





Introduction to Linux Systems

Version Control System: Git

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Lab

- Register the GitHub account
- Fork a repository and clone it to the local
- Practice the GitHub flow









Install git on Linux

\$ sudo apt install git



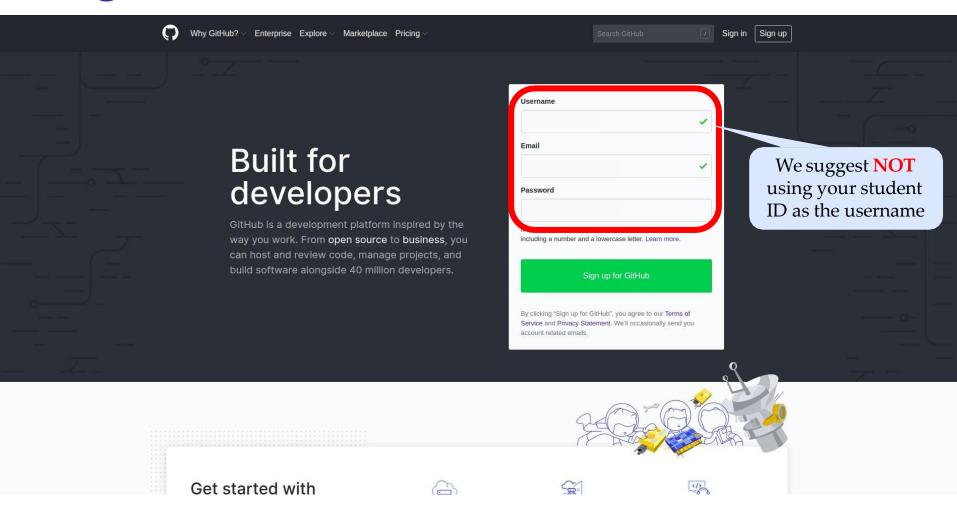








Register an account on GitHub (hflps://github.com/)



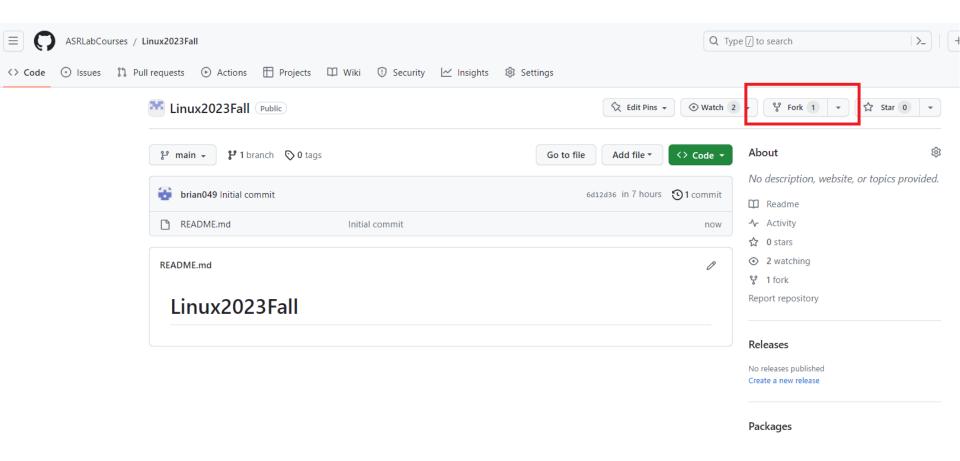








Fork a repository from "https://github.com/ASRLabCourses/Linux2023Fall"





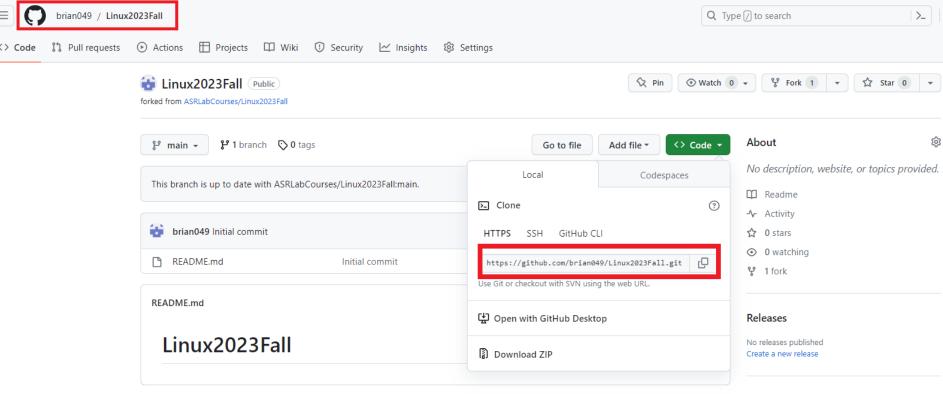




第一種clone方式: 透過 http

Copy the URL of forked repo

fork 後的 repo 會是 username / Linux2023Fall (點擊左上貓頭回主頁·於左列找到 <Username>/Linux2023Fall)



