

Selected scenario: Web Log

Front-end Feature Listing (minimum viable product features are indicated by *)

| Features only for users logged in; anything logged-out users get is the login/registration page |

Account-local	Sitewide
<ul style="list-style-type: none">Account creation with encrypted password*Create blogs*Create or edit or delete entries within own blogs*<ul style="list-style-type: none">View edit histories for own blogs*Profile Page*<ul style="list-style-type: none">View listing of own blogs*Settings Page<ul style="list-style-type: none">Change passwordChange username	<ul style="list-style-type: none">Every page contains a heading of links to <home>*, <profile>*, <settings>, <logout>*View other users' blogs*<ul style="list-style-type: none">Directory with all blogs, sorted by timestamp of latest entry of blog*Search for keywords within titleView edit history for other users' blog entriesComment or delete comments on other users' blog entries*View other users' profiles*<ul style="list-style-type: none">Contains links to user's blogs*

Database Layout

Table name	Record content
users	userid, username, password ¹
blogs	userid, blogid, title
entries	blogid, entryid, versionid ² , timestamp ³ , content
entries_arc	blogid, entryid, versionid, timestamp, content
comments	blogid, entryid, commentid, userid, timestamp, content

Task Division

Joseph Lee	Yevgeniy Gorbachev	Eric Lau (Project Manager)
App routing and redirecting Implementing front-end HTML templates	Everything database related Fetching a blog's entries, fetching a list of blogs, etc. Adding users, blogs, entries, comments to database	Helping out with frontend and backend tasks when applicable Team management Devlog and updating design doc

¹ Hashed
² Starts counting from 1
³ Unix time of the server

HTML Templates

- login.html
 - Directed from "/" if user is not logged in
 - Displays text input boxes for username and password
 - On click <submit>, redirects user to "/login" through a POST request
 - On click <create new account>, redirects user to "/register" through a GET request
- register.html
 - Directed from "/register" on click <create new account> of "login.html"
 - Displays text input boxes for information needed to create a complete account
 - On click <create account>, redirects user to "/register" through a POST request
- home.html
 - Directed from "/login" if credentials are verified
 - Directed from link <home> on navigation bar
 - Displays all blogs in order of most recently edited
 - On click <blog_whatever>, redirects user to "/blog" with whatever's blog_id
- search.html
 - Displays all blogs that match the search request
- profile.html
 - Directed from "profile/<userid>"
 - Displays all blogs of that user
 - Displays create new blog link if user is viewing their own profile
 - On click <create new blog>, redirects user to "/create_blog"
- settings.html
 - Directed from "/settings" on click <settings>
 - Displays form to <change username> and <change password>
 - On submit, redirects user to "/settings" via POST request to verify new credentials
- blog.html
 - Directed from "/blog<blog_id>"
 - Displays links to all entries of that blog and the first thirty characters of each entry
 - If user owns the blog, display link <enter_entry>
 - On click, <enter_entry> redirects user to "/new_entry"
- entry.html
 - Directed from "/blog/<blogid>/<entry_id>"
 - Displays a <view entry history> link for each entry
 - Displays comment section at the bottom, with a text input box for new comments
 - Displays an <edit> and <enter_entry> link if viewing user's own blog
 - On click <view_entry_history>, redirects user to "/entry_history" with corresponding entry_id
 - On click <edit>, redirects user to "/blog/<blog_id>/<entry_id>/edit"
- create_blog.html
 - Directed from link <create_blog> of "profile.html"
 - Displays input text box for a new blog
 - On submit, redirects user to "/profile/create_blog" via POST request to create blog
- create_entry.html
 - Directed from "/blog/<blogid>/create_entry" on click <enter_entry>
 - Displays input text box {title,content} for new entry
 - On submit, redirects user to "/blog/<blogid>/create_entry" via POST request to create entry

