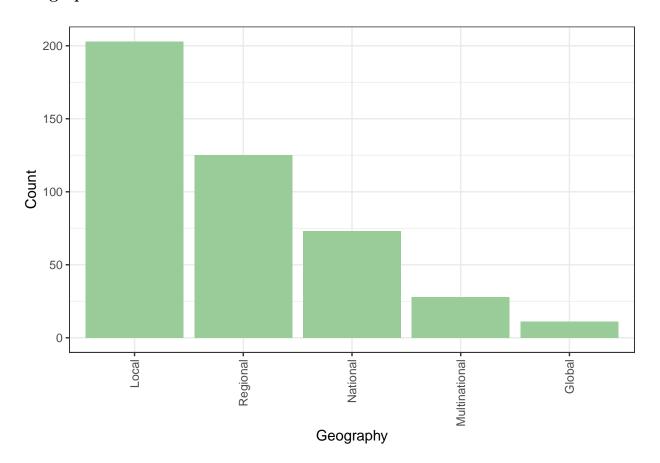
Stakeholder types



Ghodsvali scale breakdown



Geographic location breakdown



Ghodsvali Scale Modeling - solution proposed

Ghodsvali scale regression

Ghodsvali scale regression testing on whether a solution was proposed or not

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = solution_proposed_YN ~ STE_G_nominal + STE_G_instrumental +
      STE_G_representation + STE_G_transformative, family = binomial(link = "logit"),
      data = crcdata)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min
              1Q
                    Median
                                          Max
## -1.7344 -0.1423 -0.1423 -0.1423
                                       3.0324
##
## Coefficients:
                       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept)
                        -4.5875
                                    0.5025 -9.129 < 2e-16 ***
## STE_G_nominal
                         1.2917
                                    1.1356
                                             1.137 0.25535
## STE_G_instrumental
                         2.1308
                                    0.7839
                                            2.718 0.00656 **
## STE_G_representation
                         3.6067
                                    0.8431
                                             4.278 1.89e-05 ***
## STE_G_transformative
                         5.8403
                                    0.9463 6.172 6.74e-10 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 153.748 on 482 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 96.785 on 478 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 106.79
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 7
```

Ghodsvali scale odds

Odds of Ghodsvali scale predicting whether a solution was proposed or not

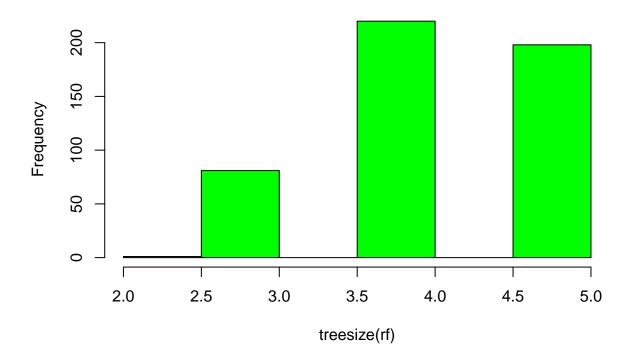
```
##
## Logistic regression predicting solution_proposed_YN : Y vs N
##
                                 crude OR(95%CI)
                                                        adj. OR(95%CI)
                                                                                 P(Wald's test) P(LR-tes
##
                                 0.95 (0.12,7.44)
## STE_G_nominal: 1 vs 0
                                                        3.64 (0.39,33.7)
                                                                                 0.255
                                                                                                0.318
##
## STE_G_instrumental: 1 vs 0
                                 2.46 (0.68,8.9)
                                                        8.42 (1.81,39.14)
                                                                                 0.007
                                                                                                0.015
##
## STE_G_representation: 1 vs 0 11.42 (2.75,47.41)
                                                        36.84 (7.06,192.33)
                                                                                 < 0.001
                                                                                                < 0.001
##
## STE_G_transformative: 1 vs 0 147.32 (27.42,791.53) 343.87 (53.82,2197.12)
                                                                                < 0.001
                                                                                                < 0.001
##
## Log-likelihood = -48.3926
## No. of observations = 483
## AIC value = 106.7851
```

Ghodsvali Ensembled Decision Tree with Feature Importance

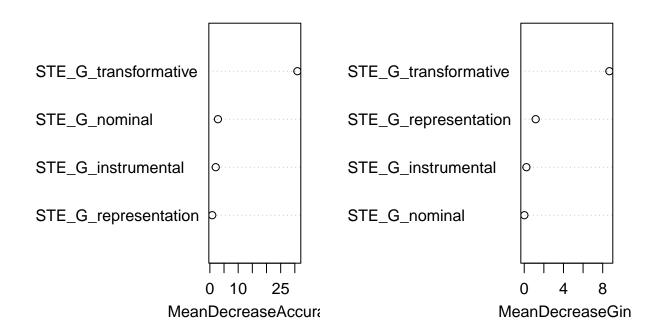
Ghodsvali ensembled decision tree with solution proposed being the dependent variable

```
##
## Call:
   randomForest(formula = solution_proposed_YN ~ STE_G_nominal +
                                                                        STE_G_instrumental + STE_G_repre
##
                  Type of random forest: classification
##
                        Number of trees: 500
## No. of variables tried at each split: 2
##
##
           OOB estimate of error rate: 2.12%
## Confusion matrix:
       N Y class.error
## N 318 0
             0.0000000
## Y
       7 5
             0.5833333
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
             Reference
## Prediction
##
            N 145
                    4
            Y
                    2
##
##
##
                  Accuracy: 0.9608
##
                    95% CI: (0.9166, 0.9855)
       No Information Rate: 0.9608
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.6063
##
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.3806
##
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.6831
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.9864
##
               Specificity: 0.3333
##
            Pos Pred Value: 0.9732
##
            Neg Pred Value: 0.5000
##
                Prevalence: 0.9608
##
            Detection Rate: 0.9477
      Detection Prevalence: 0.9739
##
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.6599
##
          'Positive' Class : N
##
##
```

No. of Nodes for the Trees



Top 10 – Variable Importance



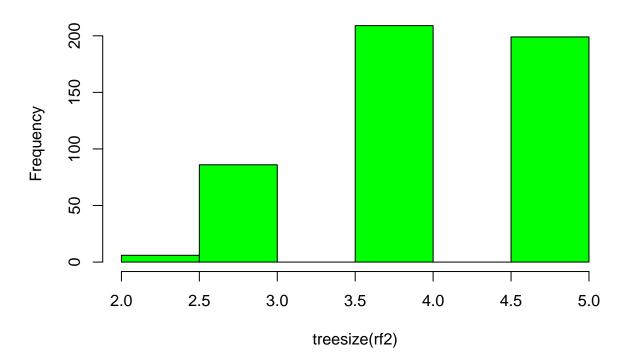
```
##
                                            Y MeanDecreaseAccuracy MeanDecreaseGini
## STE_G_nominal
                         0.0000000
                                    2.610176
                                                         2.8495061
                                                                          0.01407228
## STE_G_instrumental
                        -2.4603017
                                                         2.0722870
                                                                          0.22160713
                                    3.518427
## STE_G_representation -0.3495235 1.599972
                                                         0.8395988
                                                                          1.16878564
## STE_G_transformative 30.2772886 32.843860
                                                        30.9050689
                                                                          8.68365750
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
## Prediction N Y
            N 13
##
            Y 0
##
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.8636
##
                    95% CI : (0.6509, 0.9709)
       No Information Rate: 0.5909
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.006001
##
##
##
                     Kappa: 0.7027
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.248213
##
##
               Sensitivity: 1.0000
##
##
               Specificity: 0.6667
```

Pos Pred Value: 0.8125

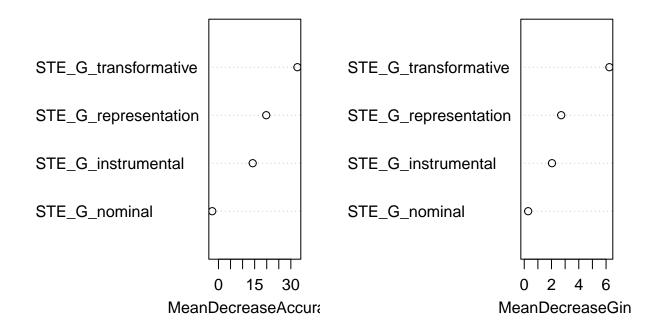
##

```
## Neg Pred Value : 1.0000
## Prevalence : 0.5909
## Detection Rate : 0.5909
## Detection Prevalence : 0.7273
## Balanced Accuracy : 0.8333
##
## 'Positive' Class : N
```

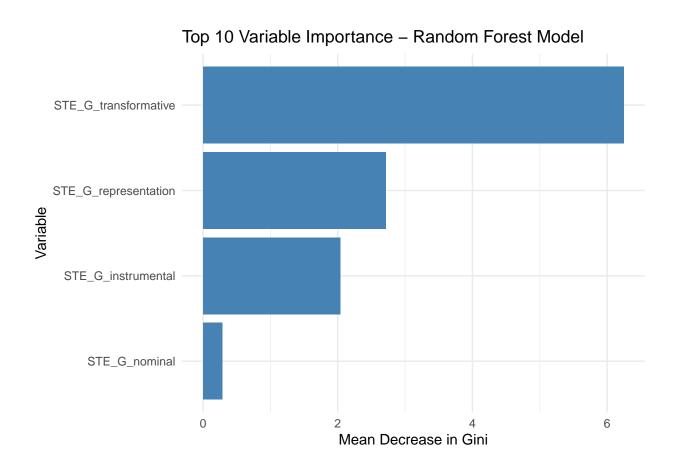
Balanced Model - No. of Nodes for the Trees



Balanced Mode – Top 10 – Variable Importance



##		N	Y	MeanDecreaseAccuracy	MeanDecreaseGini
##	STE_G_nominal	-5.060963	1.302665	-2.580894	0.2868039
##	STE_G_instrumental	9.862356	15.728857	14.195396	2.0350014
##	STE_G_representation	17.114165	18.774930	19.800104	2.7099657
##	STE G transformative	27.344434	32.762998	32.715086	6.2451878



Stakeholder Engagement Modeling - solution proposed

QUESTION: Does engaging stakeholders increase the likelihood that a solution will be proposed/implemented?

Here we use classical logistic regression using a binomial function to determine if engaging stakeholders (Y/N) increases the odds that a solution will be proposed.

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = solution_proposed_YN ~ S_stakeholder_engagement_YN,
      family = binomial, data = crcdata)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min
           1Q
                    Median
                                  3Q
                                          Max
## -0.5815 -0.1430 -0.1430 -0.1430
                                       3.0290
## Coefficients:
                               Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept)
                                -4.5773
                                           0.5026 -9.108 < 2e-16 ***
## S_stakeholder_engagement_YNY
                                2.8856
                                           0.5806 4.970 6.71e-07 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 153.75 on 482 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 122.46 on 481 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 126.46
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 7
```

ODDS RATIOS: Does engaging stakeholders increase the likelihood that a solution will be proposed/implemented?