Packages

注意!是要複製剛剛 fork 的 repo., 而非 https://github.com/ASRLabCourses/Linux2023Fall.git









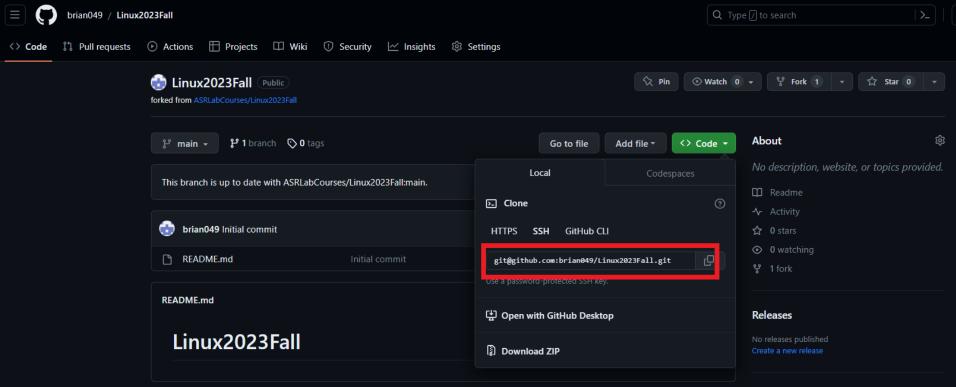
第二種clone的方式: 透過ssh

SSH Key - clone repo.

如果選擇使用 ssh key, clone repo. 要選擇 ssh 而非http

提示會說沒有key,先完成PPT 20-22頁做完key再跳回來繼續做

\$ git clone git@github.com:<Your username>/Linux2023Fall.git











要注意!

如果使用http方式clone repository

→ 之後的 Authentication 就建議要選用 personal access token

如果使用ssh方式clone repository

→ 之後的Authentication 就建議要選用 ssh key

[補充] 1. 如果要從https 轉到ssh 方式的話可以參考以下網址的最下方指令 git remote set-url git@github.com:username/dummyrepo.git_(最後面改成自己的 clone repository 網址)

2. 也可 cd 到clone 下來的資料夾內找到.git資料夾→cd .git→vim config,去做更改(改remote...下面那行)。













Clone forked repo to the local

\$ git clone https://github.com/<Your username>/Linux2023Fall.git \$ cd Linux2023Fall/











Configure personal information

```
$ git config --global user.name "your_github_username"
$ git config --global user.email "your_github_email"
$ git config -l
```

git config -I command 預期輸出
user.email=your_github_email
user.name=your_github_username



