

$$\Pr(X > 40 \mid X > 30) = \Pr(X > 10). \Pr(X > m+n \mid X > m) = \Pr(X > n)$$

# First Document

EricLin

2016-4-7

```
int main(){
    printf("hello,    world");
    return 0;
}

#include<iostream>
#define Trace(m) cout<<#m"<<(m)<<endl;
using namespace std;
//this is a basic cpp template
/*
    * output: print hello world.
    latexbegin{
        This is embeded latex code.
        End!
    }latexend
    */
int main(){
    cout<<"Hello        World."<<endl;
    return 0;
}
```

New method:

---

```
1  #include <iostream>
2  #define Trace(m) cout<<#m"<<(m)<<endl;
3  using namespace std;
4  //this is a basic cpp template
5  /*
6     * output: print hello world.
7  latexbegin{
8       This is embeded latex code.
9       End!
10 }latexend
11 */
12 int main(){
13     cout<<"Hello      World."<<endl;
14     return 0;
15 }
```

---

Algorithm 1: below the code

I'm refering to the Listing 2, end.

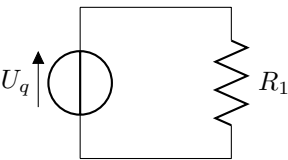
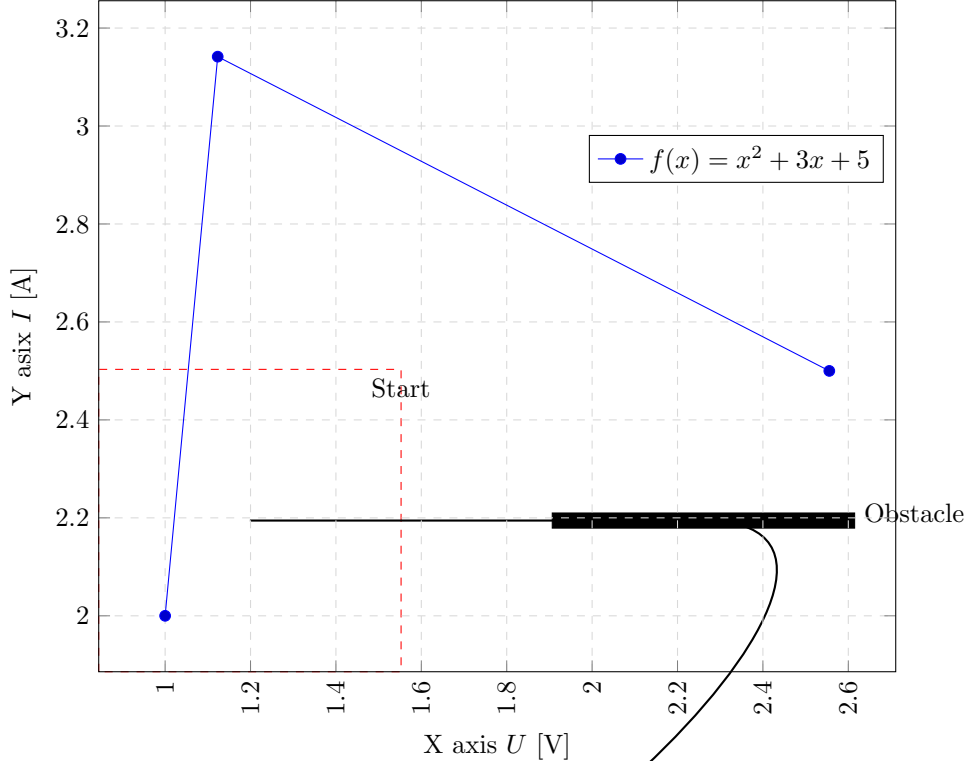


Figure 1: My autogenerated plot.



Point of interest

*fuckyou* hello;F5i

Table 1: Autogenerated table from .csv file.

<i>Value1</i>	<i>Value2</i>	<i>Value3</i>
A	V	T
1	2	4
1.12	3.14	34
2.56	2.50	23

this is footnote<sup>1</sup>. this is footnote<sup>2</sup>. i'm referring to previous footnote2. i'm referring to first footnote1.

