Combinatorial structure behind Sinkhorn limits

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 2×2 matrix:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

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In the limit, we obtain the Sinkhorn limit of $\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$.

Sinkhorn 1964: The limit exists.

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Scale rows, then columns, then rows, and so on ...

$$\begin{bmatrix} .585786 & .414214 \\ .414214 & .585786 \end{bmatrix} \approx \begin{bmatrix} 2 - \sqrt{2} & -1 + \sqrt{2} \\ -1 + \sqrt{2} & 2 - \sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

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Applications in computer science:

- preconditioning a linear system to improve numerical stability
- approximating the permanent of a matrix
- determining whether a graph has a perfect matching

Kalantari et al. and Wigderson et al. studied convergence, fast algorithms.

Applications in other areas:

- predicting telephone traffic (Kruithof 1937)
- transportation science (Deming-Stephan 1940)
- economics (Stone 1964)
- image processing (Herman–Lent 1976)
- operations research (Raghavan 1984)
- machine learning (Cuturi 2013)

Idel (2016) wrote a 100-page survey of Sinkhorn-related results.

Question

What are the exact entries of the Sinkhorn limit?

Notation:

$$\mathsf{Sink} \bigg(\begin{bmatrix} 4 & 1 \\ 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \bigg) = \begin{bmatrix} 2 - \sqrt{2} & -1 + \sqrt{2} \\ -1 + \sqrt{2} & 2 - \sqrt{2} \end{bmatrix}$$

Theorem (Nathanson 2020)

For a 2
$$\times$$
 2 matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}$ with positive entries,

$$\mathsf{Sink}(A) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{ad} + \sqrt{bc}} \begin{bmatrix} \sqrt{ad} & \sqrt{bc} \\ \sqrt{bc} & \sqrt{ad} \end{bmatrix}.$$

The entries are algebraic.

The top left entry x satisfies $(ad - bc)x^2 - 2adx + ad = 0$.

For a symmetric
$$3 \times 3$$
 matrix $A = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{12} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{13} & a_{23} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$ with positive entries:

Theorem (Ekhad–Zeilberger 2019)

The top left entry x of Sink(A) satisfies $c_4x^4 + \cdots + c_1x + c_0 = 0$, where

$$\begin{aligned} c_4 &= -\left(a_{12}^2 - a_{11}a_{22}\right)\left(a_{13}^2 - a_{11}a_{33}\right)\left(-a_{11}a_{22}a_{33} + a_{11}a_{23}^2 + a_{12}^2a_{33} - 2a_{12}a_{13}a_{23} + a_{13}^2a_{22}\right) \\ c_3 &= \left(-4a_{11}^3a_{22}^2a_{33}^2 + 4a_{11}^3a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{33} + 4a_{11}^2a_{12}^2a_{22}a_{33}^2 + 4a_{11}^2a_{12}^2a_{22}a_{33}^2 - 3a_{11}^2a_{12}^2a_{23}^2a_{33} - 2a_{11}^2a_{12}a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}a_{33} + 4a_{11}^2a_{13}^2a_{22}^2a_{33}^2 \\ &- 3a_{11}^2a_{13}^2a_{22}a_{23}^2 - 2a_{11}a_{12}^2a_{13}^2a_{22}a_{33} + 2a_{11}a_{12}^2a_{13}^2a_{23}^2 - a_{12}^4a_{13}^2a_{33}^2 + 2a_{12}^3a_{13}^3a_{23} - a_{12}^2a_{13}^4a_{22}^2a_{33}^2 \\ c_2 &= a_{11}\left(6a_{11}^2a_{22}^2a_{33}^2 - 6a_{11}^2a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{33} - 2a_{11}a_{12}^2a_{22}a_{33}^2 + 3a_{11}a_{12}^2a_{23}^2a_{33} - 2a_{11}a_{12}a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{33} - 2a_{11}a_{13}^2a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{33} \\ &+ 3a_{11}a_{13}^2a_{22}a_{23}^2 + 2a_{12}^2a_{13}a_{23}a_{23}a_{33} - 3a_{12}^2a_{13}^2a_{22}a_{33} - a_{12}^2a_{13}^2a_{22}a_{23} - a_{12}^2a_{13}^2a_{22}a_{23}^2 \\ c_1 &= -a_{11}^2\left(4a_{11}a_{22}^2a_{33}^2 - 4a_{11}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{33} + a_{12}^2a_{23}^2a_{33} - 2a_{12}a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}a_{33} + a_{13}^2a_{22}a_{23}^2\right) \\ c_2 &= a_{11}^3\left(4a_{11}a_{22}^2a_{33}^2 - 4a_{11}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{23} + a_{11}^2a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{33} - 2a_{12}a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}a_{33} + a_{13}^2a_{22}a_{23}^2\right) \\ c_3 &= a_{11}^3\left(4a_{11}a_{22}^2a_{33}^2 - 4a_{11}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{23} - a_{21}^2a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}a_{33} + a_{12}^2a_{23}a_{33} - 2a_{12}a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}a_{33} + a_{13}^2a_{22}a_{23}^2\right) \\ c_4 &= a_{11}^3\left(4a_{11}a_{22}^2a_{23}^2 - a_{23}^2a_{23}a_{33} - a_{23}^2a_{23}^2a_{33} - a_{23}^2a_{23}a_{33} - a_{23}^2a_{23}a_{33} - a_{23}^2a_{23}a_{33} + a_{23}^2a_{23}a_{33} - a_{23}^2a_{23}a_{23}a_{33} - a_{23}^2a_{23}a_{33}a_{23}a_{23}a_{33} - a_{23}^2a_{23}a_{33}a_{23}a_{23}a_{33} - a_{23}^2a_{23}a_{23}a_{33} - a$$

Computed with Gröbner bases.

For general 3×3 matrices, the Sinkhorn limit wasn't known!

$$\mathsf{Sink}\left(\begin{bmatrix}2 & 4 & 3\\ 1 & 8 & 8\\ 7 & 3 & 1\end{bmatrix}\right) \approx \begin{bmatrix}.250338 & .377025 & .372637\\ .066831 & .402607 & .530562\\ .682830 & .220368 & .096801\end{bmatrix}$$

What are these numbers? Assume they're algebraic.

Compute an entry to high precision:

 $x \approx .2503383740593684894545472868514292528338672217353016771994$

Guess the degree. 6

Use the PSLQ integer relation algorithm to find a likely polynomial:

$$236379x^6 + 502124x^5 - 1610856x^4 + 19808x^3 + 661120x^2 - 94592x - 12288 = 0$$

Conjecture (Chen and Varghese 2019, Hofstra SSRP)

For 3×3 matrices A, the entries of Sink(A) have degree at most 6.

It suffices to describe the top left entry of Sink(A).

Fact

If we know one entry of Sink(A) as a function of A, then we know them all.

Reason: Iterative scaling isn't sensitive to row or column order.

For example, if we know

$$\operatorname{Sink}\left(\begin{bmatrix} a & b \\ c & d \end{bmatrix}\right) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{ad}}{\sqrt{ad} + \sqrt{bc}} & ? \\ ? & ? \end{bmatrix}$$

then its bottom left entry is the top left entry of

$$\mathsf{Sink} \left(\begin{bmatrix} c & d \\ a & b \end{bmatrix} \right) = \begin{bmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{cb}}{\sqrt{cb} + \sqrt{da}} & \\ \end{bmatrix}.$$

For a 3×3 matrix, what is the top left entry of Sink(A)? System of equations...