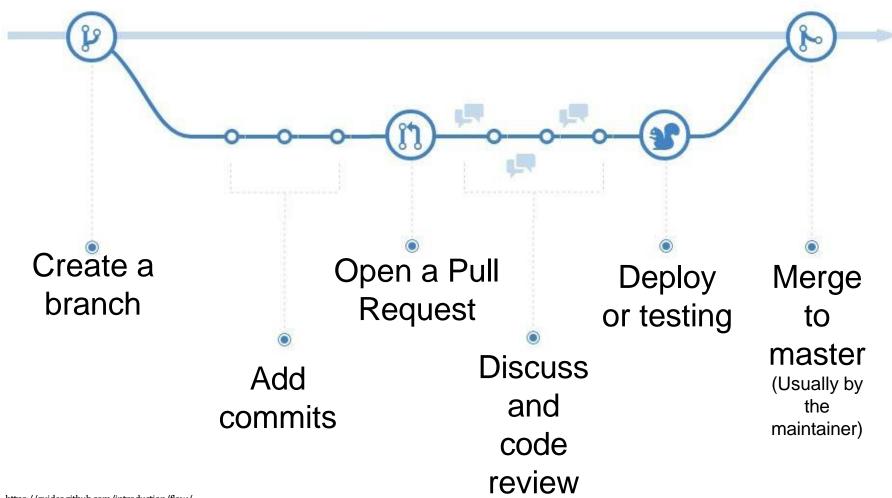






11

GitHub Flow











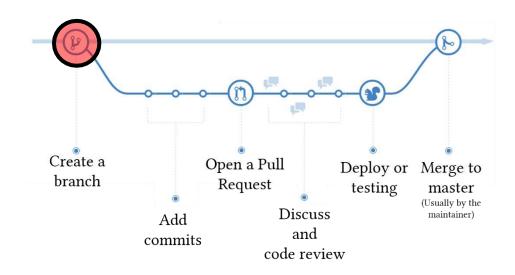


12

Create a new branch

\$ git checkout -b lab-2-git

可用 \$ git branch 檢查有沒有成功 創建新的 branch



September 23, 2020











Create a new file with content

\$ mkdir -p f12345678/lab_2_git

\$ cd f12345678/lab_2_git

\$ echo "first text" > first.txt

Change f12345678 to your student ID













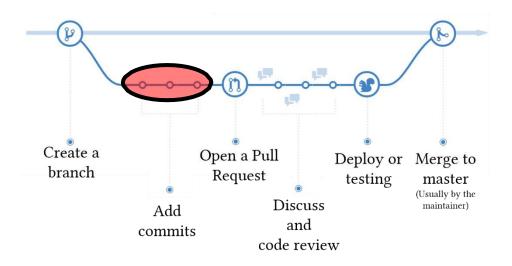
Track the modification

\$ git add first.txt

Check new file tracked

\$ git status

\$ git commit -m "Add F12345678"



Set the **name** and **email** of the user first by git config before commit command.









Authentication

以下兩種方式擇一去push 即可

- Personal Access Token
- 2. SSH Key
 - Generate ssh key
 - Add ssh key to Github





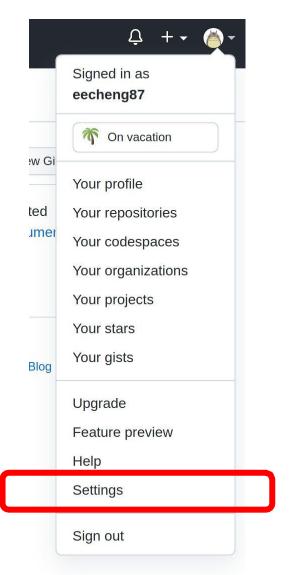




1. Personal access token

Settings -> Developer Settings

- -> Personal Access Token
- -> Generate new token







read:packages







1. Personal access token (cont.)

	tion like ordinary OAuth access tokens. They can be used instead of a password for Gi to authenticate to the API over Basic Authentication.
lote	
Vhat's this token for?	
Expiration *	
30 days \$ The token	n will expire on Mon, Oct 25 2023
Select scopes	
The Particular Services Communication of the Commun	personal tokens. Read more about OAuth scopes.
The Particular Services Communication of the Commun	personal tokens. Read more about OAuth scopes. Full control of private repositories
Scopes define the access for	
Copes define the access for repo	Full control of private repositories
copes define the access for repo	Full control of private repositories Access commit status
copes define the access for repo repo re o:status re o_deployment	Full control of private repositories Access commit status Access deployment status
repo re o:status re o_deployment public_repo	Full control of private repositories Access commit status Access deployment status Access public repositories
repo re o:status public_repo re o:invite	Full control of private repositories Access commit status Access deployment status Access public repositories Access repository invitations

Download packages from GitHub Package Registry











1. Personal access token (cont.)

read:user	Read ALL user profile data
user:email	Access user email addresses (read-only)
user:follow	Follow and unfollow users
☐ delete_repo	Delete repositories
☐ write:discussion	Read and write team discussions
read:discussion	Read team discussions
admin:enterprise	Full control of enterprises
manage_billing:enterprise	Read and write enterprise billing data
read:enterprise	Read enterprise profile data
admin:gpg_key	Full control of public user GPG keys (Developer Preview)
☐ write:gpg_key	Write public user GPG keys
read:gpg_key	Read public user GPG keys
	拉莱妻子会叫捕 会山田籽小 由

