Use of fibrin glue in ocular surgery. [Portuguese]

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Abstract:

PURPOSE: To evaluate the use of fibrin glue and its complications in different ophthalmic surgeries.

METHODS: A retrospective and non-comparative case series study. 161 eyes were evaluated. The

mean age was 51.8 years. Fibrin glue (Beriplast--Aventis Behring, Germany) was used in all

patients for tissue adherence or incisional closure. RESULTS: Main preoperatives diseases were

pterygium (76 patients), superior limbic keratoconjunctivitis (4 patients), limbal tumor (4 patients),

conjunctivochalasis (21 patients), bullous keratopathy (31 patients), limbal stem cell deficiency (7

patients), alkali injury (6 patients), Stevens-Johnson syndrome (2 patients), cataract (5 patients) and

glaucoma (5 patients). Complications occurred in 28 patients (17.4%). Detachment of the fixed

tissue and granulomatous foreign body reaction were the main complications. Detachment occurred

in 10 cases (5.6%) (7 in amniotic membrane transplantation in bullous keratopathy, 2 in autologous

conjunctival grafting for pterygium surgery, 1 in autologous limbal transplantation in a

Stevens-Johnson syndrome). Granulomatous foreign body reaction was described in 9 patients

(5.6%) (5 in amniotic membrane transplantation due to acute alkali injury, 1 in autologous limbal

graft due to chronic burn injury, and 3 in autologous conjunctival transplant due to pterygium

surgery). All the complications described occurred in the first week after surgery. CONCLUSION:

Despite the limitations related to the retrospective and non-comparative setting, this study suggests

that the use of fibrin glue seems to be safe and effective for tissue fixation or incisional closure

presenting low rates of complications in ocular surface and anterior segment surgeries.