

# 'Bad' Infrastructure



Exit



Log in to your 2016 Census



Thank you for participating in the Census. The system is very busy at the moment. Please wait for 15 minutes before trying again. Your patience and cooperation are appreciated. [code 9]



# Building Awesome Applications on Google's Infrastructure

Maintained by



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*This presentation's code/slides can be found on  
<https://github.com/lorderikir/googlecloud-techtalk>*



Google Cloud Platform

# Talk Summary

1. Introduction to Google Cloud Platform
2. What is Google App Engine
  - a. GAE Environments
  - b. Databases
3. Deep-Dive
  - a. Improving Turnaround Times
4. Other Tools

# Introduction

## What is Google Cloud Platform?

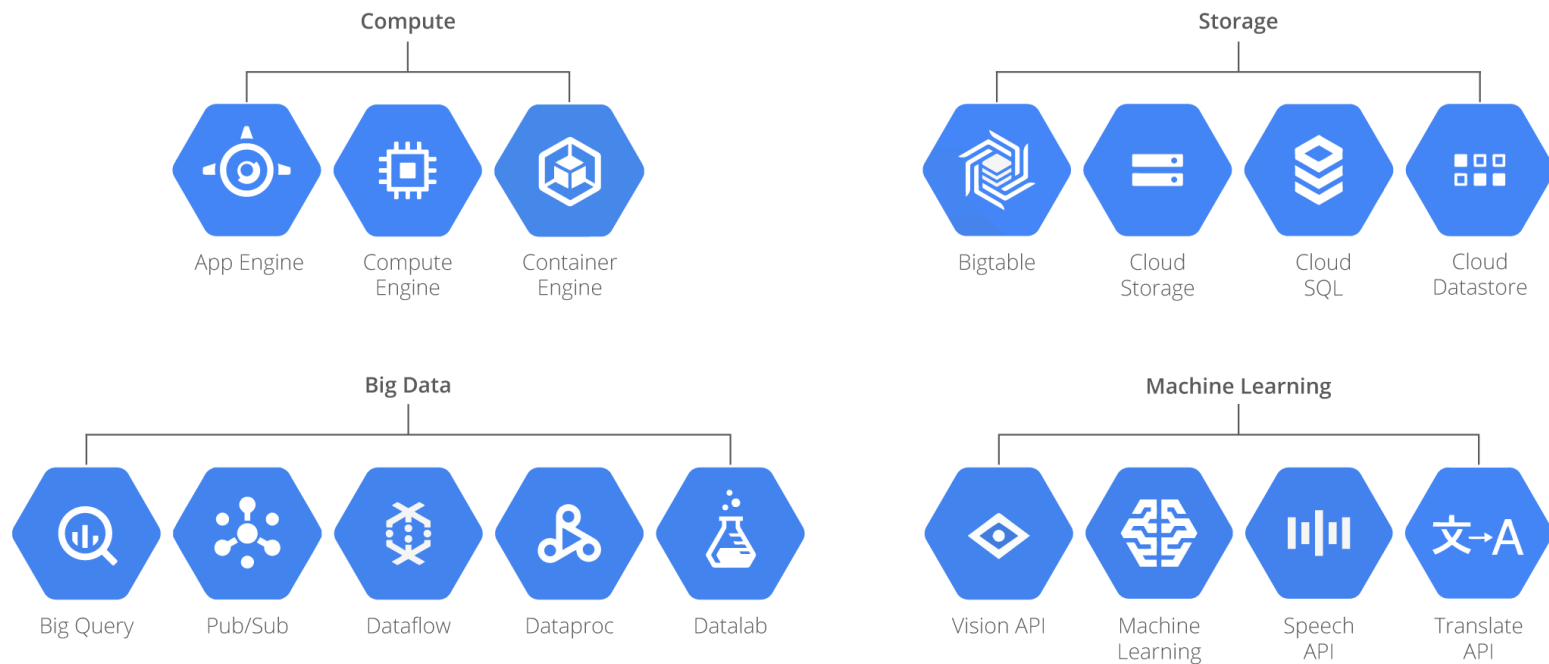
Google Cloud Platform lets you build and host applications and websites, store data, and analyze data on Google's scalable infrastructure.