Generate token

Cancel

接著畫面會跳轉,會出現類似一串

ghp sFhFsSHhTzMDreGRLjmks4Tzuzgthdvfsrta

的 token, 記得保存好, 因為它只會出現一次









1. Push the branch to GitHub (Personal Access Token)

\$ git push origin lab-2-git

分別輸入你的帳號和剛 剛得到的 token

remote

branch

```
//ab_2_git$ git push origin lab-2-git
brian@brian-System-Product-Name:~/Linux2023Fall/
Username for 'https://github.com': brian049
Password for 'https://brian049@github.com':
Enumerating objects: 6, done.
Counting objects: 100% (6/6), done.
Delta compression using up to 12 threads
Compressing objects: 100% (2/2), done.
Writing objects: 100% (5/5), 384 bytes | 192.00 KiB/s, done.
Total 5 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0)
remote:
remote: Create a pull request for 'lab-2-git' on GitHub by visiting:
             https://github.com/brian049/Linux2023Fall/pull/new/lab-2-git
remote:
remote:
To https://github.com/brian049/Linux2023Fall.git
   [new branch]
                     lab-2-git -> lab-2-git
```









這一頁到23頁為ssh push的方式 用的是personal access token 的同學可以跳至投影片24頁 最前面有generate ssh key過的跳到23頁

2. SSH Key - Generate ssh key

\$ ssh-keygen

一直按 enter 用預設即可

\$ cat ~/.ssh/id_rsa.pub

預期會得到 ssh-rsa XXXXXXXX (一串token), 接著請複製這串 token (ssh-rsa XXXXXXXX)









2. SSH Key - Add ssh key to Github

Settings -> SSH and GPG keys -> New SSH key



Signed in as qwe661234 Set status Your profile Your repositories Your codespaces Your organizations Your projects Your stars Your gists Upgrade nd Feature preview Help Settings Sign out



Add SSH key







2. SSH Key - Add ssh key to Github

SSH keys / Add new	白宁美 and brow the sittle	
Title	自定義 ssh key 的 title	
Key type Authentication Key \$	貼上剛剛複製的那串 ssh token	
Begins with 'ssh-rsa', 'ecdsa-sha2-nistp256', 'ecdsa-sha2-nistp384', 'ecdsa-sha2-nistp256@openssh.com', or 'sk-ssh-ed25519@openssh.com'	sa-sha2-nistp521', 'ssh-ed25519', 'sk-ecdsa-	

新增成功後 SSH keys 會新增剛剛輸入的 Title 的 Authentication Keys









2. Push the branch to GitHub (SSH

Key \$ git push origin lab-2-git

remote

branch

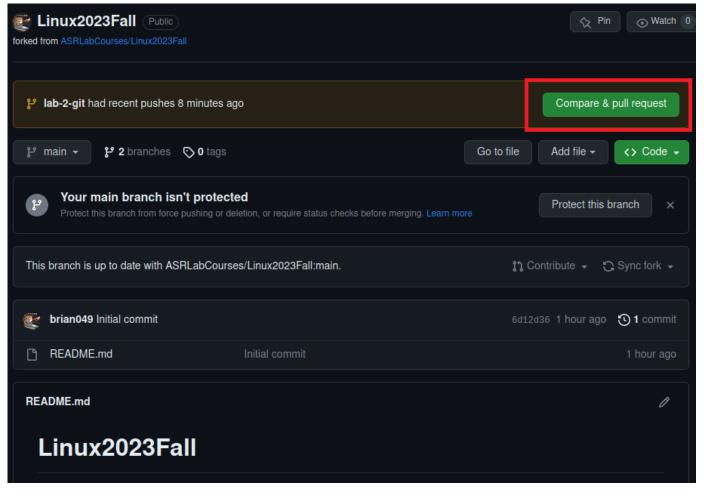
```
[qwe661234@qwe661234-linux-2023:~/Linux2023Fall/f12345678]$ git push origin lab-2-git
Enumerating objects: 5, done.
[Counting objects: 100% (5/5), done.
Delta compression using up to 64 threads
Compressing objects: 100% (2/2), done.
Writing objects: 100% (4/4), 333 bytes | 333.00 KiB/s, done.
Total 4 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0)
remote:
remote: Create a pull request for 'lab-2-git' on GitHub by visiting:
remote: https://github.com/qwe661234/Linux2023Fall/pull/new/lab-2-git
remote:
To github.com:qwe661234/Linux2023Fall.git
* [new branch] lab-2-git -> lab-2-git
```







Create pull-request on the web UI (optional)