Row scaling — multiplication on the left. Column scaling — multiplication on the right.

$$\mathsf{Sink}(A) = \begin{bmatrix} s_{11} & s_{12} & s_{13} \\ s_{21} & s_{22} & s_{23} \\ s_{31} & s_{32} & s_{33} \end{bmatrix} \qquad R = \begin{bmatrix} r_1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & r_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & r_3 \end{bmatrix} \qquad A = \begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix} \qquad C = \begin{bmatrix} c_1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & c_2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & c_3 \end{bmatrix}$$

9 equations from Sink(A) = RAC:

$$s_{11} = r_1 a_{11} c_1$$
 $s_{12} = r_1 a_{12} c_2$ $s_{13} = r_1 a_{13} c_3$
 $s_{21} = r_2 a_{21} c_1$ $s_{22} = r_2 a_{22} c_2$ $s_{23} = r_2 a_{23} c_3$
 $s_{31} = r_3 a_{31} c_1$ $s_{32} = r_3 a_{32} c_2$ $s_{33} = r_3 a_{33} c_3$

6 equations from row and column sums:

$$s_{11} + s_{12} + s_{13} = 1$$
 $s_{11} + s_{21} + s_{31} = 1$ $s_{21} + s_{22} + s_{23} = 1$ $s_{12} + s_{22} + s_{32} = 1$ $s_{13} + s_{32} + s_{33} = 1$ $s_{13} + s_{23} + s_{33} = 1$

Want s_{11} in terms of a_{ij} .

15 equations; eliminate 14 variables $r_1, r_2, r_3, c_1, c_2, c_3, s_{12}, s_{13}, \ldots, s_{33}$. Gröbner basis computation...

The top left entry $x = s_{11}$ satisfies $b_6x^6 + \cdots + b_1x + b_0 = 0$, where...

$$\begin{array}{l} b_6 = (a_{11}a_{22} - a_{12}a_{21}) (a_{11}a_{23} - a_{13}a_{21}) (a_{11}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{31}) (a_{11}a_{33} - a_{13}a_{31}) \\ \cdot (a_{11}a_{22}a_{33} - a_{11}a_{23}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{33} + a_{12}a_{23}a_{31} + a_{13}a_{21}a_{32} - a_{13}a_{22}a_{31}) \\ \cdot (a_{11}a_{22}a_{33} - a_{11}a_{23}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{33} + a_{12}a_{23}a_{31} + a_{13}a_{21}a_{32} - a_{13}a_{22}a_{31}) \\ b_5 = -6a_{11}^5a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2 + 6a_{11}^5a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} + 8a_{11}^4a_{12}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2 \\ -5a_{11}^4a_{12}a_{21}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} + 5a_{11}^4a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 - 8a_{11}^4a_{12}a_{22}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}a_{33} \\ +5a_{11}^4a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{31}^2a_{22}^2 - 2a_{31}^4a_{12}^2a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} + 8a_{11}^4a_{13}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}a_{33} \\ -5a_{11}^4a_{13}a_{22}a_{22}^2a_{33}a_{13}^2a_{22}^2 - 2a_{31}^4a_{12}^2a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} - 6a_{31}^4a_{12}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32} \\ -5a_{11}^4a_{13}a_{22}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{31}^2a_{22}^2 - 2a_{31}^4a_{12}^2a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}^2a_{33} - 6a_{31}^4a_{12}a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32} \\ +6a_{11}^3a_{12}a_{13}a_{21}^2a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}^2a_{32}a_{33} + 2a_{31}^4a_{12}^2a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}^2a_{33} - 6a_{31}^4a_{12}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{23}^2a_{33} \\ +6a_{11}^3a_{12}a_{13}a_{22}^2a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{31}^2a_{33} + 6a_{11}^3a_{12}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}^2a_{32} + 2a_{11}^3a_{13}^2a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}^2a_{32} \\ -6a_{11}^3a_{12}a_{13}a_{22}^2a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{31}^2a_{33} + 6a_{11}^3a_{12}a_{13}a_{22}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}^2a_{32} - 2a_{11}^3a_{13}^2a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}^2a_{32} \\ -6a_{11}^3a_{12}a_{13}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{31}^2a_{33} + 6a_{11}^3a_{12}a_{13}a_{22}a_{22}a_{23}a_{13}^2a_{22} - 2a_{11}^3a_{13}^2a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{31}^2a_{32} \\ +a_{11}^2a_{12}^2a_{13}a_{21}^2a_{22}a_{31}^2a_{33}^2 - a_{11}^2a_{12}^2a_{12}a_{22}^2a_{23}^2a_{31}^2a_{32} - 2a_{11}^2a_{12}^2a_{13}^2a_{22}^2a_{23}^2a_{31}^2a_{32} \\ +a_{11}^2a_{12}^2a_{13}^2a_{21}^2a_{22}a_{31}^2a_{33}^2 - a_{11}^2a_{$$

The top left entry $x = s_{11}$ satisfies $b_6x^6 + \cdots + b_1x + b_0 = 0$, where...

$$b_4 = a_{11} (15a_{11}^4 a_{12}^2 a_{23} a_{32}^2 a_{33}^2 - 15a_{11}^4 a_{22} a_{23}^2 a_{32}^2 a_{33}^2 - 12a_{11}^3 a_{12} a_{21} a_{22} a_{23} a_{32}^2 a_{33}^2 - 10a_{11}^3 a_{12} a_{22}^2 a_{23}^2 a_{31}^2 a_{33}^2 + 12a_{11}^3 a_{12} a_{22}^2 a_{23}^2 a_{31}^2 a_{23}^2 a_{33}^2 - 10a_{11}^3 a_{12} a_{22}^2 a_{23}^2 a_{31}^2 a_{33}^2 + 12a_{11}^3 a_{12} a_{22}^2 a_{23}^2 a_{31}^2 a_{32}^2 a_{33}^2 - 10a_{11}^3 a_{13}^2 a_{22}^2 a_{23}^2 a_{33}^2 + 12a_{11}^3 a_{12}^2 a_{22}^2 a_{23}^2 a_{31}^2 a_{32}^2 a_{23}^2 a_{31}^2 a_{32}^2 a_{33}^2 + 12a_{11}^3 a_{13}^2 a_{22}^2 a_{23}^2 a_{31}^2 a_{32}^2 a_{33}^2 + 12a_{11}^3 a_{13}^2 a_{22}^2 a_{23}^2 a_{31}^2 a_{32}^2 a_{33}^2 + 12a_{11}^3 a_{13}^2 a_{22}^2 a_{23}^2 a_{31}^2 a_{33}^2 - 12a_{11}^3 a_{13}^2 a_{22}^2 a_{23}^2 a_{31}^2 a_{32}^2 a_{33}^2 + 6a_{11}^2 a_{12}^2 a_{12}^2 a_{22}^2 a_{23}^2 a_{31}^2 a_{33}^2 - 6a_{11}^2 a_{12}^2 a_{13}^2 a_{21}^2 a_{22}^2 a_{23}^2 a_{33}^2 - 6a_{11}^2 a_{12}^2 a_{13}^2 a_{21}^2 a_{22}^2 a_{23}^2 a_{33}^2 - 6a_{11}^2 a_{12}^2 a_{13}^2 a_{21}^2 a_{22}^2 a_{23}^2 a_{31}^2 a_{32}^2 - 6a_{11}^2 a_{12}^2 a_{13}^2 a_{21}^2 a_{22}^2 a_{23}^2 a_{31}^2 a_{32}^2 - 6a_{11}^2 a_{12}^2 a_{13}^2 a_{21}^2 a_{22}^2 a_{23}^2 a_{31}^2 a_{32}^2 - 6a_{11}^2 a_{12}^2 a_{13}^2 a_{21}^2 a_{22}^2 a_{23}^2 a_{31}^2 a_{22}^2 - 6a_{11}^2 a_{12}^2 a_{13}^2 a_{21}^2 a_{22}^2 a_{23}^2 a_{31}^2 a_{22}^2 a_{23}^2 a_{23$$

