

IELTS™



AI时代英语备考终极指令集

雅思终结者

- * 史上最强AI, 颠覆英语应试备考方法;
- * 48条神奇指令, 完美无痛解决: 1.中式英语 2.不知道写/说什么 3.同义改写 4.句子润色 5.文章看不懂 6.口语对练 ...
- * 也适合托福, 四六级, 高考, 考研, 论文...

作者: Eric (雅思写作8.5分获得者, 浸润雅思/雅思黑科技创始人)

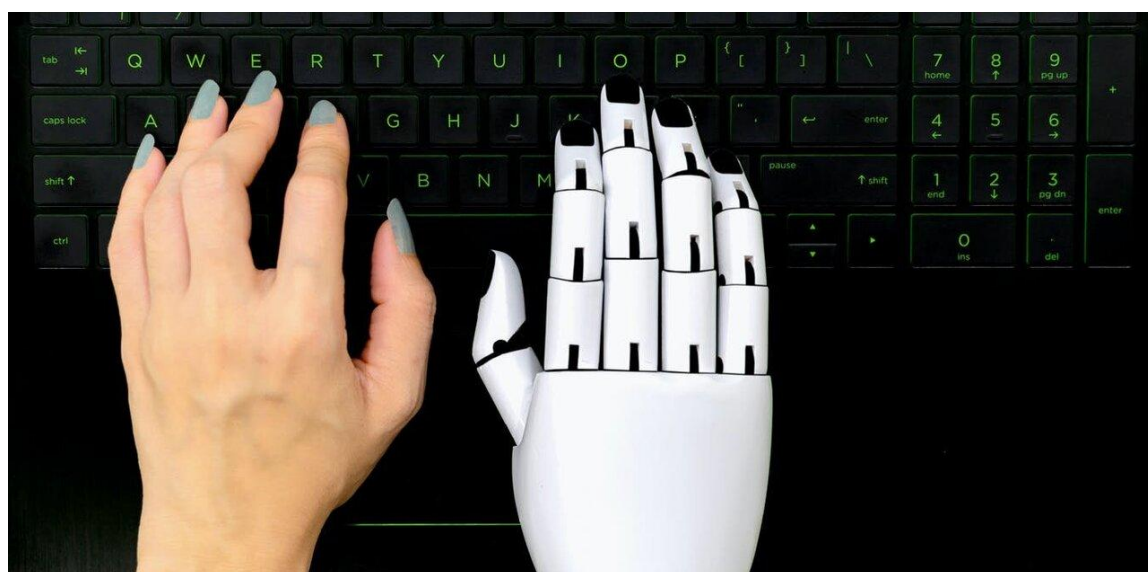


版本: 2023/04/23 v4

ChatGPT 对于写作，就相当于计算机对于算术。

能正确高效的使用 ChatGPT 将成为 AI 时代最重要的技能。

~独立雅思老师，雅思写作 8.5 分获得者 Eric



目录

目录	3
前言	7
颠覆英语学习的方法	7
如何使用 ChatGPT	7
如何使用这本书	8
如何输入命令	8
注意事项	9
V2 版新增内容	10
V3 版新增内容	10
V3.2 版新增内容 (2023-02-23)	错误! 未定义书签。
Part 0: 英语学习	12
命令 1: 单词释义和例句	12
命令 2: 单词常见搭配和例句	13
命令 3: 英汉/汉英翻译	15
命令 4: 用中英文回答问题	16
命令 5: 长难句分析及难词释义	17
命令 6: 扩展词汇量	18
命令 7: 制定学习计划	25
Part 1: 应试英文写作	27
命令 1: 写应试作文范文	27

命令 2: 写应试作文提纲	28
命令 3: 根据提纲写应试作文范文	30
命令 4: 按照给定立场写应试作文范文	33
命令 5: 用更学术的语言重写	33
命令 6: 以某作家/杂志/报刊的风格重写	33
命令 7: 用更高级/简单的语言重写	34
Part 2: 产生 idea 和 idea 的扩展	35
命令 1: 列出某趋势/现象的优劣	36
命令 2: 列出支持和反对某观点的理由	38
命令 3: 列出某趋势/现象的产生原因和解决方法	39
命令 4: 论点的解释, 扩展和支持	41
命令 5: 论点的举例论证	42
Part 3: 同义改写	45
命令 1: 同义改写	46
Part 4: 修改和润色句子	47
命令 1: 语法/拼写检查纠错	47
命令 2: 文本润色	47
命令 3: 文本插入	47
命令 4: 文本词汇多样性提升	48
命令 5: 文本连贯衔接提升	49
命令 6: 文本句型多样性提升	50
命令 7: 作文分项批改	51

Part 5: 雅思写作 (2+1 极简写法)	52
8.5 分雅思作文的秘诀: 2+1 极简写法	52
2+1 极简写法框架	53
雅思写作神器	54
命令 1: 开始段	58
命令 2: 主体段	61
命令 3: 结尾段	65
命令 4: 完整作文	67
Part 6: 雅思阅读	70
命令 1: 文章疑难词句解释 (中英对照)	72
命令 2: 疑难单词/词组列表释义 (中英对照)	73
命令 3: 文章翻译	74
命令 4: 文章逐句难词释义和整句翻译	75
Part 7: 雅思口语	77
命令 1: 回答 Part 1 问题	77
命令 2: 回答 Part 2 问题	79
命令 3: 回答 Part 3 问题	81
命令 4: 定制化回答问题	82
命令 5: 语音对练	87
附录 1: ChatGPT 用 2+1 极简写法写的雅思大作文范文	89
附录 2: ChatGPT 写的雅思书信范文	92
附录 3: ChatGPT 写的托福独立写作范文	95

附录 4: ChatGPT 写的高考英语范文	98
附录 5: ChatGPT 写的四级英语范文	100
附录 6: ChatGPT 写的考研英语范文	102

前言

颠覆英语学习的方法

史上最强 AI: ChatGPT 在 2022 年 11 月 30 日首次推出后, 在全球引起巨大的反响。我作为一名独立雅思老师, 雅思写作 8.5 分获得者, 这几年一直在潜心研究人工智能在英语学习和雅思备考上面的应用。ChatGPT 的出现自然引发我的浓厚兴趣。

在长期的使用和研究后, 我认为 ChatGPT 在英语学习和雅思 (也包括其他英语水平考试) 备考上可以发挥革命性的作用。 这里我将一些相关的命令收集起来, 并结合解释和示例, 写成这本命令集。

毫无疑问, ChatGPT 将会彻底改变英语学习, 颠覆英文写作的传统教学。我相信这些命令会帮助英语学习者提高英文能力, 特别是可以帮助雅思考生快速提分。

如何使用 ChatGPT

ChatGPT 是基于网页的应用, 任何系统的手机和电脑都能使用。并且是采用自然语言对话的方式, 支持多种语言, 不需要任何电脑知识, 只要会打字就会用。

ChatGPT 现在可免费使用, 但国内用户需要科学上网和国外的注册

账号，才能登入和使用。

要使用 ChatGPT，首先连接和登入 ChatGPT 网址：
<https://chat.openai.com>；然后在对话框里用自然语言输入命令，然后 ChatGPT 会给出回应；再输入命令，这样以对话形式进行。

如何使用这本书

在平时的英语学习和雅思备考中，学会使用本书的命令，并在使用过程中：

- 理解，模仿和记忆 ChatGPT 产生的 idea;
- 理解，模仿和记忆 ChatGPT 的用词，表达，句型和篇章结构；
- 理解，模仿和记忆 ChatGPT 的同义替换；
- 理解，模仿和记忆 ChatGPT 对自己的写法的纠正和润色。

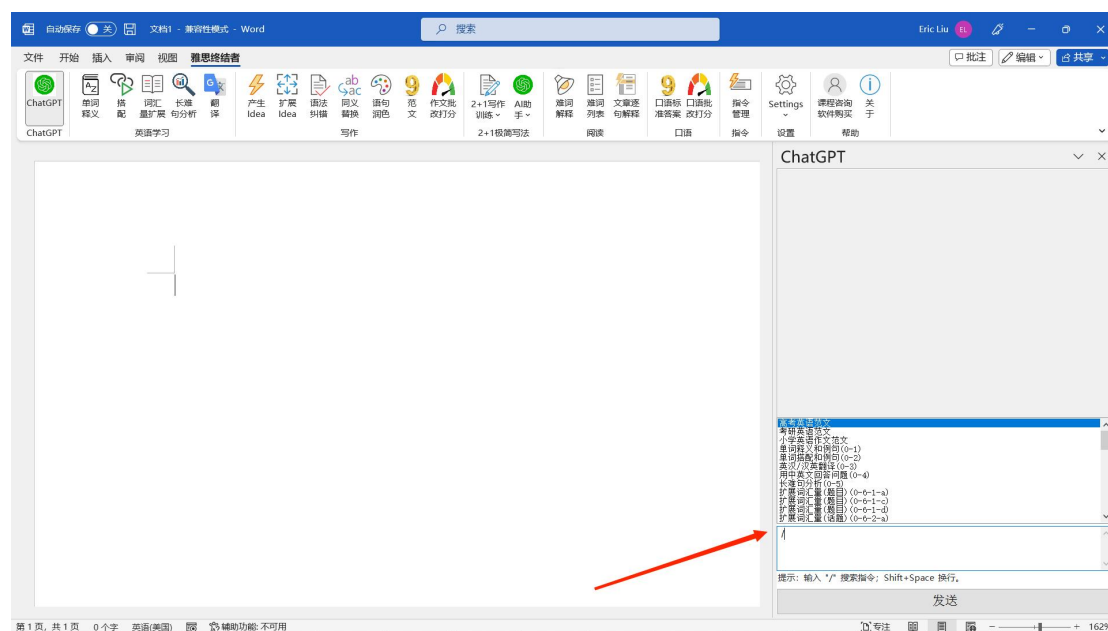
记住一点： ChatGPT 就是你随身的英文顶级专家，有问题就问它。

如何输入命令

可以直接从本电子书把命令拷贝粘贴过去，然后输入变量(方括号标识)的内容，再执行；

为了方便管理和输入命令，老师开发的[雅思终结者软件](#)将本书的所

有命令导入，然后在使用中通过在输入框键入斜杠 / ，弹出命令列表（见下面的截屏），或输入命令 ID 或名称（见[附录 7 命令汇总表](#)）进行搜索，再选择需要执行的命令，然后输入变量(方括号标识)的内容，再执行。



注意事项

- AI 的功能再强，也会犯错，特别是在审题和逻辑的部分；所以在使用 ChatGPT 的过程中要具有一定的鉴别和选择能力，最好是要有一位双母语水平的英语老师做咨询和协助。注：我专门建了一个 ChatGPT 英语学习微信辅导群，只要购买本书的同学均可加入（加入需关注我的微信：ericliu24），可获得我随时的帮助和本命令集的更新版。
- ChatGPT 写的再好，但它不能进考场代你考试；所以你需要在平

Eric 老师的课程和书籍购买链接

时多问它，多向它学习和模仿，把它的精华记在自己的脑子里，再带到考场里。

英语学习的 AI 时代已经来临，越早学会使用这本书的命令，会让你的英语水平和考试分数领先一大步！

V2 版新增内容

- [新增了雅思写作 2+1 极简写法的相关命令](#)；[2+1 极简写法](#)是 Eric 老师根据自己的亲身经验创建的一套完备的高效提分的雅思写作备考体系，这组命令指引 ChatGPT 按照该方法秒速完成高质量雅思范文；
- [雅思阅读的相关命令](#)：让雅思阅读的文章(也适用于所有应试英文阅读和其他类型的阅读)变得前所未有的简单；
- [雅思口语的相关命令](#)：秒速获得雅思口语问题的高分样本(也适用于所有应试英文口语和其他类型的英语口语)。

V3 版新增内容 (2023-02-23)

- [词汇量扩展](#)：通过 ChatGPT 最高效记单词；
- [雅思口语语音对练](#)：通过 ChatGPT 的语音插件进行口语聊天；
- [通过开源软件一键快捷输入命令](#)。
- [结合雅思写作神器，快速生成 2+1 范文](#)；

- [制定学习计划](#), [创建练习题](#)。

V4 版新增内容

- 与雅思终结者软件集成

Part 0：英语学习

命令 1：单词释义和例句

单词是英语的最基本的单元。准确掌握单词的意思是一个人英语能力的基石。

相关命令

命令 0-1	<div>英文： Show the meaning of word “[word]” and example sentences.</div> <div>中文： 给出单词 “[word]” 的定义（先英文，后接中文翻译）和例句（先英文，后接中文翻译）。</div>
解释	<div>参数： [word]: 要学习的词汇</div> <div>任务： 给出某单词的定义和例句。中文命令会中英对照显示结果。</div>
示例	<div>英文： Show the meaning of word “risk” and example sentences.</div> <div>中文： 给出单词 “risk” 的定义（先英文，后接中文翻译）和例句（先英文，后接中文翻译）。</div> <div>截图： <div> 给出单词“risk”的定义（先英文，后接中文翻译）和3个例句（先英文，后接中文翻译）。</div><div><div></div><div><div>Definition:</div><div>Risk - a situation involving exposure to danger</div><div>风险 - 涉及到危险的情况</div></div><div><div>Example Sentences:</div><div><div>1. Taking risks is a part of life.</div><div>冒险是生活的一部分。</div></div><div><div>2. The company is willing to take on the risk to increase profits.</div><div>公司愿意承担风险来增加利润。</div></div><div><div>3. Investing in the stock market always carries a risk.</div><div>投资股市总是有风险。</div></div></div></div></div>