Composes of many applications, such as:

- Google App Engine (GAE)
- Google Kubernetes Engine (GKE) Previously known as Google Container Engine
- Google DataStore
- Cloud ML (built off *TensorFlow*)
- and much more

Did you know that Firebase and DialogFlow ([API.AI](#)) are both built on Google Cloud Platform

# Google Cloud Platform



# Google App Engine

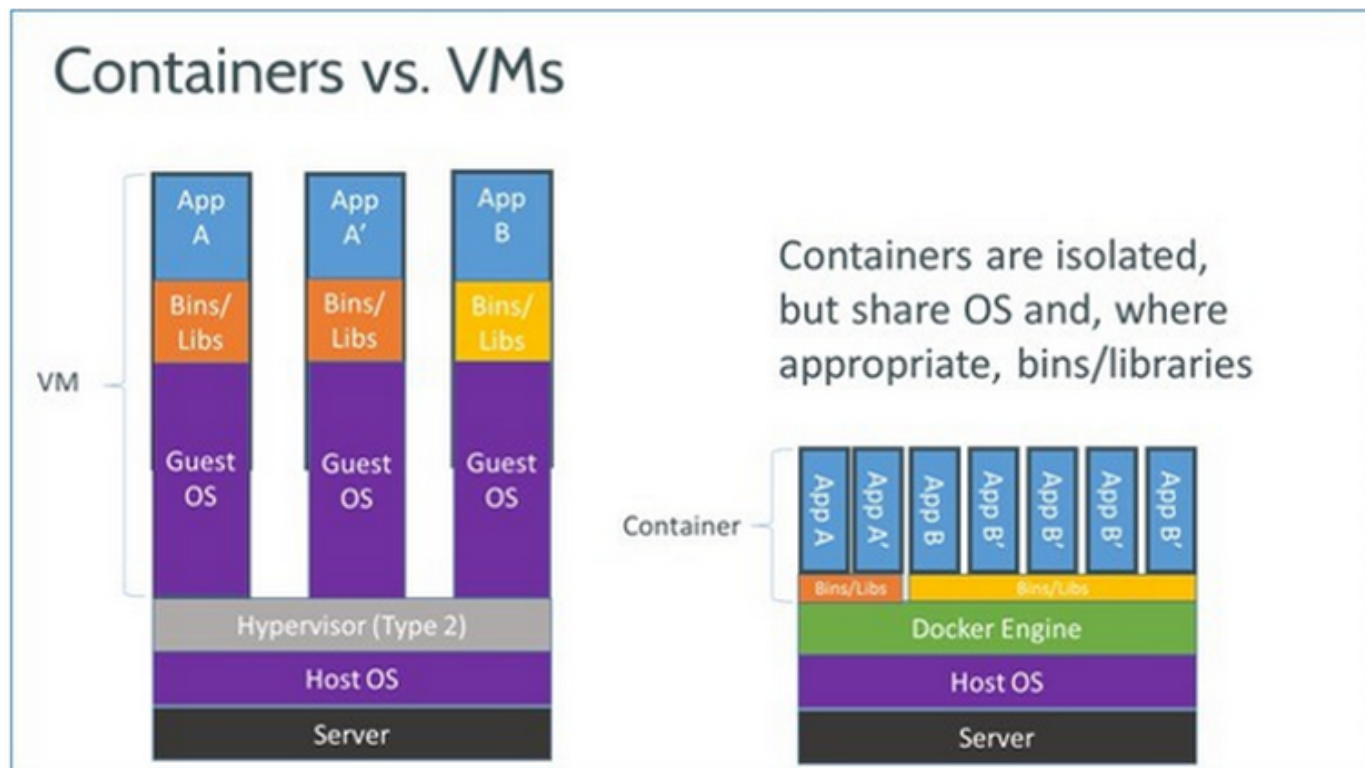
- designed around the fact that *Google just can't send everyone into their datacentre(s) and update applications across their many datacenters*
- Built off Remote Deployments

Language	Environment
Java 7 (and Kotlin <sup>1</sup> )	Standard
Java 8	Standard (Beta)/Flexible
Node.js	Flexible
Python 2.7	Standard
Python 3.5	Flexible

