The impact of fibrin glue in the prevention of failure after Nissen

fundoplication.

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Publication Date: 2011

Abstract:

Background and Aims: Good long term result after Nissen fundoplication is achieved in most of the

patients in specialized centres. Still failure occurs in some cases and reoperation after failed

conservative treatment is done in 3-6% of the cases. Reoperation is more dangerous and results

worse than after primary fundoplication. Therefore we wanted to analyze factors related to failure of

Nissen fundoplication with special emphasis on utilization of crural closure, anchoring of the fundic

wrap and the use of fibrin glue. Material and Methods: Patients records of 258 patients were

analyzed by an independent observer. Defective fundic wrap, recurrent oesophagitis and hiatal

hernia were defined as failure. Results: Failure after Nissen fundoplication was found in 29 patients

(14.9%). Crural closure (p = 0.021), anchoring of the wrap (p = 0.020) and fibrin glue (p = 0.029)

decreased the incidence of failure. However, only crural closure (p = 0.010) and fibrin glue (p = 0.010)

0.019) were independent factors in the prevention of failure. Conclusions: Fibrin glue as a new

method might be worth utilizing to further decrease the incidence of failure after Nissen

fundoplication. Because our study was retrospective, prospective randomized study should be

performed before universal use of fibrin glue in the prevention of failure after fundoplication.