命令 2：单词常见搭配和例句

搭配是经常在一起出现的几个单词。能否正确使用搭配是显示英语水平高低的一个重要标志，也是英语水平考试（如雅思，托福）重点考察的技能。

所以，在学习新词的时候，要特别注意其常见搭配以及它们在句子中的用法。

相关命令

命令 0-2	<div>英文： Show the collocations of word “ [word] ” and example sentences.</div> <div>中文： 给出单词 “[word]” 的常见搭配（先英文，后接中文翻译）和例句（先英文，后接中文翻译）。</div>
解释	<div>参数： [word]: 要学习的词汇</div> <div>任务： 给出某单词的常见搭配和例句。中文命令会中英对照显示结果。</div>
示例	<div>英文： Show the collocations of word “risk” and example sentences.</div> <div>中文： 给出单词 “risk” 的常见搭配（先英文，后接中文翻译）和例句（先英文，后接中文翻译）。</div> <div>截图：</div>

	<div><div> 给出单词“risk”的常见搭配 (先英文, 后接中文翻译) 和例句 (先英文, 后接中文翻译)。</div><div><div></div><div><div>常见搭配:</div><div><div><div>1. take a risk (冒险)</div><div>2. manage risk (管理风险)</div><div>3. high risk (高风险)</div><div>4. reduce risk (降低风险)</div><div>5. accept risk (承担风险)</div><div>6. assess risk (评估风险)</div></div></div><div><div>例句:</div><div><div><div>1. Taking a risk is sometimes necessary to achieve great success. 冒险有时是实现巨大成功的必要条件。</div><div>2. It's important to manage risk in any investment. 在任何投资中管理风险是很重要的。</div><div>3. High-risk investments may offer the potential for high returns. 高风险投资可能有很高的回报潜力。</div><div>4. We need to reduce the risk of failure in this project. 我们需要减少这个项目失败的风险。</div><div>5. You need to accept the risk of loss before starting any business. 在开展任何业务前, 您需要承担损失的风险。</div><div>6. It's necessary to assess the risk before making any investment decisions. 在做出任何投资决策前, 有必要评估风险。</div></div></div></div></div></div></div>
--	---

命令 3：英汉/汉英翻译

翻译是通过学习者的母语来帮助理解英语的一个途径。ChatGPT 的高准确度的翻译为广大英语学习者，特别是初中级水平的英语学习者，提供了一个帮助理解英语文章的很好的途径。

相关命令

命令 0-3	英文： Translate the following text into [English/Chinese]: [text]. 中文： 把后面的文本翻译为[英语/汉语]: [text]。
解释	参数： [text]: 要翻译的文本。 任务： 把后面的文本翻译为[英语/汉语]。
示例	英文： Translate the following text into English: 吸烟有害健康 中文： 把后面的文本翻译为汉语: Smoking is harmful to health.

注意事项

- 如果是高级水平的英语学习者，应尽量尝试通过英语学习英语。

只有在遇到读起来很困难的文章，或想表达一个较复杂的意思时，才去采用翻译的方法。

命令 4: 用中英文回答问题

命令 0-4	<p>英文: [prompt] Respond in both English and Chinese.</p> <p>中文: [prompt] 用英语和汉语回应。</p>
解释	<p>参数: [prompt]: 需要回应的提示。</p> <p>任务: 用英语和汉语回应的提示（提示放在[prompt]位置）。这样会让初中级英语学习者能更好的理解回答的内容。</p>
示例	<p>英文: What is the best method to learn English? Respond in both English and Chinese.</p> <p>中文: 学习英语的最好方法是什么? 用英语和汉语回应。</p>

命令 5：长难句分析及难词释义

命令	<div>英文： Analyse the structure of the following sentence , show the output in the format of table, followed by its Chinese translation and vocabulary notes for difficult words and phrases: [sentence]</div> <div>中文： 分析下面的句子的句子结构，用表格的形式展示，最后给出中文翻译和难词释义：[句子]</div>										
解释	<div>参数： [句子]：需要分析的句子。</div> <div>任务： 分析句子的句子结构，并给出中文翻译和难词释义，帮助英语学习者理解复杂句的结构及意思。</div>										
示例	<div>（例句选自剑 17 的阅读文章）</div> <div><div>od</div>分析下面的句子的句子结构，用表格的形式展示，最后给出中文翻译和难词释义： "Amongst the most vocal advocates for a solution to London's traffic problems was Charles Pearson, who worked as a solicitor for the City of London."</div> <div><div></div></div> <div><div>句子结构分析表格：</div><table><tr><th>句子成分</th><th>对应词语</th></tr><tr><td>主语</td><td>Charles Pearson</td></tr><tr><td>谓语</td><td>was</td></tr><tr><td>宾语</td><td>one of the most vocal advocates for a solution to London's traffic problems</td></tr><tr><td>定语</td><td>who worked as a solicitor for the City of London</td></tr></table><div>中文翻译：解决伦敦交通问题的最积极的倡导者之一是查尔斯·皮尔逊，他是伦敦市的一名律师。</div><div>难词释义：<ul style="list-style-type: none">advocate：倡导者solicitor：律师</div></div>	句子成分	对应词语	主语	Charles Pearson	谓语	was	宾语	one of the most vocal advocates for a solution to London's traffic problems	定语	who worked as a solicitor for the City of London
句子成分	对应词语										
主语	Charles Pearson										
谓语	was										
宾语	one of the most vocal advocates for a solution to London's traffic problems										
定语	who worked as a solicitor for the City of London										

命令 6: 扩展词汇量

记单词最高效的方法

扩展词汇量的关键是要在语境中去记忆单词,而不要去死记硬背孤立的单词列表。从句子或文章中接触和记忆单词是最有效的增加词汇量的方法。

另外,按话题分类记忆相关联的单词效果更好。对于备考各种英语考试的考生们来说,可以专注于考试高频话题的相关词汇和搭配并分类突破。比如雅思大作文的一个高频话题是科技,雅思考生就需要在平时的阅读中特别留意科技类的主题词汇。

借助 ChatGPT, 雅思考生可以很容易的精准聚焦高频话题,在高质量例句和范文中接触和记忆好的主题词汇和搭配,让记忆负担降到最低,最快速高效的提高词汇量和雅思写作的分数。

应用场景 1

下面以剑桥 16 的一个大作文题目为例,演示整个和 ChatGPT 交流的过程:

1. 首先,让 ChatGPT 列出 N 个和这个题目有关系的学术词汇或搭配;
2. 然后,对应显示每个词汇/搭配的中文含义;
3. 然后,给每个词汇/搭配造句;
4. 然后,对应显示每个句子的中文含义;
5. 最后,写一篇包含这些词汇/搭配(用方括号[]标注)的范文

下面是和 ChatGPT 对话的截图:



List 5 academic words or collocations which might be used in an IELTS essay for the following writing prompt: "In the future all cars, buses, and trucks will be driverless. The only people travelling inside these vehicles would be passengers. Do you think the advantages of driverless vehicles outweigh the disadvantages?"



1. Autonomous vehicles
2. Passenger-only transport
3. Transportation efficiency
4. Human error reduction
5. Technological advancements



add their Chinese translation



1. Autonomous vehicles - 自动驾驶车辆
2. Passenger-only transport - 仅乘客运输
3. Transportation efficiency - 运输效率
4. Human error reduction - 减少人为错误
5. Technological advancements - 技术进步



give one English example sentence for each of the above, followed by their Chinese translation.



1. Autonomous vehicles - Autonomous vehicles have the potential to revolutionize the transportation industry.
自动驾驶车辆有潜力彻底改变运输业。
2. Passenger-only transport - Passenger-only transport can significantly reduce the risk of accidents on the roads.
仅乘客运输可以大大降低道路事故的风险。
3. Transportation efficiency - Transportation efficiency can be improved by the use of autonomous vehicles.
通过使用自动驾驶车辆可以提高运输效率。
4. Human error reduction - Human error reduction is one of the key benefits of driverless vehicles.
减少人为错误是无人驾驶车辆的关键优势之一。
5. Technological advancements - Technological advancements in autonomous vehicles will change the way we travel in the future.
自动驾驶车辆的技术进步将改变我们未来的旅行方式。



Write a model IELTS essay using the above words/collocations to the above prompt, labeling the above words/collocations with []



In recent years, there has been an increasing amount of discussion about the future of transportation and the potential for all vehicles, including cars, buses, and trucks, to become driverless. While this prospect certainly raises some interesting questions, it is important to consider both the advantages and disadvantages of such a future.



One of the key advantages of [autonomous vehicles] is that they have the potential to greatly increase [transportation efficiency]. By removing the need for drivers, vehicles would be able to run more smoothly and efficiently, reducing traffic congestion and travel times. Additionally, [human error reduction] is another significant benefit of driverless vehicles. It is widely recognized that the majority of accidents on the roads are caused by human error, and by removing this factor from the equation, we can reduce the risk of accidents and save lives.

However, there are also some significant disadvantages to consider. For example, [technological advancements] in the field of autonomous vehicles have been rapid in recent years, but there is still much uncertainty about the reliability of these systems and the safety of passengers. Additionally, there are concerns about the loss of jobs for drivers, as well as the potential for the misuse of driverless vehicles.

In conclusion, while there are certainly some advantages to [passenger-only transport] and [autonomous vehicles], it is important to consider both the benefits and the potential drawbacks. Ultimately, it will be up to society as a whole to weigh the pros and cons and determine whether the benefits of driverless vehicles outweigh the disadvantages.

这样, 考生就得到一份雅思写作高分主题词汇的完美语料, 作为学习和记忆的资料。再根据自己的时间安排, 对每个高频话题都选择几个真题做同样的练习, 达到最精准, 记忆负担最小化的扩展词汇量的目的。

相关命令:

命令 6-1-a	List [number] academic words or collocations which might be used in an IELTS essay for the following writing prompt: [prompt]
解释	参数: [number]: 要学习的词汇/搭配数量 [prompt]: 雅思大作文题目 任务: 列出 N 个和这个题目有关系的学术词汇或搭配;
命令 6-1-b	add their Chinese translation
解释	对应显示它们的中文含义。
命令 6-1-c	give one English example sentence for each of the above, followed by their Chinese translation.
解释	给每个词汇/搭配造句, 并对应显示每个句子的中文含义。
命令 6-1-d	Write a model IELTS essay using the above words/collocations to the above prompt, labeling the above words/collocations with []
解释	写一篇包含这些词汇/搭配 (用方括号[]标注) 的范文。

应用场景 2

场景一是从官方真题出发, 学习相关词汇。我们也可以让 ChatGPT 列出常见大作文话题和子话题 (subtopic), 然后按照子话题逐一学习相关词汇。

下面的演示是选择教育类子话题 "Advantages and disadvantages of online education" 为例, 完成相关词汇的学习。(和 ChatGPT 对话的截图如下)



List common topic and subtopics of ielts writing task two



Common topics and subtopics of IELTS Writing Task 2 include:



1. Education:

- * Advantages and disadvantages of online education
- * Importance of education in society
- * The role of teachers in education
- * University education vs vocational education

2. Environment:

- * The impact of human activity on the environment
- * The effects of pollution on the environment and human health
- * The role of governments in protecting the environment
- * The importance of preserving natural habitats for wildlife

3. Technology:

- * The impact of technology on society and the workforce
- * The advantages and disadvantages of technological advancements
- * The use of technology in education
- * The responsibility of technology companies in regulating the use of their products

4. Society:

- * The effects of cultural globalization on local cultures
- * The role of the media in shaping public opinion
- * The impact of social media on relationships and communication
- * The importance of family values and traditions

5. Health and Lifestyle:

- * The benefits of a healthy lifestyle
- * The impact of diet and exercise on health
- * The effects of stress on mental and physical health
- * The role of the government in promoting a healthy lifestyle

These are some of the common topics and subtopics that may appear in IELTS Writing Task 2, but it's not an exhaustive list.



List 5 academic words related to the subtopic of "Advantages and disadvantages of online education", followed with their Chinese translation



Here are 5 academic words related to the subtopic of "Advantages and Disadvantages of Online Education", along with their Chinese translation:



1. Convenience: 便利
2. Flexibility: 灵活性
3. Accessibility: 可获得性
4. Isolation: 孤立
5. Interactivity: 互动性

These words can be used to discuss the pros and cons of online education and how it differs from traditional in-person education.



Write an example sentence with each of the above word



Sure! Here are example sentences using each of the above words:



1. Convenience: Online education offers the convenience of being able to study from anywhere with an internet connection.
2. Flexibility: One of the biggest advantages of online education is the flexibility it provides, allowing students to balance their education with other commitments.
3. Accessibility: Online education has increased accessibility to education, making it possible for people who might not otherwise have access to attend courses and earn degrees.
4. Isolation: However, one disadvantage of online education is the lack of face-to-face interaction, which can lead to feelings of isolation and disconnection.
5. Interactivity: Another challenge of online education is the limited interactivity between students and teachers, which can negatively impact the learning experience.

相关命令:

命令 6-2-a	List common topics and subtopics of IELTS writing task two.
解释	列出雅思大作文常见话题和子话题。
命令 6-2-b	List [number] academic words or collocations related to the subtopic "[subtopic]", followed with their Chinese translation.
解释	参数: [number]: 要学习的词汇/搭配数量 [subtopic]: 雅思子话题 (选自命令 6-2-a 的输出) 任务: 列出 N 个和这个子话题有关系的学术词汇或搭配,并显示中文翻译。
命令 6-2-c	give one English example sentence for each of the above, followed by their Chinese translation.
解释	给上面的每个词汇/搭配造句, 并对应显示每个句子的中文含义。
示例	

创建练习题

为了巩固对新词汇的学习, 可以让 ChatGPT 创建练习题 (填空题, 选择题等):

相关命令:

命令 6-3-a	List [number] academic words or collocations related to the subtopic "[subtopic]", followed with their Chinese translation.
解释	列出 N 个和某给定子话题有关系的学术词汇或搭配,并显示中文翻译。
命令 6-3-b	Create a multiple choice quiz and fill-in-the-blank quiz for the above words/collocations.
解释	创建关于指定词汇/搭配的选择題和填空题。
示例	<div>List 3 academic words or collocations related to the subtopic "pros and cons of remote working", followed with their Chinese translation.</div> <div> Telecommuting - 远程办公 Work-life balance - 工作与生活的平衡 Virtual team - 虚拟团队 </div>

	<p>create a multiple choice quiz and a fill-in-the-blank quiz for the above words/collocations.</p> <p>Multiple Choice Quiz:</p>
	<p>What does the term "telecommuting" mean? a) Working from home b) Traveling to work by train c) Working in a different city</p>
	<p>What is "work-life balance"? a) The amount of money you make at work b) The amount of time you spend at work and at home c) The amount of time you spend exercising</p>
	<p>What is a "virtual team"? a) A team of people who work in the same office b) A team of people who work in different locations and communicate electronically c) A team of people who work in a virtual reality environment</p>
	<p>Answers: 1) a, 2) b, 3) b</p> <p>Fill-in-the-Blank Quiz:</p>
	<p>_____ refers to working from a remote location, such as home.</p> <p>_____ is the concept of achieving a balance between the demands of work and the needs of personal life.</p> <p>A _____ is a team of people who work together on a project, but are not located in the same physical space.</p>
	<p>Answers: 1) Telecommuting, 2) Work-life balance, 3) virtual team</p>

截图:

Model: Default

SH

List 3 academic words or collocations related to the subtopic "pros and cons of remote working", followed with their Chinese translation.