Odds of whether engaging stakeholders increases the likelihood that a solution will be proposed?

```
##
## Logistic regression predicting solution_proposed_YN : Y vs N
##
## OR(95%CI) P(Wald's test) P(LR-test)
## S_stakeholder_engagement_YN: Y vs N 17.91 (5.74,55.91) < 0.001 < 0.001
##
## Log-likelihood = -61.23
## No. of observations = 483
## AIC value = 126.4599</pre>
```

Diversity of stakeholders vs solution

QUESTION: Does the diversity of stakeholders increase the likelihood that a solution will be proposed?

Regression testing of whether Diversity of stakeholders predicts if a solution was proposed (Y/N). In order to represent diversity, we have used a simple ratio calcuation which sums the number of stakeholders involved divided by the total number of possible stakeholder options. A ratio which is closer to 1 has a greater level of stakeholder diversity.

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = solution_proposed_YN ~ ST_ratio, family = binomial,
      data = crcdata)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
                                  3Q
##
      Min
                1Q
                     Median
                                          Max
## -1.3676 -0.1869 -0.1869 -0.1869
                                       2.8482
##
## Coefficients:
##
              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -4.0385
                            0.3569 -11.314 < 2e-16 ***
## ST ratio
                6.7128
                            1.2280
                                    5.466 4.6e-08 ***
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
  (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 153.75 on 482 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 126.74 on 481 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 130.74
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
```

ODDS RATIOS: Does the diversity of stakeholders increase the likelihood that a solution will be proposed?

```
##
## Logistic regression predicting solution_proposed_YN : Y vs N
##
## OR(95%CI) P(Wald's test) P(LR-test)
## ST_ratio (cont. var.) 822.84 (74.13,9133.12) < 0.001 < 0.001
##
## Log-likelihood = -63.371
## No. of observations = 483
## AIC value = 130.742</pre>
```

QUESTION: If diversity of stakeholders does not increase proposing/implementing solutions, which stakeholders are more associated with proposing/implementing solutions?

Regression testing for diversity of stakeholders used to predict whether a solution was proposed

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = solution_proposed_YN ~ ST_farmers + ST_combined_gov +
      ST_combined_coalition + ST_combined_industry + ST_public +
##
##
      ST_university + ST_experts, family = binomial, data = crcdata)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q
                     Median
                                  3Q
                                          Max
## -1.2146 -0.1352 -0.1352 -0.1352
                                       3.0658
##
## Coefficients:
                        Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept)
                         -4.6904
                                   0.5050 -9.287 < 2e-16 ***
                                             0.811
## ST farmers
                          0.5870
                                     0.7238
                                                       0.417
## ST_combined_gov
                          4.0098
                                     0.7989
                                             5.019 5.18e-07 ***
## ST_combined_coalition -0.1027
                                     0.8789 -0.117
                                                       0.907
## ST_combined_industry -1.0527
                                     0.7426 -1.418
                                                       0.156
## ST public
                          0.7677
                                     0.7908
                                             0.971
                                                       0.332
## ST_university
                         -0.2103
                                     0.8365 - 0.251
                                                       0.802
## ST_experts
                         -0.4590
                                     0.7884 -0.582
                                                       0.560
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 153.75 on 482 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 103.49 on 475 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 119.49
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 7
```

ODDS RATIOS: Diversity of stakeholders vs solution

Odds whether Diversity of stakeholders predicts if a solution was proposed (Y/N). In order to represent diversity, we have used a simple ratio calculation which sums the number of stakeholders involved divided by the total number of possible stakeholder options. A ratio which is closer to 1 has a greater level of stakeholder diversity.

```
##
## Logistic regression predicting solution_proposed_YN : Y vs N
##
                                   crude OR(95%CI)
                                                        adj. OR(95%CI)
                                                                               P(Wald's test) P(LR-test)
##
## ST_farmers: 1 vs 0
                                   6.24 (2.07,18.79)
                                                        1.8 (0.44,7.43)
                                                                               0.417
                                                                                               0.42
##
                                                        55.13 (11.52,263.88)
                                                                                               < 0.001
## ST_combined_gov: 1 vs 0
                                  36.2 (11.39,115.06)
                                                                               < 0.001
##
## ST_combined_coalition: 1 vs 0 8.13 (2.65,24.93)
                                                        0.9(0.16,5.05)
                                                                               0.907
                                                                                               0.907
## ST_combined_industry: 1 vs 0
                                 5.58 (1.86,16.68)
                                                        0.35(0.08,1.5)
                                                                               0.156
                                                                                               0.144
##
## ST_public: 1 vs 0
                                   9.93 (2.87,34.34)
                                                        2.15 (0.46,10.15)
                                                                               0.332
                                                                                               0.34
##
## ST_university: 1 vs 0
                                  8.8 (3.05,25.39)
                                                        0.81 (0.16,4.18)
                                                                               0.802
                                                                                               0.801
##
## ST_experts: 1 vs 0
                                  4.97 (1.32,18.71)
                                                        0.63 (0.13, 2.96)
                                                                               0.56
                                                                                               0.552
##
## Log-likelihood = -51.7449
## No. of observations = 483
## AIC value = 119.4899
```

DECISION TREE: Ensembed Decision Tree - Diversity of stakeholders vs solution \rightarrow

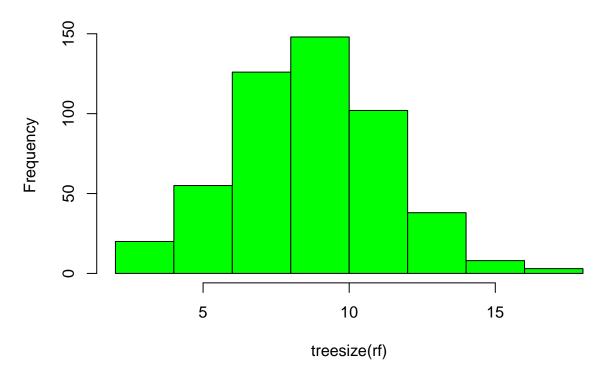
```
##
## Call:
   randomForest(formula = solution_proposed_YN ~ ST_farmers + ST_combined_gov +
                                                                                         ST_combined_coali
##
                  Type of random forest: classification
##
                        Number of trees: 500
## No. of variables tried at each split: 2
##
           OOB estimate of error rate: 3.64%
##
## Confusion matrix:
       N Y class.error
## N 318 0
                     0
## Y 12 0
                     1
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
## Prediction
                N
                    γ
            N 147
                    6
##
##
            γ
                0
                    Λ
##
```

Accuracy: 0.9608

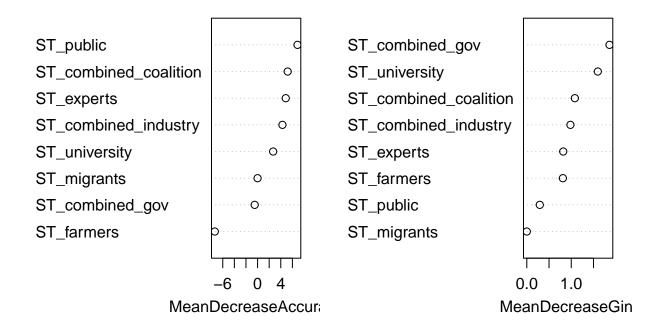
##

```
95% CI : (0.9166, 0.9855)
##
##
       No Information Rate: 0.9608
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.60632
##
##
                     Kappa: 0
##
##
    Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.04123
##
##
##
               Sensitivity : 1.0000
##
               Specificity: 0.0000
            Pos Pred Value: 0.9608
##
            Neg Pred Value :
##
##
                Prevalence: 0.9608
            Detection Rate: 0.9608
##
##
      Detection Prevalence : 1.0000
##
         Balanced Accuracy : 0.5000
##
          'Positive' Class : N
##
##
```

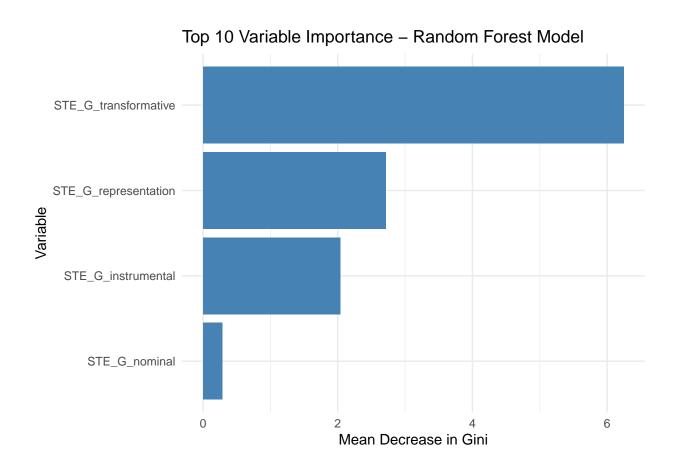
No. of Nodes for the Trees



Top 10 – Variable Importance



##	N	Y	MeanDecreaseAccuracy	MeanDecreaseGini
## ST_farmers	-8.777496	4.3809245	-7.3721450	0.8112868
## ST_combined_gov	-2.066005	7.9685945	-0.4921922	1.8599838
## ST_combined_coalition	5.892092	-2.6622001	5.1893136	1.0811956
## ST_combined_industry	4.849517	-3.4966026	4.2885592	0.9817205
## ST_migrants	0.000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
## ST_public	6.841555	1.6042011	6.8809319	0.2920537
## ST_university	2.725558	-0.3349692	2.6828827	1.5970035
## ST experts	5.074284	-1.2977588	4.8538534	0.8192716



Researcher Modeling - solution proposed

QUESTION: Does researcher type increase the likelihood that a solution will be proposed?

Regression of whether researcher type predicts if a solution was proposed (Y/N).

