

Arrows

- (1) $arr\ id \ggg f = f$
- (2) $f \ggg arr\ id = f$
- (3) $(f \ggg g) \ggg h = f \ggg (g \ggg h)$
- (4) $arr\ (g \cdot f) = arr\ f \ggg arr\ g$
- (5) $first\ (arr\ f) = arr\ (f \times id)$
- (6) $first\ (f \ggg g) = first\ f \ggg first\ g$
- (7) $first\ f \ggg arr\ (id \times g) = arr\ (id \times g) \ggg first\ f$
- (8) $first\ f \ggg arr\ fst = arr\ fst \ggg f$
- (9) $first\ (first\ f) \ggg arr\ assoc = arr\ assoc \ggg first\ f$

- John Hughes, Generalising Monads to Arrows, *Science of Computer Programming*, 2000.