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$$\begin{split} b_2 &= a_{11}^3 \left(15a_{11}^2a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2 - 15a_{11}^2a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} - 2a_{11}a_{12}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2\right. \\ &+ 5a_{11}a_{12}a_{21}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} - 5a_{11}a_{12}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 + 2a_{11}a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}a_{33} \\ &- 5a_{11}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}^2a_{32}a_{33}^2 + 2a_{11}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} - 2a_{11}a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}a_{33} \\ &+ 5a_{11}a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{31}a_{32}^2 + a_{12}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} - a_{12}a_{13}a_{21}a_{23}^2a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}^2\right) \\ b_1 &= a_{11}^4 \left(-6a_{11}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2 + 6a_{11}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} - a_{12}a_{12}a_{23}^2a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}^2\right) \\ b_1 &= a_{11}^4 \left(-6a_{11}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2 + 6a_{11}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{23}^2a_{23}^2a_{33} + a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}^2\right) \\ b_2 &= a_{11}^5 a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 + a_{23}a_{32}\right) \\ b_3 &= a_{11}^5 a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 + a_{23}a_{33} - a_{23}a_{32}\right) \end{split}$$

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Better formulation?

The top left entry $x = s_{11}$ satisfies $b_6x^6 + \cdots + b_1x + b_0 = 0$, where...

$$\begin{split} b_2 &= a_{11}^3 \left(15a_{11}^2a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2 - 15a_{11}^2a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} - 2a_{11}a_{12}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2\right. \\ &+ 5a_{11}a_{12}a_{21}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} - 5a_{11}a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 + 2a_{11}a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}a_{33} \\ &+ 5a_{11}a_{12}a_{21}a_{22}^2a_{32}a_{33}^2 - 5a_{11}a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 + 2a_{11}a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}a_{33} \\ &- 5a_{11}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{33}^2 + 2a_{11}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} - 2a_{11}a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}a_{33} \\ &+ 5a_{11}a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{31}a_{32}^2 + a_{12}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{31}a_{33}^2 - a_{12}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{32}a_{31}a_{32}^2\right) \\ b_1 &= a_{11}^4 \left(-6a_{11}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2 + a_{11}a_{12}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33}^2 - a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33}^2 + a_{12}a_{22}a_{22}a_{32}^2a_{33}^2 - a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{31}a_{32}^2\right) \\ b_0 &= a_{11}^5a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}a_{33} \left(a_{22}a_{33} - a_{23}a_{32} \right) \end{split}$$

Better formulation?

$$b_6 = (a_{11}a_{22} - a_{12}a_{21})(a_{11}a_{23} - a_{13}a_{21})(a_{11}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{31})(a_{11}a_{33} - a_{13}a_{31}) \cdot (a_{11}a_{22}a_{33} - a_{11}a_{23}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{33} + a_{12}a_{23}a_{31} + a_{13}a_{21}a_{32} - a_{13}a_{22}a_{31})$$

The top left entry $x = s_{11}$ satisfies $b_6x^6 + \cdots + b_1x + b_0 = 0$, where...

$$\begin{split} b_2 &= a_{11}^3 \left(15a_{11}^2a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2 - 15a_{11}^2a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} - 2a_{11}a_{12}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2\right. \\ &+ 5a_{11}a_{12}a_{21}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} - 5a_{11}a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 + 2a_{11}a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}a_{33} \\ &- 5a_{11}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{33}^2 + 2a_{11}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} - 2a_{11}a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}a_{33} \\ &+ 5a_{11}a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}^2 + a_{12}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}^2a_{33}^2 - a_{12}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}^2\right) \\ b_1 &= a_{11}^4 \left(-6a_{11}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 + 6a_{11}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{23}^2a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} \right. \\ &+ a_{12}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 + a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}^2a_{22}a_{32}^2a_{33}^2 - a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{31}a_{32}^2\right) \\ b_0 &= a_{11}^5a_{22}a_{23}a_{23}a_{33} \left(a_{22}a_{33} - a_{23}a_{33}\right) \end{split}$$

Better formulation?

$$\begin{split} b_6 &= \left(a_{11}\,a_{22}\,-\,a_{12}\,a_{21}\right)\left(a_{11}\,a_{23}\,-\,a_{13}\,a_{21}\right)\left(a_{11}\,a_{32}\,-\,a_{12}\,a_{31}\right)\left(a_{11}\,a_{33}\,-\,a_{13}\,a_{31}\right) \\ &\cdot \left(a_{11}\,a_{22}\,a_{33}\,-\,a_{11}\,a_{23}\,a_{32}\,-\,a_{12}\,a_{21}\,a_{33}\,+\,a_{12}\,a_{23}\,a_{31}\,+\,a_{13}\,a_{21}\,a_{32}\,-\,a_{13}\,a_{22}\,a_{31}\right) \\ &= \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{23} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{31} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{31} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} \end{split}$$

 b_6 is the product of 5 minors

The top left entry $x = s_{11}$ satisfies $b_6x^6 + \cdots + b_1x + b_0 = 0$, where...

$$\begin{split} b_2 &= a_{11}^3 \left(15a_{11}^2a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2 - 15a_{11}^2a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{32}a_{33}^2 - 2a_{11}a_{12}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2 a_{33}^2 \right. \\ &+ 5a_{11}a_{12}a_{21}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33}^2 - 5a_{11}a_{12}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 + 2a_{11}a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}a_{33} \\ &- 5a_{11}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}^2a_{22}a_{33}^2 + 2a_{11}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33}^2 - 2a_{11}a_{13}a_{22}^2a_{22}a_{31}a_{32}^2 + 2a_{11}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33}^2 - 2a_{11}a_{13}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}^2 \right) \\ b_1 &= a_{11}^4 \left(-6a_{11}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}^2 + a_{11}a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33}^2 - a_{12}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}^2 a_{33} \right. \\ &+ a_{12}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 + a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}^2 - a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{31}a_{32}^2 \right) \\ b_0 &= a_{11}^5a_{22}a_{23}a_{23}a_{33} \left(a_{22}a_{33} - a_{23}a_{32} \right) \end{split}$$

Better formulation?

$$\begin{split} b_6 &= \left(a_{11}\,a_{22}\,-\,a_{12}\,a_{21}\right)\left(a_{11}\,a_{23}\,-\,a_{13}\,a_{21}\right)\left(a_{11}\,a_{32}\,-\,a_{12}\,a_{31}\right)\left(a_{11}\,a_{33}\,-\,a_{13}\,a_{31}\right) \\ &\cdot \left(a_{11}\,a_{22}\,a_{33}\,-\,a_{11}\,a_{23}\,a_{32}\,-\,a_{12}\,a_{21}\,a_{33}\,+\,a_{12}\,a_{23}\,a_{31}\,+\,a_{13}\,a_{21}\,a_{32}\,-\,a_{13}\,a_{22}\,a_{31}\right) \\ &= \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{23} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{31} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{31} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} \end{split}$$

 b_6 is the product of 5 minors involving a_{11} .