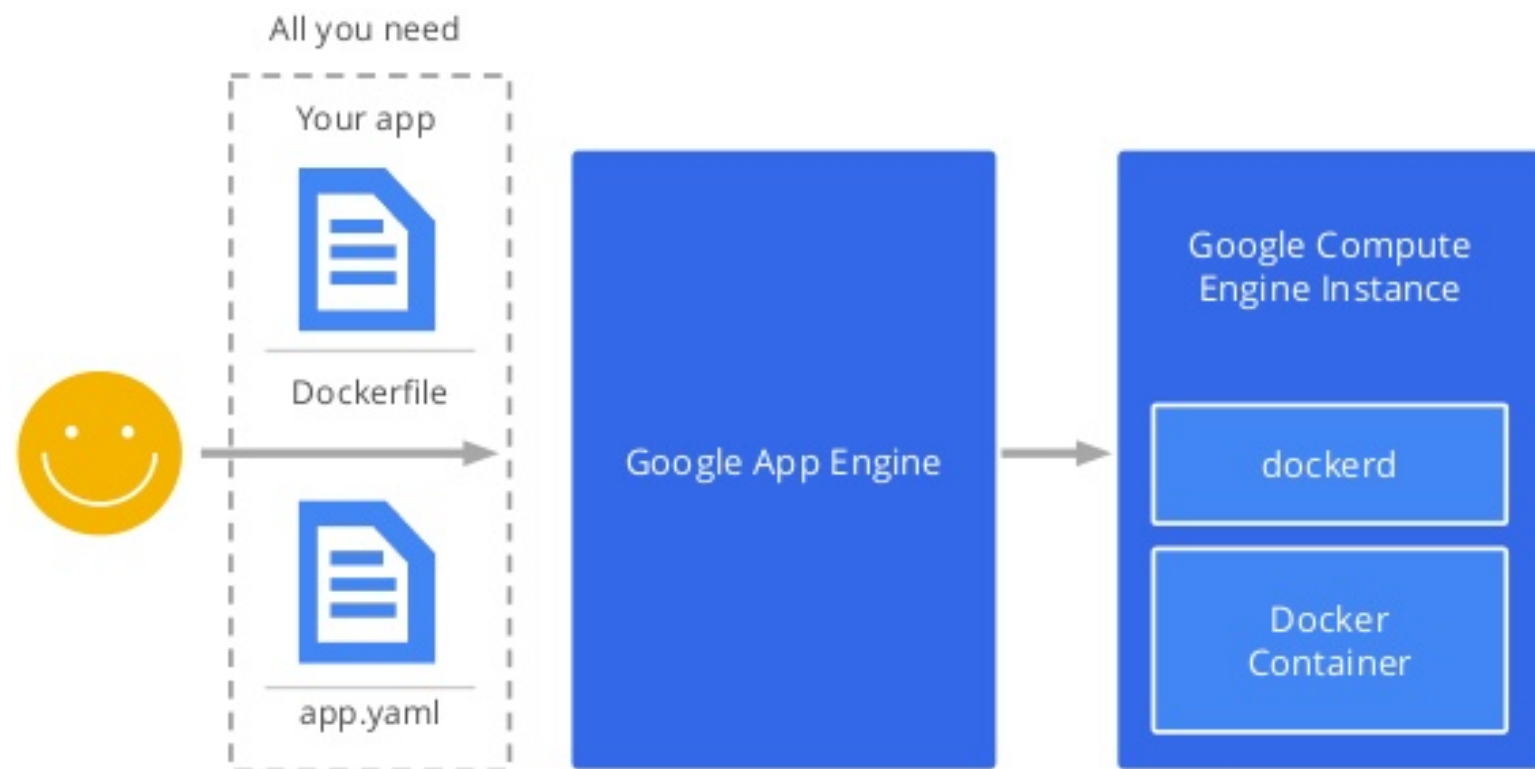
<sup>1</sup> This for you Kotlin fans out there

Standard Environments run in a specialised environment. Though building the application is more constrained than other environments, it means scaling up is faster.