Table 2: My Table

1		2		3
a		b		c

Table 3: mytable2

Some	actual	content
prettifies	the	table
as	wel	as
using	the	booktabs package

<sup>1</sup>Hello footnote  
<sup>2</sup>Hello footnote

# Contents

<b>1</b>	<b>section1</b>	<b>3</b>
1.1	section2 . . . . .	3

Figure 2: dummy figure

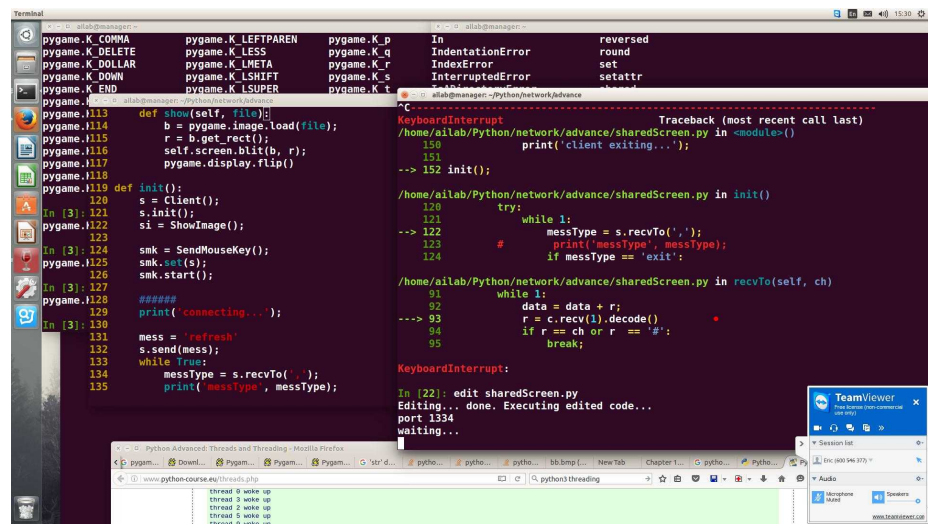


Figure 3: A tmp jpg what?

Figure 4 show a tmp jpg.  
Figure 3 show a tmp jpg.

$$f(x) = x^2y = ax^2 + bx + c$$

$$1 + 2 = 3$$

$$1 + 2 = 3 \tag{1}$$

$$1 = 3 - 2 \tag{2}$$

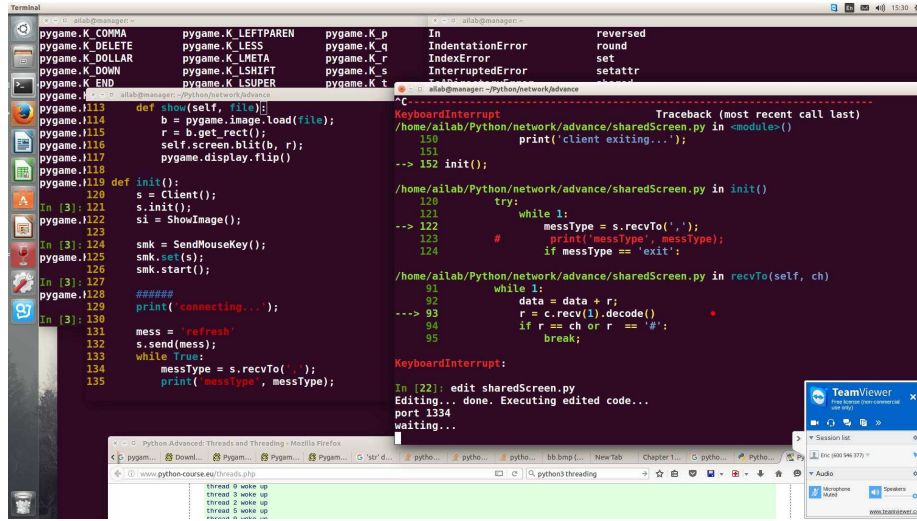


Figure 4: A tmp jpg

$$f(x) = x^2 \quad (3)$$

$$g(x) = \frac{1}{x} \quad (4)$$

$$F(x) = \int_b^a \frac{1}{3} x^3 \quad (5)$$

$$IntF(x) = \int_a^b \frac{1}{3} x^3 \quad (6)$$

$$ClosedIntegral(x) = \oint_D F ds \quad (7)$$

$$c(x) = \frac{f(x)}{\frac{4}{3}} \quad (8)$$

$$\left( d(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{x}} \right) \quad (9)$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 1 & 0 & 3 \\ 2 & 4 & \end{bmatrix} \quad (10)$$

$$\lambda^2 \alpha \beta \theta \quad (11)$$

adfadfadf  
zverqwerqewraf

The formula is  $f(x) = x^2$ , for example.



# **1 section1**

Hello World!

adf adf

afd a f

## **1.1 section2**

sub section

**new paragraph** some text. next line

new hello New method:

---

```
1  #include <iostream>
2  #define Trace(m) cout<<#m"<<(m)<<endl;
3  using namespace std;
4  //this is a basic cpp template
5  /*
6   * output: print hello world.
7   latexbegin{
8       This is embeded latex code.
9       End!
10  }latexend
11  */
12  int main(){
13      cout<<"Hello      World."<<endl;
14      return 0;
15  }
```

---

Algorithm 2: below the code

Table 4: Dummy table

Table 5: Dummy2 table

hello random citation [1] bibtex

## List of Figures

1	My autogenerated plot. . . . .	
2	dummy figure . . . . .	1
3	A tmp jpg what? . . . . .	1
4	A tmp jpg . . . . .	2

## List of Tables

1	Autogenerated table from .csv file. . . . .	
2	My Table . . . . .	
3	mytable2 . . . . .	
4	Dummy table . . . . .	5
5	Dummy2 table . . . . .	5

## List of Algorithms

1	below the code . . . . .	
2	below the code . . . . .	4

biblatex references:

bibtex references:

## References

- [1] J. Doe, *The Book without Title*. Dummy Publisher, 2100.