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = solution_proposed_YN ~ R_ngo + R_eng + R_math +
      R compsci + R phys + R interdis + R socsci + R economics +
##
      R_ag + R_other, family = binomial, data = crcdata)
##
##
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min 1Q Median
                                 3Q
                                        Max
## -0.7818 -0.2676 -0.1968 -0.1633
                                     2.8523
##
## Coefficients:
               Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -3.32515
                           0.57570 -5.776 7.66e-09 ***
             -14.30039 1500.10090 -0.010
                                           0.9924
## R_ngo
## R_eng
              -0.60890
                           0.52621 - 1.157
                                            0.2472
## R_math
              -13.08984 1340.85939 -0.010
                                            0.9922
## R_compsci -0.08763 0.66877 -0.131
                                            0.8957
## R_phys
               -0.26009
                           0.50876 -0.511
                                            0.6092
## R_interdis
                1.50781
                           0.53459
                                   2.820
                                           0.0048 **
## R_socsci
               -0.38366 0.66670 -0.575
                                           0.5650
## R economics -0.98563 1.06464 -0.926
                                           0.3546
## R_ag
               -0.37850 0.78165 -0.484
                                            0.6282
## R other
                1.13626
                         1.13748 0.999
                                            0.3178
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 153.75 on 482 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 137.74 on 472 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 159.74
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 16
```

ODDS RATIOS: Does researcher type increase the likelihood that a solution will be proposed?

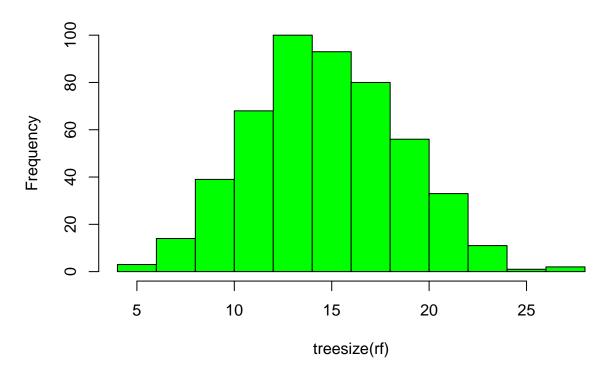
Odds of whether researcher type predicts if a solution was proposed (Y/N). A ratio which is closer to 1 has a greater level of researcher diversity.

```
##
## Logistic regression predicting solution_proposed_YN : Y vs N
##
##
                        crude OR(95%CI)
                                            adj. OR(95%CI)
                                                                P(Wald's test) P(LR-test)
                                            0 (0,Inf)
                                                                               0.481
## R_ngo: 1 vs 0
                        0 (0,Inf)
                                                                0.992
##
                        0.44 (0.17,1.16)
                                            0.54 (0.19, 1.53)
                                                                               0.242
## R_eng: 1 vs 0
                                                                0.247
                        0 (0,Inf)
                                            0 (0,Inf)
## R_math: 1 vs 0
                                                                0.992
                                                                               0.661
##
## R compsci: 1 vs 0
                        0.93 (0.26,3.3)
                                            0.92 (0.25,3.4)
                                                                0.896
                                                                               0.895
##
                        0.82 (0.32,2.11)
                                            0.77 (0.28,2.09)
                                                                               0.608
## R_phys: 1 vs 0
                                                                0.609
##
                        5.05 (1.86,13.72)
                                            4.52 (1.58,12.88)
                                                                               0.004
## R_interdis: 1 vs 0
                                                               0.005
##
## R_socsci: 1 vs 0
                        0.93 (0.26,3.3)
                                            0.68 (0.18, 2.52)
                                                                0.565
                                                                               0.552
##
## R_economics: 1 vs 0 0.33 (0.04,2.49)
                                            0.37 (0.05,3.01)
                                                                0.355
                                                                               0.293
##
                        0.5 (0.11,2.21)
                                            0.68 (0.15,3.17)
                                                                               0.614
## R_ag: 1 vs 0
                                                                0.628
##
## R_other: 1 vs 0
                        2.22 (0.27,18.07) 3.12 (0.34,28.95) 0.318
                                                                               0.373
##
## Log-likelihood = -68.8704
## No. of observations = 483
## AIC value = 159.7409
```

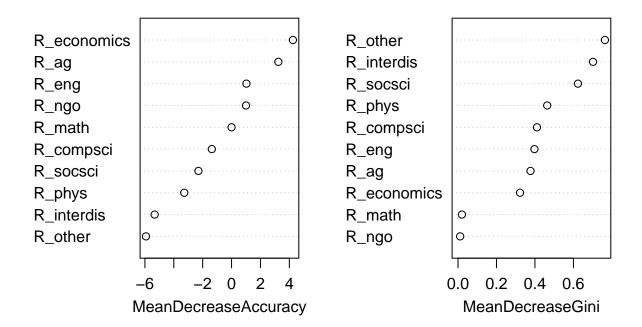
DECISON TREE: Researcher Type Ensembed Decision Tree - researcher type vs solution

```
##
## randomForest(formula = solution_proposed_YN ~ R_ngo + R_eng +
                                                                      R_math + R_compsci + R_phys + R_
##
                  Type of random forest: classification
##
                        Number of trees: 500
## No. of variables tried at each split: 3
##
##
           OOB estimate of error rate: 3.64%
## Confusion matrix:
      N Y class.error
## N 318 O
## Y 12 0
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
            Reference
## Prediction N
                   Y
           N 147
##
           Y
##
                    0
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.9608
##
                    95% CI: (0.9166, 0.9855)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.9608
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.60632
##
##
                     Kappa: 0
##
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.04123
##
              Sensitivity: 1.0000
##
              Specificity: 0.0000
##
           Pos Pred Value: 0.9608
##
            Neg Pred Value :
##
##
               Prevalence: 0.9608
            Detection Rate: 0.9608
##
##
      Detection Prevalence : 1.0000
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.5000
##
##
          'Positive' Class : N
##
```

No. of Nodes for the Trees

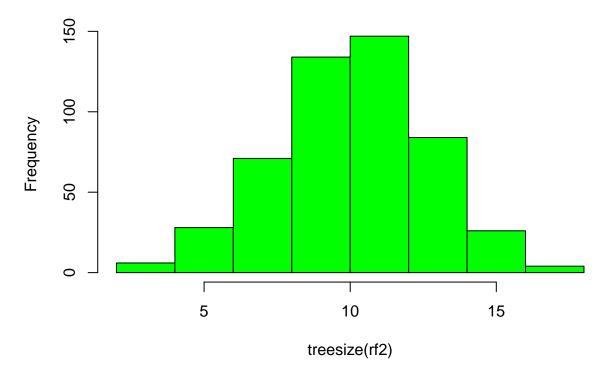


Top 10 – Variable Importance

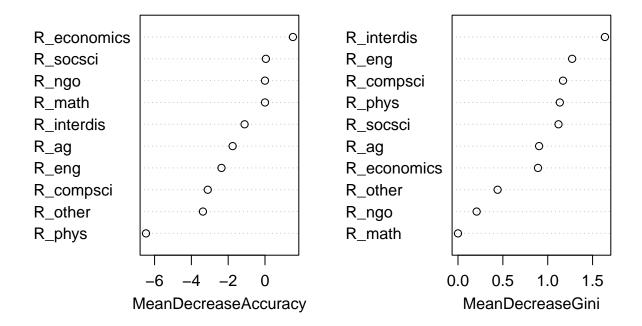


##		N	Y	MeanDecreaseAccuracy	${\tt MeanDecreaseGini}$
##	R_ngo	1.001002	0.000000	1.001002	0.01130222
##	R_eng	2.545433	-4.720178	1.030085	0.39723340
##	R_math	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.02059270
##	R_compsci	-1.110362	-2.207220	-1.365429	0.41046958
##	R_phys	-3.061126	-1.397694	-3.274342	0.46369497
##	$R_{interdis}$	-5.392560	1.001002	-5.324441	0.70176539
##	R_socsci	-2.409116	1.001002	-2.292692	0.62346790
##	$R_{\tt economics}$	4.261605	0.000000	4.248551	0.32239766
##	R_ag	3.206240	1.001002	3.240509	0.37686875
##	R_other	-5.767448	-1.999690	-5.925466	0.76373669

Balanced Model - No. of Nodes for the Trees

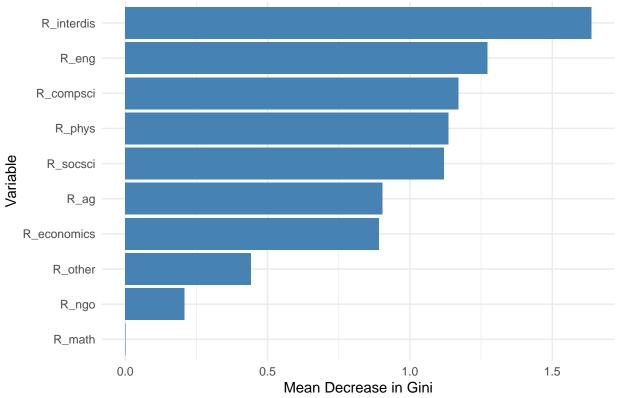


Balanced Model - Top 10 - Variable Importance



##	N	Y	MeanDecreaseAccuracy	MeanDecreaseGini
## R_ngo	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.2079498
## R_eng	-3.5080722	0.2824357	-2.36487090	1.2720908
## R_math	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
## R_compsci	-1.5404837	-3.7021751	-3.10979537	1.1703700
## R_phys	-6.2753608	-2.5179735	-6.46652840	1.1347099
## R_interdis	-2.6021854	1.8262306	-1.10878058	1.6374554
## R_socsci	1.5592110	-2.6016421	0.04869905	1.1198976
## R_economics	0.4311494	2.1955701	1.51805351	0.8912926
## R_ag	-0.2682838	-2.9621819	-1.75741293	0.9039319
## R_other	-2.6418598	-3.3987604	-3.37214891	0.4414520





Researcher Diversity Modeling - solution proposed

QUESTION: Does the diversity of researchers increases the likelihood that a solution will be proposed?

Regression of whether Diversity of researchers predicts if a solution was proposed (Y/N). In order to represent diversity, we have used a simple ratio calculation which sums the number of researcher types involved, divided by the total number of possible researcher options. A ratio which is closer to 1 has a greater level of researcher diversity.

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = solution_proposed_YN ~ ST_ratio, family = binomial,
       data = crcdata)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
                1Q
                     Median
                                   3Q
                                          Max
## -0.2906 -0.2833 -0.2762 -0.2693
                                        2.6209
## Coefficients:
              Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
## (Intercept) -3.1437
                            0.4846 -6.487 8.78e-11 ***
## ST_ratio
               -0.5161
                            2.0451 -0.252
                                             0.801
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
##
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 153.75 on 482 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 153.68 on 481 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 157.68
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 6
```

ODDS RATIOS: Does the diversity of researchers increases the likelihood that a solution will be proposed?