1. Telecommuting - 远程办公
2. Work-life balance - 工作与生活的平衡
3. Virtual team - 虚拟团队



SH

create a multiple choice quiz and a fill-in-the-blank quiz for the above words/collocations.



Multiple Choice Quiz:



1. What does the term "telecommuting" mean?
 - a) Working from home
 - b) Traveling to work by train
 - c) Working in a different city
2. What is "work-life balance"?
 - a) The amount of money you make at work
 - b) The amount of time you spend at work and at home
 - c) The amount of time you spend exercising
3. What is a "virtual team"?
 - a) A team of people who work in the same office
 - b) A team of people who work in different locations and communicate electronically
 - c) A team of people who work in a virtual reality environment

Answers: 1) a, 2) b, 3) b

Fill-in-the-Blank Quiz:

1. _____ refers to working from a remote location, such as home.
2. _____ is the concept of achieving a balance between the demands of work and the needs of personal life.
3. A _____ is a team of people who work together on a project, but are not located in the same physical space.

Answers: 1) Telecommuting, 2) Work-life balance, 3) virtual team

注意事项

- 这两个场景用到了包含了多个步骤的组合命令，需要一步一步的按次序进行；而不要试图用一个很长的命令一次性完成多个任务。否则效果不好。
- 这部分的命令稍加调整可使用与其他英语水平考试，如 TOEFL，四六级，考研和高考。
- 学到的单词要记在笔记本里，定期复习，并尝试使用它们。

命令 7: 制定学习计划

如果您正在努力制定有效的练习计划, 或者想要定制一个适合自己的复习计划, 比如准备考试、增强商务词汇量、或者达到英语 B1 水平, ChatGPT 可以提供帮助 (但您需要具体说明需求)。ChatGPT 会为您制定计划和计划表, 帮助您更有效地学习和备考。

中文命令:

- 制定一个为期一周的雅思写作学习计划, 我每天有 30 分钟的学习时间。
- 请为一位 B1 级别的英语学习者提供每天练习语法 15 分钟的练习计划。
- 如果我想专注于提高商务英语词汇, 可以为我创建一个词汇建设计划吗?
- 我想提高我的英语学术阅读技巧。您能为我在接下来的 90 天中提供一个阅读计划吗?

英文命令:

- Create a one-week study plan for IELTS writing, I have 30 minutes every day to study.
- Create a practice plan for a B1 English learner to practice grammar every day for 15 min.
- Create a vocabulary-building plan for me if I want to focus on

improving business English

- I want to improve my academic reading skills in English. Can you suggest a reading plan for me for the next 90 days?

示例：

Model: Default

SH

制定一个为期一周的雅思写作学习计划，我每天有30分钟的学习时间。



周一：了解雅思写作考试要求

- 阅读官方考试说明
- 搜寻考试样题，了解写作考试类型和题型

周二：练习写作基础

- 了解学术写作格式
- 学习如何构建论点和段落
- 完成3篇作文练习

周三：提高文章表达

- 了解如何使用连接词和衔接句子
- 学习如何使用适当的词汇和语法
- 完成2篇作文练习

周四：学习评分标准

- 了解雅思写作评分标准
- 学习如何提高语言和表达分数
- 完成1篇作文练习并进行自我评估

周五：改善写作结构

- 学习如何运用常用句型和结构
- 了解如何使用段落结构和过渡语句
- 完成2篇作文练习

周六：了解范文

- 阅读雅思高分范文
- 了解高分作文的结构和表达技巧
- 完成1篇作文练习并进行自我评估

周日：模拟考试

- 在30分钟内完成1篇模拟考试
- 自行评估和分析作文，寻找改进空间
- 汇总所学知识，总结学习成果

注：以上学习计划仅供参考，读者可根据个人情况适当调整。

Part 1： 应试英文写作

命令 1： 写应试作文范文

ChatGPT 可以按照给定作文题目和要求，秒速写出高质量的范文。

通过学习这些范文，考生可以积累自然地道的主题词汇和搭配，这是作文拿高分的关键；另外也可以模仿其篇章结构，段落组织和衔接等等。

命令 1-1	<div>英文： Write a model IELTS essay to the following prompt: [prompt]</div> <div>中文： 写一篇雅思大作文范文，题目如下： [prompt]</div>
解释	<div>参数： [prompt]： 雅思大作文题目</div> <div>任务： 以给定的雅思大作文题目写一篇范文。</div> <div>注： 这个命令稍加修改即可适合所有考试命题作文，包括 TOEFL, 四六级，考研和高考英语作文（参看附录）。</div>
示例	<div>（剑桥 17 TEST 1 题目）</div> <div>英文： Write a model IELTS essay to the following prompt: <i>It is important for people to take risks, both in their professional lives and their personal lives. Do you think the advantages of taking risks outweigh the disadvantages?</i></div> <div>中文： 写一篇雅思大作文范文，题目如下： <i>It is important for people to take risks, both in their professional lives and their personal lives. Do you think the advantages of taking risks outweigh the disadvantages?</i></div>

命令 2: 写应试作文提纲

命令 1-2:

Write an outline to the following IELTS prompt:

[prompt]

解释: 请给下面的雅思写作题目写一个提纲: [题目]。即把雅思作文题目拷到方括号处, 让 ChatGPT 完成写作提纲。这个命令稍加修改即可适合所有考试命题作文, 包括 TOEFL, 四六级, 考研和高考英语作文。

示例:

Write an outline to the following IELTS prompt:

In some countries, more and more people are becoming interested in finding out about the history of the house or building they live in. What are the reasons for this? How can people research this?

输出:

I. Introduction

Briefly introduce the topic of increasing interest in finding out about the history of houses or buildings

II. Reasons for increased interest

Curiosity about the past

Connection to the community

Potential historical or cultural value of the property

III. Research methods

[Eric 老师的课程和书籍购买链接](#)

Local historical societies or organizations

Online resources (e.g. government websites, genealogy sites)

Interviews with long-term residents or previous owners

IV. Conclusion

Recap main points and emphasize the importance of learning about the history of one's home or community

命令 3: 根据提纲写应试作文范文

命令 1-3:

Write a model IELTS essay to the following IELTS writing prompt and according to the following outline:

prompt: [prompt]

outline: [outline]

解释: 按照下面给定的雅思大作文题目和提纲写一篇雅思范文:

题目: [题目]

提纲: [提纲]

即把雅思作文题目和提纲拷到方括号处, 让 **ChatGPT** 完成写作。这个命令稍加修改即可适合所有考试命题作文, 包括 **TOEFL**, 四六级, 考研和高考英语作文。这个命令适合用自己的思路和文章结构来让 **ChatGPT** 完成写作。

示例 1:

Write a model IELTS essay to the following IELTS writing prompt and according to the following outline:

prompt: In some countries, more and more people are becoming interested in finding out about the history of the house or building they live in. What are the reasons for this? How can people research this?

outline:

I. Introduction

Briefly introduce the topic of increasing interest in finding out about the history of houses or buildings

II. Reasons for increased interest

Curiosity about the past

Potential increased value of the property

III. Research methods

Online resources (e.g. government websites, genealogy sites)

Interviews with long-term residents or previous owners

IV. Conclusion

Recap main points and emphasize the importance of learning about the history of one's home or community

示例 2: Write a model IELTS essay according to the following

outline:

Prompt: In some countries, more and more people are becoming interested in finding out about the history of the house or building they live in. What are the reasons for this? How can people research this?

Introduction: paraphrase the prompt and introduce the topic; and give a thesis statement.

Body paragraph 1: Reasons for the trend;

Body paragraph 2: Methods to do the research;

Conclusion: summarize the main points; and restate the answers to both questions.

命令 4: 按照给定立场写应试作文范文

命令: Write a model IELTS essay to the following prompt with the position that [position]: [prompt]

解释: 请把下面的雅思写作题目以某立场[立场]写一篇范文: [话题]。

即把雅思作文题目和立场拷到方括号处, 完全由 ChatGPT 完成写作。

这个命令稍加修改即可适合所有考试命题作文, 包括 TOEFL, 四六级, 考研和高考英语作文。该命令适合雅思题型: (观点类, 积极消极类, 优劣比较类, 讨论类)

示例: Write a model IELTS essay to the following prompt with the position that taking risks both in their professional lives and their personal lives has more disadvantages than advantages

: It is important for people to take risks, both in their professional lives and their personal lives. Do you think the advantages of taking risks outweigh the disadvantages?

命令 5: 用更学术的语言重写

命令: Rewrite it in a more academic style

解释: 用更学术的语言重写范文

命令 6: 以某作家/杂志/报刊的风格重写

命令: Rewrite it in the style of [writer/magazine/newspaper]

解释: 用某风格[作家名/杂志/报刊]重写范文

示例: Rewrite it in the style of the Economist

命令 7: 用更高级/简单的语言重写

命令: Rewrite it using more advanced/simplified language

解释: 用更高级/简单的语言重写范文.

Part 2: 产生 idea 和 idea 的扩展

切题的 idea 和充分的扩展是拿雅思写作高分所必须的，但要做到这一点却不是那么容易。不少同学面对题目，特别是自己不熟悉的话题，无从下笔，不知道写什么。

ChatGPT 的出现彻底解决了这个问题。因为它是百科全书，没有它不熟悉的话题。面对任何的作文考题，ChatGPT 都能秒速给出源源不断的 idea 和扩展的方式。

但是，为了达到最好的学习效果，我们不能无脑的拷贝粘贴。我建议的学习步骤是：

- 1、面对一个作文题目，先自己思考 idea;
- 2、再参考 ChatGPT 给出的 ideas，选择自己认为最切题，也最容易扩展的 idea 来写;
- 3、idea 确定以后，先自己思考怎么扩展;
- 4、再参考 ChatGPT 扩展的写法，选择自己认为最充分，最有说服力的扩展方式。
- 5、按上面的方法把高频话题过一遍，并记下来对应的 idea 和扩展思路，定期温习。

命令 1: 列出某趋势/现象的优劣

命令: List the benefits and drawbacks of [trend/phenomenon]

解释: 列出下面的[趋势/现象]的优劣。可以把题目里的趋势/现象放在方括号里, 让 ChatGPT 列出其优劣。 适合雅思题型: 优劣比较, 积极消极

示例: 见下面的截图



List the benefits and drawbacks of taking risks both in their professional lives and their personal lives



Taking risks can bring both benefits and drawbacks, both in one's professional and personal life.



Benefits of taking risks in professional life:

1. Opportunities for growth and advancement: Taking risks can lead to new opportunities for growth and advancement in one's career.
2. Increased creativity and innovation: Risks can lead to thinking outside of the box and finding creative solutions to problems.
3. Personal satisfaction and fulfillment: Taking risks and achieving success can bring a sense of personal satisfaction and fulfillment.
4. Financial rewards: Taking calculated risks can lead to financial rewards and increased income.

Drawbacks of taking risks in professional life:

1. Failure: There is always the risk of failure when taking risks, which can result in setbacks and loss of reputation.
2. Stress and anxiety: Taking risks can also bring stress and anxiety, especially if the outcome is uncertain.
3. Career damage: A failed risk can result in damage to one's career and reputation, making it more difficult to find future opportunities.
4. Financial loss: Taking risks with financial investments can lead to significant financial loss.

Benefits of taking risks in personal life:

1. Personal growth and development: Taking risks in one's personal life can lead to personal growth and self-discovery.
2. Excitement and adventure: Taking risks can bring excitement and adventure to one's life.
3. New experiences and memories: Taking risks can result in new experiences and memories.
4. Increased confidence: Successfully taking risks can lead to increased confidence in oneself.

Drawbacks of taking risks in personal life:

1. Physical harm: Taking risks can result in physical harm, especially if the risk involves dangerous activities.
2. Emotional stress: Taking risks can also bring emotional stress, especially if the outcome is uncertain or negative.
3. Loss of personal relationships: Taking risks that go against the values of others can lead to the loss of personal relationships.
4. Financial loss: Taking financial risks in one's personal life can result in financial loss.

It's important to consider both the benefits and drawbacks before taking risks and to ensure that the potential benefits outweigh the potential drawbacks. Additionally, it's important to take calculated risks and to carefully weigh the potential outcomes before making a decision.

命令 2: 列出支持和反对某观点的理由

命令: List the arguments for and against the opinion that [opinion]

解释: 列出支持和反对下面的[观点]的理由。可以把题目里的观点放在方括号里, 让 ChatGPT 列出正反两边的理由。 适合雅思题型: 观点类, 讨论类

示例: List the arguments for and against the opinion that only government action can solve the shortage of housing in big cities.

输出: Arguments for:

Governments have the resources and power to implement large-scale solutions, such as building new public housing or regulating the housing market.

Governments have a responsibility to ensure that all citizens have access to affordable housing.

Private developers may not be motivated to address the housing shortage if it is not profitable for them to do so.

