Fibrin glue (I: Reply). [German]

Authors: Thiele H.

Publication Date: 1989

Abstract:

Background: The intra- and postoperative management of accidental durotomy in operations of the

lumbar spine is not standardized. It is the aim of our survey to obtain an overview on the current

practice in neurosurgical departments in Germany. Methods: The used questionnaire consisted of

three questions and could be answered within a few minutes by checking boxes. In September

2012, the questionnaire was sent to 149 German neurosurgical departments. In the following 4

weeks 109 replies (73.2 %) were received. Results: Seventy-one neurosurgical departments (65.1

%) treat dural tears by a combination of methods, 28 (25.7 %) with suture alone, 7 (6.4 %) with

fibrin-coated fleeces alone, 2 (1.8 %) with muscle patch alone and 1 (0.9 %) with fibrin glue alone.

Sixty-six neurosurgical departments (60.5 %) decide on postoperative bed rest depending on the

quality of the dural closure. Forty-three (39.5 %) neurosurgical departments do not rely on the

quality of the dural closure for their postoperative management. In total, 72.5 % of the neurosurgical

departments prescribe bed rest for 1-3 days, 1.8 % for more than 3 days, whereas 25.7 % allow

immediate mobilization. Conclusions: Among German neurosurgeons, no consensus exists

concerning the intra- and postoperative management of accidental durotomies in lumbar spine

surgery. Despite not being proved to reduce the rate of cerebrospinal fluid fistulas, bed rest is

frequently used. As bed rest prolongs the hospital stay with additional costs and has the potential of

a higher rate of medical complications, a prospective multicenter trial is warranted.