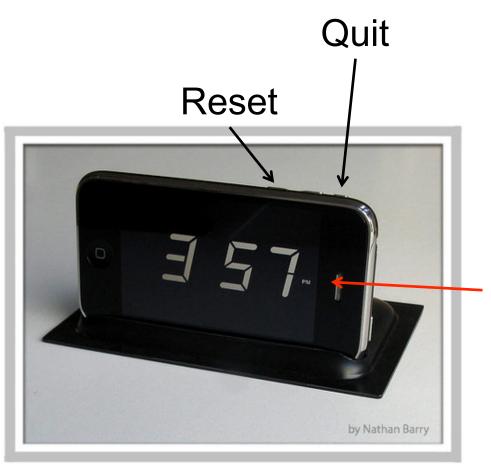
Introduction to Lab # 4: Digital Clock

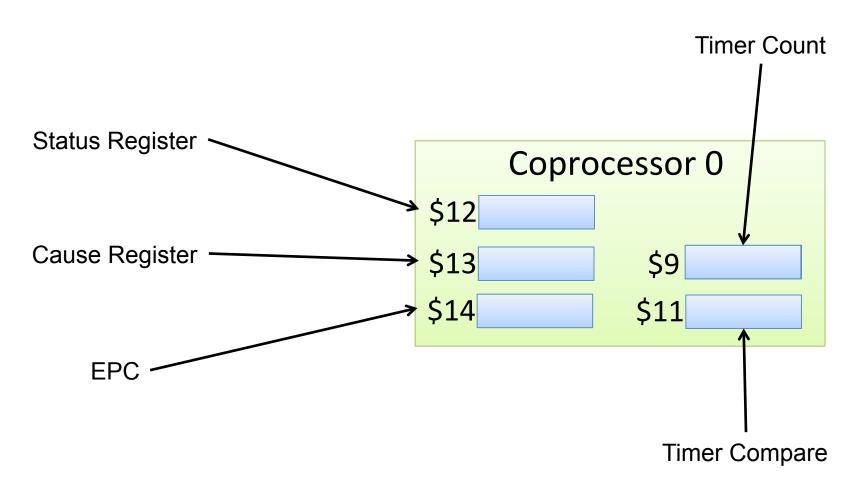
José Nelson Amaral

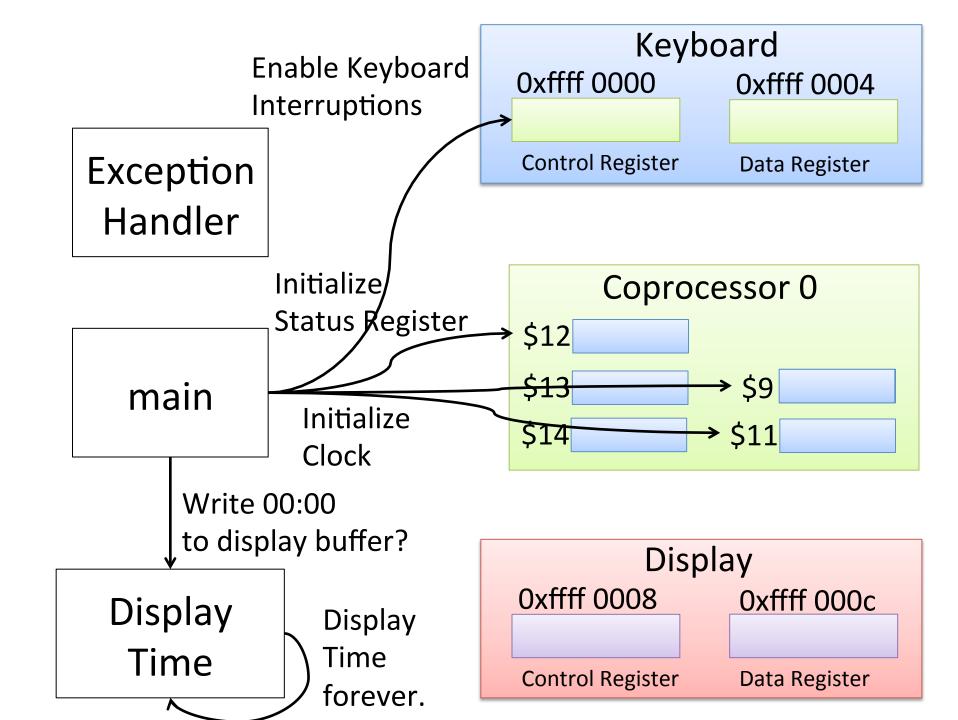
A Digital Clock

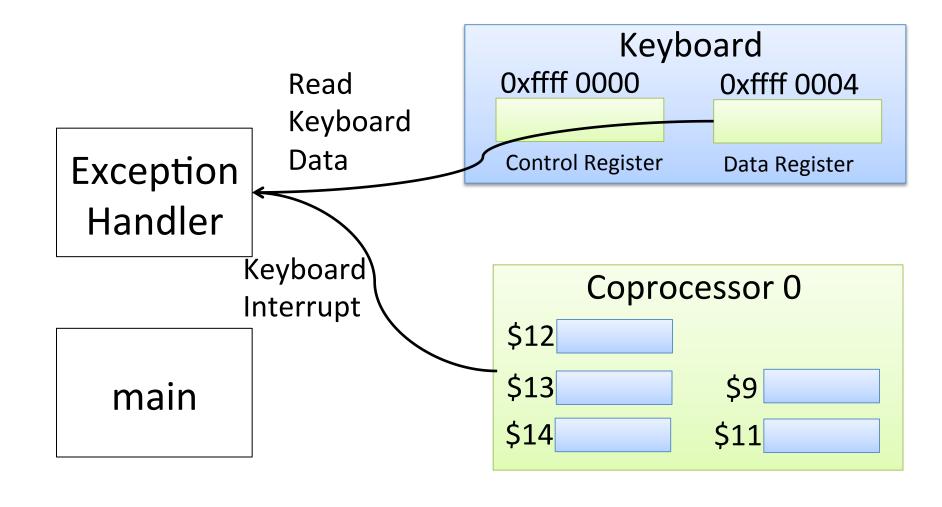


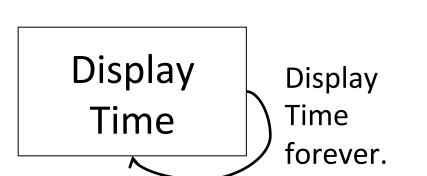
Needs to keep time....