Governments can coordinate with and incentivize private developers to build more housing.

Arguments against:

Government action may not be efficient or effective in addressing the housing shortage.

Government interference in the housing market may distort prices and create unintended consequences.

Government solutions may not address the root causes of the housing shortage, such as economic inequality or zoning restrictions.

Governments may not have the political will or resources to address the housing shortage.

命令 3: 列出某趋势/现象的产生原因和解决方法

命令: List the causes of and solutions to the trend/phenomenon that [trend/phenomenon]

解释: 列出某[趋势/现象]的产生原因和解决方法。可以把题目里的趋势/现象放在方括号里, 让 ChatGPT 列出其产生原因和解决方法。 适合

雅思题型: 报告类

示例: List the causes of and solutions to the trend that people are walking less on a daily basis

输出: There are several potential causes for the trend of people walking less on a daily basis, including:

Urbanization and the spread of suburban sprawl: As more people

move into urban areas and suburbs, they may be less likely to walk due to longer distances between destinations, lack of pedestrian infrastructure, and increased reliance on cars.

Technology and the rise of sedentary lifestyles: The increasing prevalence of technology and the rise of sedentary jobs may lead people to be less active overall, including walking less.

Poor pedestrian infrastructure: In some areas, there may be a lack of sidewalks, pedestrian crossings, or other infrastructure that makes walking unsafe or inconvenient.

To address these issues and encourage more walking, some potential solutions include:

Promoting active transportation: Governments and organizations can encourage walking and other forms of active transportation by investing in pedestrian infrastructure, such as sidewalks and pedestrian crossings, and promoting campaigns to raise awareness about the benefits of walking.

Encouraging more walkable neighborhoods: Planning and

development practices that prioritize walkability, such as compact, mixed-use development and pedestrian-friendly streets, can make it easier for people to walk to destinations.

Increasing access to recreational facilities: Providing more opportunities for people to engage in physical activity, such as through the development of parks, trails, and recreational facilities, can encourage more walking.

Educating the public about the benefits of walking: Raising awareness about the health, environmental, and social benefits of walking can encourage more people to incorporate it into their daily routines.

命令 4: 论点的解释

命令: Explain, extend and support the idea: [idea]

解释: 解释, 扩展和支持下面的论点: [论点]。可以把提纲里的主要论点放在方括号里, 让 ChatGPT 进行论点的扩展。

示例: please explain, extend and support the idea: taking risks can lead to new opportunities and experiences

命令 5: 论点的举例论证

命令: Use an example to support the idea: [idea]

解释: 用一个例子支持下面的论点: [论点]。可以把提纲里的主要论点放在方括号里, 让 ChatGPT 进行论点的举例论证。

示例: Use an example to support the idea: taking risks can lead to new opportunities and experiences

命令 6: brainstorm ideas

对指定的作文题目头脑风暴(brainstorm) idea.

命令:

This is an IELTS writing prompt:
"[prompt]"

Now I need you to brainstorm some ideas about the topic in the prompt.

解释: 对指定的雅思作文题目头脑风暴(brainstorm) idea.

示例:

```
---
> This is an IELTS writing prompt: "It is important for people to take risks, both in their professional
lives and their personal lives. Do you think the advantages of taking risks outweigh the disadvantages?"
" Now I need you to brainstorm some ideas about the topic in the prompt.
---
Certainly, here are some brainstorming ideas for the given IELTS writing prompt:
Advantages of taking risks:
* Risk-taking can lead to personal growth and development, helping people overcome fear and
uncertainty.
* In business and entrepreneurship, taking risks can lead to innovation and success. Many
successful companies have taken risks and made bold decisions to achieve their goals.
* Taking risks can lead to new opportunities and experiences that may not have been possible
otherwise.
Disadvantages of taking risks:
```

```
* Risk-taking can result in failure and setbacks, which can be discouraging and costly.
* Some risks may be too dangerous or risky to take, such as risking one's physical health or safety.
* In some cases, taking risks may cause harm or negative consequences to oneself or others.
Neutral/both:
* The degree of risk-taking depends on the situation and the individual's risk tolerance. What
may be a significant risk for one person may not be for another.
* It's important to weigh the potential benefits and drawbacks before taking a risk, and to have
a plan in place for managing the consequences.
```

```
* Some risks may be worth taking, while others may not be. It's up to the individual to decide
which risks are worth taking based on their personal goals and values.
---
```

Part 3: 同义改写

对于雅思考试, 同义改写的重要性怎么强调都不过分。比如雅思作文题目里的关键词在正文里会多次提及, 也需要对题目话题进行重述。这些地方都需要考生进行同义改写。

同义改写的能力体现出作者的词汇量以及对语言表达的灵活掌握, 也是所有英语水平考试重点考察的能力。

ChatGPT 可以产生大量的改写方式, 但是我们不用都去掌握, 而是选择几种自己觉得最合适的即可。

命令 1: 同义改写

命令: List [n] ways to rephrase: [expression/sentence]

解释: 列出后面的表达/句子的 n 种同义改写: [表达/句子]。

示例 1:

List 5 ways to rephrase: *to take risks*

示例 2:

List 5 ways to rephrase: *It is important for people to take risks, both in their professional lives and their personal lives.*

输出:



List 5 ways to rephrase: to take risk



1. Engage in a risky venture
2. Embark on an uncertain journey
3. Venture into the unknown
4. Brave a dangerous situation
5. Put oneself in a precarious situation



List 5 ways to rephrase: It is important for people to take risks, both in their professional lives and their personal lives.



1. It is crucial for individuals to embrace uncertainty in both their work and personal realms.
2. Individuals should take bold steps in both their career and personal lives.
3. Taking chances is vital for individuals both professionally and personally.
4. It is necessary for people to step out of their comfort zones in both their work and personal lives.
5. People should embrace the potential for danger in both their professional and personal lives.



Part 4: 修改和润色句子

命令 1: 语法/拼写检查纠错

命令 1-a: Identify, explain and correct the grammar/spelling errors in the following text: [text]

解释: 指出, 解释和改正下面文本中的语法/拼写错误: [文本] 。

命令 1-b: Identify, explain and correct the grammar/spelling errors in the format of table in the following text: [text]

解释: 用表格的形式指出, 解释和改正下面文本中的语法/拼写错误: [文本] 。

命令 2: 文本润色

命令: Polish the following text: [text]

解释: 润色下面的文本: [文本] 。

命令 3: 文本插入

命令: Insert content in the bracket in the following text:
[before-text] () [after-text]

解释: 让 ChatGPT 在括号位置插入文本: [前文本] () [后文本] 。该命令可以通过一些衔接词让 ChatGPT 进行 idea 的扩展, 如下面的例子中, 第一个括号通过 This is because 让 ChatGPT 进行因果论证; 第二个括号通过 For example 让 ChatGPT 进行举例论证。更多常见论证方法见 [2+1 课程](#)。

示例: Insert content in the bracket in the following text: Insert content in the bracket in the following text: Advocates of job satisfaction usually highlight the tremendous benefits to our mental well-being it would bring. This is because () For example, () Furthermore, doing what people enjoy can increase their productivity, thus leading to a better chance of promotion and career success.

命令 4: 文本词汇多样性提升

命令: Rewrite the following text using a wider range of vocabulary:
[text]

解释: 让 ChatGPT 改写文本以提升其词汇的广度。

示例: Rewrite the following text using a wider range of vocabulary:
People who support job satisfaction often talk about how it can help mental health. When people enjoy their work, they usually feel happier and more satisfied in life. This is because they are motivated and less stressed. People who love their work are

usually more productive, which can help them get promoted or be successful in their careers.

输出: Advocates of job satisfaction frequently extol the benefits it can have on mental well-being. When individuals find fulfillment in their work, they tend to experience an increased sense of happiness and contentment in life. This is because doing what one loves often leads to higher levels of motivation and decreased levels of stress. Furthermore, those who are passionate about their work tend to be more industrious, thus increasing their chances of advancement and career success.

命令 5: 文本连贯衔接提升

命令: Improve the coherence and cohesion in the following text:

[text]

解释: 让 ChatGPT 改写文本以提升其连贯和衔接。

示例: Improve the coherence and cohesion in the following text and explain why: Advocates of job satisfaction usually highlight the tremendous benefits to our mental well-being it would bring. Feeling fulfilled in one's work can lead to a greater sense of

happiness and satisfaction in life. Someone who loves their job is likely to feel more motivated and less stressed than someone who is unhappy in their work. Doing what people enjoy can increase their productivity, thus leading to a better chance of promotion and career success.

输出: Advocates of job satisfaction often emphasize the positive impact it can have on mental well-being. When people feel fulfilled in their work, they tend to experience greater happiness and satisfaction in life. This is because enjoying one's job can lead to increased motivation and decreased stress. Additionally, people who are passionate about their work are often more productive, which can increase their chances of promotion and career success.

命令 6: 文本句型多样性提升

命令: Rewrite the following text using a wider range of complex sentence structure: [text]

解释: 让 ChatGPT 改写文本以提升其复杂句型的多样性。

示例: Rewrite the following text using a wider range of complex sentence structure: Advocates of job satisfaction believe it can improve mental well-being. When people like their work, they often feel happier and more satisfied in life. This is because they are motivated and less stressed. People who love their work are

usually more productive, which can lead to promotions and career success. In short, job satisfaction has many benefits for both personal and professional life.

输出: Advocates of job satisfaction argue that it can significantly enhance mental well-being, as individuals who are fulfilled in their work tend to experience greater happiness and satisfaction in life. This is because enjoying one's job can lead to increased motivation and reduced stress, which, in turn, can boost productivity, thereby increasing the likelihood of promotion and career success. In summary, job satisfaction provides numerous benefits not only for personal well-being but also for professional advancement.

命令 7: 作文分项批改

命令: Act as an IELTS examiner, and rate the following IELTS essay, please point out its problems in categories of Task Response, Coherence and cohesion, Lexical resource, and Grammatical Range and Accuracy; and give corresponding corrections and improvements; finally, give a band score from 0~9: [essay]

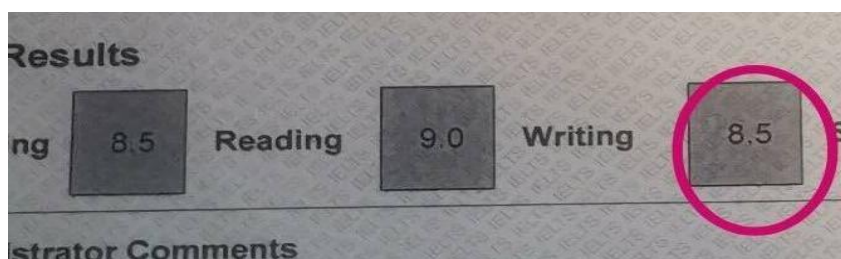
解释: 让 ChatGPT 给雅思作文按照 4 大评分标准批改和打分: [作文]。

Part 5: 雅思写作 (2+1 极简写法)

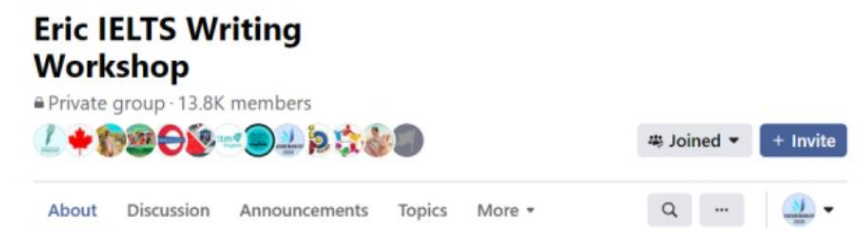
8.5 分雅思作文的秘诀: 2+1 极简写法

2+1 极简写法是我根据自己的亲身体验, 经过我本人和大量我的学生验证过的, 提分最快的最简化雅思写作备考体系。

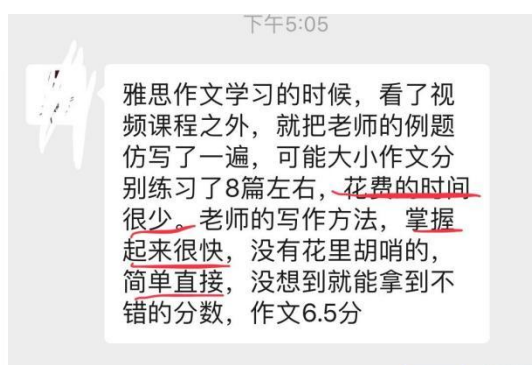
我共考过七次雅思, 写作从 6 分考到 7 分再到 8.5 分。后面我做网上的雅思写作培训, 给烤鸭们分享我的经验和方法。



我在 Facebook 创建雅思写作社区, 成员上万, 学生遍布全球;



学员反馈:



[Eric 老师的课程和书籍购买链接](#)



很激动!