The top left entry $x = s_{11}$ satisfies $b_6x^6 + \cdots + b_1x + b_0 = 0$, where...

$$\begin{split} b_2 &= a_{11}^3 \left(15a_{11}^2a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2 - 15a_{11}^2a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} - 2a_{11}a_{12}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2\right. \\ &+ 5a_{11}a_{12}a_{21}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} - 5a_{11}a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 + 2a_{11}a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}a_{33} \\ &- 5a_{11}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{33}^2 + 2a_{11}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} - 2a_{11}a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}a_{33} \\ &+ 5a_{11}a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{31}a_{32}^2 + a_{12}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} - a_{12}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}^2\right) \\ b_1 &= a_{11}^4 \left(-6a_{11}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}^2 + a_{11}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33}^2 - a_{12}a_{21}a_{23}^2a_{32}a_{33}^2\right. \\ &+ a_{12}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 + a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{33}^2 - a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{31}a_{32}^2\right) \\ b_0 &= a_{11}^5a_{22}a_{23}a_{23}a_{33} \left(a_{22}a_{33} - a_{23}a_{32}\right) \end{split}$$

Better formulation?

$$\begin{split} b_6 &= (a_{11}a_{22} - a_{12}a_{21}) \left(a_{11}a_{23} - a_{13}a_{21}\right) \left(a_{11}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{31}\right) \left(a_{11}a_{32} - a_{13}a_{31}\right) \\ & \cdot \left(a_{11}a_{22}a_{33} - a_{11}a_{23}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{33} + a_{12}a_{23}a_{31} + a_{13}a_{21}a_{32} - a_{13}a_{22}a_{31}\right) \\ &= \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{23} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{31} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{31} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} \end{split}$$

 b_6 is the product of 5 minors involving a_{11} . b_0 is the product of 5 minors not involving a_{11} (and a_{11}^5).

The top left entry $x = s_{11}$ satisfies $b_6x^6 + \cdots + b_1x + b_0 = 0$, where...

$$\begin{split} b_2 &= a_{11}^3 \left(15a_{11}^2a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2 - 15a_{11}^2a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} - 2a_{11}a_{12}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2\right. \\ &+ 5a_{11}a_{12}a_{21}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33}^2 - 5a_{11}a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 + 2a_{11}a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}a_{33} \\ &- 5a_{11}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{33}^2 + 2a_{11}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} - 2a_{11}a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}a_{33} \\ &+ 5a_{11}a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{31}a_{32}^2 + a_{12}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{33}^2a_{33} - a_{12}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}^2\right) \\ b_1 &= a_{11}^4 \left(-6a_{11}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2 + a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{23}^2a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} \right. \\ &+ a_{12}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 + a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{23}^2a_{33} - a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{31}a_{32}^2 \right) \\ b_0 &= a_{11}^5a_{22}a_{23}a_{23}a_{33} \left(a_{22}a_{23}a_{33} - a_{23}a_{23} \right) \end{split}$$

Better formulation?

$$\begin{split} b_6 &= (a_{11}a_{22} - a_{12}a_{21}) \left(a_{11}a_{23} - a_{13}a_{21}\right) \left(a_{11}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{31}\right) \left(a_{11}a_{32} - a_{13}a_{31}\right) \\ & \cdot \left(a_{11}a_{22}a_{33} - a_{11}a_{23}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{33} + a_{12}a_{23}a_{31} + a_{13}a_{21}a_{32} - a_{13}a_{22}a_{31}\right) \\ &= \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{23} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{31} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{31} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} \end{split}$$

 b_6 is the product of 5 minors involving a_{11} and 0 not. b_0 is the product of 5 minors not involving a_{11} (and a_{11}^5).

The top left entry $x = s_{11}$ satisfies $b_6x^6 + \cdots + b_1x + b_0 = 0$, where...

$$\begin{split} b_2 &= a_{11}^3 \left(15a_{11}^2a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2 - 15a_{11}^2a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} - 2a_{11}a_{12}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2\right. \\ &+ 5a_{11}a_{12}a_{21}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} - 5a_{11}a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 + 2a_{11}a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}a_{33} \\ &- 5a_{11}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{33}^2 + 2a_{11}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} - 2a_{11}a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}a_{33} \\ &+ 5a_{11}a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}^2 + a_{12}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}^2a_{33}^2 - a_{12}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}^2\right) \\ b_1 &= a_{11}^4 \left(-6a_{11}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 + 6a_{11}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{23}^2a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} \right. \\ &+ a_{12}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 + a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}^2a_{22}a_{32}^2a_{33}^2 - a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{31}a_{32}^2\right) \\ b_0 &= a_{11}^5a_{22}a_{23}a_{23}a_{33} \left(a_{22}a_{33} - a_{23}a_{33}\right) \end{split}$$

Better formulation?

$$\begin{split} b_6 &= (a_{11}a_{22} - a_{12}a_{21}) \left(a_{11}a_{23} - a_{13}a_{21}\right) \left(a_{11}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{31}\right) \left(a_{11}a_{32} - a_{13}a_{31}\right) \\ & \cdot \left(a_{11}a_{22}a_{33} - a_{11}a_{23}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{33} + a_{12}a_{23}a_{31} + a_{13}a_{21}a_{32} - a_{13}a_{22}a_{31}\right) \\ &= \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{23} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{31} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{31} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} \end{split}$$

 b_6 is the product of 5 minors involving a_{11} and 0 not. b_0 is the product of 0 minors involving a_{11} and 5 not (and a_{11}^5).

The top left entry $x = s_{11}$ satisfies $b_6x^6 + \cdots + b_1x + b_0 = 0$, where...

$$\begin{split} b_2 &= a_{11}^3 \left(15a_{11}^2a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2 - 15a_{11}^2a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} - 2a_{11}a_{12}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2\right. \\ &+ 5a_{11}a_{12}a_{21}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} - 5a_{11}a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 + 2a_{11}a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}a_{33} \\ &- 5a_{11}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{33}^2 + 2a_{11}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} - 2a_{11}a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}a_{33} \\ &+ 5a_{11}a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{31}a_{32}^2 + a_{12}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} - a_{12}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}^2\right) \\ b_1 &= a_{11}^4 \left(-6a_{11}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2 + 6a_{11}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{23}^2a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} \right. \\ &+ a_{12}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 + a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}^2 - a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{31}a_{32}^2\right) \\ b_0 &= a_{11}^5a_{22}a_{23}a_{23}a_{33} \left(a_{22}a_{33} - a_{23}a_{32}\right) \end{split}$$

Better formulation?

$$b_{6} = (a_{11}a_{22} - a_{12}a_{21})(a_{11}a_{23} - a_{13}a_{21})(a_{11}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{31})(a_{11}a_{33} - a_{13}a_{31})$$

$$\cdot (a_{11}a_{22}a_{33} - a_{11}a_{23}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{33} + a_{12}a_{23}a_{31} + a_{13}a_{21}a_{32} - a_{13}a_{22}a_{31})$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{23} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{31} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{31} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \\ a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix}$$

Multiply each b_k by a_{11} .

 b_6 is the product of 5 minors involving a_{11} and 0 not. b_0 is the product of 0 minors involving a_{11} and 5 not (and a_{11}^5).