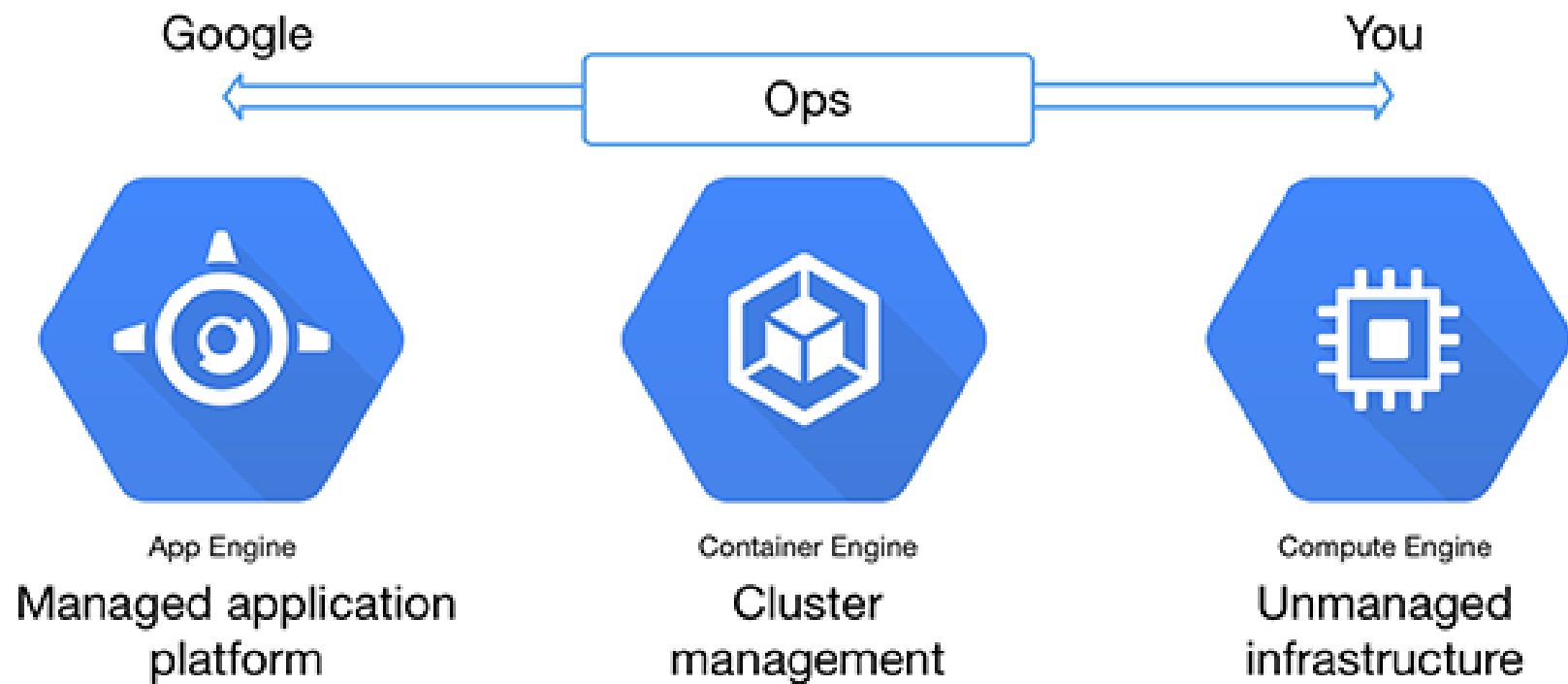
Flexible Environment applications run off a Docker container, it is designed for applications that receive constant traffic. When deployed they are Google Compute Engine as Virtual Machines\*



\* Because they run off Docker, you can write your own Dockerfile Configuration to deploy, and deploy it anywhere, you can even move it to AWS