Odds of whether Diversity of researchers predicts if a solution was proposed (Y/N). In order to represent diversity, we have used a simple ratio calculation which sums the number of researcher types involved, divided by the total number of possible researcher options. A ratio which is closer to 1 has a greater level of researcher diversity.

```
##
## Logistic regression predicting solution_proposed_YN : Y vs N
##
## OR(95%CI) P(Wald's test) P(LR-test)
## ST_ratio (cont. var.) 0.6 (0.01,32.86) 0.801 0.799
##
## Log-likelihood = -76.8414
## No. of observations = 483
## AIC value = 157.6829
```

Stakeholder Engagement Modeling - Ghodsvali

Regression Testing - Stakeholder type vs level of engagement (Ghodsvali)

```
## Response ST_farmers :
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = ST_farmers ~ STE_G_nominal + STE_G_instrumental +
       STE_G_representation + STE_G_transformative, data = crcdata)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -0.4444 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.7273
##
## Coefficients:
##
                         Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                  1.025e-02
                                               0.000
                        2.829e-16
## STE_G_nominal
                                  3.992e-02
                                               9.841
                        3.929e-01
                                                      < 2e-16 ***
## STE G instrumental
                        3.684e-01
                                  3.467e-02
                                             10.627
                                                      < 2e-16 ***
## STE G representation 2.727e-01
                                  6.241e-02
                                               4.370 1.52e-05 ***
## STE G transformative 4.444e-01 6.882e-02
                                               6.458 2.62e-10 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.2042 on 478 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3332, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3276
## F-statistic: 59.71 on 4 and 478 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Response ST_combined_gov :
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = ST_combined_gov ~ STE_G_nominal + STE_G_instrumental +
       STE_G_representation + STE_G_transformative, data = crcdata)
##
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                  1Q
                       Median
                                    30
                                            Max
  -0.68421 -0.00252 -0.00252 -0.00252 0.99748
##
## Coefficients:
##
                        Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                        0.002519
                                   0.008868
                                              0.284
                                                       0.776
## STE_G_nominal
                                              8.197 2.28e-15 ***
                        0.283195
                                   0.034548
## STE_G_instrumental
                        0.681692
                                   0.030003 22.721 < 2e-16 ***
## STE_G_representation 0.997481
                                   0.054006
                                             18.470
                                                    < 2e-16 ***
## STE_G_transformative 0.997481
                                   0.059559
                                             16.748 < 2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.1767 on 478 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.6938, Adjusted R-squared: 0.6913
## F-statistic: 270.8 on 4 and 478 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
##
```

```
## Response ST_tribal :
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = ST_tribal ~ STE_G_nominal + STE_G_instrumental +
##
       STE_G_representation + STE_G_transformative, data = crcdata)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -0.1429 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.9737
##
## Coefficients:
                          Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                         1.263e-16 4.816e-03
                                                0.000
                                                         1.000
                                   1.876e-02
## STE_G_nominal
                         1.429e-01
                                                7.613 1.44e-13 ***
## STE_G_instrumental
                         2.632e-02 1.630e-02
                                                1.615
                                                         0.107
## STE_G_representation -2.775e-17
                                    2.933e-02
                                                0.000
                                                         1.000
## STE_G_transformative -2.724e-17 3.235e-02
                                                0.000
                                                         1.000
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.09597 on 478 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1103, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1029
## F-statistic: 14.82 on 4 and 478 DF, p-value: 2.004e-11
##
##
## Response ST_combined_coalition :
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = ST_combined_coalition ~ STE_G_nominal + STE_G_instrumental +
##
       STE_G_representation + STE_G_transformative, data = crcdata)
##
## Residuals:
                  1Q
                       Median
  -0.66667 -0.00252 -0.00252 -0.00252 0.99748
## Coefficients:
##
                        Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                   0.009299
                                              0.271 0.78661
                        0.002519
## STE_G_nominal
                                   0.036230
                                              2.888 0.00406 **
                        0.104624
## STE_G_instrumental
                        0.339586
                                   0.031463
                                            10.793 < 2e-16 ***
## STE G representation 0.270208
                                   0.056635
                                              4.771 2.44e-06 ***
## STE_G_transformative 0.664148
                                   0.062459 10.633 < 2e-16 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.1853 on 478 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3329, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3273
## F-statistic: 59.64 on 4 and 478 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Response ST_combined_industry :
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = ST_combined_industry ~ STE_G_nominal + STE_G_instrumental +
```

```
##
       STE_G_representation + STE_G_transformative, data = crcdata)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                       Median
                                    3Q
                  1Q
                                             Max
##
  -0.63636 -0.00252 -0.00252 -0.00252 0.99748
##
## Coefficients:
                        Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                        0.002519
                                   0.009921
                                               0.254 0.79969
                                               4.555 6.67e-06 ***
## STE_G_nominal
                        0.176053
                                   0.038653
## STE_G_instrumental
                        0.523797
                                   0.033568
                                             15.604 < 2e-16 ***
## STE_G_representation 0.633845
                                             10.490 < 2e-16 ***
                                   0.060423
## STE_G_transformative 0.219703
                                   0.066637
                                               3.297 0.00105 **
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.1977 on 478 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.4246, Adjusted R-squared: 0.4198
## F-statistic: 88.19 on 4 and 478 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
## Response ST_migrants :
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = ST_migrants ~ STE_G_nominal + STE_G_instrumental +
       STE_G_representation + STE_G_transformative, data = crcdata)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
              1Q Median
                            3Q
                                  Max
##
               0
                             0
                                    0
##
## Coefficients:
                        Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                               0
                                                 NaN
                                          0
                                                          NaN
## STE G nominal
                               0
                                           0
                                                 NaN
                                                          NaN
## STE_G_instrumental
                               0
                                           0
                                                 NaN
                                                          NaN
## STE G representation
                                           0
                                                 NaN
                                                          NaN
## STE_G_transformative
                                          0
                                                 NaN
                                                          NaN
##
## Residual standard error: 0 on 478 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:
                         NaN, Adjusted R-squared:
## F-statistic: NaN on 4 and 478 DF, p-value: NA
##
## Response ST_youth :
##
## Call:
  lm(formula = ST_youth ~ STE_G_nominal + STE_G_instrumental +
##
       STE_G_representation + STE_G_transformative, data = crcdata)
##
## Residuals:
       Min
                  1Q
                       Median
                                    3Q
## -0.05263 -0.00252 -0.00252 -0.00252 0.99748
##
```

```
## Coefficients:
##
                        Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                                  0.004508
## (Intercept)
                        0.002519
                                             0.559 0.57659
## STE_G_nominal
                        0.033195
                                  0.017563
                                             1.890 0.05936
## STE_G_instrumental
                        0.050113
                                  0.015252
                                             3.286 0.00109 **
## STE G representation -0.002519
                                           -0.092 0.92694
                                  0.027455
## STE G transformative -0.002519
                                  0.030278 -0.083 0.93373
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.08982 on 478 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.02782,
                                  Adjusted R-squared:
## F-statistic: 3.42 on 4 and 478 DF, p-value: 0.009011
##
##
## Response ST_public :
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = ST_public ~ STE_G_nominal + STE_G_instrumental +
      STE_G_representation + STE_G_transformative, data = crcdata)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
               1Q Median
                               ЗQ
                                     Max
## -0.2857 0.0000 0.0000 0.0000 0.8684
##
## Coefficients:
##
                         Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                       -2.526e-18 8.355e-03
                                              0.000 1.000000
## STE_G_nominal
                                              8.777 < 2e-16 ***
                        2.857e-01 3.255e-02
## STE_G_instrumental
                        1.316e-01 2.827e-02
                                              4.654 4.21e-06 ***
## STE_G_representation 1.818e-01 5.089e-02
                                              3.573 0.000389 ***
## STE_G_transformative 2.222e-01 5.612e-02
                                              3.960 8.64e-05 ***
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.1665 on 478 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.1923, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1855
## F-statistic: 28.44 on 4 and 478 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Response ST_university :
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = ST_university ~ STE_G_nominal + STE_G_instrumental +
      STE_G_representation + STE_G_transformative, data = crcdata)
##
## Residuals:
       Min
                 1Q
                      Median
                                   3Q
## -0.55556 -0.00252 -0.00252 -0.00252 0.99748
## Coefficients:
                       Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                       0.002519
                                 0.009911 0.254 0.799480
                       ## STE G nominal
```

```
## STE_G_instrumental
                      0.418534
                                0.033531 12.482 < 2e-16 ***
## STE_G_representation 0.452027
                                0.060358
                                          7.489 3.37e-13 ***
                                0.066564 8.308 1.01e-15 ***
## STE G transformative 0.553037
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.1975 on 478 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.3575, Adjusted R-squared: 0.3521
## F-statistic: 66.5 on 4 and 478 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
##
##
## Response ST_experts :
## Call:
## lm(formula = ST_experts ~ STE_G_nominal + STE_G_instrumental +
##
      STE_G_representation + STE_G_transformative, data = crcdata)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                1Q Median
                                 30
## -0.28947 -0.00252 -0.00252 -0.00252 0.99748
##
## Coefficients:
##
                      Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                      0.002519 0.009180 0.274 0.7839
## STE_G_nominal
                      ## STE_G_instrumental 0.286955 0.031059
                                          9.239 < 2e-16 ***
## STE_G_representation 0.270208
                               0.055907
                                           4.833 1.81e-06 ***
## STE_G_transformative 0.108592
                               0.061656
                                          1.761 0.0788 .
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.1829 on 478 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.2039, Adjusted R-squared: 0.1972
## F-statistic: 30.61 on 4 and 478 DF, p-value: < 2.2e-16
```

