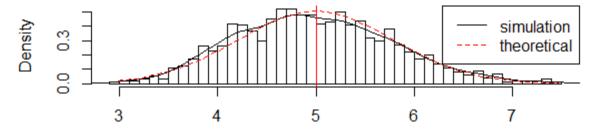
Eric Glass

Statistical Inference: Project 1, Part 1

R code followed by plots

```
## simulation
set.seed(100)
lambda <- 0.2
num sim <- 1000
sample_size <- 40</pre>
sim <- matrix(rexp(num_sim*sample_size, rate=lambda), num_sim, sample_size)</pre>
row_means <- rowMeans(sim)</pre>
# plot the histogram of averages
hist(row_means, breaks=50, prob=TRUE,
    main="Distribution of averages of samples,
    drawn from exponential distribution with lambda=0.2",
    xlab="")
# density of the averages of samples
lines(density(row_means))
# theoretical center of distribution
abline(v=1/lambda, col="red")
# theoretical density of the averages of samples
xfit <- seq(min(row_means), max(row_means), length=100)</pre>
yfit <- dnorm(xfit, mean=1/lambda, sd=(1/lambda/sqrt(sample_size)))</pre>
lines(xfit, yfit, pch=22, col="red", lty=2)
# add legend
legend('topright', c("simulation", "theoretical"), lty=c(1,2), col=c("black", "red"))
## -----
qqnorm(row_means); qqline(row_means)
## -----
lambda_vals <- seq(4, 6, by=0.01)
coverage <- sapply(lambda vals, function(lamb) {</pre>
   mu_hats <- rowMeans(matrix(rexp(sample_size*num_sim, rate=0.2),</pre>
                              num_sim, sample_size))
   11 <- mu_hats - qnorm(0.975) * sqrt(1/lambda**2/sample_size)</pre>
   ul <- mu_hats + qnorm(0.975) * sqrt(1/lambda**2/sample_size)</pre>
   mean(11 < lamb & ul > lamb)
})
```

Distribution of averages of samples, drawn from exponential distribution with lambda=0.2



Normal Q-Q Plot

