Dialogic_®

Dialogic[®] Audio Conferencing API

Library Reference

November 2007

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Revision History

This revision history summarizes the changes made in each published version of this document.

Document No.	Publication Date	Description of Revisions
05-1843-005	September 2007	Made global changes to reflect Dialogic brand.
05-1843-004	May 2006	dcb_GetPartyParm(), and dcb_SetPartyParm(): Added functions to support direct application control of output volume (per party). Also added cross references to these functions.
		Function Information: Added note to the following functions indicating that they are not supported on HMP software: dcb_GetAtiBitsEx(), dcb_GetPartyParm(), and dcb_SetPartyParm().
		Error Codes: Added HMP-only error code (EDT_HSIBRIDGEERR). Also added to dcb_addtoconf() and dcb_estconf() functions.
		dcb_setbrdparm() and dcb_getbrdparm(): Changed the description of the MSG_ACTID parameter to indicate that it enables/disables active talker identification (or notification) and not the active talker feature itself (IPY00006584 = PTR 36199 and IPY00010946 = PTR 36323).
05-1843-003	February 2005	dcb_GetAtiBitsEx() and dcb_gettalkers() functions: Described the functions and the active talker feature more accurately (PTR 34210).
		dcb_getbrdparm() and dcb_setbrdparm() functions: Described the active talker parameters more accurately (PTR 34210), including stating that by default it is enabled for DM3 architecture boards, removing the MSG_ALGORITHM parameter (PTR 34382), which does not apply to DM3, and clarifying the MSG_ACTTALKERNOTIFYINTERVAL parameter, providing default value, units, etc. Also, clarified the MSG_TONECLAMP parameter (PTR 34672).
		dcb_CreateBridge(), dcb_dsprescount(), and dcb_estconf() functions: . Added details on maximum conference size, maximum number of conference resources, and conference bridging and clarified descriptions.
		dcb_remfromconf() function: Added note to cdt parameter that the party attributes are ignored.
		MS_CDT data structure: Added details and clarified description of structure and attributes. Added note that MSPA_PARTYTONECLAMP attribute is used to enable tone clamping on a per-party basis. Added note on using MSPA_MODEXMITONLY to add a music resource to a conference in a background music application, such as a dating chat line application where two callers talk while music plays in the background.

Revision History

Document No.	Publication Date	Description of Revisions
05-1843-002	August 2004	Global changes: Removed references to operating system errno global variable and errno.h from example code and include files lists (PTR 28014).
		Error Codes chapter: For EDT_SYSTEM, corrected error code description to say "operating system error." Added E_MSSYSTEM to list of codes.
		MS_CDT data structure: Use echo cancellation on analog lines, especially with Coach/Pupil (PTR 32072).
		Enable echo cancellation using dcb_estconf() or dcb_addtoconf(); you cannot use dcb_setcde() to enable or disable echo cancellation (PTR 29542).
		dcb_setcde() function: Cannot use dcb_setcde() to enable or disable echo cancellation (PTR 29542).
		dcb_estconf() function: Maximum value for numpty is 24. (PTR 31432)
05-1843-001	September 2002	Initial version of document. Much of the information contained in this document was previously published in the <i>Audio Conferencing Software Reference for Linux</i> , document number 05-0510-004 and the <i>Dialogic Audio Conferencing Software Reference for Windows</i> , document number 05-0512-002.

About This Publication

The following topics provide information about this publication:

- Purpose
- Applicability
- Intended Audience
- How to Use This Publication
- Related Information

Purpose

This publication provides a reference to the functions, parameters and data structures in the audio conferencing library. These functions and parameters allow you to build audio conferencing applications.

This publication is a companion document to the *Dialogic*[®] *Audio Conferencing API Programming Guide*, the *Dialogic*[®] *Standard Runtime Library API Programming Guide* and the *Dialogic*[®] *Standard Runtime Library API Library Reference*.