Regression Testing - Stakeholder type vs solution

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = solution_proposed_YN ~ ST_farmers + ST_combined_gov +
       ST_tribal + ST_combined_coalition + ST_combined_industry +
       ST_migrants + ST_youth + ST_public + ST_university + ST_experts,
##
       family = binomial, data = crcdata)
##
##
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min
##
                 1Q
                     Median
                                   3Q
                                           Max
## -1.1927 -0.1364 -0.1364 -0.1364
                                        3.0602
## Coefficients: (1 not defined because of singularities)
                           Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept)
                           -4.67323
                                       0.50476 -9.258 < 2e-16 ***
## ST farmers
                                       0.72644
                                                0.774
                           0.56210
                                                          0.439
## ST_combined_gov
                                       0.80612
                                                4.917 8.79e-07 ***
                           3.96372
## ST_tribal
                          -14.36229 1623.97493 -0.009
                                                          0.993
## ST_combined_coalition
                         -0.01271
                                       0.87795 -0.014
                                                          0.988
## ST_combined_industry
                           -0.97124
                                       0.74281 - 1.308
                                                          0.191
## ST_migrants
                                 NA
                                            NA
                                                    NA
                                                             NA
## ST_youth
                          -15.26565 1784.23408
                                               -0.009
                                                          0.993
## ST_public
                           0.74554
                                       0.79355
                                                0.940
                                                          0.347
## ST_university
                           -0.23106
                                       0.82786
                                               -0.279
                                                          0.780
## ST_experts
                           -0.29851
                                       0.80371 -0.371
                                                          0.710
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
       Null deviance: 153.75 on 482 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 102.25 on 473 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 122.25
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 16
```

Geographic Location Modeling - solution proposed

QUESTION: Does the geographic location of the study increase the likelihood of proposed/implemented solutions?

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = solution_proposed_YN ~ G_local + G_regional + G_national +
      G_multinational + G_global, family = binomial, data = crcdata)
##
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min 1Q Median
                                         Max
## -0.5090 -0.3117 -0.2450 -0.2450
                                      2.7091
## Coefficients:
                   Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
                              0.9147 -3.984 6.79e-05 ***
## (Intercept)
                   -3.6437
## G_local
                     0.6433
                               0.9908 0.649
                                                 0.516
## G_regional
                    0.1523
                               1.0042 0.152
                                                 0.879
## G_national
                    1.0220
                               1.0071
                                        1.015
                                                 0.310
## G_multinational -14.9224 1232.6632 -0.012
                                                 0.990
## G_global
                  -14.9224 1966.6497 -0.008
                                                 0.994
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
##
      Null deviance: 153.75 on 482 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 148.27 on 477 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 160.27
##
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 17
```

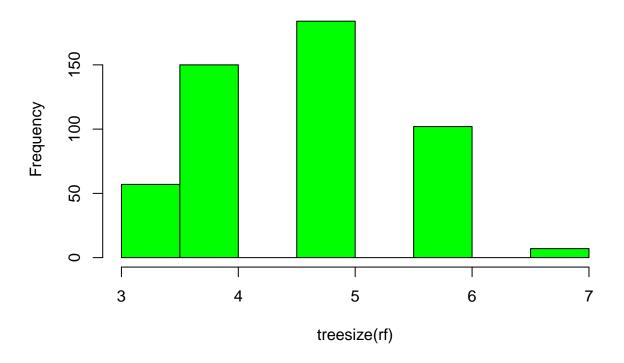
ODDS RATIOS: Does the geographic location of the study increase the likelihood of proposed/implemented solutions?

```
##
## Logistic regression predicting solution_proposed_YN : Y vs N
##
##
                           crude OR(95%CI)
                                             adj. OR(95%CI)
                                                               P(Wald's test) P(LR-test)
## G_local: 1 vs 0
                           1.45 (0.53,3.96) 1.9 (0.27,13.27) 0.516
                                                                              0.494
                           0.68 (0.25,1.84) 1.16 (0.16,8.33) 0.879
                                                                              0.878
## G_regional: 1 vs 0
                           2.25 (0.78,6.5)
## G_national: 1 vs 0
                                             2.78 (0.39,20)
                                                               0.31
                                                                              0.277
##
## G_multinational: 1 vs 0 0 (0,Inf)
                                             0 (0,Inf)
                                                               0.99
                                                                              0.285
##
## G_global: 1 vs 0
                                             0 (0,Inf)
                                                               0.994
                           0 (0,Inf)
                                                                              0.475
## Log-likelihood = -74.1333
## No. of observations = 483
## AIC value = 160.2665
```

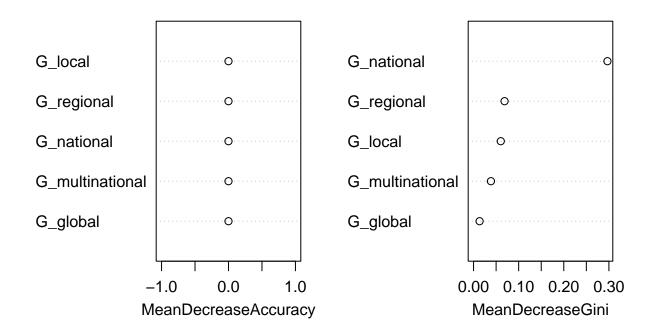
DECISON TREE: Geographic area Ensembed Decision Tree - Geographic area vs solution

```
##
  randomForest(formula = solution_proposed_YN ~ G_local + G_regional +
                                                                              G_national + G_multination
##
                  Type of random forest: classification
##
                        Number of trees: 500
## No. of variables tried at each split: 2
##
##
           OOB estimate of error rate: 3.64%
## Confusion matrix:
      N Y class.error
## N 318 0
## Y 12 0
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
##
             Reference
## Prediction N
                    Y
           N 147
##
##
           Y
                    0
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.9608
##
                    95% CI: (0.9166, 0.9855)
##
       No Information Rate: 0.9608
##
       P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 0.60632
##
##
                     Kappa: 0
##
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value: 0.04123
##
               Sensitivity: 1.0000
##
               Specificity: 0.0000
##
           Pos Pred Value: 0.9608
##
            Neg Pred Value :
##
##
                Prevalence: 0.9608
            Detection Rate: 0.9608
##
##
      Detection Prevalence : 1.0000
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.5000
##
##
          'Positive' Class : N
##
```

No. of Nodes for the Trees



Top 10 – Variable Importance

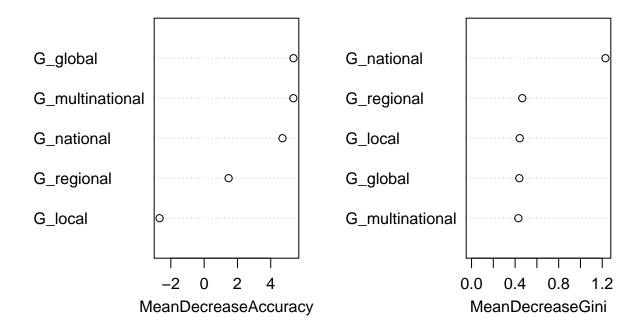


##		N	Y	MeanDecreaseAccuracy	MeanDecreaseGini
##	G_local	0	0	0	0.06034211
##	G_regional	0	0	0	0.06873373
##	G_national	0	0	0	0.29674447
##	${\tt G_multinational}$	0	0	0	0.03848745
##	G_global	0	0	0	0.01339159

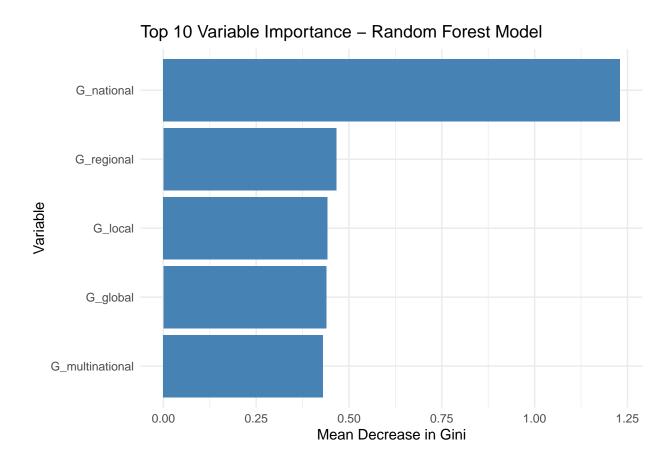
Balanced Model - No. of Nodes for the Trees



Balanced Model – Top 10 – Variable Importance



##	N	Y	MeanDecreaseAccuracy	${\tt MeanDecreaseGini}$
## G_local	1.027629	-5.354141	-2.677505	0.4422253
## G_regional	3.227648	-2.858525	1.469859	0.4656785
## G_national	1.501660	5.983360	4.705676	1.2295193
## G_multinational	5.317768	1.614880	5.357814	0.4299825
## G_global	5.490292	2.766211	5.363641	0.4384266



Regional Location Modeling - solution proposed

QUESTION: Does the regional location of the study increase the likelihood of proposed/implemented solutions? Regions were grouped in: Europe/Asia, Middle East/Global - and Other.

RESULTS: A bias-reduced logistic regression indicated that region was significantly associated with whether a solution was proposed, Chisquare = 7.28, p = .026.

```
##
## Call:
## glm(formula = solution_proposed_YN ~ L_region_3, family = binomial,
      data = crcdata, method = "brglmFit")
##
## Deviance Residuals:
      Min
           1Q
                    Median
                                 3Q
                                         Max
## -0.4009 -0.3788 -0.1930 -0.1930
                                      2.8257
##
## Coefficients:
                       Estimate Std. Error z value Pr(>|z|)
##
## (Intercept)
                        -3.9737
                                  0.4311 -9.217 < 2e-16 ***
## L_region_3EuropeAsia 1.4932
                                    0.5485
                                            2.722 0.00648 **
## L_region_3GlobalME
                         1.3752
                                   0.6545 2.101 0.03563 *
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## (Dispersion parameter for binomial family taken to be 1)
##
      Null deviance: 153.76 on 482 degrees of freedom
## Residual deviance: 145.04 on 480 degrees of freedom
## AIC: 151.04
## Type of estimator: AS_mixed (mixed bias-reducing adjusted score equations)
## Number of Fisher Scoring iterations: 3
```

ODDS RATIOS: Does the regional location of the study increase the likelihood of proposed/implemented solutions?