成绩

听力	阅读	写作	口语
7.5	7.0	7.0	6.0

14分钟前

想复议一下口语的成绩, 很纠结, 想问下朋友圈

刘彦: Congratulations. 有信心被压分就复议

回复刘彦: 谢谢考试前老师您的作文批改, 很有用

刘彦: My pleasure 😊

微店用户
★★★★★

以前不知道怎么写作文, 没有结构和思路, 用了老师的办法后有一个架构在脑袋里了, 感觉容易多了, 谢谢老师。

刚刚

非常感谢刘老师的指导 老师教学非常严谨 批改作业也很认真 我的一篇文章都得改好几次 每次对照老师的批改都有新的体会 老师针对我的水平做的策略也很有效 我在考试的时候基本上都是按照了老师说的策略, 非常管用 下笔如有神 自我总结考试的作文 老师上课的模板部分我写的很快, 主要时间都花在了主体段的写作上, 边写边回顾老师课上针对我的问题所注意的点, 最后超常发挥拿到6.5 谢谢Eric老师 百尺竿头更进一步 沉浸式学习才是最佳的方式

我不是英语专业, 也没有在英语国家长期呆过。我能用这套方法写出8.5分雅思作文, 我相信你也能。

对于雅思写作来说, 简单的方法就是好的方法, 最简单的方法就是最好的方法。这也是2+1极简写法的最大特点: 简单易学, 高效实用。

这部分的命令就是让 ChatGPT 按照 2+1 极简写法的框架去写雅思作文, 这比让 ChatGPT 完全自由发挥写出来的范文更容易模仿和学习。

2+1 极简写法框架

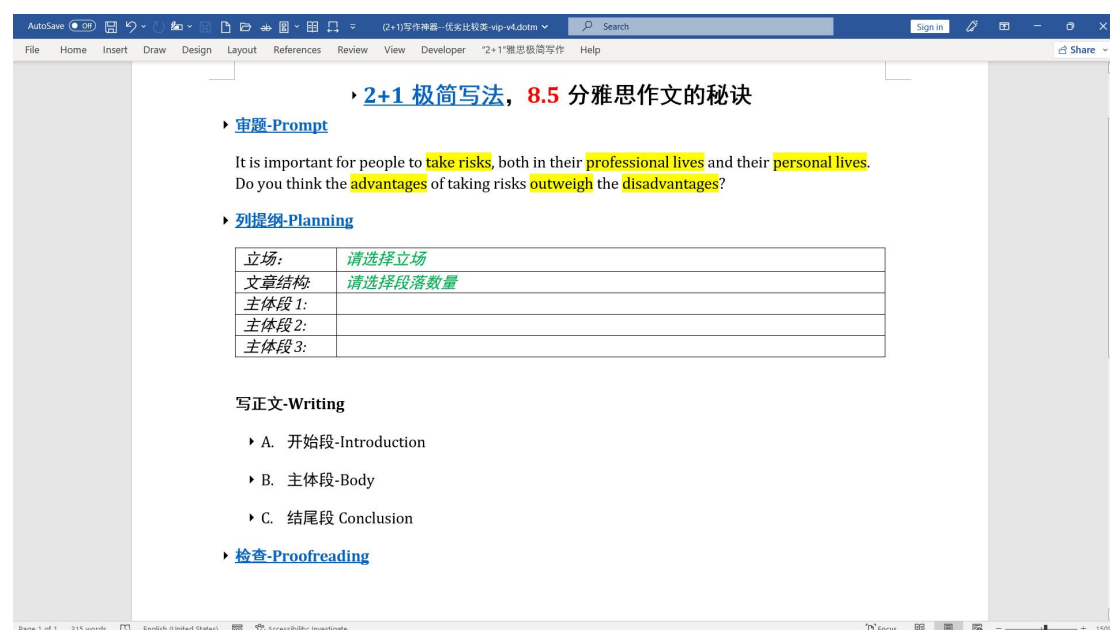
掌握2+1极简写法框架可以提升TR和CC的分数, 同时简化写作难度让写作速度变快, 从而有更多时间放在主要的部分: idea 和 idea 的扩展。

2+1 极简写法框架覆盖所有6大题型, 每一种题型配有相应的常用句

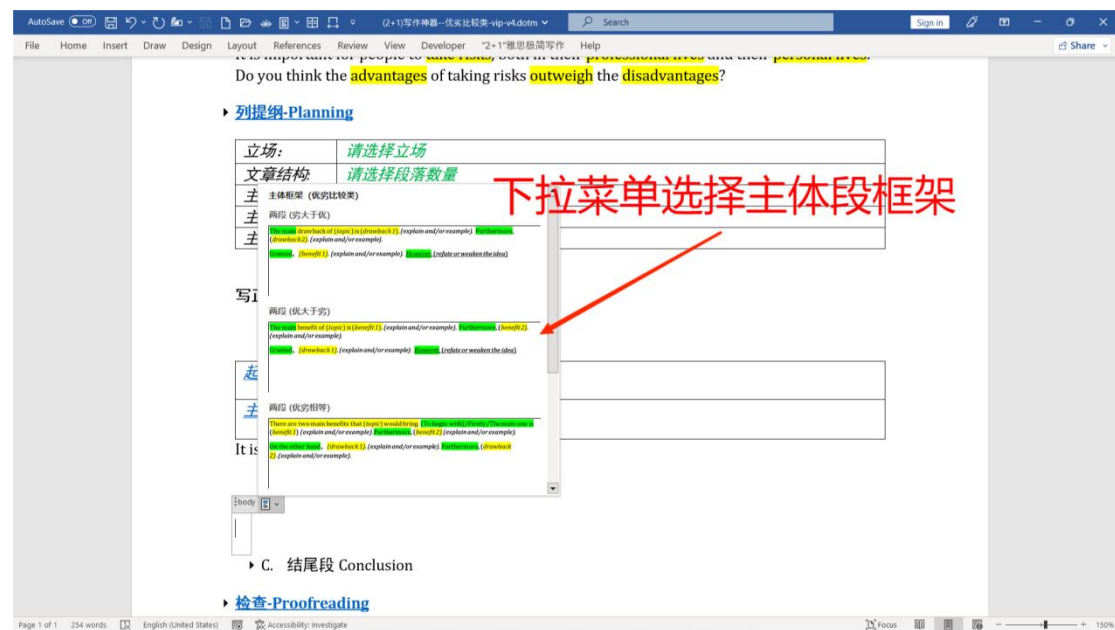
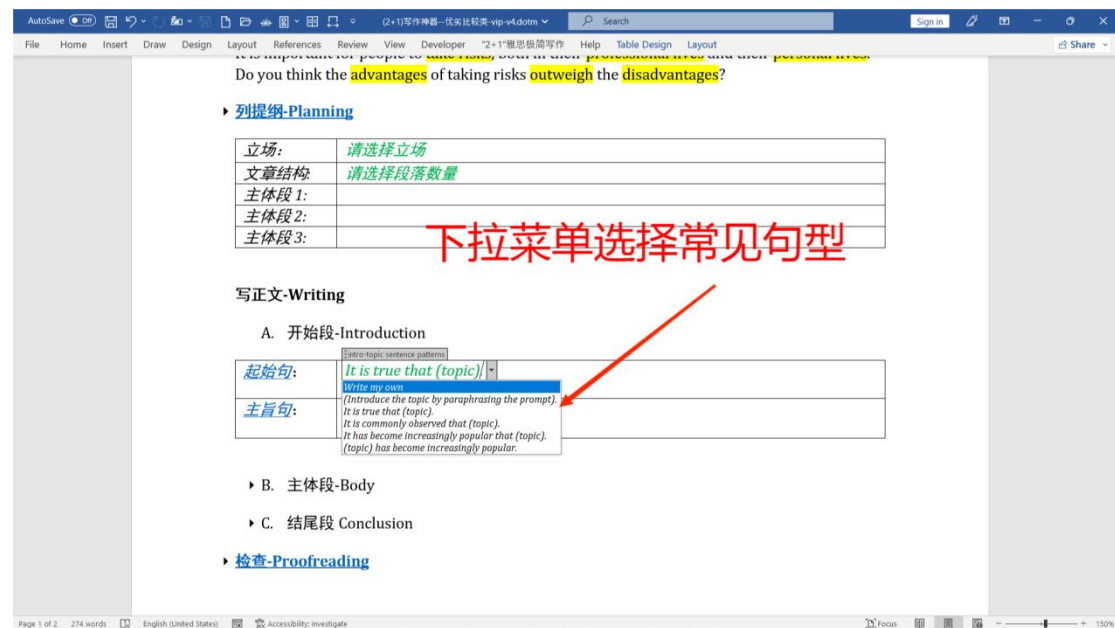
型。

雅思写作神器

为了帮助同学能更快速的掌握 2+1 极简写法框架, 我特别开发了[写作神器](#)。通过这个软件, 将写作流程化, 结构化:



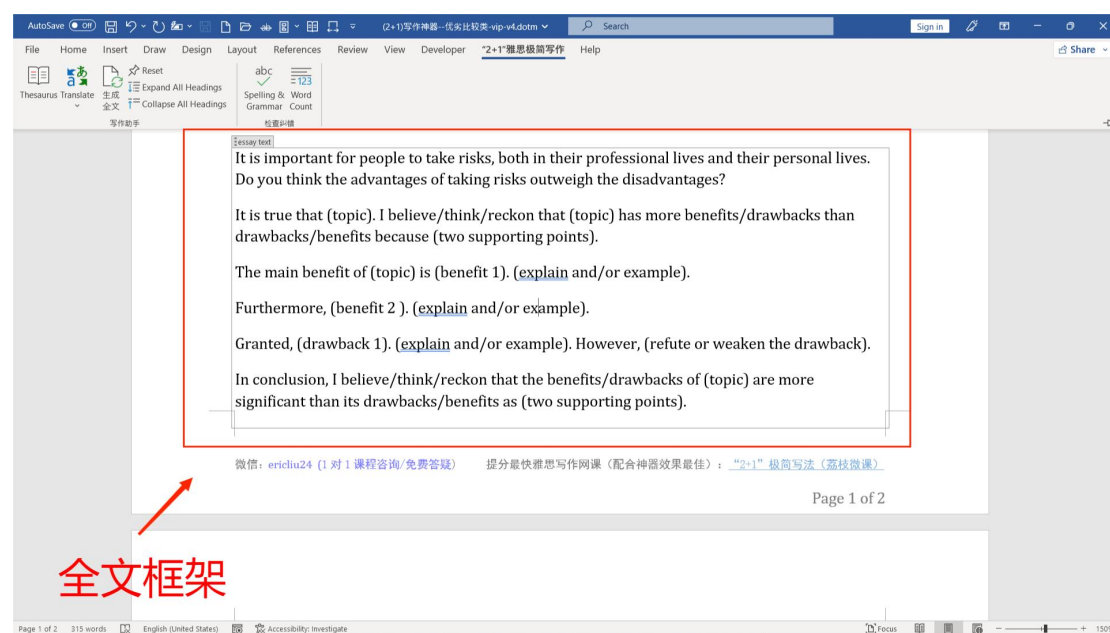
软件通过下拉菜单, 可快捷选择常见句型和主体段框架:



然后可生成开始段，主体段，结尾段框架文本：



最后生成全文框架文本:



然后可拷贝粘贴框架文本到 ChatGPT 相应命令, 生成 2+1 范文:

下面的截图是[本章命令 4](#)里的示例:

SH


This is an IELTS writing prompt:

It is important for people to take risks, both in their professional lives and their personal lives. Do you think the advantages of taking risks outweigh the disadvantages?

Now you need to write an 300-word essay as per the template below:

2+1全文框架

It is true that (topic). I believe/think/reckon that (topic) has more benefits/drawbacks than drawbacks/benefits because (two supporting points).
The main benefit of (topic) is (benefit 1). (explain and/or example).
Furthermore, (benefit 2). (explain and/or example).
Granted, (drawback 1). (explain and/or example). However, (refute or weaken the drawback).
In conclusion, I believe/think/reckon that the benefits/drawbacks of (topic) are more significant than its drawbacks/benefits as (two supporting points).



Sure, here's a sample essay for the given IELTS writing prompt:

It is true that taking risks is important for people in both their professional and personal lives. I believe that the advantages of taking risks outweigh the disadvantages because it can lead to personal growth and professional success.

The main benefit of taking risks is personal growth. By taking risks, individuals can

👍

💬

📄

2+1 极简写法的课程和教材的链接:

<https://weidian.com/item.html?itemID=4934005756>

命令 1: 开始段

通过 [2+1 极简写法](#) 的框架写开始段。框架针对每种题型给出常用句型, 这样 ChatGPT 的输出会更容易模仿和学习。

命令 1:

This is an IELTS writing prompt:

[prompt]

Now you need to write a two-sentence, around 40-word introduction as per the template below:

[template]

解释:

[prompt]: 作文题目;

[template]: 2+1 开始段框架

让 ChatGPT 用 2+1 极简写法写雅思大作文开始段。

示例 1: 剑桥 17 TEST 1 题目 (outline)

注: 该框架通过括号内的文字描述出这句话的**目的和要完成的任务**, 也就是给出一个提纲 (outline), 没有任何其他限制。

This is an IELTS writing prompt:

It is important for people to take risks, both in their professional lives and their personal lives. Do you think the advantages of taking risks outweigh the disadvantages?

Now you need to write a two-sentence, around 40-word introduction as per the template below:

(Introduce the topic by paraphrasing the prompt). (Give a general answer to the question in the prompt along with two supporting points).

输出:

Taking risks is crucial for both personal and professional growth. In this essay, I will argue that the advantages of taking risks outweigh the disadvantages, as it leads to personal development and innovation while also providing opportunities for success.

示例 2: 剑桥 17 TEST 1 题目 (template)

注: 该框架通过给定句型 (2+1 极简写法推荐句型), 也就是一个句子模板 (template), 对生成内容作了一些限制。

This is an IELTS writing prompt:

It is important for people to take risks, both in their professional lives and their personal lives. Do you think the advantages of taking risks outweigh the disadvantages?

Now you need to write a two-sentence, around 40-word introduction as per the template below:

It is true that (topic). I believe/think/reckon that (topic) has more benefits/drawbacks than drawbacks/benefits because (two supporting points).

输出:

It is true that taking risks is important in both professional and personal spheres of life. I believe that the advantages of taking risks outweigh the disadvantages because it helps in personal growth and development and can lead to greater achievements and success.

命令 2: 主体段

命令:

This is an IELTS writing prompt:

[prompt]

Below is an introduction to the above prompt:

[introduction]

Now, write two body paragraphs according to the following template:

[body template]

解释:

[prompt]: 作文题目;

[introduction]: 开始段

[body template]: 2+1 主体段框架

给定题目和开始段, 让 ChatGPT 用 2+1 极简写法写雅思大作文主体段。所有 2+1 框架(覆盖所有 6 大题型)可在[写作神器](#)或[2+1 课程](#)里获得。

示例 1: 剑桥 17 TEST 1 题目 (4 段式结构)

This is an IELTS writing prompt:

It is important for people to take risks, both in their professional lives and their personal lives. Do you think the advantages of taking risks outweigh the disadvantages?

