## Cálculo II Lista 2 - Funções de Várias Variáveis

Erickson G. Müller

## Lista 1.4 (pg. 26)

 $\begin{array}{l} \bullet \ 2 \\ D_A = 1300 - 50x + 20y \\ D_B = 1700 + 12x - 20y \\ R_x = x.D_A \\ R_y = y.D_B \\ R_T = x.D_A + y.D_B \end{array}$ 

$$R_T = 1300x - 50x^2 + 20xy + 1700y + 12xy - 20y^2$$
$$R_T = 32xy - 50x^2 - 20y^2 + 1300x + 1700y$$

 $Im(z) = \mathbb{R}$ 

- 3.a z = 3 x y  $D(z) = \mathbb{R}^2$
- 3.b  $f(x,y) = 1 + x^2 + y^2$   $D(f(x,y)) = \mathbb{R}^2$   $Im(f(x,y)) = [1,\infty)$
- 3.c  $z = \sqrt{9 (x^2 + y^2)}$   $x^2 + y^2 \le 3^2$   $x^2 + y^2 9 \le 0$

$$D(z) = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 / x^2 + y^2 \le 9\}$$

$$\sqrt{9 - (x^2 + y^2)} \rightarrow \sqrt{9 - 9} = 0$$

$$x^2 + y^2 \ge 0 \rightarrow \sqrt{9 - 0} = 3$$

$$Im(z) = [0,3]$$

$$\bullet \quad 3.\mathbf{d}$$

$$w = e^{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$$

$$D(w) = \mathbb{R}^3$$
$$Im(w) = [1, \infty)$$

• 3.j 
$$f(x,y) = 4 - x^2 - y^2$$

$$D(f(x,y)) = \mathbb{R}^2$$
  

$$Im(f(x,y)) = (-\infty, 4]$$

• 4.b  

$$w = \frac{1}{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \ge 0$$

$$D(w) = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 / (x, y, z) \neq (0, 0, 0)\}$$
$$Im(w) = (0, \infty)$$

• 4.c 
$$z = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x^2 - y^2}}$$
  $x^2 - y^2 > 0$ 

$$D(z) = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 / |x| > |y|\}$$
  
 $Im(z) = (0, \infty)$ 

• 4.e 
$$z = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 - 1}$$
  
 $x^2 + y^2 - 1 \ge 0$ 

$$D(z) = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 / x^2 + y^1 \ge 1\}$$
$$Im(z) = [0, \infty)$$

• 4.i 
$$y = \sqrt{\frac{1+x}{1+z}}$$

$$1 + z \neq 0 \& \frac{1+x}{1+z} \geq 0$$

$$z \neq -1$$

$$x \geq -1 \text{ se } z > -1$$

$$x \leq -1 \text{ se } z < -1$$

$$D(y) = \{(x, z) \in \mathbb{R}^2 / x \ge -1sez > -1$$
$$x \le -1sez < -1\}$$

• 4.j  

$$w = \frac{1}{9 - x^2 - y^2 - z^2}$$

$$9 - x^2 - y^2 - z^2 \neq 0$$

$$x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \neq 9$$

$$D(w) = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 / x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \neq 9\}$$

• 4.n 
$$z = \ln(x + y - 3)$$

$$D(z) = \{(x, y) \in \mathbb{R}^2 / x + y > 3\}$$

• 4.p 
$$f(x, y, z) = \sqrt{1 - x^2} + \sqrt{1 - y^2} - \sqrt{1 - z^2}$$

$$1 - x^2 \ge 0 \log |x|^2 \le 1$$

$$1 - y^2 \ge 0 \log |y|^2 \le 1$$

$$1 - z^2 \ge 0 \log |z|^2 \le 1$$

$$D(f) = \{(x, y, z) \in \mathbb{R}^3 / -1 \le x, y, z \le 1\}$$