Fibrin glue to reduce seroma after axillary lymphadenectomy for

breast cancer.

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Abstract:

Axillary lymphadenectomy remains an integral part of breast cancer treatment, yet seroma formation

occurs in 15-85% of cases. Among the methods employed to reduce seroma magnitude and

duration, fibrin glue has been proposed in numerous studies with controversial results. Sixty patients

underwent quadrantectomy or mastectomy with level I/II axillary lymphadenectomy; a suction drain

was fitted in all patients. Fibrin glue spray was applied to the axillary fossa in 30 patients; the other

30 patients were treated conventionally. Suction drainage was removed between postoperative days

III and IV. Seroma magnitude and duration were significantly reduced (P=0.004 and 0.02,

respectively), and there were fewer evacuative punctures, in patients receiving fibrin glue compared

with the conventional treatment group. The authors conclude that the use of fibrin glue does not

always prevent seroma formation, but does reduce seroma magnitude, duration and necessary

evacuative punctures.