Comparison of fibrin glue and sutures for attaching conjunctival

autografts after pterygium excision.

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Abstract:

Purpose: To compare the efficacy and safety of fibrin glue and suturing for attaching conjunctival

autografts among patients undergoing pterygium excision. Design: Prospective, randomized,

interventional case series. Participants: Twenty-two patients undergoing excision of primary

pterygium. Methods: A superior conjunctival autograft was harvested and transferred onto bare

sclera after pterygium excision. Fibrin glue (Beriplast P) was used to attach the autograft in 11 eyes

and nylon 10-0 suture was used to attach the autograft in 11 eyes. The patients were followed up for

2 months. Main Outcome Measures: Graft success, recurrence rate, operating time, patient comfort.

Results: All conjunctival autografts in both groups were successfully attached and were intact after 2

months. The average operating time for the fibrin glue group was significantly shorter (P<0.001).

Postoperative symptoms were fewer for the fibrin glue group than the suture group. One patient

(9%) from the fibrin group experienced subconjunctival hemorrhage, and 1 patient (9%) from the

suture group experienced partial graft dehiscence. Conclusions: Fibrin glue is a safe and effective

method for attaching conjunctival autografts. The use of fibrin glue results in shorter operating times

and less postoperative discomfort. © 2005 by the American Academy of Ophthalmology.