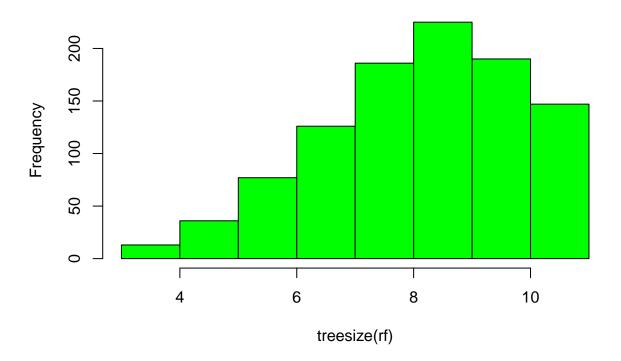
RESULTS: Compared to other regions, cases from Europe and Asia had 3.77 times higher odds of proposing a solution (95% CI [1.35, 10.48], p = .011). Global and Middle East cases also had higher odds (OR = 3.35, 95% CI [0.97, 11.57]), though this effect was marginal (p = .056).

```
## (Intercept) 0.01880342 0.008077381 0.04377268
## L_region_3EuropeAsia 4.45134158 1.519125103 13.04332462
## L_region_3GlobalME 3.95567490 1.096799990 14.26637862
```

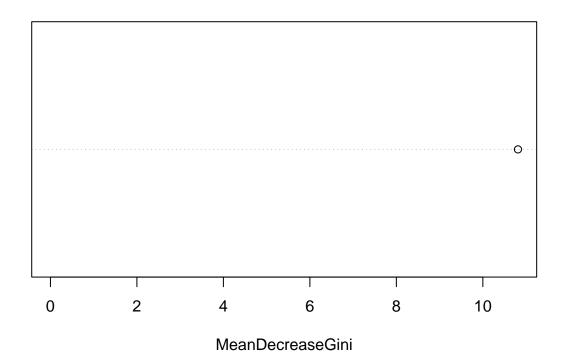
DECISON TREE: Region area Ensembed Decision Tree - Region area vs solution

```
## Call:
   randomForest(formula = solution_proposed_YN ~ ., data = train,
                                                                        proximity = TRUE, importance = '
                  Type of random forest: classification
                        Number of trees: 1000
\#\# No. of variables tried at each split: 3
##
##
           OOB estimate of error rate: 48.67%
## Confusion matrix:
      N
         Y class.error
## N 142 146
              0.5069444
## Y
      0 12
               0.0000000
## Confusion Matrix and Statistics
##
            Reference
## Prediction N Y
           N 58 2
##
           Y 77 4
##
##
                  Accuracy : 0.4397
##
                    95% CI: (0.3563, 0.5257)
##
##
      No Information Rate: 0.9574
##
      P-Value [Acc > NIR] : 1
##
                     Kappa : 0.0138
##
##
   Mcnemar's Test P-Value : <2e-16
##
##
##
               Sensitivity: 0.42963
##
               Specificity: 0.66667
##
           Pos Pred Value: 0.96667
            Neg Pred Value: 0.04938
##
##
                Prevalence: 0.95745
##
           Detection Rate: 0.41135
##
     Detection Prevalence: 0.42553
##
         Balanced Accuracy: 0.54815
##
##
          'Positive' Class : N
##
```

No. of Nodes for the Trees

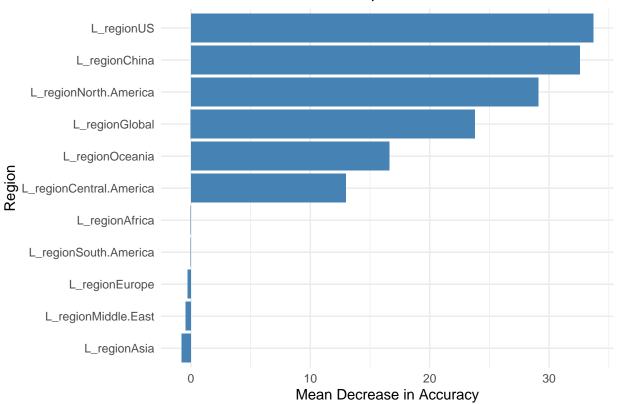


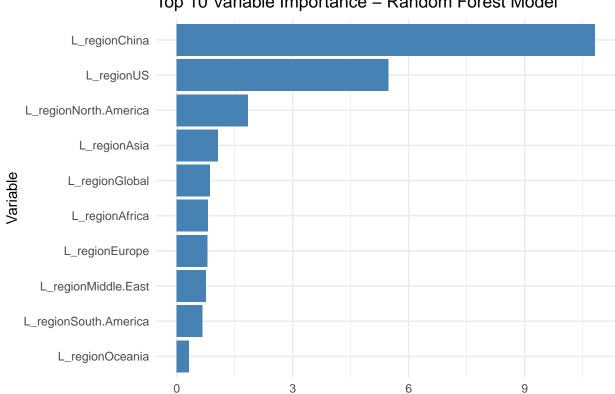
Top 10 – Variable Importance



##		N	Y	MeanDecreaseAccuracy	MeanDecreaseGini
##	L_regionAfrica	1.0933895	-5.452981	0.003298512	0.8072409
##	L_regionAsia	0.0273873	-4.314722	-0.779705873	1.0689579
##	L_regionCentral.America	12.9998947	2.645574	12.969412515	0.2235869
##	L_regionChina	29.8633065	24.597473	32.565561078	10.8122942
##	L_regionEurope	-0.3400512	1.175147	-0.275919239	0.7892525
##	L_regionGlobal	23.8582712	6.071100	23.790215443	0.8636361
##	L_regionMiddle.East	-0.7597452	2.935461	-0.440067723	0.7561429
##	L_regionNorth.America	28.8473223	9.097030	29.086505006	1.8417100
##	L_regionOceania	16.7398361	4.005763	16.600204791	0.3224700
##	L_regionSouth.America	2.0247652	-6.355594	-0.007166369	0.6604102
##	L regionUS	31.5190738	18.773142	33.684062103	5.4730018

