Effectiveness of antiadhesion barriers in preventing adhesion after myomectomy in patients with uterine leiomyoma.

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Abstract:

Background: Myomectomy often causes adhesion formation and decreases subsequent fertility. The purpose of the present study was to evaluate the effectiveness of several antiadhesion barrier materials in preventing adhesion after myomectomy. Methods: We prospectively classified 63

women undergoing myomectomy alone into four groups according to the type of antiadhesion

material used: Hyaluronic acid-carboxymethylcellulose film (Seprafilm) (n = 21, Group

1), Dextran 40 (10% Dextran 40 Low Injection) (n = 17, Group 2), factor 13 with

fibrinogen (Beriplast) (n = 12, Group 3) and control (n = 13, Group 4). We performed

early second-look laparoscopy after the seventh post-operative day in all patients and examined

adhesion formation in the abdominal cavity. The incidence of adnexal adhesions was evaluated

according to the American Fertility Association (AFS) adhesion score. Results: The incidence of

uterine adhesion was 14.3% in Group 1, 70.6% in Group 2, 75.0% in Group 3 and 76.9% in Group

4. Adhesion formation in Group 1 was significantly less than that in Group 2 (p = 0.0004), Group 3 (p = 0.0004), Group 3

= 0.0005) and Group 4 (p = 0.0003). The incidence of peritoneal adhesion was 14.3% in Group 1,

29.4% in Group 2, 41.6% in Group 3 and 69.2% in Group 4. Adhesion formation in Group 1 was

significantly less than that in Group 4 (p = 0.001). AFS scores in Groups 1-4 were 0.38 +/- 1.02,

4.58 +/- 7.02, 0.83 +/- 1.99 and 8.53 +/- 8.79 (mean +/- S.D.), respectively. Group 1 had the lowest

AFS score and the difference between Group 1 and Group 4 was significant (p < 0.0001). The AFS

score in Group 3 was also significantly less than that of Group 4 (p = 0.0009). Conclusion:

Seprafilm was highly effective and was superior to the other antiadhesion materials tested in preventing uterine adhesions after myomectomy. © 2005 Elsevier Ireland Ltd. All rights reserved.