Applicability

This document version (05-1843-005) is published for Dialogic® Host Media Processing (HMP) Software Release 3.1LIN.

This document may also be applicable to other software releases (including service updates) on Linux or Windows® operating systems. Check the Release Guide for your software release to determine whether this document is supported.

Intended Audience

This information is intended for:

- Distributors
- System Integrators
- Toolkit Developers
- Independent Software Vendors (ISVs)
- Value Added Resellers (VARs)
- Original Equipment Manufacturers (OEMs)

How to Use This Publication

This document assumes that you are familiar with the Linux or Windows® operating system and the C programming language.

The information in this publication is organized as follows:

- Chapter 1, "Function Summary by Category" introduces the various categories of audio conferencing API functions and provides a brief description of each function.
- Chapter 2, "Function Information" provides an alphabetical reference to the audio conferencing API functions.
- Chapter 3, "Events" includes an alphabetical reference to events that may be returned by the audio conferencing library.
- Chapter 4, "Data Structures" provides an alphabetical reference to the data structures used by the audio conferencing library.
- Chapter 5, "Error Codes" presents a listing of error codes that may be returned by the audio conferencing library.

Related Information

See the following for additional information:

- http://www.dialogic.com/manuals/ (for Dialogic® product documentation)
- http://www.dialogic.com/support/ (for Dialogic technical support)
- http://www.dialogic.com/ (for Dialogic® product information)

Function Summary by Category

The Dialogic[®] Audio Conferencing library functions provide the building blocks for creating conferencing applications with Dialogic[®] DM3 architecture boards. These functions can be divided into the following categories:

•	Auxiliary Functions	. 9
•	Conference Management Functions	. 9
•	Configuration Functions	. 10
•	Device Management Functions	. 11

1.1 Auxiliary Functions

The following functions add flexibility while using the active talker feature, and allow your application to get/set the status of audio conferencing API events:

dcb_evtstatus()

gets or sets the status of a process-wide event, not a specific device handle

dcb GetAtiBitsEx()

gets active talkers for all conferences on a DSP

dcb_gettalkers()

gets active talkers and party attributes for a specific conference

1.2 Conference Management Functions

The following functions are used to manage all conference activities:

dcb addtoconf()

adds one conferee to an existing conference

dcb_CreateBridge()

creates a conference bridge

dcb_delconf()

deletes an individual conference

dcb DeleteAllConferences()

deletes all established conferences

dcb DeleteBridge()

deletes a conference bridge

dcb_estconf()

establishes a conference

Function Summary by Category

```
dcb_getcde()
    retrieves the attributes of a conference (conference descriptor element)
dcb_getcnflist( )
    gets a list of conferees in a conference
dcb GetPartvParm( )
    gets current parameters for a conferee
dcb_monconf( )
    adds a monitor to a conference
dcb remfromconf()
    removes a conferee from a conference
dcb_setcde( )
    sets the attributes of a conferee
dcb_SetPartyParm( )
    gets current parameters for a conferee
dcb unmonconf( )
    removes the monitor from a conference
```

1.3 **Configuration Functions**

These functions set the conference board or digital signal processor (DSP) device parameters, check the status of the conference board or DSP device parameter settings, and retrieve or set specific information about DSPs or conferences. The following configuration functions exist in the audio conferencing library:

```
dcb_dsprescount( )
    retrieves the free conferencing resource count
dcb getbrdparm()
    gets conference board device parameters
dcb_getdigitmsk( )
    reads the digit event message mask
dcb setbrdparm( )
    changes conference board device parameters
dcb setdigitmsk()
    sets the digit event message mask
```

1.4 Device Management Functions

These functions are used to open and close conference devices. A conference device can be a board or an individual DSP on a board. Before using any audio conferencing library functions, a conference device must be opened. Each time a device is successfully opened using **dcb_open()**, the function returns a unique device handle.

dcb_open()
 opens a conference device
dcb_close()
 closes a conference device

Function Summary by Category

This chapter provides an alphabetical reference to the functions in the Dialogic[®] Audio Conferencing API library.