Below is an introduction to the above prompt:

Risk-taking is a crucial aspect of both personal and professional development. While there are potential drawbacks, the benefits of taking risks generally outweigh the disadvantages, as they lead to growth and opportunities for success.

Now, write two body paragraphs according to the following template:

There are two main benefits/advantages/pros/drawbacks/disadvantages/cons that (topic) would bring. To begin with/Firstly/The main one is (idea 1). (explain/example). Furthermore/Moreover/Also/In addition, (idea 2). (explain and/or example).

However/On the other hand/Having said that, it does not mean ... has no flaws/merits. (idea 1). (explain and/or example). However, (refute or weaken the idea).

输出:

There are several benefits that taking risks would bring. The main one is the potential for personal and professional growth. By taking risks, individuals can challenge themselves and push their limits, allowing them to develop new skills and acquire new knowledge. For example, a person who takes the risk of starting their own business may learn valuable lessons in leadership, finance, and marketing. Additionally, taking risks can lead to opportunities for success. When individuals are willing to take risks, they may be more likely to pursue new and innovative ideas, leading to new discoveries and breakthroughs.

Having said that, it does not mean taking risks has no flaws. One major drawback is the possibility of failure. When individuals take risks, they are putting themselves in a vulnerable position, and there is always a chance that things may not go as planned. For instance, a person who invests their life savings into a new business may lose everything if the venture fails. However, it's important to remember that failure is often a necessary part of the learning process. By taking risks and experiencing failure, individuals can learn valuable lessons and use that knowledge to make better decisions in the future.

示例 2: 剑桥 17 TEST 1 题目 (5 段式结构)

因为四段式结构用的比较多, 采用 5 段式结构会在心理上给考官一个好的印象; 但 5 段式结构在字数上一般会长一些, 这对考生的写作速度有更高的要求。推荐目标分 7+ 的同学采用。

This is an IELTS writing prompt:

It is important for people to take risks, both in their professional lives and their personal lives. Do you think the advantages of taking risks outweigh the disadvantages?

Below is an introduction to the above prompt:

Risk-taking is a crucial aspect of both personal and professional development. While there are potential drawbacks, the benefits of taking risks generally outweigh the disadvantages, as they lead to growth and opportunities for success.

Now, write three body paragraphs according to the following template:

The main benefit of (topic) is (benefit 1). (explain and/or example).

Furthermore, (benefit 2). (explain and/or example).

Granted, (drawback 1). (explain and/or example). However, (refute or weaken the drawback).

输出:

The main benefit of taking risks is that it leads to personal growth. When people take risks, they step out of their comfort zone and challenge themselves to do something new. This can be a scary and uncertain process, but it often leads to a deeper understanding of one's abilities and strengths. For example, someone who takes a risk and starts their own business may face financial challenges and setbacks, but they will also learn valuable skills such as leadership, problem-solving, and innovation.

Furthermore, taking risks can lead to opportunities for success. In today's competitive world, those who are willing to take risks often stand out and are more likely to achieve their goals. This can be seen in many fields, such as sports, entertainment, and entrepreneurship. For instance, many successful athletes and artists have taken risks in their careers, such as trying new techniques or pushing the boundaries of what is considered possible.

Granted, taking risks can have potential drawbacks. For example, someone who takes a risk and invests in a risky stock may lose money if the stock does not perform well. This can be a serious consequence, especially if the person has invested a large amount of money. However, it is important to note that not all risks are equal, and some risks are more calculated and informed than others.

命令 3: 结尾段

命令:

This is an IELTS writing prompt:

[prompt]

Below is an introduction and body to the above prompt:

“[introduction + body]”

Now, write a 20-word conclusion as per the template below:

[template]

解释:

[prompt]: 作文题目;

[introduction + body]: 开始段+主体段

[template]: 2+1 结尾段框架

给定开始段和主体段, 让 ChatGPT 用 2+1 极简写法写雅思大作文结尾段。

示例: 剑桥 17 TEST 1 题目

This is an IELTS writing prompt:

It is important for people to take risks, both in their professional lives and their personal lives. Do you think the advantages of taking risks outweigh the disadvantages?

Below is an introduction and body to the above prompt:

“Risk-taking is a crucial aspect of both personal and professional development. While there are potential drawbacks, the benefits of taking risks generally outweigh the disadvantages, as they lead to growth and opportunities for success.

The main benefit of taking risks is that it leads to personal growth. When people take risks, they step out of their comfort zone and challenge themselves to do something new. This can be a scary and uncertain process, but it often leads to a deeper understanding of one's abilities and strengths. For example, someone who takes a risk and starts their own business may face financial challenges and setbacks, but they will also learn valuable skills such as leadership, problem-solving, and innovation.

Furthermore, taking risks can lead to opportunities for success. In today's competitive world, those who are willing to take risks often stand out and are more likely to achieve their goals. This can be seen in many fields, such as sports, entertainment,

[Eric 老师的课程和书籍购买链接](#)

and entrepreneurship. For instance, many successful athletes and artists have taken risks in their careers, such as trying new techniques or pushing the boundaries of what is considered possible.

Granted, taking risks can have potential drawbacks. For example, someone who takes a risk and invests in a risky stock may lose money if the stock does not perform well. This can be a serious consequence, especially if the person has invested a large amount of money. However, it is important to note that not all risks are equal, and some risks are more calculated and informed than others.”

Now you need to write a 20-word conclusion as per the template below:

In conclusion, I believe/think/reckon that the benefits/drawbacks of (topic) are more significant than its drawbacks/benefits as (two supporting points).

输出:

In conclusion, I believe that the benefits of taking risks outweigh the potential drawbacks, as they promote personal growth and opportunities for success.

命令 4: 完整作文

通过 [2+1 极简写法](#) 的总体框架写整篇作文。

命令:

This is an IELTS writing prompt:

[prompt]

Now, write an essay according to the following template:

[template]

解释:

[prompt]: 作文题目;

[template]: 2+1 总体框架

给定作文题目, 让 ChatGPT 用 2+1 极简写法总体框架写完整雅思大作文。

示例: 剑桥 17 TEST 1 题目

This is an IELTS writing prompt:

It is important for people to take risks, both in their professional lives and their personal lives. Do you think the advantages of taking risks outweigh the disadvantages?

Now you need to write a 300-word essay as per the template below:

It is true that (topic). I believe/think/reckon that (topic) has more benefits/drawbacks than drawbacks/benefits because (two supporting points).

The main benefit of (topic) is (benefit 1). (explain and/or example).

Furthermore, (benefit 2). (explain and/or example).

Granted, (drawback 1). (explain and/or example). However, (refute or weaken the drawback).

In conclusion, I believe/think/reckon that the benefits/drawbacks of (topic) are more significant than its drawbacks/benefits as (two supporting points).

输出:

It is true that taking risks is important for people in both their professional and personal lives. I believe that the advantages of taking risks outweigh the disadvantages because it can lead to personal growth and professional success.

The main benefit of taking risks is personal growth. By taking risks, individuals can push themselves outside of their comfort zones and gain new experiences that can help them grow as a person. For example, if someone has a fear of public speaking, they may take the risk of speaking at a conference, which can help them become a more confident and skilled communicator. This kind of personal growth can also have positive effects in their professional life, such as increasing their leadership skills.

Furthermore, taking risks can lead to professional success. In business, taking risks can result in increased profits, innovation, and growth. For example, a company that takes the risk of launching a new product may experience a significant increase in revenue. In addition, taking risks can also lead to career advancement, as employers tend to value employees who are willing to take

on new challenges and responsibilities.

Granted, one drawback of taking risks is the possibility of failure. Taking a risk can result in failure, which can be discouraging and may cause individuals to give up on future endeavors. **However**, failure can also be a valuable learning experience, as it can help individuals understand what went wrong and how to avoid making the same mistakes in the future. In addition, the rewards of taking risks can outweigh the risk of failure, as success can lead to greater personal and professional fulfillment.

In conclusion, I believe that the benefits of taking risks are more significant than its drawbacks. By taking risks, individuals can experience personal growth and professional success. Although there is a risk of failure, the rewards of taking risks can lead to greater satisfaction in life. Therefore, I encourage everyone to take risks and pursue their goals, even if it means stepping out of their comfort zones

命令 5: 单论点扩展 (IEE)

按照 [2+1 极简写法](#) 的 IEE 结构对单论点进行扩展。

IEE: Idea + Explain+ Example

命令:

Write a 100-word paragraph to support the following idea with explanation and an example:

[idea]

示例 1: 剑桥 17 TEST 4

题目: Nowadays, a growing number of people with health problems are trying alternative medicines and treatments instead of visiting their usual doctor. Do you think this is a positive or negative development?

1/ 先列出这个现象的优劣各 10 个

```
> List 10 benefits and drawbacks of the trend that a growing number of people with health problems are trying alternative medicines and treatments instead of visiting their usual doctor. Each item should be less than 8 words.

---
Benefits:
1. Holistic approach to healing
2. Personalized treatment plans
3. Natural remedies
4. Fewer side effects
5. Greater sense of control
6. May be less expensive
7. May be more accessible
8. May complement traditional medicine
9. May improve overall well-being
10. May offer new treatment options
Drawbacks:
```

1. Lack of scientific evidence
2. Risk of harmful interactions
3. Misinformation and false claims
4. Delay in diagnosis and treatment
5. False sense of security
6. Delay in seeking appropriate care
7. Costly without insurance coverage
8. Potential for misdiagnosis
9. Ineffective for serious conditions
10. Risk of adverse reactions.

2/再对指定的 idea 进行 IEE 扩展。

Write a 100-word paragraph to support the first drawback with explanation and an example.

The first drawback of individuals turning to alternative medicine for their health problems is the lack of scientific evidence. While some alternative treatments may have anecdotal evidence to support their effectiveness, there is often a lack of rigorous scientific studies to back up these claims. Without scientific evidence, it can be challenging to determine the true efficacy and safety of these treatments. For example, some individuals may turn to homeopathy for their health concerns, despite a lack of scientific evidence supporting its effectiveness. In fact, some studies have even shown that homeopathy may be no more effective than a placebo. Therefore, it is essential for individuals to be cautious and seek out evidence-based treatments for their health problems.

Part 6: 雅思阅读

命令 1: 文章疑难词句解释 (中英对照)

命令: Explain what “[word/expression/sentence]” means in the following article in both English and Chinese: [article]

解释: 根据上下文解释文章中不懂的单词/短语/句子的意思 (中英对照)。

示例: 剑桥 17 TEST 1 Reading Passage 1

Explain what “coincided with” means in the following article in both English and Chinese:

Amongst the most vocal advocates for a solution to London's traffic problems was Charles Pearson, who worked as a solicitor for the City of London. He saw both social and economic advantages in building an underground railway that would link the overground railway stations together and clear London slums at the same time. His idea was to relocate the poor workers who lived in the inner-city slums to newly constructed suburbs, and to provide cheap rail travel for them to get to work. Pearson's ideas gained support amongst some businessmen and in 1851 he submitted a plan to Parliament. It was rejected, but coincided with a proposal from another group for an underground connecting line, which Parliament passed.

输出:

"Coincided with" means that something happened at the same time as something else. For example, in the article, it states that Pearson's plan was rejected, but it coincided with a proposal from another group. This means that Pearson's plan was rejected, but at the same time, another group also presented a proposal.

"Coincided with" 意思是某事发生的同时又发生了另一件事。例如, 文章中指出 Pearson 的计划被拒绝了, 但它与另一个团体的建议同时发生了。这意味着 Pearson 的计划被拒绝了, 但同时另一个团体也提出了一个建议。

命令 2: 疑难单词/词组列表释义 (中英对照)

命令: Prepare vocabulary notes explaining words and phrases that might be difficult for intermediate learners of English to understand in the following article in both English and Chinese : [article]

解释: 列出针对一个中级英语学习者来说比较难的单词和词组的给出中英释义。

示例: 剑桥 17 TEST 1 Reading Passage 1 第二段

Prepare vocabulary notes explaining words and phrases that might be difficult for intermediate learners of English to understand in the following article in both English and Chinese :

Amongst the most vocal advocates for a solution to London's traffic problems was Charles Pearson, who worked as a solicitor for the City of London. He saw both social and economic advantages in building an underground railway that would link the overground railway stations together and clear London slums at the same time. His idea was to relocate the poor workers who lived in the inner-city slums to newly constructed suburbs, and to provide cheap rail travel for them to get to work. Pearson's ideas gained support amongst some businessmen and in 1851 he submitted a plan to Parliament. It was rejected, but coincided with a proposal from another group for an underground connecting line, which Parliament passed.

输出:

•	"advocates": people who speak out in support of something or someone / 提倡者
•	"solution": a way to fix a problem / 解决方案
•	"solicitor": a type of lawyer who gives legal advice and helps with legal documents / 律师
•	"underground railway": a railway system that runs below the surface of the ground, also known as a subway or metro / 地铁
•	"overground railway stations": railway stations that are above ground level / 地面铁路车站

•	"slums": overcrowded and run-down areas of a city where many poor people live / 贫民窟
•	"relocate": to move someone or something to a different place / 搬迁
•	"suburbs": areas outside of a city where people live, often considered more residential or less crowded / 郊区
•	"cheap rail travel": low-cost transportation by train / 低价铁路旅行
•	"gained support": received support or approval from others / 获得支持
•	"businessmen": people who own or manage businesses / 商人
•	"plan": a detailed proposal or strategy / 计划
•	"Parliament": the governing body of a country or state that makes laws / 国会
•	"rejected": not accepted or approved / 拒绝
•	"coincided": happened at the same time as / 同时发生
•	"proposal": a plan or suggestion / 建议
•	"connecting line": a route or path that connects two places or things. / 连接线

命令 3: 文章翻译

命令: Translate the following article into Chinese: [article]

解释: 将文章翻译成中文。

示例: 剑桥 17 TEST 1 Reading Passage 1 第二段

Translate the following article into Chinese:

Amongst the most vocal advocates for a solution to London's traffic problems was Charles Pearson, who worked as a solicitor for the City of London. He saw both social and economic advantages in building an underground railway that would link the overground railway stations together and clear London slums at the same time. His idea was to relocate the poor workers who lived in the inner-city slums to newly constructed suburbs, and to provide cheap rail travel for them to get to work. Pearson's ideas gained support amongst some businessmen and in 1851 he submitted a plan to Parliament. It was rejected, but coincided with a proposal from another group for an underground connecting line, which Parliament passed.