The top left entry $x = s_{11}$ satisfies $b_6x^6 + \cdots + b_1x + b_0 = 0$, where...

$$\begin{split} b_2 &= a_{11}^3 \left(15a_{11}^2a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2 - 15a_{11}^2a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} - 2a_{11}a_{12}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2\right. \\ &+ 5a_{11}a_{12}a_{21}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} - 5a_{11}a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 + 2a_{11}a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}a_{33} \\ &- 5a_{11}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{33}^2 + 2a_{11}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} - 2a_{11}a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}a_{33} \\ &+ 5a_{11}a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{31}a_{32}^2 + a_{12}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} - a_{12}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}^2\right) \\ b_1 &= a_{11}^4 \left(-6a_{11}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2 + 6a_{11}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{23}^2a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} \right. \\ &+ a_{12}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 + a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}^2 - a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{31}a_{32}^2\right) \\ b_0 &= a_{11}^5a_{22}a_{23}a_{23}a_{33} \left(a_{22}a_{33} - a_{23}a_{32}\right) \end{split}$$

Better formulation?

$$b_{6} = (a_{11}a_{22} - a_{12}a_{21})(a_{11}a_{23} - a_{13}a_{21})(a_{11}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{31})(a_{11}a_{33} - a_{13}a_{31})$$

$$\cdot (a_{11}a_{22}a_{33} - a_{11}a_{23}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{33} + a_{12}a_{23}a_{31} + a_{13}a_{21}a_{32} - a_{13}a_{22}a_{31})$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{23} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{31} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{31} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \\ a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix}$$

Multiply each b_k by a_{11} .

 $a_{11}b_6$ is the product of 6 minors involving a_{11} and 0 not.

 b_0 is the product of 0 minors involving a_{11} and 5 not (and a_{11}^5).

The top left entry $x = s_{11}$ satisfies $b_6x^6 + \cdots + b_1x + b_0 = 0$, where...

$$\begin{split} b_2 &= a_{11}^3 \left(15a_{11}^2a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2 - 15a_{11}^2a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{32}a_{33} - 2a_{11}a_{12}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2 a_{33}^2 \right. \\ &+ 5a_{11}a_{12}a_{21}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} - 5a_{11}a_{12}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 + 2a_{11}a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}a_{33} \\ &- 5a_{11}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}^2a_{32}a_{33}^2 + 2a_{11}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} - 2a_{11}a_{13}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}a_{33} \\ &+ 5a_{11}a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{31}a_{32}^2 + a_{12}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} - a_{12}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}^2 \right) \\ b_1 &= a_{11}^4 \left(-6a_{11}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2 + a_{11}a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{23}^2a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} \right. \\ &+ a_{12}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 + a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33}^2 - a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{31}a_{32}^2 \right) \\ b_0 &= a_{11}^5a_{22}a_{23}a_{23}a_{33} \left(a_{22}a_{33} - a_{23}a_{32} \right) \end{split}$$

Better formulation?

$$b_{6} = (a_{11}a_{22} - a_{12}a_{21})(a_{11}a_{23} - a_{13}a_{21})(a_{11}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{31})(a_{11}a_{33} - a_{13}a_{31})$$

$$\cdot (a_{11}a_{22}a_{33} - a_{11}a_{23}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{33} + a_{12}a_{23}a_{31} + a_{13}a_{21}a_{32} - a_{13}a_{22}a_{31})$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{23} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{31} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{31} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \\ a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix}$$

Multiply each b_k by a_{11} .

 $a_{11}b_6$ is the product of 6 minors involving a_{11} and 0 not. $a_{11}b_0$ is the product of 0 minors involving a_{11} and 6 not (and a_{11}^6).

The top left entry $x = s_{11}$ satisfies $b_6x^6 + \cdots + b_1x + b_0 = 0$, where...

$$\begin{split} b_2 &= a_{11}^3 \left(15a_{11}^2a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2 - 15a_{11}^2a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} - 2a_{11}a_{12}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2\right. \\ &+ 5a_{11}a_{12}a_{21}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} - 5a_{11}a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 + 2a_{11}a_{12}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}a_{33} \\ &- 5a_{11}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{33}^2 + 2a_{11}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} - 2a_{11}a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}a_{33} \\ &+ 5a_{11}a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{31}a_{32}^2 + a_{12}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} - a_{12}a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}a_{23}a_{31}a_{32}^2\right) \\ b_1 &= a_{11}^4 \left(-6a_{11}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2 + 6a_{11}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{23}^2a_{23}a_{32}^2a_{33} \right. \\ &+ a_{12}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 + a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}^2 - a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{31}a_{32}^2\right) \\ b_0 &= a_{11}^5a_{22}a_{23}a_{23}a_{33} \left(a_{22}a_{33} - a_{23}a_{32}\right) \end{split}$$

Better formulation?

$$b_{6} = (a_{11}a_{22} - a_{12}a_{21})(a_{11}a_{23} - a_{13}a_{21})(a_{11}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{31})(a_{11}a_{33} - a_{13}a_{31})$$

$$\cdot (a_{11}a_{22}a_{33} - a_{11}a_{23}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{33} + a_{12}a_{23}a_{31} + a_{13}a_{21}a_{32} - a_{13}a_{22}a_{31})$$

$$= \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{23} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{31} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{13} \\ a_{31} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \end{vmatrix} \cdot \begin{vmatrix} a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} \\ a_{32} & a_{33} \end{vmatrix}$$

Multiply each b_k by a_{11} .

 $a_{11}b_6$ is the product of 6 minors involving a_{11} and 0 not. $a_{11}b_0$ is the product of 0 minors involving a_{11} and 6 not (and a_{11}^6). $a_{11}b_k$ involves products of k minors involving a_{11} and k not?

Let $R \subseteq \{2,3\}$ and $C \subseteq \{2,3\}$ with |R| = |C|. Define

$$\Delta \binom{R}{C} = \det A_{\{1\} \cup R, \{1\} \cup C}$$

$$\Gamma \binom{R}{C} = a_{11} \det A_{R,C} \qquad M(S) = \prod_{\substack{(R,C) \in S}} \Delta \binom{R}{C} \cdot \prod_{\substack{(R,C) \notin S}} \Gamma \binom{R}{C}$$

Coefficients:

$$\begin{array}{c} a_{11}b_6 = a_{11}\left(a_{11}a_{22} - a_{12}a_{21}\right)\left(a_{11}a_{23} - a_{13}a_{21}\right)\left(a_{11}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{31}\right)\left(a_{11}a_{33} - a_{13}a_{31}\right) \\ \cdot \left(a_{11}a_{22}a_{33} - a_{11}a_{23}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{33} + a_{12}a_{23}a_{31} + a_{13}a_{21}a_{32} - a_{13}a_{22}a_{31}\right) \end{array}$$

$$\Delta \binom{R}{C} = \det A_{\{1\} \cup R, \{1\} \cup C}$$

$$\Gamma \binom{R}{C} = a_{11} \det A_{R,C} \qquad M(S) = \prod_{\substack{(R,C) \in S}} \Delta \binom{R}{C} \cdot \prod_{\substack{(R,C) \notin S}} \Gamma \binom{R}{C}$$

$$\begin{aligned} a_{11}b_6 &= a_{11} \left(a_{11}a_{22} - a_{12}a_{21} \right) \left(a_{11}a_{23} - a_{13}a_{21} \right) \left(a_{11}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{31} \right) \left(a_{11}a_{33} - a_{13}a_{31} \right) \\ & \cdot \left(a_{11}a_{22}a_{33} - a_{11}a_{23}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{33} + a_{12}a_{23}a_{31} + a_{13}a_{21}a_{32} - a_{13}a_{22}a_{31} \right) \\ &= \Delta \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 3 \\ \end{Bmatrix} \right) \Delta \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ \end{Bmatrix} \right) \Delta \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ \end{Bmatrix} \right) \Delta \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 3 \\ \end{Bmatrix} \right) \Delta \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 3 \\ \end{Bmatrix} \right) \Delta \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 2,3 \\ \end{Bmatrix} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta \binom{R}{C} = \det A_{\{1\} \cup R, \{1\} \cup C}$$

$$\Gamma \binom{R}{C} = a_{11} \det A_{R,C} \qquad M(S) = \prod_{\substack{(R,C) \in S}} \Delta \binom{R}{C} \cdot \prod_{\substack{(R,C) \notin S}} \Gamma \binom{R}{C}$$