2.1 Function Syntax Conventions

The audio conferencing functions use the following syntax:

```
int dcb_function(devh, parameter1, ...parameterN)
where:
int
    refers to the data type integer
dcb_function
    represents the function name. All conferencing functions begin with "dcb"
devh
    represents the device handle, which is a numerical reference to a conference device. A device handle is obtained when a conference device is opened, it is used for all operations on that device.

parameter1
    represents the first parameter
parameterN
    represents the last parameter
```

dcb_addtoconf()

Name: int dcb_addtoconf(devh, confid, cdt)

Inputs: int devh • valid DSP device handle

int confid • conference identifier

MS_CDT *cdt • pointer to conference descriptor element

Returns: 0 on success

-1 on failure

Includes: srllib.h

dtilib.h msilib.h dcblib.h

Category: Conference Management

Mode: synchronous

Dialogic® DM3
Platform:

Description

The dcb_addtoconf() function adds one conferee to an existing conference.

Parameter	Description
devh	specifies the valid device handle obtained when the DSP device was opened using dcb_open()
confid	specifies the conference to which the conferee will be added
cdt	points to an MS_CDT data structure that defines the attributes of the added conferee

Notes: 1. Only one conferee can be added at a time using this function.

2. Invoking this function uses one conferencing resource each time a conferee is successfully added to a conference.

When a conferee is added to a conference, the TDM bus time slot number to listen to is returned in the chan_lts field of the MS_CDT data structure. The chan_attr field in the MS_CDT structure is redefined in the *msilib.h* file as follows:

```
#define chan lts chan attr
```

The chan_lts value must be used by the application to listen to the conferenced signal.

Cautions

This function fails when:

- The device handle specified is invalid.
- Too many parties are specified for a single conference.
- The conference identifier is invalid.
- Conference resources are not available on the DSP.

Errors

If this function returns -1 to indicate failure, obtain the reason for the error by calling the Standard Runtime Library standard attribute function ATDV_LASTERR() or ATDV_ERRMSGP() to retrieve either the error code or a pointer to the error description, respectively.

Refer to Chapter 5, "Error Codes" of this guide for a list of error codes. Error defines can be found in *dtilib.h. msilib.h* or *dcblib.h*.

Note: Dialogic[®] Host Media Processing (HMP) Software Only: An EDT_HSIBRIDGEERR indicates that an error occurred in creating a conference or adding a party to a confrence because parties are on a different bus fabric than the conference and a Host Streaming Interface (HSI) bridge connection could not be created between Dialogic[®] HMP Software and the board. You may be able to recover from this error by waiting for an HSI bridge connection to become available when parties are removed and/or conferences are deleted.

Example

```
#include <windows.h> /*include in Windows applications only; exclude in Linux*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "dtilib.h"
#include "msilib.h"
#include "dcblib.h"
#define NUM PARTIES
main()
  int dspdevh;
                                        /* Conference board DSP device descriptor
  int tsdevh1, tsdevh2, tsdevh3;
                                       /* Time slot device descriptor */
  MS_CDT cdt[NUM_PARTIES];
                                       /* Conference descriptor table */
                                        /* Conference identifier */
  int confid;
   SC TSINFO tsinfo;
                                        /* Time slot information structure */
  long scts;
                                        /* TDM bus time slot */
   /* Open conference board 1, DSP 1 device */
   if ((dspdevh = dcb_open("dcbB1D1",0)) == -1) {
     printf( "Cannot open dcbB1D1: system error/n");
     exit(1);
   /* Assume conference board is connected to a DTI via TDM bus */
   /* Open DTI board 1, time slot 1 */
   if ((tsdevh1 = dt_open("dtiB1T1",0)) == -1) {
     printf( "Cannot open dtiB1T1: system error/n");
     exit(1);
   /* Fill in the time slot information structure */
   tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
   tsinfo.sc_tsarrayp = &scts;
```

