# Deploying and Maintaining Applications with DaemonSets and Jobs



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### Course Overview



Using Controllers to Deploy Applications and Deployment Basics

Maintaining Applications with Deployments

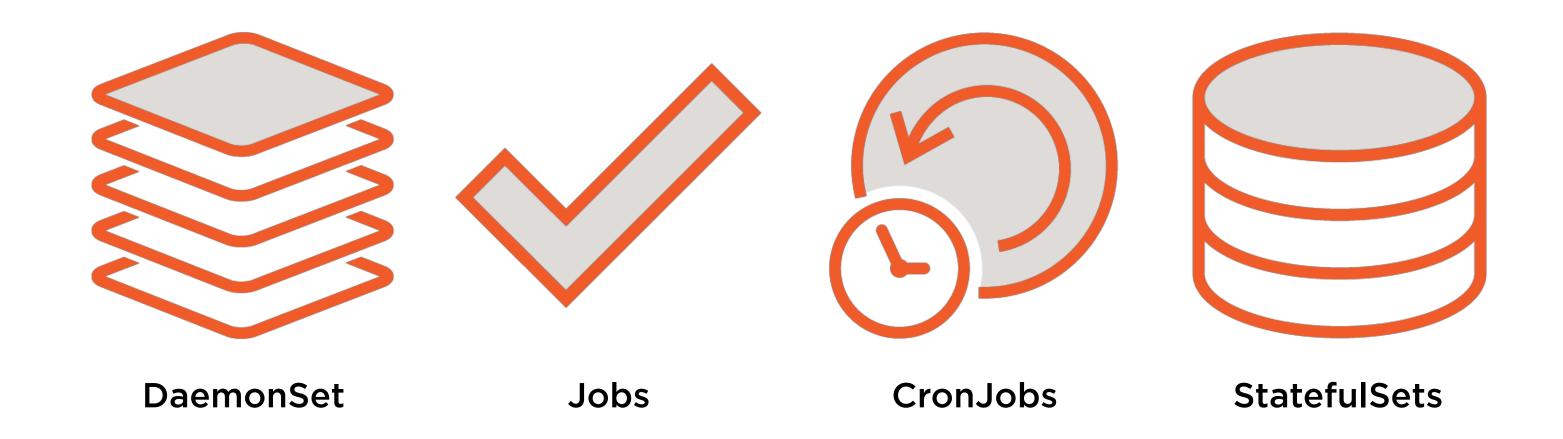
Deploying and Maintaining Applications with DaemonSets and Jobs

### Overview

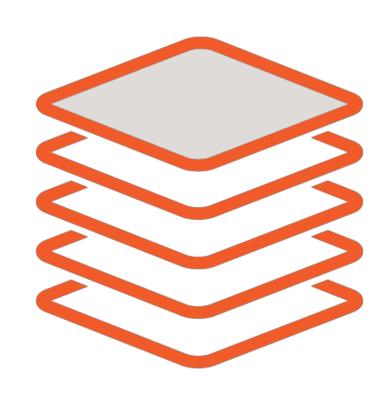
### Working with Controllers in Kubernetes

- DaemonSets
- Jobs and CronJobs
- StatefulSets

### Controllers in Kubernetes



### Introducing DaemonSet



Ensures that all or some Nodes run a Pod
Effectively an init daemon inside your cluster
Example workloads

