



Para N_1

$$i_1 = i_5 + i_2$$

$$i_5 = i_1 - i_2$$

Para N_2

$$i_5 + i_3 = i_4$$

$$i_5 = i_4 - i_3$$

$$i_1 - i_2 = i_4 - i_3$$

$$i_1 + i_3 = i_4 + i_2$$

$$\frac{V_1 - V_2}{1.8k} + \frac{V_4 - V_3}{1.5k} = \frac{V_3}{3.9k} + \frac{V_2}{470}$$

$$\frac{12 - V_2}{1800} + \frac{8 - V_3}{1500} = \frac{V_3}{3900} + \frac{V_2}{470}$$

$$\frac{12 - V_2}{1800} - \frac{V_2}{470} = \frac{V_3}{3900} - \frac{8 - V_3}{1500}$$

$$\frac{470(12 - V_2) - 1800V_2}{1800(470)} = \frac{1500V_3 - 3900(8 - V_3)}{(3900)(1500)}$$

$$(5850k)(5640 - 470V_2 - 1800V_2) = 846k(1500V_3 - 31,2k + 3900V_3)$$

$$325(5640 - 2270V_2) = 47(5400V_3 - 31,2k)$$

$$1833k - 737,75V_2 = 253800V_3 - 1466,4k$$

$$1833 - 737,75V_2 = 253,8V_3 - 1466,4$$

$$253,8V_3 + 737,75V_2 = 3299,4 \quad (2)$$

$$(1) \rightarrow (2) \quad \frac{253,8V_3 + 737,75(62,04 + 4,23V_3)}{29,2} = 3299,4$$

$$V_1 = 12V$$

$$V_4 = 8V$$

$$V_3 = 4.8V$$

$$V_2 = 2.82V$$

$$V_x = (4.8 - 2.82)V$$

$$V_x = 1.98V$$

$$i_5 = i_1 - i_2$$

$$\frac{V_2 - V_3}{2200k} = \frac{12 - V_2}{1800} - \frac{V_2}{470}$$

$$29,2V_2 - 4,23V_3 = 62,04$$

$$(1) V_2 = \frac{62,04 + 4,23V_3}{29,2}$$