Coefficients:

$$\begin{split} a_{11}b_6 &= a_{11}\left(a_{11}a_{22} - a_{12}a_{21}\right)\left(a_{11}a_{23} - a_{13}a_{21}\right)\left(a_{11}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{31}\right)\left(a_{11}a_{33} - a_{13}a_{31}\right) \\ &\cdot \left(a_{11}a_{22}a_{33} - a_{11}a_{23}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{33} + a_{12}a_{23}a_{31} + a_{13}a_{21}a_{32} - a_{13}a_{22}a_{31}\right) \\ &= \Delta\left(\begin{smallmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{smallmatrix}\right)\Delta\left(\begin{smallmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{smallmatrix}\right)\Delta\left(\begin{smallmatrix} 2 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{smallmatrix}\right)\Delta\left(\begin{smallmatrix} 3 \\ 1 \\ 3 \end{smallmatrix}\right)\Delta\left(\begin{smallmatrix} 3 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{smallmatrix}\right)\Delta\left(\begin{smallmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{smallmatrix}\right) \end{split}$$

Combinatorial structure behind Sinkhorn limits

$$a_{11}b_0 = a_{11}^6 a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}a_{33} (a_{22}a_{33} - a_{23}a_{32})$$

$$\Delta \binom{R}{C} = \det A_{\{1\} \cup R, \{1\} \cup C}$$

$$\Gamma \binom{R}{C} = a_{11} \det A_{R,C} \qquad M(S) = \prod_{(R,C) \in S} \Delta \binom{R}{C} \cdot \prod_{(R,C) \notin S} \Gamma \binom{R}{C}$$

$$\begin{split} a_{11}b_6 &= a_{11} \left(a_{11}a_{22} - a_{12}a_{21}\right) \left(a_{11}a_{23} - a_{13}a_{21}\right) \left(a_{11}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{31}\right) \left(a_{11}a_{33} - a_{13}a_{31}\right) \\ & \cdot \left(a_{11}a_{22}a_{33} - a_{11}a_{23}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{33} + a_{12}a_{23}a_{31} + a_{13}a_{21}a_{32} - a_{13}a_{22}a_{31}\right) \\ &= \Delta \left(\brace{1}{2} \right) \Delta \left(\brace{2}{2} \right) \Delta \left(\brace{3}{2} \right) \Delta \left(\brace{3}{3} \right) \Delta \left(\brace{3}{3} \right) \Delta \left(\brace{2},3\right) \right) \end{split}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} a_{11}b_0 = a_{11}^6 a_{22} a_{23} a_{32} a_{33} \left(a_{22} a_{33} - a_{23} a_{32} \right) \\ = \Gamma \left(\left\{ \right\} \right) \Gamma \left(\left\{ 2\right\} \right) \Gamma \left(\left\{ 2\right\} \right) \Gamma \left(\left\{ 3\right\} \right) \Gamma \left(\left\{ 3\right\} \right) \Gamma \left(\left\{ 2,3\right\} \right) \\ \left\{ 2\right\} \end{array}$$

$$\Delta \binom{R}{C} = \det A_{\{1\} \cup R, \{1\} \cup C}$$

$$\Gamma \binom{R}{C} = a_{11} \det A_{R,C} \qquad M(S) = \prod_{(R,C) \in S} \Delta \binom{R}{C} \cdot \prod_{(R,C) \notin S} \Gamma \binom{R}{C}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{a}_{11}b_{6} &= a_{11}\left(a_{11}a_{22} - a_{12}a_{21}\right)\left(a_{11}a_{23} - a_{13}a_{21}\right)\left(a_{11}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{31}\right)\left(a_{11}a_{33} - a_{13}a_{31}\right) \\ & \cdot \left(a_{11}a_{22}a_{33} - a_{11}a_{23}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{33} + a_{12}a_{23}a_{31} + a_{13}a_{21}a_{32} - a_{13}a_{22}a_{31}\right) \\ &= \Delta\left(\left\{\right\}\right)\Delta\left(\left\{\right\}\right)\Delta\left(\left\{\right\}\right)\Delta\left(\left\{\right\}\right)\Delta\left(\left\{\right\}\right)\Delta\left(\left\{\right\}\right\}\right)\Delta\left(\left\{\right\}\right)\Delta\left(\left\{\right\}\right)\right) \\ &= M\left(\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right) \\ &= M\left(\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right\}\right) \\ &= a_{11}b_{0} = a_{11}^{6}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}\left(a_{22}a_{33} - a_{23}a_{32}\right) \\ &= \Gamma\left(\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right.\left\{\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right.\right\} \\ &\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right.\left\{\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right. \\ &\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right. \\ &\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right.\left\{\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right. \\ &\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right. \\ &\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right.\left\{\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right.\right\} \\ &\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right. \\ &\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right. \\ &\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right. \\ &\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right. \\ &\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right. \\ &\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right. \\ &\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right. \\ &\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right. \\ &\left\{\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right. \\ &\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right. \\ &\left\{\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right. \\ &\left\{\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right. \\ &\left\{\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right. \\ &\left\{\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right. \\ &\left\{\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right. \\ &\left\{\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right.\right\}\right. \\ &\left\{\left\{\left\{\right\}\right.\right\}\right. \\ &\left\{$$

$$\Delta \binom{R}{C} = \det A_{\{1\} \cup R, \{1\} \cup C}$$

$$\Gamma \binom{R}{C} = a_{11} \det A_{R,C} \qquad M(S) = \prod_{(R,C) \in S} \Delta \binom{R}{C} \cdot \prod_{(R,C) \notin S} \Gamma \binom{R}{C}$$

Coefficients:

$$\begin{split} a_{11}b_6 &= a_{11} \left(a_{11}a_{22} - a_{12}a_{21} \right) \left(a_{11}a_{23} - a_{13}a_{21} \right) \left(a_{11}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{31} \right) \left(a_{11}a_{33} - a_{13}a_{31} \right) \\ & \cdot \left(a_{11}a_{22}a_{33} - a_{11}a_{23}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{33} + a_{12}a_{23}a_{31} + a_{13}a_{21}a_{32} - a_{13}a_{22}a_{31} \right) \\ &= \Delta \left(\left\{ \right\} \right) \Delta \left(\left\{ \right$$