kube-proxy for network services

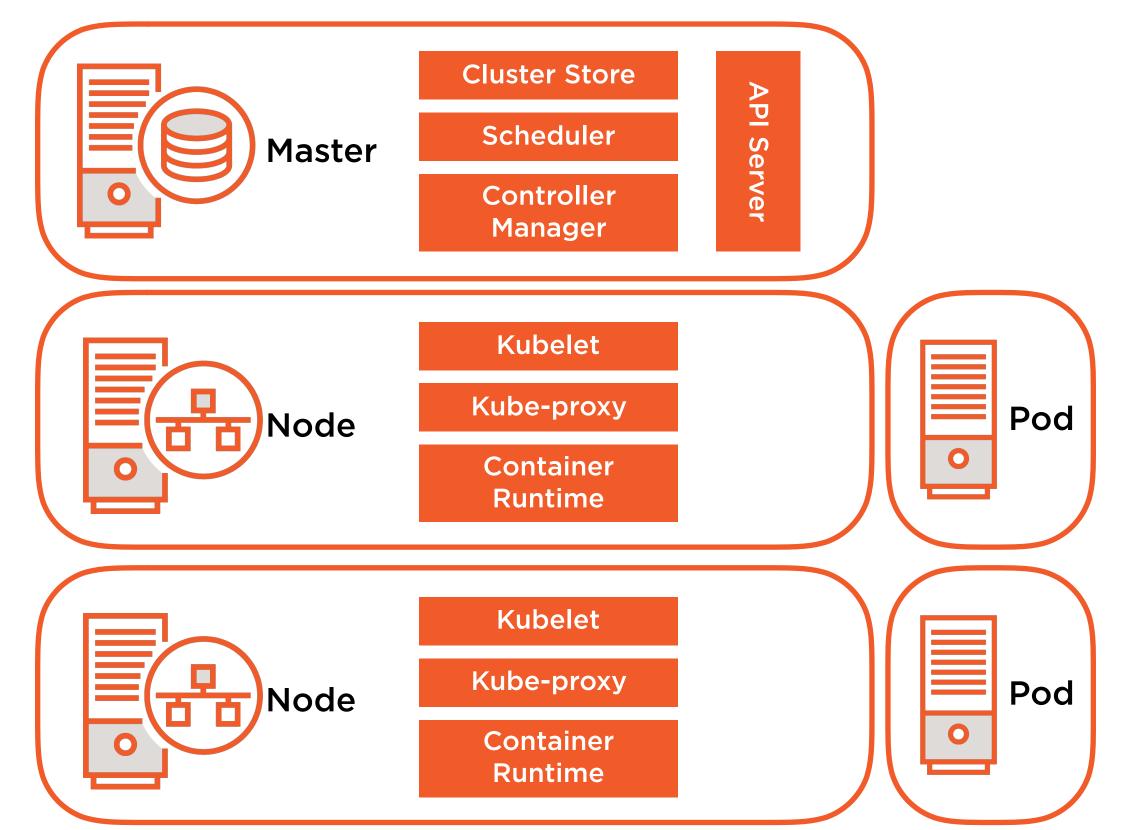
Log collectors

**Metric servers** 

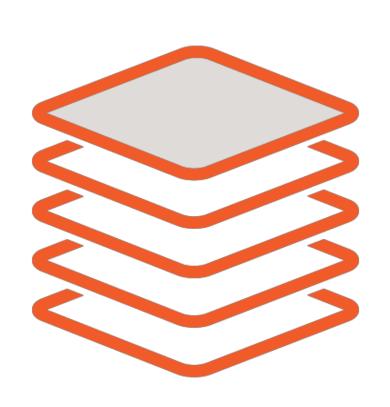
Resource monitoring agents

Storage daemons

# Controller Operations - DaemonSets



### DaemonSet Pod Scheduling



One Pod will be scheduled to each worker Node in a cluster by the default-scheduler

As Nodes are added to the cluster, they will get a Pod

You can control which Nodes get Pods

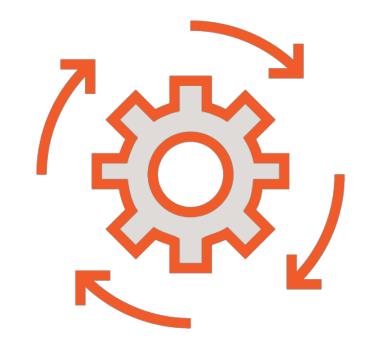
**Node Selector** 

Labeling the Nodes

```
apiVersion: apps/y1
Defining a DaemonSet
metadata:
  name: hello-world-ds
spec:
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: hello-world-app
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: hello-world-app
    spec:
      containers:
        - name: hello-world
          image: gcr.io/google-samples/hello-app:1.0
```

```
apiversion: apps/v1
kind: Definition a DaemonSet with a nodeSelector
metadata:
  name: hello-world-ds
spec:
  selector:
    matchLabels:
      app: hello-world-app
  template:
    metadata:
      labels:
        app: hello-world-app
    spec:
      nodeSelector:
        node: hello-world-ns
      containers:
        - name: hello-world
          image: gcr.io/google-samples/hello-app:1.0
```