dcb_addtoconf() — add one conferee to an existing conference

```
/\ast Get the TDM bus transmit time slot of tsdevh1 ^{\ast}/
if (dt_getxmitslot(tsdevh1, &tsinfo) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
  exit(1);
/* Conferee has no special attributes */
/* Open DTI board 1, time slot 2 */
if ((tsdevh2 = dt open("dtiB1T2",0)) == -1) {
  printf( "Cannot open dtiB1T2: system error/n");
   exit(1);
/* Get the TDM bus transmit time slot of tsdevh2 */
if (dt_getxmitslot(tsdevh2, &tsinfo) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
  exit(1);
/\!\!\!\!\!\!^{\star} TDM bus time slot to be conferenced ^{\star}/\!\!\!\!\!\!\!
/*Conferee has no special attributes*/
cdt[1].chan.attr = MSPA NULL;
/* Establish a 2 party conference */
if (dcb estconf(dspdevh, cdt, NUM PARTIES, MSCA ND, &confid) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
   exit(1);
/* Open DTI board 1, time slot 3 */
if ((tsdevh3 = dt open("dtiB1T3",0)) == -1) {
  printf("Cannot open dtiB1T3: system error/n");
   exit(1);
/* Do a listen for tsdevh1 */
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &cdt[0].chan lts;
if (dt listen(tsdevhl,&tsinfo) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
/* Do a listen for tsdevh2 */
tsinfo.sc_numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &cdt[1].chan lts;
if (dt listen(tsdevh2,&tsinfo) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
   exit(1);
/* Fill in the time slot information structure */
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc_tsarrayp = &scts;
/* Get the TDM bus transmit time slot of tsdevh3 */
if (dt getxmitslot(tsdevh3, &tsinfo) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh3));
   exit(1);
```

```
/* Add another conferee to conference */
  cdt[0].chan_num = (int)scts;  /* scts is the time slot... */
   cdt[0].chan sel = MSPN TS;
                                   /* ...returned from getxmitslot()*/
  cdt[0].chan_attr = MSPA_COACH;
  if (dcb addtoconf(dspdevh, confid, &cdt) == -1) {
     printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
   else
     printf("Party added to conference\n");
   /* Do a listen for tsdevh3 */
   tsinfo.sc_numts = 1;
   tsinfo.sc_tsarrayp = &cdt[0].chan_lts;
   if (dt_listen(tsdevh3,&tsinfo) == -1) {
     printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh3));
     exit(1);
   /* Continue processing */
   /\!\!\!\!\!\!^{\star} Unlisten the time slots ^{\star}/\!\!\!\!\!
  if (dt unlisten(tsdevh1) == -1) {
     printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevhl));
     exit(1);
   if (dt unlisten(tsdevh2) == -1) {
     printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
      exit(1);
   if (dt unlisten(tsdevh3) == -1) {
     printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh3));
     exit(1);
   /* Delete the conference */
   if (dcb_delconf(dspdevh, confid) == -1) {
     printf("Cannot delete conference %d. Error Message = %s", confid,
           ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
     exit(1);
   if (dt close(tsdevh1) == -1) {
     printf("Error closing tsdevh1\n");
     exit(1);
   if (dt close(tsdevh2) == -1) {
    printf("Error closing tsdevh2\n");
     exit(1);
if (dt close(tsdevh3) == -1) {
    printf("Error closing tsdevh3\n");
     exit(1);
   if (dcb close(dspdevh) == -1){
     printf("Cannot close dcbB1D1: system error/n");
     exit(1);
```

dcb_addtoconf() — add one conferee to an existing conference

■ See Also

- dcb_delconf()
- dcb_DeleteAllConferences()
- dcb_estconf()
- dcb_remfromconf()

dcb_close()

Name: int dcb_close(devh)

Inputs: int devh • valid board or DSP device handle

Returns: 0 on success

-1 on failure

Includes: srllib.h

dtilib.h msilib.h dcblib.h

Category: Device Management

Mode: synchronous

Dialogic[®] DM3

Description

The **dcb_close()** function closes the conference device previously opened by **dcb_open()**. The devices are either conference boards or individual DSPs on the conference board. The **dcb_close()** function releases the device handle. Refer to the *Dialogic® Audio Conferencing API Programming Guide* for complete information about device names.