# Scaling Modern Web Applications

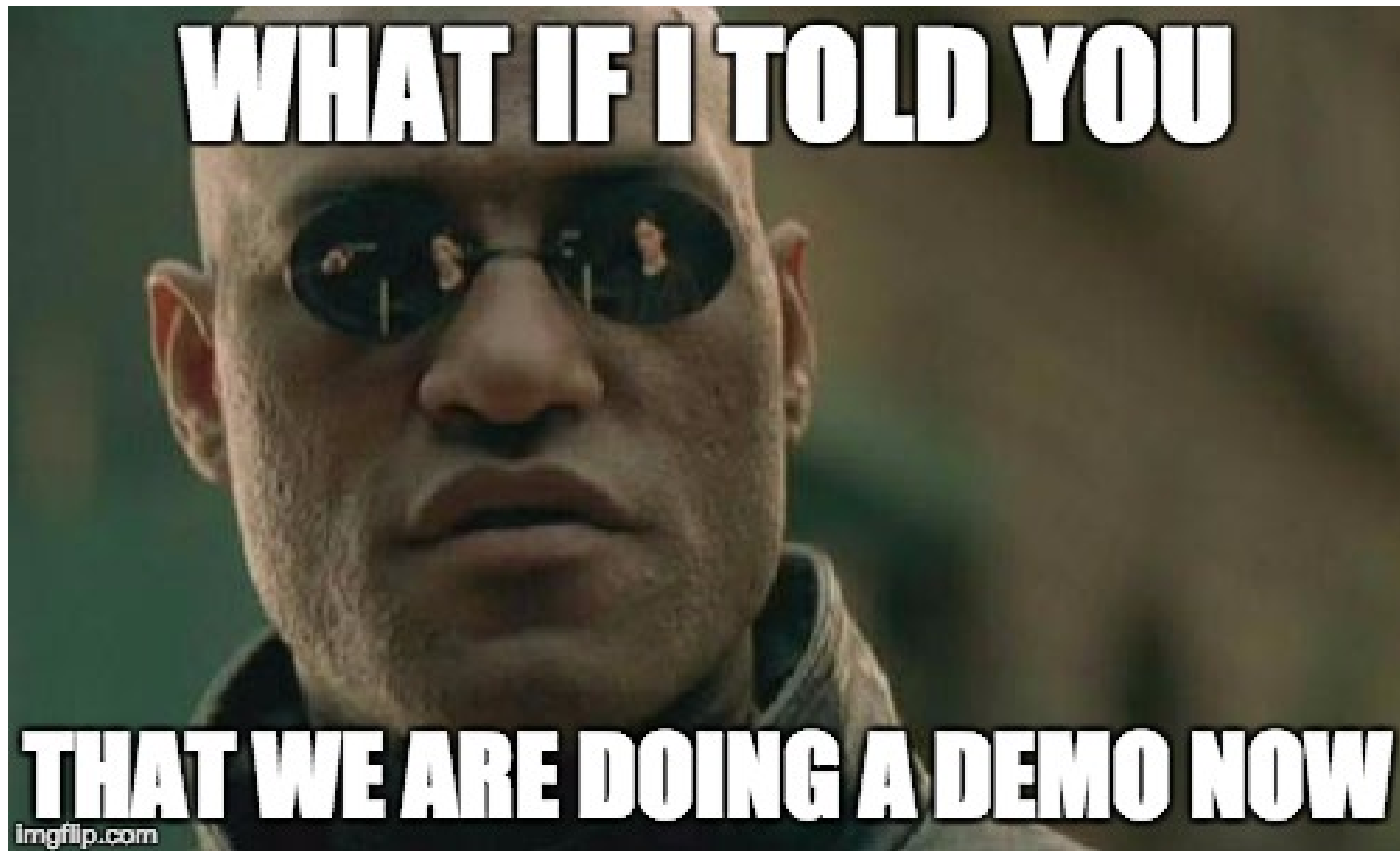
Me when I look at Scaling:



# Scaling in Action: The monPlan Stack

- The frontend and backend has been seperated into 2 projects. The backend stores the information for the frontend,
- So when an increase in load happens, the frontend scales up, but not necessarily the backend, as the frontend requests information when necessary

## Demo Section



# Deploying to Google App Engine (GAE)

- Due to time constraints, I'm going to skip this section.  
You can read more about it here: <https://d.pr/BDZnDr>

# Improving Turnaround with StackDriver Monitoring



# Stackdriver

Google Stackdriver is a freemium cloud computing systems management service offered by Google. It provides performance and diagnostics data to public cloud users.

- Allows monitoring of not only GCP Services, but also AWS, Azure and Your Own Infrastructure
- Monitoring Traffic, Performance of GAE Instances and Stacktrace allows faster turnaround time

# Deep Dive

StackDriver Console: <https://d.pr/y9DN9f>



# Improving Analytics using BigQuery and StackDriver Logging

# Other Tools Available on GCP that you play with

- Cloud ML (Google Cloud Machine Learning) which is built off TensorFlow
- Compute Engine - Google VMs
- Container Engine - built off Kubernetes and allows deployment of custom applications
- Cloud Storage - CDN provider of files (like *Amazon S3*)
- Network Balancer - for Load Balancing of traffic for your applications
- Cloud ML APIs such as Natural Language Processing, Data Loss Prevention, etc.

# Questions