输出:

伦敦交通问题解决方案的最强烈倡导者之一是查尔斯·皮尔逊，他是伦敦城市的一名律师。他在建造一

条连接铁路站的地下铁路中看到了社会和经济上的优势, 同时也能清除伦敦的贫民窟。他的想法是将居住在市中心的穷人工人重新安置到新建的郊区, 并为他们提供便宜的铁路旅行。皮尔逊的想法在一些商人中间获得了支持, 1851 年他向议会提交了一项计划。它被拒绝了, 但与另一个团体提出的地铁连接线路计划同时出现, 并得到了议会的通过。

命令 4: 文章逐句难词释义和整句翻译

命令: Display the following article sentence by sentence. First show the English sentence, then the vocabulary notes in Chinese for difficult words and phrases in that sentence, and finally the Chinese translation of that sentence. Do this for the entire article : [article]

解释: 将文章逐句列出难词释义和整句翻译。

示例: 剑桥 17 TEST 1 Reading Passage 1 第二段

Display the following article sentence by sentence. First show the English sentence, then the vocabulary notes in Chinese for difficult words and phrases in that sentence, and finally the Chinese translation of that sentence. Do this for the entire article :

Amongst the most vocal advocates for a solution to London's traffic problems was Charles Pearson, who worked as a solicitor for the City of London. He saw both social and economic advantages in building an underground railway that would link the overground railway stations together and clear London slums at the same time. His idea was to relocate the poor workers who lived in the inner-city slums to newly constructed suburbs, and to provide cheap rail travel for them to get to work.

输出: English: Amongst the most vocal advocates for a solution to London's traffic problems was Charles Pearson, who worked as a solicitor for the City of London. Vocabulary:

- Advocates: 提倡者
- Solution: 解决方案
- Traffic problems: 交通问题
- Solicitor: 律师
- City of London: 伦敦金融城

Chinese Translation: 伦敦交通问题解决方案的最响亮的提倡者之一是查尔斯·皮尔逊，他是伦敦金融城的律师。

English: He saw both social and economic advantages in building an underground railway that would link the overground railway stations together and clear London slums at the same time.

Vocabulary:

- Social advantages: 社会优势
- Economic advantages: 经济优势
- Underground railway: 地铁
- Overground railway stations: 地面铁路站
- London slums: 伦敦贫民窟

Chinese Translation: 他发现建造地铁将地面铁路站连接起来，同时清除伦敦贫民窟有社会和经济优势。

English: His idea was to relocate the poor workers who lived in the inner-city slums to newly constructed suburbs, and to provide cheap rail travel for them to get to work.

Vocabulary:

- Relocate: 搬迁
- Poor workers: 贫困工人
- Inner-city slums: 市中心贫民窟
- Newly constructed suburbs: 新建的郊区
- Cheap rail travel: 廉价铁路旅行

Chinese Translation: 他的想法是将居住在市中心贫民窟中的贫困工人搬迁到新建的郊区，并为他们提供廉价铁路旅行以便他们去上班。

Part 7: 雅思口语

命令 1: 回答 Part 1 问题

命令:

Act as a Chinese IELTS candidate sitting for the speaking test, please answer the following questions in English. The speaking time should be around 3~4 minutes.

[Part 1 questions]

解释: 把 Part 1 问题放在 [Part 1 questions]的位置, 让 ChatGPT 回答给出高分文本。

示例: 剑桥 17 TEST 1 题目

Act as a Chinese IELTS candidate sitting for the speaking test, please answer the following questions in English. The speaking time should be around 3~4 minutes.

History

- 1.What did you study in history lessons when you were at school?
2. Did you enjoy studying history at school? [Why/Why not?]
3. How often do you watch TV programmes about history now? [Why/Why not?]

4. What period in history would you like to learn more about?

[Why?]

输出:



Act as an Chinese IELTS candidate sitting in the speaking test, please answer the following questions in English. The speaking time should be around 3~4 minutes.

History

1. What did you study in history lessons when you were at school?
2. Did you enjoy studying history at school? [Why/Why not?]
3. How often do you watch TV programmes about history now? [Why/Why not?]
4. What period in history would you like to learn more about? [Why?]



Sure, I'll be happy to answer these questions.



1. When I was in school, I studied a wide range of history lessons, from ancient Chinese history to modern world history. We learned about important events and figures in world history, as well as the cultural, social, and political developments of different civilizations.
2. Yes, I enjoyed studying history at school. I found it fascinating to learn about the events that shaped our world and how they influenced the societies we live in today. I also enjoyed the discussions we had in class and the different perspectives we would bring to the table.
3. Nowadays, I watch TV programmes about history occasionally. I find them interesting, but I also have a lot of other interests, so I don't make it a priority. However, I do enjoy watching documentaries about historical events or figures that I find particularly intriguing.
4. If I could learn more about any period in history, I would choose the Tang Dynasty in ancient China. This was a time of great artistic, cultural, and economic prosperity in China, and I find the stories and legends of that time period to be particularly fascinating. I would love to learn more about the innovations and advances made during this time and how they shaped the future of Chinese history.

命令 2: 回答 Part 2 问题

命令:

Act as a Chinese IELTS candidate sitting for the speaking test, please answer the following questions in English. The speaking time should be around 2 minutes.

[Part 2 questions]

解释: 把 Part 2 问题放在 [Part 2 questions]的位置, 让 ChatGPT 回答给出高分文本。

示例: 剑桥 17 TEST 1 题目

Act as a Chinese IELTS candidate sitting for the speaking test, please answer the following questions in English. The speaking time should be around 2 minutes.

Describe the neighbourhood you lived in when you were a child.

You should say:

where in your town/city the neighbourhood was

what kind of people lived there

what it was like to live in this neighbourhood

and explain whether you would like to live in this

[Eric 老师的课程和书籍购买链接](#)

neighbourhood in the future.

输出:

When I was a child, I lived in a neighborhood called Xuhui, which is located in the south of Shanghai. The neighborhood was primarily composed of older residential buildings, with a mix of high-rise apartments and low-rise houses. The streets were lined with trees and there were plenty of parks and small local shops scattered throughout the area.

The people who lived in the neighborhood were a mix of different generations and backgrounds. There were many families with young children, as well as older residents who had lived there for many years. There was a sense of community and everyone was friendly and welcoming.

Living in this neighborhood was a great experience for me. It was a very safe and quiet area and I had many opportunities to play outside with my friends. My parents also had a close relationship with our neighbors and we would often have gatherings and celebrations together.

In the future, I would definitely consider living in this neighborhood again. Although it may not have as many modern amenities as some of the newer neighborhoods in Shanghai, it has a warmth and sense of community that is hard to find elsewhere. Plus, the location is convenient and close to many transportation options. Overall, it holds a lot of fond memories for me and I would love to go back and live there again in the future.

命令 3: 回答 Part 3 问题

命令:

Act as a Chinese IELTS candidate sitting for the speaking test, please answer the following questions in English. The speaking time should be around 3~4 minutes.

[Part 3 questions]

解释: 把 Part 3 问题放在 [Part 3 questions]的位置, 让 ChatGPT 回答给出高分文本。

示例: 剑桥 17 TEST 1 题目

Act as a Chinese IELTS candidate sitting for the speaking test, please answer the following questions in English. The speaking time should be around 3~4 minutes.

What sort of things can neighbours do to help each other?

How well do people generally know their neighbours in your country?

How important do you think it is to have good neighbours?

Which facilities are most important to people living in cities?

How does shopping in small local shops differ from shopping in large city centre shops?

[Eric 老师的课程和书籍购买链接](#)

Do you think that children should always go to the school nearest to where they live?

输出:

- What sort of things can neighbors do to help each other? Neighbors can help each other in many ways, such as by lending tools or equipment, watching each other's homes when one is away, helping with gardening or other household tasks, and providing companionship and support.
- How well do people generally know their neighbors in your country? In my country, people generally know their neighbors to some extent, but not necessarily very well. Some neighborhoods are more tight-knit than others, but it's not uncommon for people to be somewhat distant from their neighbors.
- How important do you think it is to have good neighbors? I think it's very important to have good neighbors. They can provide a sense of community and safety, and can also be a source of support and assistance when needed.
- Which facilities are most important to people living in cities? Facilities such as transportation, schools, hospitals, parks, and supermarkets are considered to be very important for people living in cities. They want to be able to access these facilities easily and conveniently.
- How does shopping in small local shops differ from shopping in large city center shops? Shopping in small local shops is generally considered to be more personal and friendly. The staff in the local shops know their customers, and they are more likely to provide personalized service and advice. Shopping in large city center shops is more convenient, but it often lacks the personal touch of a local shop.
- Do you think that children should always go to the school nearest to where they live? I think that children should have the opportunity to attend the school that best meets their needs, regardless of its location. While it may be convenient for them to attend the nearest school, it's important to consider factors such as the quality of education and resources available at the school.

命令 4: 定制化回答问题

命令:

Act as a Chinese IELTS candidate sitting for the speaking test, please answer the following question in English with requirements below. The speaking time should be around [n] minutes.

question : [question]

[Eric 老师的课程和书籍购买链接](#)

requirements : [requirements]

解释:

[question]: 雅思口语问题;

[n]: 回答时常分钟数;

[requirements]: 回答要求;

ChatGPT 回答按照要求回答问题, 给出高分文本。

示例 1: 剑桥 17 TEST 1 题目 part 1, 让回答包含指定关键词

Act as a Chinese IELTS candidate sitting in the speaking test, please answer the following question in English with requirements below. The speaking time should be around 1 minutes.

question : What did you study in history lessons when you were at school?

requirements : use the following words: “don't remember, seems, dynasty, world war”

输出:

"Well, I have to admit that I don't remember all the details of what I studied in history lessons when I was at school. However, it seems that we learned about different dynasties, both from ancient and modern times. We also learned about the world wars, particularly World War I and World War II. These were some of the major topics that were covered in our history lessons."

示例 2: 剑桥 17 TEST 1 题目 part 2, 让回答包含指定关键词

Act as a Chinese IELTS candidate sitting in the speaking test,

please answer the following question in English with requirements below. The speaking time should be around 2 minutes.

question :

Describe the neighbourhood you lived in when you were a child.

You should say:

where in your town/city the neighbourhood was

what kind of people lived there

what it was like to live in this neighbourhood

and explain whether you would like to live in this

neighbourhood in the future.

requirements : use the following words: "small town, middle school, teachers, their families, friendly, playful, peaceful, innocent"

输出:

I lived in a small town in China during my childhood, and the neighborhood I lived in was located near my middle school. The majority of the people who lived there were teachers and their families.

I have fond memories of living in that neighborhood, as the people were very friendly and playful. The neighborhood had a peaceful atmosphere, which made it a great place for children to grow up in. Everyone was always willing to lend a helping hand, and there was a sense of community that made everyone feel like they were part of one big family.

The environment was also very innocent, as there was a lack of technology and distractions, allowing us to focus on the simple pleasures of life such as playing outside, reading books, and spending time with our families.

Looking back, I wouldn't mind living in that neighborhood again in the future. It was a wonderful place to grow up in, and I think it helped shape me into the person I am today. It taught me the importance of community, friendship, and the simple things in life.

示例 3: 剑桥 17 TEST 1 题目 part 2, 让回答包含指定中文关键词

Act as a Chinese IELTS candidate sitting in the speaking test, please answer the following question in English with requirements below. The speaking time should be around 2 minutes.

question :

Describe the neighbourhood you lived in when you were a child.

You should say:

where in your town/city the neighbourhood was

what kind of people lived there

what it was like to live in this neighbourhood

and explain whether you would like to live in this

neighbourhood in the future.

requirements : use the following words: "小县城, 中学, 老师, 友善, 祥和, 孩子多, 好玩, 天真, 纯洁, 愿意退休后回去"

输出:

I lived in a small county town when I was a child. It was located in the outskirts of the city and was quite peaceful. The people who lived there were mostly teachers and middle-class families. They were very friendly and welcoming to everyone.

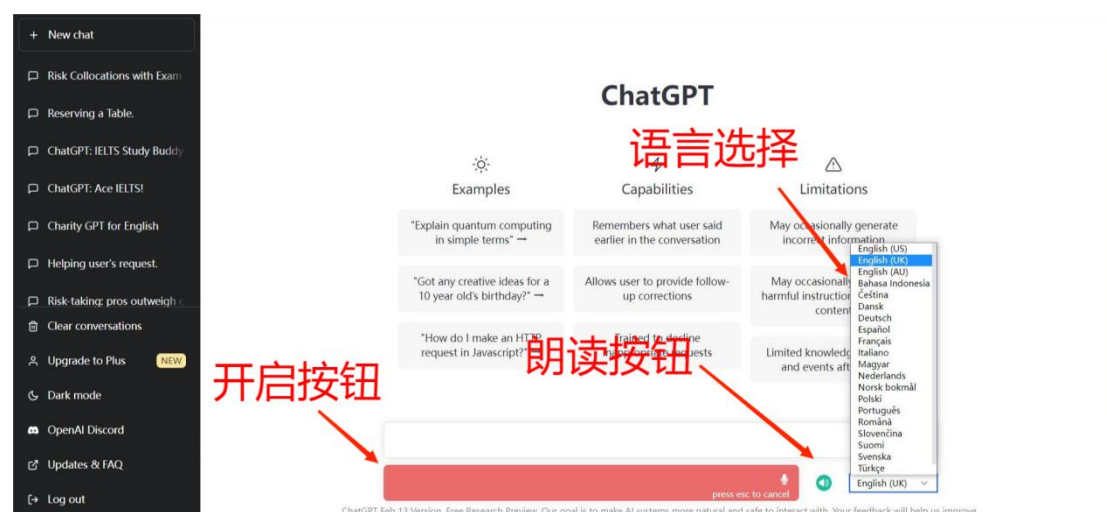
The neighborhood was full of children, so it was always lively and fun. We used to play hide and seek, hopscotch, and other games together. Everyone was very innocent and pure, and we had a great time growing up together.