# DaemonSet Update Strategy



RollingUpdate



OnDelete

### Demo

### **Creating a DaemonSet**

- All Nodes
- Subset of Nodes

**Updating a DaemonSet** 

# Controllers so far introduced, start up and run Pods continuously...

but what if you wanted to run a single task?

# Introducing Jobs



Jobs create one or more Pods

Runs a program in a container to completion

Ensure that the specified number of Pods complete successfully

Workload examples

Ad-hoc

Batch

Data oriented tasks

# Ensuring Jobs Run to Completion

**Interrupted Execution** 

Non-zero Exit Code

Rescheduled

restartPolicy

### Jobs Lifecycle

Jobs are tasks that we need to ensure run to completion

When a Job completes successfully

Its status is set to 'Completed'

The Job object remains

The Pods are not deleted

This way we can keep them around for their logs and other output

It is up to the user to delete the Job when finished, this will delete the Pods

### Defining a Job

```
apiVersion: batch/v1
kind: Job
metadata:
  name: hello-world
spec:
  template:
    spec:
      containers:
      - name: ubuntu
        image: ubuntu
        command:
         - "/bin/bash"
         - "-c"
         - "/bin/echo Hello from Pod $(hostname) at $(date)"
      restartPolicy: Never
```

# Controlling Job Execution



backoffLimit - number of Job retries before it's marked failed

activeDeadlineSeconds - max execution time for the Job

parallelism - max number of running Pods in a Job at a point in time

completions - number of Pods that need to finish successfully

### Introducing CronJobs



CronJob will run a Job on a given time based schedule

Conceptually similar to UNIX/Linux cron job

Uses the standard cron format

**Example Workloads** 

Periodic workloads and scheduled tasks

CronJob resource is created when the object is submitted to the API Server

When it's time, a Job is created via the Job template from the CronJob Object

### Controlling CronJobs Execution



schedule - a cron formatted schedule

suspend - suspends the CronJob

startingDeadlineSeconds - the Job hasn't started in this amount of time mark it as Failed

concurrencyPolicy - handles concurrent executions of a Job. Allow, Forbid or Replace

# Defining a CronJob

```
apiVersion: batch/v1beta1
kind: CronJob
metadata:
  name: hello-world-cron
spec:
  schedule: "*/1 * * * *"
  jobTemplate:
    spec:
      template:
        spec:
          containers:
          - name: ubuntu
```

### Demo

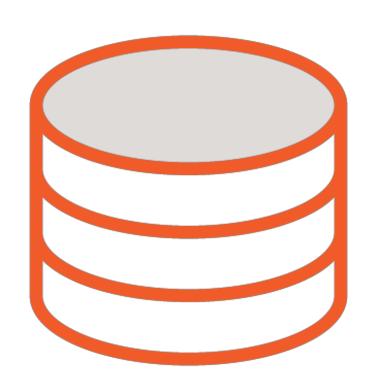
**Executing tasks with Jobs** 

Failed Jobs and restartPolicy

Defining a Parallel Job

Scheduling tasks with CronJobs

### StatefulSets



Enables stateful applications to be managed by a controller

**Database workloads** 

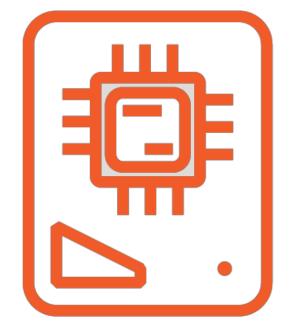
Caching servers

Application state for web farms

# StatefulSet Capabilities







Storage



**Headless Service** 

### Review

# Working with Controllers in Kubernetes

- DaemonSets
- Jobs and CronJobs
- StatefulSets

# Thank You!

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