- `edit_entry.html`
 - Directed from `"/blog/<blogid>/<entryid>/edit"` on click `<edit_entry>`
 - Displays input text box `{content}` to edit entry
 - Fills in text box with previous content as a starting point
 - On submit, `redirects` user to `"/blog/<blogid>/<entryid>/edit"` via POST request to edit blog
- `entry_history.html`
 - Directed from link `<<view_entry_history>`
 - Displays all versions of entries
- `layout.html`
 - The links that take you to `<home>`, `<profile>`, and `<settings>`
 - This is the parent for jinja inheritance

Component Map

Frontend (read)	Relationship	Backend	Function
login	Verifies username and password hash equality	users	<code>utl.acc.verify_acc(username, password)</code>
get userid	Given a username, returns the userid	users	<code>utl.acc.get_userid(username)</code>
get username	Given a userid, return a username	users	<code>utl.acc.get_username(userid)</code>
create account	Given a username and password, add account to <code>users</code> if requirements are met	users	<code>utl.acc.create_acc(username, password)</code>
search	Searches for the presence of the input string within blog titles and returns all matches as a dictionary array.	blogs	<code>utl.search(keyword)</code>
count	Get the number of blogs that exist	blogs	<code>utl.blogs.count()</code>
get blog's descriptors ⁴	Uses <code>blogid</code> to retrieve data from <code>blogs</code>	blogs	<code>utl.blogs.describe(blogid)</code>
get blog's entries	Uses <code>blogid</code> to retrieve data from <code>entries</code> Returns a list of dictionaries in descending order by <code>entryid</code> containing <code>entryid</code> , <code>versionid</code> , <code>timestamp</code> , <code>content</code>	entries	<code>utl.blogs.read_entries(blogid)</code>
get entry history	Uses <code>entryid</code> to retrieve data from <code>entries_arc</code> Returns a list of dictionaries in descending order by <code>versionid</code> containing <code>entryid</code> , <code>versionid</code> , <code>timestamp</code> , <code>content</code>	<code>entries_arc</code>	<code>utl.entries.read_entries_h(blogid, entryid)</code>

⁴ Title and author

Frontend (write)	Relationship	Backend	Function ⁵
get comments	Uses <code>entryid</code> and <code>blogid</code> to retrieve data from <code>comments</code>	<code>comments</code>	<code>utl.entries.read_comments (blogid, entryid)</code>
register	Validates username ⁶ , hashes password, and generates an id, pushing the values into the <code>users</code> table.	<code>users</code>	<code>utl.acc.create_acc (username, password)</code>
create blog	Creates a new blog associated with the creating user.	<code>blogs</code>	<code>utl.blogs.create_blog (userid, title)</code>
Create new entry	Creates a new entry for a blog of the user's choosing, inserts into <code>entries</code> and <code>entries_arc</code>	<code>entries</code> <code>entries_arc</code>	<code>utl.entries.create_entry (blogid, content)</code>
Edit entry	Edits the corresponding entry in <code>entries</code> with the new content and <code>versionid</code> and copies the edited entry into <code>entries_arc</code>	<code>entries</code> <code>entries_arc</code>	<code>utl.entries.edit_entry (blogid, entryid, content)</code>
Change username or password	Overwrites the current password's hash with the new password's hash or overwrites the current username with the new username	<code>users</code>	<code>utl.acc.edit_acc (userid, new_un=, new_pw=)</code> ⁷
Add comment	Generates and inserts a comment record based on the content and the blog, entry, and user ids.	<code>comments</code>	<code>utl.comments. create_comment (blogid, entryid, userid, content)</code>
Count comments	Returns the number of comments in a blog entry	<code>comments</code>	<code>utl.comments. count_comment (blogid, entryid)</code>
delete comment	Deletes a comment from the database	<code>comments</code>	<code>utl.comments. delete_comment (blogid,entryid, commentid)</code>
delete entry	Deletes an entry from the database	<code>entries</code> <code>entries_arc</code>	<code>Utl.entries.delete_entry (blogid, entryid)</code>

⁵ All listed functions return a boolean representing the operation's success.

⁶ Verifies absence of control characters and uniqueness of name

⁷ Uses `**kwargs`: input has to be `edit_acc(name, new_un = "something" (optional argument), new_pw = "something else" (optional argument))`