As for the schools, there was a middle school located in the neighborhood, which was convenient for the children to attend. The teachers there were very friendly and helpful, and they provided us with a great learning environment.

Overall, it was a lovely place to grow up in. The people were warm, the atmosphere was peaceful and serene, and there were always plenty of children to play with. I would love to go back there and live there after I retire. It is a place where I can relive my childhood memories and enjoy the simplicity of life.

命令 5: 语音对练

通过安装 Chrome 浏览器插件 ([Voice Control for ChatGPT](#))，可以和 ChatGPT 语音聊天，这样 ChatGPT 就成了最佳雅思口语伙伴。



这样做有下面几个好处:

- 有针对性的对常见的雅思口语问题多加练习;
- 发现和纠正自己的发音问题: 软件会自动识别你的发音并把识别到的单词显示在聊天栏里, 如果和你想表达的不一样, 说明这里你的发音不对;
- 学习和模仿 ChatGPT 给出的高质量回答, 同时软件播音员级别的朗读也帮助提升我们的发音和听力。

相关命令:

命令 7-5-1	Act as an IELTS speaking examiner, I am the candidate. You will ask me some common IELTS speaking questions, one question each time. Now please ask me the first question.
解释	ChatGPT 扮演雅思口语考官的角色, 问你一些常见的雅思口语问题, 每次问一个问题。

命令 7-5-2	Act as an IELTS candidate sitting for the speaking test, assume [your profile]. I am the examiner , and I will ask you some questions one by one; please try your best to answer them. The first question is : [question]
解释	<p>参数:</p> <p>[your profile]: 你的背景信息, 比如国籍, 专业, 工作, 年龄等; 这样 ChatGPT 的回答会更符合你的情况。</p> <p>[question]: 常见雅思口语问题</p> <p>任务:</p> <p>ChatGPT 扮演雅思口语考生, 你是考官向它问问题, 每次问一个问题。</p>
示例	Act as an IELTS candidate sitting for the speaking test, assume you are from mainland China, you are studying at university and you major is computer science. I am the examiner, and I will ask you some questions one by one; please try your best to answer them. The first question is : <i>What did you study in history lessons when you were at school?</i>

这些命令稍加调整, 即可适用与其他考试或场景的口语练习。

[演示视频](#)

附录 1: ChatGPT 用 2+1 极简写法写的雅思大作文范文

命令: Write a model IELTS essay according to the following outline:

Prompt: In some countries, more and more people are becoming interested in finding out about the history of the house or building they live in. What are the reasons for this? How can people research this?

Introduction: paraphrase the prompt and introduce the topic ; and give a thesis statement.

Body paragraph 1: Reasons for the trend;

Body paragraph 2: Methods to do the research;

Conclusion: summarize the main points; and restate the answers to both questions.

范文:

There is an increasing trend in some countries for people to

become interested in finding out about the history of the house or building they live in. This essay will explore the reasons for this trend, as well as discussing the various methods people can use to research the history of their home.

There are several reasons why people may be interested in learning about the history of their home. One reason could be a personal connection or sentimental value to the property. For example, someone may have inherited the house from a loved one and want to learn more about its past. Another reason could be a desire to understand the cultural and historical context of the area in which they live. This could include learning about the architectural style of the building and the historical events that took place in the area. Additionally, some people may be interested in the history of their home for financial reasons, such as wanting to understand the value of the property or its potential as an investment.

There are various methods that people can use to research the history of their home. One way is to start by looking at local records, such as property deeds and building plans. These documents can provide information about the construction of the property, as well

as its ownership history. Another method is to visit local libraries and archives, where historical records and documents may be stored. This can include newspapers, maps, and photographs that can provide insight into the history of the area. Additionally, people can also conduct online research and use websites like ancestry.com or local history societies to learn more about the history of their home.

In summary, there are a number of reasons why people may be interested in finding out about the history of their home, including personal connections, cultural and historical context, and financial considerations. To research the history of their home, people can look at local records, visit libraries and archives, and conduct online research.

附录 2: ChatGPT 写的雅思书信范文

命令: Write a 200-word model IELTS letter based on the following prompt:

You live in a room in college which you share with another student. However, there are many problems with this arrangement and you find it very difficult to work.

Write a letter to the accommodation officer at the college. In the letter,

- describe the situation
- explain your problems and why it is difficult to work
- say what kind of accommodation you would prefer

Begin your letter as follows: Dear Sir or Madam,

范文:

Dear Sir or Madam,

I am writing to express my concern about the current living arrangement I have in the college. I live in a room that I share with another student, but unfortunately, this arrangement has been causing me a great deal of difficulty.

The main problem I have encountered is that my roommate and I have very different schedules and habits. While I prefer a quiet and organized environment for studying and working, my roommate often has friends over late at night, causing a lot of noise and disruption. Additionally, my roommate has very different standards of cleanliness, which has led to conflicts over the shared space.

As a result of these issues, I have found it extremely difficult to focus and get any work done in my current living situation. I have tried speaking with my roommate about these concerns, but they have not been able to make the necessary changes to create a more suitable environment for me.

I am hoping to request a change in my accommodation to a single room, where I can have the space and peace of mind necessary to focus on my studies. I understand that this may not be possible, but I wanted to bring this to your attention and see if there are any options available.

Thank you for your time and consideration. I look forward to hearing from you.

作者微信: ericliu24 (课程咨询)

公众号: 浸润雅思 (免费大礼包)

Sincerely,

[Your Name]

[Eric 老师的课程和书籍购买链接](#)

附录 3: ChatGPT 写的托福独立写作范文

命令: Write a model TOEFL essay of at least 300 words about the following topic: Do you agree or disagree with the following statement? Television advertising directed toward young children (aged two to five) should not be allowed.

范文:

Television advertising directed toward young children (aged two to five) has long been a controversial topic, with some arguing that it should not be allowed due to its potentially harmful effects on children's development, understanding, and well-being. Personally, I agree with this statement and believe that such advertising should be banned.

One reason why I support this position is that children in this age range are not yet developmentally capable of understanding the persuasive intent of advertising. They may see an advertisement for a toy or other product and believe that it is something they simply must have, without fully understanding that the purpose of the advertisement is to persuade them to make a purchase. This

can lead to unnecessary and inappropriate pressure on parents to buy products that their children may not even need or want.

Another reason why I believe that television advertising directed toward young children should not be allowed is that young children are still in the process of learning about the world around them and have limited experience and knowledge to draw upon. They may not be able to critically evaluate the accuracy or validity of the claims made in advertisements, which can lead to confusion and misunderstanding. For example, an advertisement for a particular brand of cereal may claim that it is the "healthiest" option, but this may not be true. Without the necessary critical thinking skills to question such claims, young children may believe them to be true and make inappropriate choices as a result.

Furthermore, the constant exposure to advertising can have negative impacts on children's overall development. Research has shown that excessive screen time can lead to problems with attention and concentration, as well as disrupt sleep patterns. It can also contribute to the development of unhealthy habits, such as overeating and sedentary behavior. While it is important for children to learn about the world around them and to be exposed to a wide

range of experiences, it is also important to protect them from potentially harmful influences such as excessive screen time and inappropriate advertising.

In conclusion, I believe that television advertising directed toward young children should not be allowed due to the negative impacts it can have on their development, understanding, and well-being. Protecting children from inappropriate and potentially harmful influences is the responsibility of both parents and society as a whole, and banning such advertising is one way to do so.

附录 4: ChatGPT 写的高考英语范文

(2022 年全国新高考 I 卷)

命令:

假如你是校广播站英语节目“talk and talk”的负责人李华, 请给外教 Caroline 写邮件邀请她做一次访谈, 内容包括:

- 1、节目介绍
- 2、访谈的时间和话题

注意:

- 1、写作词数应为 80 左右
- 2、请按如下格式作答

Dear Caroline,

...

Yours sincerely

Li Hua

范文:

Dear Caroline,

I hope this email finds you well. My name is Li Hua and I am the responsible person for our school's English radio program "Talk and Talk". I am writing to extend an invitation for you to participate in

one of our upcoming interviews.

Our program aims to provide a platform for people from various fields to share their experiences and knowledge with our listeners. As a foreign teacher with a wealth of experience and expertise, we believe that you would be an excellent guest for our show.

The interview will be held on Wednesday at 2pm and the topic will be about foreign language teaching methods and techniques. We believe that this topic will be of great interest to our listeners, and we are confident that you will be able to provide valuable insights and perspectives on the subject.

We hope that you will be able to accept our invitation and participate in the interview. Please let us know if you are available and if you have any questions or concerns.

Yours sincerely,

Li Hua

附录 5: ChatGPT 写的四级英语范文

命令:

Suppose you have just participated in a school project of collecting used books on campus. You are now to write a report about the project, which may include its aim, organizers, participants and activities. You will have 30 minutes to write the report. You should write at least 120 words but no more than 180 words.

范文:

The school project of collecting used books on campus was a great success. The aim of the project was to collect gently used books from students, staff and faculty, and donate them to a local organization that distributes books to underprivileged children in the community.

The project was organized by the school's Environmental Club, with support from the library and student government. A group of dedicated volunteers worked together to promote the project, collect the books and coordinate the donation.

The project received a lot of support from the school community.

Many students, staff and faculty members participated by donating their gently used books. The project also received a lot of positive feedback and we were able to collect a large number of books.

In total, we collected over 500 books, which were then sorted and packaged by the volunteers. The donated books were delivered to the local organization, where they will be distributed to children in need.

Overall, the project was a great success and we are already planning to organize a similar project in the future. We would like to thank everyone who participated and contributed to the success of this project.

附录 6: ChatGPT 写的考研英语范文

命令:

The student union of your university has assigned you to inform the international students about an upcoming singing contest. Write a notice of about 100 words.

范文:

Attention International Students!

Are you a talented singer looking for a chance to showcase your skills? The student union of your university is hosting a singing contest for all international students! The contest will take place on Friday, March 26th at 6:00 PM in the auditorium. Prizes will be awarded to the top three performers.

Don't miss this opportunity to shine and make your mark on campus. If you are interested in participating, please sign up at the student union office by Wednesday, March 24th. We look forward to hearing your beautiful voices!

Best regards,
The Student Union Team

附录 7: 命令汇总表

为了方便本书的命令输入, 制作这张命令汇总表。 在输入时, 可以通过 ChatGPT 桌面程序, 导入所有命令, 并通过命令 ID 或名称快速模糊搜索。

版本: V3

No.	命令 ID	命令名称
1	(0-1)	单词释义和例句
2	(0-2)	单词搭配和例句
3	(0-3)	英汉/汉英翻译
4	(0-4)	用中英文回答问题
5	(0-5)	长难句分析及难词释义
6	(0-6-1-a)	扩展词汇量(题目)-步骤 1: 列出与雅思作文题目相关的学术词汇
7	(0-6-1-c)	扩展词汇量(题目)-步骤 3: :用上面的学术词汇造句
8	(0-6-1-d)	扩展词汇量(题目)-步骤 4: :使用上面的学术词汇写一篇雅思范文
9	(0-6-2-a)	扩展词汇量(话题)-步骤 1:列出雅思写作常见话题及子话题
10	(0-6-2-b)	扩展词汇量(话题)-步骤 2:列出与雅思作文常见的子话题相关的学术词汇
11	(0-6-2-c)	扩展词汇量(话题)-步骤 3:用上面的学术词汇造句
12	(0-6-3-a)	创建练习题(步骤 1: 列出话题相关学术类词汇)
13	(0-6-3-b)	创建练习题(步骤 2: 创建练习题)
14	(0-7)	制定学习计划
15	(1-1)	给指定的雅思题目写范文
16	(1-2)	给指定的雅思题目写提纲
17	(1-3)	给指定的雅思题目并按指定提纲写雅思范文
18	(1-4)	以指定的立场写雅思范文
19	(1-5)	用更学术的风格改写
20	(1-6)	用某作家/杂志/报纸的风格改写
21	(1-7)	用更高级/简单的词汇改写
22	(2-1)	列出某现象/趋势的优点和缺点
23	(2-2)	列出支持和反对某观点的理由
24	(2-3)	列出某问题/现象的原因和解决方法
25	(2-4)	论点的解释, 扩展和支持
26	(2-5)	论点的举例论证
27	(3-1)	同义改写表达和句子

28	(4-1-a)	语法/拼写检查纠错
29	(4-1-b)	以表格形式进行语法/拼写检查纠错
30	(4-2)	文本润色
31	(4-3)	文本插入
32	(4-4)	文本词汇多样性提升
33	(4-5)	文本连贯衔接提升
34	(4-6)	文本句型多样性提升
35	(4-7)	按照雅思官方评分标准对作文分项批改
36	(5-1)	用 2+1 框架写雅思大作文开始段
37	(5-2)	用 2+1 框架写雅思大作文主体段
38	(5-3)	用 2+1 框架写雅思大作文结尾段
39	(5-4)	用 2+1 框架写雅思大作文全文
40	(6-1)	阅读:文章疑难词句解释(中英对照)
41	(6-2)	阅读:疑难单词/词组列表释义(中英对照)
42	(6-3)	文章翻译
43	(6-4)	阅读:文章逐句难词释义和整句翻译
44	(7-1~3)	雅思口语 Part 1/2/3 问题
45	(7-4)	定制化回答雅思口语问题
46	(7-5-a)	雅思口语语音对练(作为考生)
47	(7-5-b)	雅思口语语音对练(作为考官)