Combinatorial structure behind Sinkhorn limits

$$\Delta \binom{R}{C} = \det A_{\{1\} \cup R, \{1\} \cup C}$$

$$\Gamma \binom{R}{C} = a_{11} \det A_{R,C} \qquad M(S) = \prod_{\substack{(R,C) \in S}} \Delta \binom{R}{C} \cdot \prod_{\substack{(R,C) \notin S}} \Gamma \binom{R}{C}$$

$$\begin{split} a_{11}b_6 &= a_{11} \left(a_{11}a_{22} - a_{12}a_{21} \right) \left(a_{11}a_{23} - a_{13}a_{21} \right) \left(a_{11}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{31} \right) \left(a_{11}a_{33} - a_{13}a_{31} \right) \\ & \cdot \left(a_{11}a_{22}a_{33} - a_{11}a_{23}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{33} + a_{12}a_{23}a_{31} + a_{13}a_{21}a_{32} - a_{13}a_{22}a_{31} \right) \\ &= \Delta \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \Delta \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \Delta \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \Delta \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \Delta \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \\ &= M \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \\ &= M \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{Bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{Bmatrix} \end{Bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \\ &= \Gamma \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \Gamma \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \Gamma \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \Gamma \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \Gamma \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \\ &= M \left(\end{Bmatrix} \\ &= a_{11} b_1 = a_{11}^5 \left(-6a_{11}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}a_{32} + 6a_{11}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} \\ &+ a_{12}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 + a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{23}^2a_{33} - a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{31}a_{32}^2 \right) \end{split}$$

$$\Delta \binom{R}{C} = \det A_{\{1\} \cup R, \{1\} \cup C}$$

$$\Gamma \binom{R}{C} = a_{11} \det A_{R,C} \qquad M(S) = \prod_{\substack{(R,C) \in S}} \Delta \binom{R}{C} \cdot \prod_{\substack{(R,C) \notin S}} \Gamma \binom{R}{C}$$

$$\begin{split} a_{11}b_6 &= a_{11} \left(a_{11}a_{22} - a_{12}a_{21} \right) \left(a_{11}a_{23} - a_{13}a_{21} \right) \left(a_{11}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{31} \right) \left(a_{11}a_{33} - a_{13}a_{31} \right) \\ & \cdot \left(a_{11}a_{22}a_{33} - a_{11}a_{23}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{33} + a_{12}a_{23}a_{31} + a_{13}a_{21}a_{32} - a_{13}a_{22}a_{31} \right) \\ &= \Delta \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 2 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \Delta \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 2 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \Delta \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 2 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \Delta \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 2 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \\ &= M \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 4 \end{Bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \\ &= 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \\ &= 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} + a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}a_{32}a_{33} + a_{23}a_{32} \\ &= \Gamma \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \Gamma \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \Gamma \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 3 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \Gamma \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \\ &= M \left(\right) \\ &= a_{11}b_{1} = a_{11}^{5} \left(-6a_{11}a_{22}^{2}a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^{2} + 6a_{11}a_{22}a_{23}^{2}a_{32}^{2}a_{33} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{23}^{2}a_{32}^{2}a_{33} \\ &+ a_{12}a_{22}^{2}a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^{2} + a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}^{2}a_{22}a_{32}a_{32}^{2} - a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}^{2}a_{31}a_{32}^{2} \right) \\ &= -3M \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ 4 \\ 4 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} - M \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix} - M \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \right) - M \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \right) - M \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 4 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{pmatrix} \right) + M \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\Delta \binom{R}{C} = \det A_{\{1\} \cup R, \{1\} \cup C}$$

$$\Gamma \binom{R}{C} = a_{11} \det A_{R,C} \qquad M(S) = \prod_{(R,C) \in S} \Delta \binom{R}{C} \cdot \prod_{(R,C) \notin S} \Gamma \binom{R}{C}$$

$$\begin{split} a_{11}b_6 &= a_{11} \left(a_{11}a_{22} - a_{12}a_{21} \right) \left(a_{11}a_{23} - a_{13}a_{21} \right) \left(a_{11}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{31} \right) \left(a_{11}a_{33} - a_{13}a_{31} \right) \\ & \cdot \left(a_{11}a_{22}a_{33} - a_{11}a_{23}a_{32} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{33} + a_{12}a_{23}a_{31} + a_{13}a_{21}a_{32} - a_{13}a_{22}a_{31} \right) \\ &= \Delta \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ 1 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \Delta \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \Delta \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \Delta \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \Delta \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \\ &= M \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{Bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \end{Bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{Bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{Bmatrix} \begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \\ &= M \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 4 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{Bmatrix} \end{Bmatrix} \Gamma \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \Gamma \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \Gamma \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 3 \\ 2 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \Gamma \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \\ &= M \left(\end{Bmatrix} \right) \\ &= M \left(\end{Bmatrix} \\ &= a_{11}^5 \left(-6a_{11}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{32}a_{33}^2 + 6a_{11}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{32}^2a_{33} - a_{12}a_{21}a_{23}^2a_{23}^2a_{33} \\ &+ a_{12}a_{22}^2a_{23}a_{31}a_{33}^2 + a_{13}a_{21}a_{22}^2a_{32}a_{32}^2a_{33}^2 - a_{13}a_{22}a_{23}^2a_{31}a_{32}^2 \right) \\ &= -3M \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} - M \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 2 \end{Bmatrix} \right) - M \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \right) - M \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \right) - M \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 2 \end{Bmatrix} \right) - M \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \right) \\ &= -3\Sigma \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix} - \sum \left\{ \begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 2 \end{Bmatrix} \right\} + \sum \left\{ \begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \right\} \right\} \\ &= -3\sum \left(\begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{Bmatrix} \right) - \sum \left\{ \begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \right\} + \sum \left\{ 2 \begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \right\} \right\} \\ &= -3\sum \left\{ \begin{Bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 2 \end{Bmatrix} \right\} - \sum \left\{ \begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \right\} + \sum \left\{ 2 \begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \right\} \right\} \\ &= -3\sum \left\{ \begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \right\} + \sum \left\{ 2 \begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \right\} + \sum \left\{ 2 \begin{Bmatrix} 2 \\ 2 \\ 3 \end{Bmatrix} \right\} \\ &= 22$$

$$\Sigma(S) = \sum_{T=S} M(T)$$

Theorem (Rowland-Wu 2024)

Let A be a 3×3 matrix with positive entries.

The top left entry x of Sink(A) satisfies $b_6x^6 + \cdots + b_1x + b_0 = 0$, where

$$\begin{split} a_{11}b_6 &= \Sigma \binom{\{\}}{\{2\}} \, \{2\} \, \{3\} \, \{3\} \, \{2,3\}\} \\ a_{11}b_5 &= -3\Sigma \binom{\{\}}{\{2\}} \, \{2\} \, \{3\} \, \{3\}\} \\ \{2\} \, \{3\} \, \{2\} \, \{3\}\} \\ \{2\} \, \{3\} \, \{2\} \, \{3\}\} \\ \{2\} \, \{3\} \, \{2\} \, \{3\}\} \\ \{2\} \, \{3\} \, \{2\} \, \{3\}\} \\ \{2\} \, \{3\} \, \{2\} \, \{3\}\} \\ \{2\} \, \{3\} \, \{2\} \, \{3\}\} \\ \{2\} \, \{3\} \, \{2\} \, \{3\}\} \\ \{2\} \, \{3\} \, \{2\} \, \{3\}\} \\ \{2\} \, \{3\} \, \{2\}\} \\ \{2\} \, \{3\} \, \{2\}\} \\ \{2\} \, \{3\} \, \{2\}\} \\ \{2\} \, \{3\} \, \{2\}\} \\ \{2\} \, \{3\} \, \{2\}\} \\ \{2\} \, \{3\}\} \\ \{3\} \, \{3\}\} \\ \{3\} \, \{3\} \} \\ \{3\} \, \{3\} \, \{3\}$$

$$\{3\} \, \{3\} \, \{3\} \, \{3\} \, \{3\} \, \{3\}$$

Why these particular integer coefficients? (Why are they symmetric?)

Why degree 6?
$$1+4+1=6$$
 relevant minors.
$$\begin{bmatrix} a_{11} & a_{12} & a_{13} \\ a_{21} & a_{22} & a_{23} \\ a_{31} & a_{32} & a_{33} \end{bmatrix}$$

For
$$n \times n$$
 matrices: $\sum_{j=0}^{n-1} {n-1 \choose j}^2 = {2n-2 \choose n-1}$ relevant minors.

