The awake endoscope-guided sealant technique with fibrin glue in the treatment of postoperative cerebrospinal fluid leak after extended

transsphenoidal surgery: Technical note.

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Abstract:

Background: The introduction of extended endoscopic endonasal approaches for the management

of midline skull base lesions has brought again the focus on the problem of postoperative

cerebrospinal fluid (CSF) leak management. Notwithstanding the improvements in reconstruction

techniques that have reduced the rate of postoperative CSF leakage, no technique has proven to be

thoroughly effective.

Methods: Nine patients complaining of postoperative CSF leaking after extended endoscopic

endonasal surgery for different suprasellar lesions were managed without reoperation by means of

repeated endoscopic endonasal fibrin glue injections in the sphenoid sinus cavity while they were

awake in the outpatient operating room. Only a few patients required light sedation with

benzodiazepine. To help the healing process, lumbar CSF diversion was used in four patients who

complained of moderate and severe leaks, Results: We achieved an effective and resilient closure

of the skull-base defect in all cases who underwent the endoscope-guided fibrin glue injection for

the management of postoperative CSF leak after endoscopic endonasal surgery. Of the four

patients presenting a "weeping" leak, one patient required a single injection, whereas three required

two procedures; no lumbar drainage was used. Two patients with "moderate" leaks received four

injections and in both a lumbar drain also was positioned. In the other two patients, three (in this

case a lumbar drain was used) and two injections were performed, respectively. We managed the

patient with severe leaking by performing an injection five times, and lumbar drainage was placed.

No complications related to procedure or to the use of this material were observed (mean follow-up, 26.6 months; range, 5-63).

Conclusions: An endoscope-guided sealant technique with fibrin glue used while the patient is awake has proven, in our experience, to be effective in reducing the rate of reoperations in the management of postoperative CSF leaking after endoscopic endonasal approaches for the treatment of intradural skull base lesions. This technique, which needs larger case series to be validated, could be considered in the spectrum of possibilities to manage selected postoperative CSF leakages.

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