Parameter	Description
devh	specifies the valid device handle obtained when the board or DSP device was
	opened using dcb_open()

Cautions

- This function fails if the device handle is invalid.
- The **dcb_close()** function affects only the link between the calling process or thread and the device. Other processes or threads are unaffected by **dcb_close()**.
- If event notification is active for the device to be closed, call the Standard Runtime Library sr_dishdlr() function to disable the event handler prior to calling dcb_close().
- A call to **dcb_close()** does not affect the configuration of the conferencing board.

Errors

The **dcb_close()** function does not return errors in the standard return code format. If an error occurred during the **dcb_close()** call, a -1 will be returned, and it indicates a operating system error.

Example

```
#include <windows.h> /*include in Windows applications only; exclude in Linux*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "dtilib.h"
#include "msilib.h"
#include "dcblib.h"
main()
  int dspdevh; /* DSP device descriptor variable */
   /* Open conference board 1, DSP 2 device */
   if ((dspdevh = dcb_open("dcbB1D2",0)) == -1) {
     printf("Cannot open DSP dcbB1D2: system error/n");
      exit(1);
   /* Continue Processing */
   /\!\!\!\!\!\!^{\star} Done processing - close device \!\!\!\!\!\!^{\star}/\!\!\!\!\!\!
   if (dcb_close(dspdevh) == -1) {
     printf("Cannot close DSP dcbB1D2: system error/n");
      exit(1);
```

See Also

• dcb_open()

dcb_CreateBridge()

Name: int dcb_CreateBridge(hSrlDeviceA, nConferenceIDA, hSrlDeviceB, nConferenceIDB,

Bridgecdt, unMode, rfu)

Inputs: int hSrlDeviceA

int nConferenceIDA

int hSrlDeviceB

int nConferenceIDB

TS_BRIDGECDT * Bridgecdt

unsigned short unMode

void *rfu

Returns: 0 on success

-1 on failure

Includes: srllib.h

dtilib.h msilib.h dcblib.h

Category: Conference Management

Mode: synchronous or asynchronous

Dialogic® DM3 Platform:

• valid DSP device handle of the master conference

• conference identifier for the master conference

• valid DSP device handle of the conference that will be

bridged to the master conference

• conference identifier of the conference that will be bridged

to the master conference

• pointer to a conference bridge descriptor element

• mode of the function

• void pointer that is reserved for future use

Description

The dcb_CreateBridge() function establishes a bridge between two conferences. A bridge is a link between conferences that allows each conferee within the distinct conferences to communicate as though they were part of a single conference. A bridge connects two conferences together by adding a secondary conference to a master conference as though it were an individual NULL conferee. A bridge consumes two conference resources (one in each conference).

Parameter	Description
hSrlDeviceA	specifies the valid device handle for the master conference obtained when the DSP device was opened using dcb_open()
nConferenceIDA	indicates the conference identifier number of the master conference
hSrlDeviceB	specifies the valid DSP device handle used by the conference that will be bridged to the master conference
nConferenceIDB	indicates the conference identifier number of the conference that will be bridged to the master conference

