



Examen

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Grupo: TIC01SV-19

Materia: Estadística

10° Cuatrimestre

Carrera: Tecnologías de la Información y
Comunicación

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Examen Segundo Parcial de Estadística aplicada

• Ejercicio de Poisson

a) Cual es la probabilidad de que 10 computadores sean infectados con algun virus

$$P(10, 3) = \frac{(3^{10})(2.718)^{-3}}{10!} = \frac{(59,049)(0.04980)}{10 \times 9 \times 8 \times 7 \times 6 \times 5 \times 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1}$$

$$P(10, 3) = \frac{2,940.64}{3,628,800} = 0.00081$$

b) Cual es la probabilidad de que cuando mucho 1 computadora sea infectado con algun virus

$$P(0, 3) = \frac{(3^0)(2.718)^{-3}}{0!} = \frac{(1)(0.04980)}{0} = 0.0498$$

$$P(1, 3) = \frac{(3^1)(2.718)^{-3}}{1!} = \frac{(3)(0.04980)}{1} = 0.1494$$

Sumar resultados =

$$0.04980 + 0.1494 = \underline{\underline{0.1992}}$$

• Hipergeometrica

$$N = 10$$

$$a = 4$$

$$n = 6$$

$$x = 3$$

Procedimiento

$$p(3,6) = \frac{(4C3)(10-4C6-3)}{10C6} = \frac{(4)(20)}{210}$$

$$p(3,6) = \frac{80}{210} = \underline{\underline{0.380952}}$$

• Geometrica

a) $x = 3$

$$P(x=3) = (0.95)^{3-1} (0.05)$$

$$p = 0.05$$

$$q = 0.95$$

$$P(x=3) = (0.9025)(0.05)$$

$$P(x=3) = 0.0451$$

b) $x = 7$

$$P(x=7) = (0.05)^{7-1} (0.95)$$

$$p = 0.95$$

$$q = 0.05$$

$$P(x=7) = (0.00000015)(0.95)$$

$$P(x=7) = \underline{\underline{0.00000014}}$$

Distribución Binomial

Ejercicio 1 - Binomial

a)

$$\begin{aligned}n &= 10 \\p &= 0.5 \\1-p &= 0.5 \\x &= 5\end{aligned}$$

$$p(5) = (252) (0.5)^5 (0.5)^5$$

$$p(5) = (252) (0.03125) (0.03125)$$

$$p(5) = \underline{0.24609,}$$

b)

$$\begin{aligned}n &= 10 \\p &= 0.5 \\1-p &= 0.5 \\x &= 0, 1, 2, 3\end{aligned}$$

$$p(0) = (10) (0.5)^0 (0.5)^{10} = 0.00976$$

$$p(1) = (10) (0.5)^1 (0.5)^9 = 0.00976$$

$$p(2) = (45) (0.5)^2 (0.5)^8 = (45) (0.25) (0.0039) = 0.04931$$

$$p(3) = (120) (0.5)^3 (0.5)^7 = (120) (0.125) (0.00781) = 0.1171$$

$$P(0, 1, 2, 3) = \underline{0.18596,}$$

Scribe

Ejercicio 2 - Binomial

a) $n = 10$

$$p = 0.25$$

$$q = 0.75$$

$$x = 0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5$$

$$P(0) = (10)(0.25)^0(0.75)^{10} = (252)(1)(0.0563)$$

$$P(0) = 0.056313$$

$$P(1) = (10)(0.25)^1(0.75)^9 = 0.1877$$

$$P(2) = (45)(0.25)^2(0.75)^8 = (45)(0.0625)(0.1001) = 0.28152$$

$$P(3) = (120)(0.25)^3(0.75)^7 = (120)(0.0156)(0.1334) = 0.2497$$

$$P(4) = (210)(0.25)^4(0.75)^6 = (210)(0.00390)(0.1779) = 0.1457$$

$$P(5) = (252)(0.25)^5(0.75)^5 = (252)(0.000976)(0.2373)$$

$$P(5) = 0.0583$$