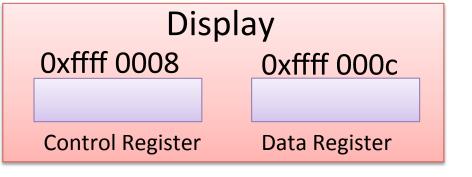
Coprocessor 0

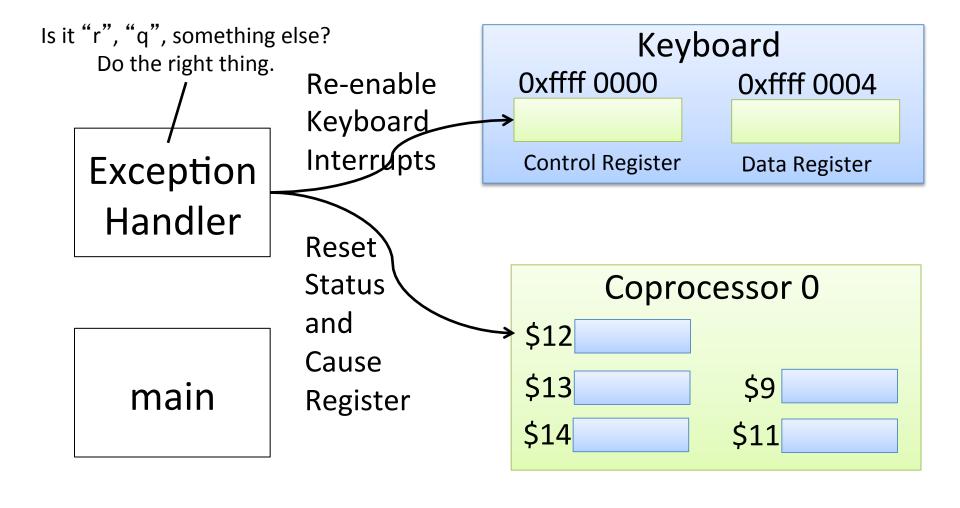


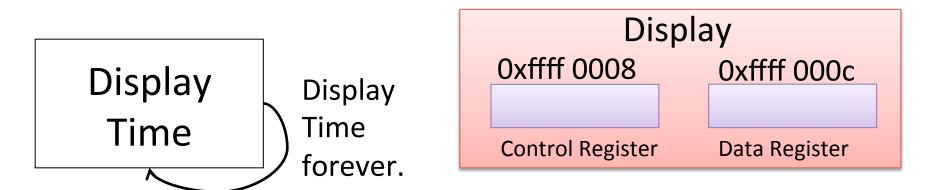


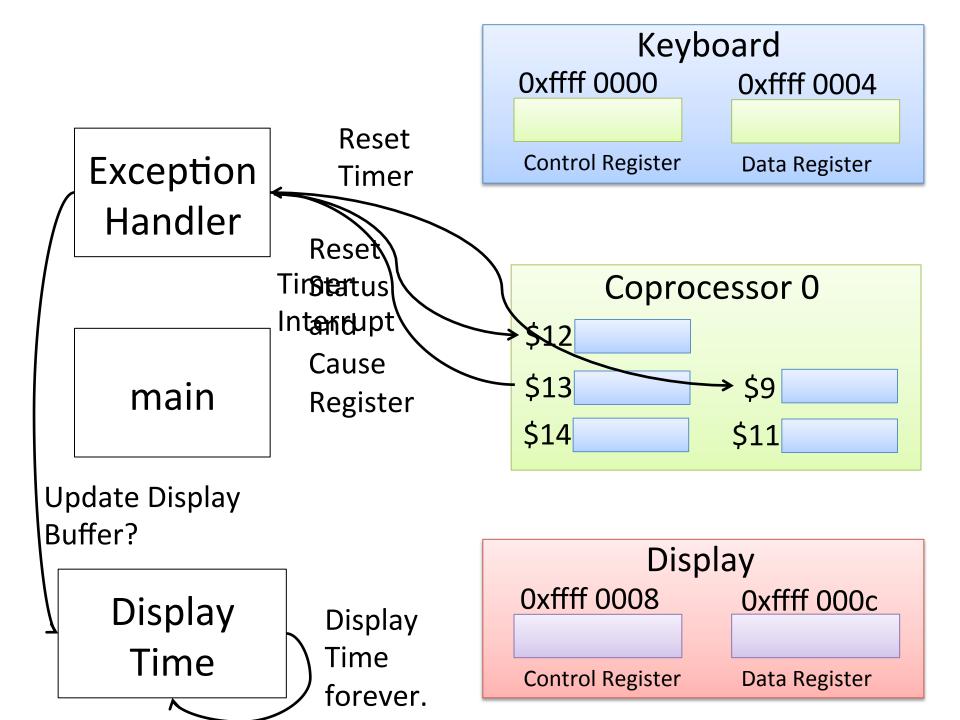


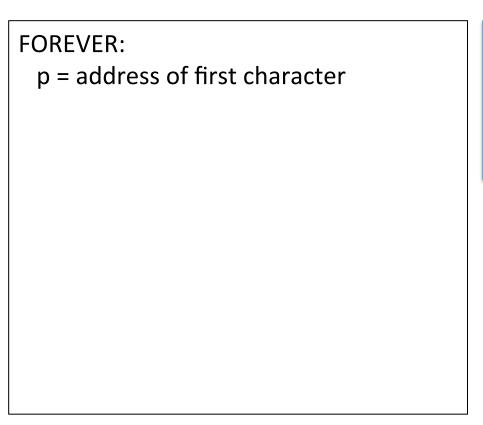


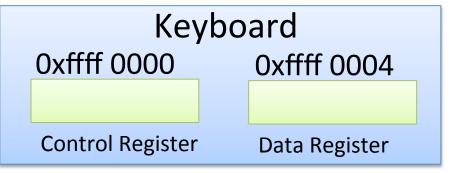


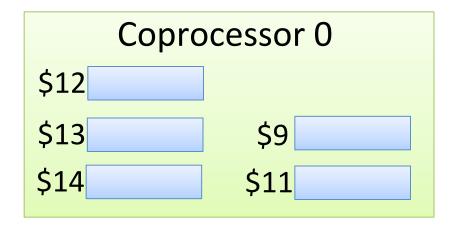






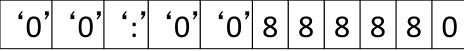




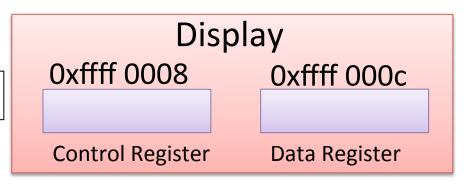


If the routine above is used to display the time, here is an example of the type of string that would be in the display buffer:

Display Buffer:

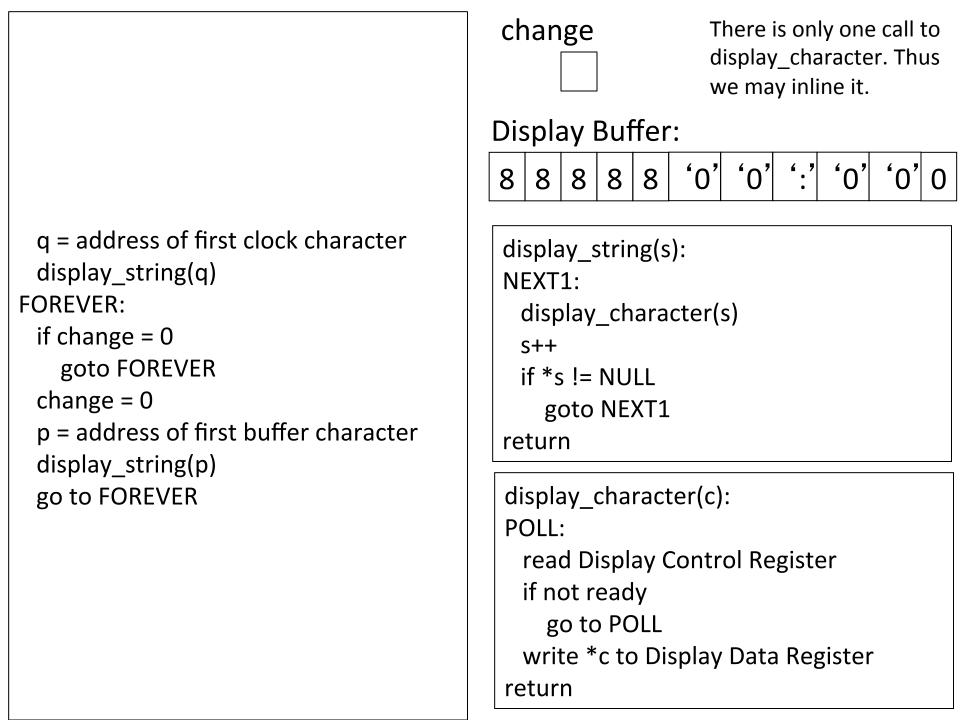


With this solution the clock will be blinking.



```
q = address of first clock character
NEXT1:
                                          change
 display_character(q)
 q++
 if *q!= NULL
   goto NEXT1
                                         Display Buffer:
FOREVER:
                                                          '0' '0' ':' '0'
                                         8
                                            8
                                                   8
                                               8
                                                      8
                                                      First clock character
                                                      First buffer character
                                               This is what display_character does.
                                                      Display
                                           0xffff 0008
                                                               Oxffff 000c
                                            Control Register
                                                               Data Register
```

```
q = address of first clock character
                                           change
NEXT1:
 display_character(q)
 q++
                                          Display Buffer:
 if *q!= NULL
   goto NEXT1
                                                           '0' '0' ':' '0'
                                              8
                                                    8
                                                 8
                                                       8
FOREVER:
 if change = 0
   goto FOREVER
 change = 0
 p = address of first buffer character
                                                These two segments are the same.
NEXT2:
 display_character(p)
                                           display_character(c):
 p++
                                           POLL:
 if *p!= NULL
                                             read Display Control Register
   goto NEXT2
                                             if not ready
 go to FOREVER
                                               go to POLL
                                             write *c to Display Data Register
                                           return
```



q = address of first clock character
display_string(q)
FOREVER:
 if change = 0
 goto FOREVER
 change = 0
 p = address of first buffer character
 display_string(p)
 go to FOREVER

This solution does not work well with

prints as ^H). Try to use a different

xterm (the backspace character

terminal such as xfce4-terminal.

display character. Thus we may inline it. Display Buffer: '0' ':' 8 8 8 display_string(s): POII: read Display Control Register if not ready go to POLL write *s to Display Data Register **S++** if *s != NULL goto POLL

There is only one call to

change

return

Need to fix the exception handler so that it updates "change" when there is a new time to display.