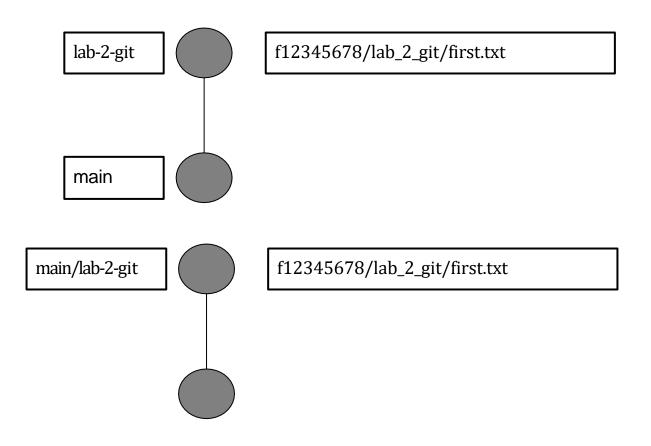








Merge your branch in local and push to remote







Merge your branch in local and push to remote

```
$ cd ../..
$ git checkout main
$ git branch
* main
```

\$ git merge lab-2-git \$ git push

```
qwe661234@qwe661234-linux-2022:~/Linux2022Fall$ git merge lab-2-git
Updating 5e16546..e78304b
[Fast-forward
  f12345678/lab_2_git/first.txt | 1 +
  1 file changed, 1 insertion(+)
[ create mode 100644 f12345678/lab_2_git/first.txt
```

```
[qwe661234@qwe661234-linux-2022:~/Linux2022Fall$ git log --graph
* commit e78304ba2a55837f7531e9144070e9a77816f210 (HEAD -> main, origin/main, origin/lab-2-git, origin/HEAD, lab-2-git)
| Author: qwe661234 <qwe661234@gmail.com>
| Date: Mon Sep 19 21:20:29 2022 +0800
| Add F12345678
| * commit 5e16546d91784e4b52e36d38839b7f3884dba46b
    Author: waysimdrop <48278026+qwe661234@users.noreply.github.com>
    Date: Mon Sep 19 15:44:16 2022 +0800
| Initial commit
```

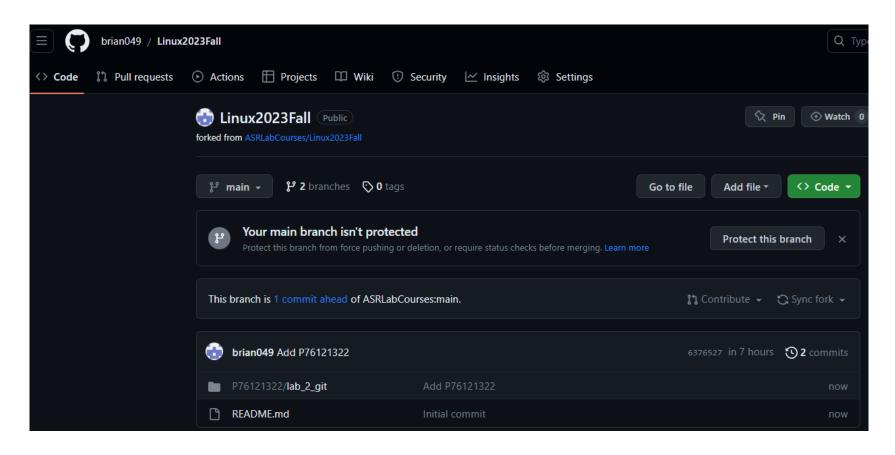








<Your username>/Linux2023Fall



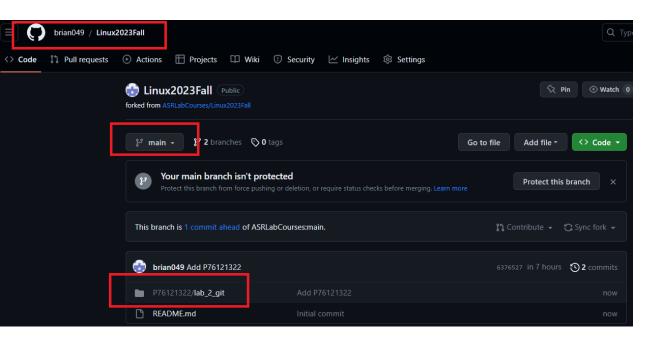








Demo



截圖檢查項目

- 1. 為 fork 的 repo.
- 2. 為 main 分支且 repo.內有檔案

繳交方式:截圖上傳至 moodle,須包含以上兩 項檢查項目

僅供參考













Ref.

- Reusing a merged branch, good practice?
- Why Delete Old Git Branches?
- How can I save username and password in Git?
- SSH key tutorial: https://ithelp.ithome.com.tw/articles/10205988
- Step by step: https://aben20807.github.io/posts/20190421-github-flow-2/









QUESTIONS