Conjecture

For $n \times n$ matrices A, the entries of Sink(A) have degree at most $\binom{2n-2}{n-1}$.

$$1 \times 1$$
: degree $\binom{0}{0} = 1$ $x - 1 = 0$

$$2 \times 2$$
: degree $\binom{2}{1} = 2$ $(ad - bc)x^2 - 2adx + ad = 0$

$$3 \times 3$$
: degree $\binom{4}{2} = 6$ (to reappear soon)

$$4 \times 4$$
: degree $\binom{6}{3} = 20$ Gröbner basis computation is infeasible.

$$5 \times 5$$
: degree $\binom{8}{4} = 70$

Central binomial coefficients.

What are the integer coefficients?

Interpolate from examples instead.

We have an explicit polynomial for 4×4 matrices.

Generalization:

Definition

Let A be an $m \times n$ matrix with positive entries. The *Sinkhorn limit* of A is obtained by iteratively scaling so that each row sum is $\frac{m}{n}$.

Existence (in a more general form): Sinkhorn 1967.

1.5 CPU years scaling matrices and recognizing 102K algebraic numbers let us solve for 63K coefficients (and 56K parameterized by free variables).

Theorem (Rowland-Wu 2024)

Let A be a 3×3 matrix with positive entries.

The top left entry x of Sink(A) satisfies $b_6x^6 + \cdots + b_1x + b_0 = 0$, where

$$\begin{split} & a_{11}b_{5} = \Sigma \left(\left\{ \right\}, \left\{ 2\right\}, \left\{ 3\right\}, \left\{ 3\right\}, \left\{ 2, 3\right\} \right) \\ & a_{11}b_{5} = -3\Sigma \left(\left\{ \right\}, \left\{ 2\right\}, \left\{ 3\right\}, \left\{ 2, 3\right\}, \left\{ 2, 3\right\} \right) - \Sigma \left(\left\{ \right\}, \left\{ 2\right\}, \left\{ 3\right\}, \left\{ 2, 3\right\}, \left\{ 2,$$

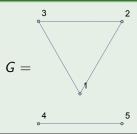
The coefficients seem to be determinants of adjacency-like matrices.

Recall

The adjacency matrix of an *n*-vertex graph is the $n \times n$ matrix with entries

$$a_{ij} = egin{cases} 1 & ext{if vertices } i,j ext{ are connected by an edge} \\ 0 & ext{if not.} \end{cases}$$

Example



$$adj(G) = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Connected components:

$$\det \operatorname{\sf adj}(G_1 + G_2) = \det \operatorname{\sf adj}(G_1) \cdot \det \operatorname{\sf adj}(G_2)$$

adj(S) is a $|S| \times |S|$ matrix.

Underlying graph: Vertex set S. What are the edges/links?

Unlinked minor specs (that nonetheless involve common rows/columns):

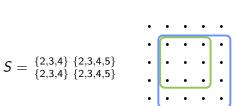
$$S = \begin{cases} 2 \\ \{2,3\} \\ \{4,5\} \\ \{2\} \\ \{3,4\} \\ \{3,4\} \end{cases}$$

Unlinked minor specs (that nonetheless involve common entries):

$$S = \begin{cases} 2 \\ \{2, 3\} \\ \{2, 3, 4\} \end{cases}$$

Type-1 links: Sizes differ by 1, and one is a subset of the other.

$$S = \begin{cases} 2 \\ \{2\} \\ \{2,3\} \end{cases}$$



$$S = {2,3,4} {2,3,4,5}$$

 ${2,3,4} {2,3,4,5}$

Type-2 links: Same sizes, and they differ in exactly 1 row or 1 column.

$$S = {2} {2} {2} {3}$$

$$S = \begin{cases} 2,3 \\ \{2,3\} \end{cases} \begin{cases} 2,3 \}$$

$$S = { \{2,3,4\} \{2,3,4\} \atop \{2,3,4\} \{3,4,5\} }$$



Type-1 links: Sizes differ by 1, and one is a subset of the other.

Type-2 links: Same sizes, and they differ in exactly 1 row or 1 column.

Connected components are built from these.

Two components:

$$S = \begin{cases} 2 \\ \{2,3\} \\ \{2,3\} \\ \{2,3\} \\ \{3,4\} \\ \{2,3,4\} \end{cases}$$

One component:

$$S = \begin{cases} 2 \\ \{2,3\} \\ \{2,3\} \\ \{2,3\} \\ \{2,3,4\} \end{cases}$$

To define adj(S), it suffices to define it for linked pairs and singletons.

$\operatorname{adj}_{S}(m,n)$ is a $|S| \times |S|$ matrix with entries that are linear in m,n.

Definition

Let $S = \frac{R_1}{C_1} \frac{R_2}{C_2}$. If $\frac{R_1}{C_1}$ and $\frac{R_2}{C_2}$ form a . . .

• type-1 link with $|R_1| + 1 = |R_2|$,

$$\mathsf{adj}_{\mathcal{S}}(\mathit{m},\mathit{n}) := \begin{bmatrix} |\mathit{R}_1|(\mathit{m}+\mathit{n}) - \mathit{m}\mathit{n} & \mathit{m} \\ -\mathit{n} & |\mathit{R}_2|(\mathit{m}+\mathit{n}) - \mathit{m}\mathit{n} \end{bmatrix}.$$

• type-2 link with $R_1 = R_2$,

$$\operatorname{adj}_{S}(m,n) := \begin{bmatrix} |R_{1}|(m+n)-mn & -m \\ -m & |R_{2}|(m+n)-mn \end{bmatrix}.$$

• type-2 link with $C_1 = C_2$,

$$\operatorname{\mathsf{adj}}_{\mathcal{S}}(m,n) := egin{bmatrix} |R_1|(m+n) - mn & -n \ -n & |R_2|(m+n) - mn \end{bmatrix}.$$

If $\frac{R_1}{C_1}$ and $\frac{R_2}{C_2}$ are not linked,

$$\operatorname{\mathsf{adj}}_{\mathcal{S}}(m,n) := egin{bmatrix} |R_1|(m+n) - mn & 0 \ 0 & |R_2|(m+n) - mn \end{bmatrix}.$$

Example

For
$$S = \begin{cases} 2 \\ \{2\} \\ \{3\} \\ \{2,3\} \end{cases}$$
,
$$\operatorname{adj}_{S}(m,n) = \begin{bmatrix} m+n-mn & 0 & m \\ 0 & m+n-mn & m \\ -n & -n & 2m+2n-mn \end{bmatrix}.$$

This agrees with values we computed numerically.

Example

For
$$S = \begin{cases} \{2,3\} & \{2,3\} \\ \{2,3\} & \{2,4\} & \{2,5\} \end{cases}$$
,
$$\operatorname{adj}_S(m,n) = \begin{bmatrix} 2m + 2n - mn & -m & -m \\ -m & 2m + 2n - mn & -m \\ -m & -m & 2m + 2n - mn \end{bmatrix}.$$

This does not agree with values we computed. A sign change is required:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2m+2n-mn & m & m \\ m & 2m+2n-mn & m \\ m & m & 2m+2n-mn \end{bmatrix}$$

Summary

Each entry of an $m \times n$ Sinkhorn limit is algebraic with degree $\leq {m+n-2 \choose m-1}$ (the number of minor specifications not involving the first row/column).

The polynomial describing an entry is a linear combination of $M(S)x^{|S|}$ where S ranges over the subsets of minor specifications.

The coefficient of $M(S)x^{|S|}$ is the determinant of an adjacency-like matrix. We don't know the signs of the off-diagonal entries.

All of this is conjectural.

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