Random Forest Variable Importance





Top 10 Variable Importance – Random Forest Model

Mean Decrease in Gini

Multivariate Stakeholder Engagement Modeling - geographic area

Regression Testing - stakeholder type vs geographic area - interactions and effects

```
## Response ST_farmers :
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = ST_farmers ~ G_local + G_regional + G_national +
      G_multinational + G_global, data = crcdata)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                 1Q
                      Median
                                   ЗQ
                                           Max
## -0.13252 -0.07882 -0.07882 -0.03983 0.96429
##
## Coefficients:
##
                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                   0.003012 0.037040 0.081
## G_local
                   0.092694 0.042943 2.159
                                                0.0314 *
## G regional
                   0.075806 0.040938
                                       1.852
                                                0.0647 .
## G national
                   0.036814 0.046694
                                        0.788
                                                 0.4308
## G_multinational 0.032702 0.059799 0.547
                                                 0.5847
## G_global
             -0.003012 0.083558 -0.036
                                                 0.9713
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.2484 on 477 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.01488,
                                   Adjusted R-squared:
## F-statistic: 1.441 on 5 and 477 DF, p-value: 0.208
##
##
## Response ST_combined_gov :
## Call:
## lm(formula = ST_combined_gov ~ G_local + G_regional + G_national +
      G_multinational + G_global, data = crcdata)
##
##
## Residuals:
      Min
               1Q Median
                               30
                                      Max
## -0.1856 -0.1224 -0.1182 -0.0724 0.9286
##
## Coefficients:
##
                    Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                   0.0724005 0.0474942
                                         1.524
                                                  0.128
                                          1.148
## G_local
                   0.0631993 0.0550635
                                                  0.252
## G_regional
                   0.0458261 0.0524928
                                          0.873
                                                  0.383
## G_national
                   0.0500214 0.0598732
                                          0.835
                                                  0.404
## G_multinational -0.0009719 0.0766760 -0.013
                                                   0.990
## G_global
                  -0.0724005 0.1071409 -0.676
                                                   0.500
##
## Residual standard error: 0.3185 on 477 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.007008,
                                  Adjusted R-squared: -0.003401
## F-statistic: 0.6733 on 5 and 477 DF, p-value: 0.6439
##
##
```

```
## Response ST_tribal :
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = ST_tribal ~ G_local + G_regional + G_national +
##
       G_multinational + G_global, data = crcdata)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                  1Q
                      Median
                                    3Q
                                            Max
## -0.03201 -0.01790 -0.00493 -0.00070 0.99507
##
## Coefficients:
                     Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                    0.0007018 0.0150616
                                          0.047
                                                   0.9629
                                           1.793
## G_local
                    0.0313073 0.0174620
                                                   0.0736
## G_regional
                                           0.254
                    0.0042243 0.0166468
                                                   0.7998
## G_national
                   -0.0011306
                               0.0189872
                                          -0.060
                                                   0.9525
## G_multinational -0.0007018 0.0243158
                                         -0.029
                                                   0.9770
## G_global
                   -0.0007018 0.0339770 -0.021
                                                   0.9835
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.101 on 477 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.01641,
                                    Adjusted R-squared:
## F-statistic: 1.592 on 5 and 477 DF, p-value: 0.1608
##
## Response ST_combined_coalition :
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = ST_combined_coalition ~ G_local + G_regional + G_national +
##
       G_multinational + G_global, data = crcdata)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                  1Q
                      Median
                                    3Q
                                            Max
## -0.06859 -0.06404 -0.06404 -0.03983 0.96429
##
## Coefficients:
##
                    Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                    0.046854
                               0.033790
                                          1.387
                                                   0.166
## G_local
                   -0.007028
                               0.039175 -0.179
                                                   0.858
## G_regional
                    0.017186
                               0.037346
                                          0.460
                                                   0.646
## G national
                    0.021736
                               0.042597
                                          0.510
                                                   0.610
## G_multinational -0.011139
                               0.054551 -0.204
                                                   0.838
## G_global
                   -0.046854
                               0.076225 -0.615
                                                   0.539
## Residual standard error: 0.2266 on 477 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.004245,
                                    Adjusted R-squared:
                                                         -0.006193
## F-statistic: 0.4067 on 5 and 477 DF, p-value: 0.8442
##
##
## Response ST_combined_industry :
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = ST_combined_industry ~ G_local + G_regional + G_national +
```

```
##
       G_multinational + G_global, data = crcdata)
##
## Residuals:
##
        Min
                  1Q
                      Median
                                     3Q
                                             Max
## -0.10574 -0.08867 -0.08186 -0.07173 0.95214
## Coefficients:
                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                    0.04786
                                0.03872
                                          1.236
                                                   0.217
                                          0.532
## G_local
                    0.02387
                                0.04489
                                                   0.595
## G_regional
                    0.04081
                                0.04280
                                          0.954
                                                   0.341
## G_national
                    0.03401
                                0.04882
                                          0.697
                                                   0.486
## G_multinational -0.04786
                                0.06252 -0.766
                                                   0.444
                                0.08736 -0.548
                                                   0.584
## G_global
                   -0.04786
##
## Residual standard error: 0.2597 on 477 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.009003,
                                     Adjusted R-squared:
                                                          -0.001384
## F-statistic: 0.8667 on 5 and 477 DF, p-value: 0.5033
##
##
## Response ST_migrants :
## Call:
## lm(formula = ST_migrants ~ G_local + G_regional + G_national +
       G_multinational + G_global, data = crcdata)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
              1Q Median
                             3Q
                                   Max
##
        0
               0
                              0
                                     0
##
## Coefficients:
##
                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                           0
                                      0
                                            NaN
                                                     NaN
## G_local
                           0
                                      0
                                            NaN
                                                     NaN
## G regional
                           0
                                      0
                                            NaN
                                                     NaN
## G_national
                           0
                                      0
                                            NaN
                                                     NaN
## G multinational
                           0
                                      0
                                            NaN
                                                     NaN
## G_global
                           0
                                            NaN
                                                     NaN
##
## Residual standard error: 0 on 477 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared:
                         NaN, Adjusted R-squared:
## F-statistic: NaN on 5 and 477 DF, p-value: NA
##
## Response ST_youth :
##
## Call:
  lm(formula = ST_youth ~ G_local + G_regional + G_national + G_multinational +
##
       G_global, data = crcdata)
##
## Residuals:
        Min
                  1Q
                       Median
## -0.02258 -0.01618 -0.00493 -0.00493 0.99507
##
```

```
## Coefficients:
##
                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                              0.013552
## (Intercept)
                   0.022584
                                        1.666
## G_local
                  -0.006404
                              0.015711 -0.408
                                                  0.6838
## G_regional
                   -0.017658
                              0.014978 -1.179
                                                  0.2390
## G national
                   -0.022496
                              0.017084 - 1.317
                                                  0.1885
## G multinational -0.022584
                              0.021878 - 1.032
                                                  0.3025
## G_global
                   -0.022584
                              0.030571 - 0.739
                                                  0.4604
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.09089 on 477 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.006742,
                                    Adjusted R-squared: -0.00367
## F-statistic: 0.6475 on 5 and 477 DF, p-value: 0.6635
##
##
## Response ST_public :
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = ST_public ~ G_local + G_regional + G_national +
##
       G_multinational + G_global, data = crcdata)
##
## Residuals:
       Min
                  10
                      Median
                                    30
## -0.08838 -0.04640 -0.01970 0.00000 0.98030
## Coefficients:
                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
                                       1.707
## (Intercept)
                   0.04640
                              0.02719
                                                 0.0885
## G_local
                   0.04198
                               0.03152
                                       1.332
                                                 0.1835
## G_regional
                   -0.02669
                               0.03005 -0.888
                                                 0.3748
## G_national
                   -0.04697
                               0.03427 -1.371
                                                 0.1712
## G_multinational -0.04640
                               0.04389 -1.057
                                                 0.2910
## G_global
                  -0.04640
                               0.06133 -0.757
                                                 0.4497
## Signif. codes: 0 '***' 0.001 '**' 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.1823 on 477 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.03325,
                                   Adjusted R-squared: 0.02312
## F-statistic: 3.281 on 5 and 477 DF, p-value: 0.006344
##
##
## Response ST_university :
##
## lm(formula = ST_university ~ G_local + G_regional + G_national +
##
       G_multinational + G_global, data = crcdata)
##
## Residuals:
##
       Min
                  1Q
                      Median
                                    3Q
## -0.09641 -0.07882 -0.07882 -0.03178 0.96822
## Coefficients:
##
                    Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
```

```
## (Intercept)
                   0.069515
                              0.036570
                                         1.901
                                                  0.0579 .
## G_local
                   -0.037731
                              0.042398 -0.890
                                                 0.3740
## G_regional
                                         0.230
                   0.009302
                              0.040419
                                                  0.8181
## G_national
                   0.026892
                              0.046101
                                         0.583
                                                  0.5600
## G_multinational -0.033801
                               0.059039 -0.573
                                                 0.5672
## G_global
                  -0.069515
                              0.082497 -0.843
                                                  0.3999
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.2453 on 477 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.01095,
                                   Adjusted R-squared: 0.0005834
## F-statistic: 1.056 on 5 and 477 DF, p-value: 0.384
##
## Response ST_experts :
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = ST_experts ~ G_local + G_regional + G_national +
##
       G_multinational + G_global, data = crcdata)
##
## Residuals:
                 1Q
                      Median
## -0.05911 -0.05911 -0.04140 -0.02404 0.97596
##
## Coefficients:
                   Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                   0.045898
                              0.030507
                                         1.505
                                                  0.133
                              0.035368 -0.618
## G_local
                   -0.021862
                                                   0.537
## G_regional
                              0.033717
                                        0.392
                                                   0.695
                   0.013215
## G_national
                   -0.004503
                              0.038458 -0.117
                                                   0.907
## G_multinational -0.010184
                               0.049251
                                        -0.207
                                                   0.836
## G_global
                  -0.045898
                               0.068819 -0.667
                                                   0.505
##
## Residual standard error: 0.2046 on 477 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.00598, Adjusted R-squared: -0.004439
## F-statistic: 0.5739 on 5 and 477 DF, p-value: 0.72
```

Multivariate Geographic Modeling - Ghodsvali

Regression Testing - Geographic area vs engagement (Ghodsvali) - interactions and effects

```
## Response G_local :
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = G_local ~ STE_G_nominal + STE_G_instrumental + STE_G_representation +
       STE G transformative, data = crcdata)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -0.5556 -0.2343 -0.2343
                           0.4444
                                    0.8182
##
## Coefficients:
##
                        Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                    0.02176 10.763 < 2e-16 ***
                         0.23426
## STE_G_nominal
                         0.26574
                                    0.08479
                                              3.134 0.00183 **
## STE_G_instrumental
                         0.05522
                                    0.07364
                                              0.750 0.45371
## STE_G_representation -0.05244
                                    0.13255
                                            -0.396 0.69256
## STE G transformative 0.32130
                                    0.14618
                                              2.198 0.02843 *
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
##
## Residual standard error: 0.4336 on 478 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.02981,
                                    Adjusted R-squared: 0.02169
## F-statistic: 3.671 on 4 and 478 DF, p-value: 0.005873
##
##
## Response G_regional :
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = G_regional ~ STE_G_nominal + STE_G_instrumental +
       STE_G_representation + STE_G_transformative, data = crcdata)
##
## Residuals:
      Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -0.5454 -0.4156 -0.4156 0.5844 0.8889
##
## Coefficients:
                        Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
##
## (Intercept)
                                    0.02477 16.782
                                                      <2e-16 ***
                         0.41562
## STE G nominal
                         0.01295
                                    0.09649
                                              0.134
                                                      0.8933
## STE_G_instrumental
                         0.08438
                                              1.007
                                    0.08379
                                                      0.3144
## STE_G_representation 0.12984
                                    0.15083
                                              0.861
                                                      0.3898
## STE_G_transformative -0.30451
                                    0.16634 -1.831
                                                      0.0678 .
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
\#\# Residual standard error: 0.4935 on 478 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.01092,
                                    Adjusted R-squared:
## F-statistic: 1.319 on 4 and 478 DF, p-value: 0.2619
```

```
##
##
## Response G_national :
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = G_national ~ STE_G_nominal + STE_G_instrumental +
       STE G representation + STE G transformative, data = crcdata)
##
## Residuals:
##
      Min
                1Q Median
                                3Q
                                       Max
## -0.2727 -0.1587 -0.1587 -0.1316
                                   0.8684
##
## Coefficients:
##
                        Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                    0.01794
                                              8.845
                         0.15869
                                                      <2e-16 ***
## STE_G_nominal
                        -0.15869
                                    0.06990
                                             -2.270
                                                      0.0236 *
## STE_G_instrumental
                        -0.02711
                                    0.06070
                                            -0.447
                                                      0.6553
## STE G representation 0.11404
                                    0.10927
                                              1.044
                                                      0.2972
## STE_G_transformative 0.06353
                                    0.12050
                                              0.527
                                                      0.5983
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.3575 on 478 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.01428,
                                    Adjusted R-squared:
## F-statistic: 1.731 on 4 and 478 DF, p-value: 0.1419
##
## Response G_multinational :
##
## Call:
## lm(formula = G_multinational ~ STE_G_nominal + STE_G_instrumental +
##
       STE_G_representation + STE_G_transformative, data = crcdata)
##
## Residuals:
                  1Q
                      Median
## -0.11111 -0.06297 -0.06297 -0.06297 0.97368
## Coefficients:
##
                        Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                                    0.01176
                                             5.354 1.34e-07 ***
                         0.06297
## STE G nominal
                        -0.02726
                                    0.04582 -0.595
                                                       0.552
## STE_G_instrumental
                        -0.03666
                                    0.03980 -0.921
                                                       0.357
## STE_G_representation -0.06297
                                    0.07163 -0.879
                                                       0.380
## STE_G_transformative 0.04814
                                    0.07900
                                             0.609
                                                       0.543
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
## Residual standard error: 0.2344 on 478 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.004711,
                                    Adjusted R-squared:
                                                         -0.003618
## F-statistic: 0.5656 on 4 and 478 DF, p-value: 0.6877
##
##
## Response G_global :
##
```

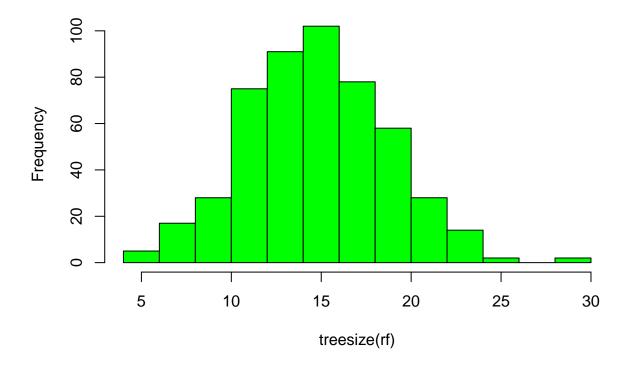
```
## Call:
## lm(formula = G_global ~ STE_G_nominal + STE_G_instrumental +
      STE_G_representation + STE_G_transformative, data = crcdata)
##
## Residuals:
##
       \mathtt{Min}
                1Q Median
                                  3Q
                                         Max
## -0.02771 -0.02771 -0.02771 0.97229
## Coefficients:
##
                       Estimate Std. Error t value Pr(>|t|)
## (Intercept)
                       0.027708
                                 0.007507 3.691 0.000249 ***
                                 0.029248 -0.947 0.343949
## STE_G_nominal
                      -0.027708
## STE_G_instrumental
                      ## STE_G_representation -0.027708
                                  0.045721 -0.606 0.544793
                                  0.050423 -0.550 0.582913
## STE_G_transformative -0.027708
## ---
## Signif. codes: 0 '*** 0.001 '** 0.01 '* 0.05 '.' 0.1 ' 1
\mbox{\tt\#\#} Residual standard error: 0.1496 on 478 degrees of freedom
## Multiple R-squared: 0.005048, Adjusted R-squared: -0.003277
## F-statistic: 0.6064 on 4 and 478 DF, p-value: 0.6582
```

ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS - ALL VARIABLES

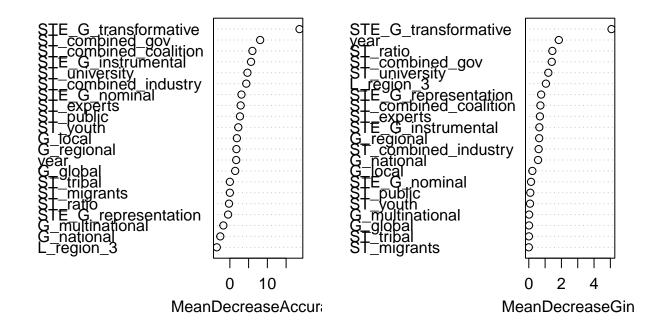
Looking at Decision Tree for all variables - with Ghodsvali scale - with solution proposed as dependent variable

```
##
## Call:
   randomForest(formula = solution_proposed_YN ~ STE_G_nominal +
                                                                        STE_G_instrumental + STE_G_repre
##
                  Type of random forest: classification
##
                        Number of trees: 500
##
## No. of variables tried at each split: 4
##
           OOB estimate of error rate: 2.42%
##
## Confusion matrix:
##
       N Y class.error
## N 317 1 0.003144654
## Y
       7 5 0.583333333
```

Balanced Model - No. of Nodes for the Trees

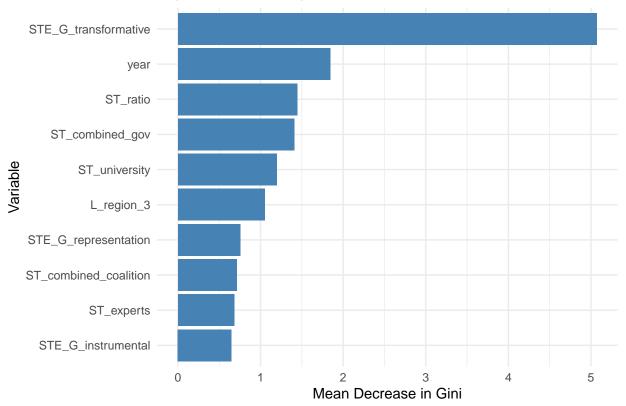


Balanced Model - Top 10 - Variable Importance



##		N	Y	MeanDecreaseAccuracy	MeanDecreaseGini
##	STE_G_nominal	2.9278115	1.2895919	3.0910968	0.137198375
##	STE_G_instrumental	6.2352532	-2.5852228	5.6449278	0.647681201
##	STE_G_representation	-0.1146661	-1.1046632	-0.4769784	0.756437074
##	STE_G_transformative	15.5230316	18.9027644	18.5694367	5.069771631
##	ST_combined_gov	5.6213085	9.9520527	8.0778989	1.409041725
##	ST_tribal	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.007509526
##	${\tt ST_combined_coalition}$	6.8178602	-2.6375903	6.0102148	0.712070810
##	ST_combined_industry	6.0187625	-5.0291254	4.3767371	0.603715230
##	ST_migrants	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.000000	0.00000000
##	ST_youth	2.2464790	0.0000000	2.2461956	0.075491469
##	ST_public	2.6826505	0.0000000	2.6977133	0.092662621
##	ST_university	4.1216450	1.3659967	4.6858351	1.196934769
##	ST_experts	2.6119504	2.1576750	2.8823248	0.681870242
##	G_local	1.7772007	0.5453075	1.8700082	0.217988617
##	G_regional	1.3512583	1.3800801	1.7467169	0.635833566
##	G_national	-2.8862207	0.3503431	-2.5523338	0.568330140
##	${ t G_multinational}$	-1.7363062	0.0000000	-1.7366841	0.019496837
##	G_global	1.4169439	0.0000000	1.4170392	0.011632594
##	year	2.1682341	-1.7061691	1.6917873	1.841363838
##	L_region_3	-2.8883884	-2.0557616	-3.4867335	1.050033065
##	ST ratio	-0.1903853	-0.3174168	-0.2332633	1.444727112



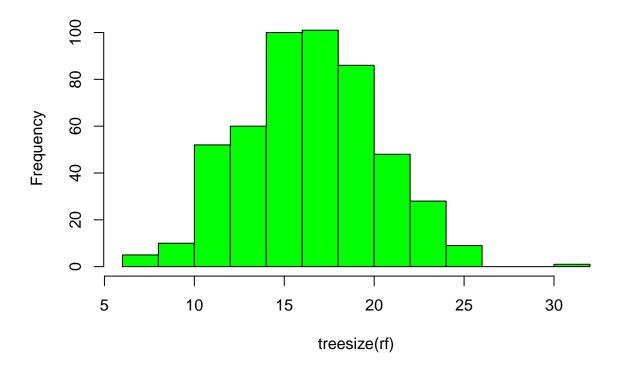


ADDITIONAL ANALYSIS - ALL VARIABLES - minus scaling

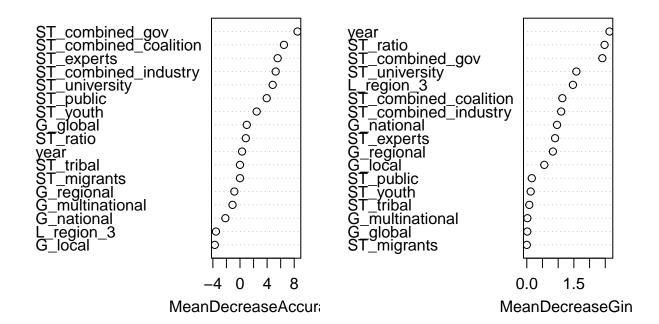
Looking at Decision Tree for all variables - minus the Ghodsvali scale - with solution proposed as dependent variable

```
##
## Call:
   randomForest(formula = solution_proposed_YN ~ ST_combined_gov +
##
                                                                         ST_tribal + ST_combined_coalit
                  Type of random forest: classification
##
                        Number of trees: 500
##
## No. of variables tried at each split: 4
##
           OOB estimate of error rate: 4.24%
##
## Confusion matrix:
##
       N Y class.error
## N 316 2 0.006289308
## Y 12 0 1.00000000
```

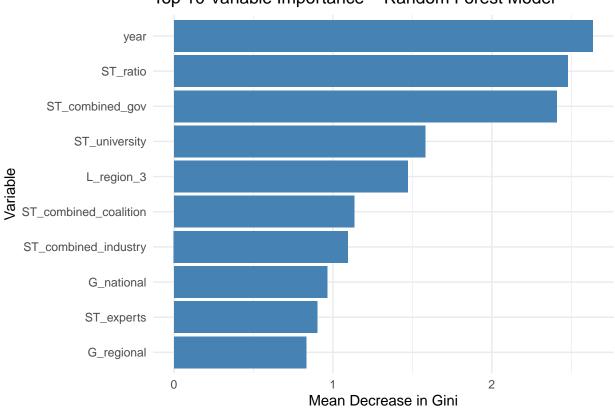
Balanced Model - No. of Nodes for the Trees



Balanced Model - Top 10 - Variable Importance

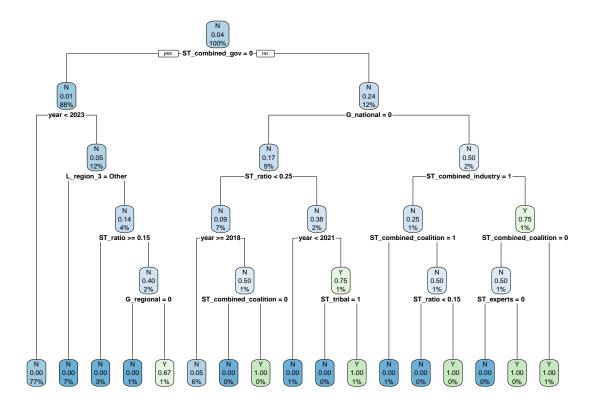


##		N	Y	MeanDecreaseAccuracy	MeanDecreaseGini
##	ST_combined_gov	5.8938680	10.1967214	8.4810617	2.40809214
##	ST_tribal	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.08021835
##	ST_combined_coalition	7.0511501	-2.1781024	6.4852868	1.13321574
##	ST_combined_industry	7.0494428	-5.8103249	5.2650193	1.09489162
##	ST_migrants	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000	0.0000000
##	ST_youth	2.4617798	0.0000000	2.4615644	0.12377439
##	ST_public	3.9484772	0.0000000	3.9440283	0.15932306
##	ST_university	4.1380240	2.2938248	4.8235225	1.57999093
##	ST_experts	6.1203081	-0.8233244	5.5526917	0.90149153
##	G_local	-2.9412037	-2.7251522	-3.7179671	0.55779205
##	G_regional	-0.6413349	0.1106842	-0.8323375	0.83211241
##	G_national	-2.9434811	1.4404803	-2.1549511	0.96431858
##	${ t G_multinational}$	-2.2466769	1.4083490	-1.1025788	0.01785968
##	G_global	1.0010015	0.0000000	1.0010015	0.01394673
##	year	1.9345996	-3.5434831	0.3068396	2.63517878
##	L_region_3	-3.7310130	-0.2058022	-3.5522732	1.47038408
##	ST ratio	0.2433945	1.0884088	0.8612719	2.47790374



Top 10 Variable Importance – Random Forest Model

Representative Decision Tree Plot - Balanced Model - Minus Scaling



- ## [1] "Constructing distance matrix..."
- ## [1] "Finding representative trees..."
- ## [1] "Constructing distance matrix..."
- ## [1] "Finding representative trees..."