Parameter	Description
Bridgecdt	points to the TS_BRIDGECDT data structure that defines the attributes of the conference bridge
unMode	 specifies whether the function should run asynchronously or synchronously. Possible values are as follows: EV_ASYNC – Function runs in asynchronous mode. Returns -1 to indicate failure to initiate. Returns 0 to indicate success and then generates either the DCBEV_BRIDGESTABLISHED termination event to indicate successful completion (conference bridge established), or the DCBEV_ERREVT in case of error. The DCBEV_BRIDGESTABLISHED event will have the TS_BRIDGECDT data structure as its associated data. The nBridgeID element in this structure can be used to identify the bridge. The DCBEV_ERREVT event will have the TS_BRIDGECDT data structure as its associated data. The BridgeID element in this structure can be used to identify the bridge
	 Note: Use the Standard Runtime Library event management functions to handle the termination events. EV_SYNC – Function runs in synchronous mode. Returns -1 on failure and 0 on success.
rfu	reserved for future use. Set this parameter to NULL.

- **Notes:** 1. Conference bridging can be used to effectively expand a conference beyond the maximum size allowed by your particular configuration. Before a conference reaches its maximum size, create a second (master) conference and then connect the two conferences via a bridge.
 - 2. The total number of conference resources, as well as other conference resource limitations if any exist (such as the maximum conference size), depends upon either your particular board and its media load or the resource configuration of your Dialogic[®] HMP resource license. For specific conferencing resource information applicable to a particular board and its media load, see the Configuration Guide associated with your release.
 - 3. Each conference bridge that is established consumes one conferencing resource within the master conference and one conferencing resource within the conference that is being bridged to the master conference.
 - **4.** It is possible to bridge together conferences that use the same DSP. In this case, the **hSrlDeviceA** and **hSrlDeviceB** parameters are the same.
 - 5. The coach/pupil feature does not span conference bridges. Coach and pupil must be in the same conference.
 - 6. The active talker feature does not span conference bridges; that is, there is no active talker summing across conference bridges and active talkers are reported separately for each conference.

Cautions

This function fails when:

- An invalid device handle is specified.
- Conference resources are not available on the DSP.

Errors

If this function returns -1 to indicate failure, obtain the reason for the error by calling the Standard Runtime Library standard attribute function ATDV_LASTERR() or ATDV_ERRMSGP() to retrieve either the error code or a pointer to the error description, respectively.

Refer to Chapter 5, "Error Codes" of this guide for a list of error codes. Error defines can be found in *dtilib.h. msilib.h* or *dcblib.h.*

Example

```
#include <windows.h> /*include in Windows applications only; exclude in Linux*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "dtilib.h"
#include "msilib.h"
#include "dcblib.h"
#define NUM PARTIES 2
void main()
  MS_CDT cdtA[NUM_PARTIES]; /*conference descriptor table for conference A*/
MS_CDT cdtB[NUM_PARTIES]; /*conference descriptore table for conference B*/
  SC_TSINFO tsinfo; /*time slot information data structure*/
int nConferenceIDA; /*Conference ID of conference A*/
int nConferenceIDB; /*Conference ID of conference B*/
long scts; /*TDM bus time slot*/
   TS BRIDGECDT Bridgecdt1; /*Bridge CDT for bridge 1*/
   TS BRIDGECDT objBridge;
   Bridgecdt1 = &objBridge;
   /*open conference board 1, DSP 2 device*/
   if ((dspdevh = dcb_open("dcbB1D2", 0) == -1)) {
      printf("Cannot open dcbB1D2: system error/n");
      exit(1);
   /*open network board 1, time slot 1*/
   if ((tsdevhA1 = dt open("dtiB1T1", 0) == -1)) {
      printf("Cannot open dtiB1T1: system error/n");
   tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
   tsinfo.sc_tsarrayp = &scts;
   if (dt getxmitslot(tsdevhAl, &tsinfo) == -1) {
      printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevhA1));
   /*Set up CDT data structure*/
   cdtA[0].chan num = (int)scts; /*scts is the time slot....*/
   cdtA[0].chan sel = MSPN TS; /*...returned from getxmitslot()*/
   cdtA[0].chan attr = MSPA TARIFF;
```

```
/*open board 1, time slot 2*/
if ((tsdevhA2 = dt_open("dtiB1T2", 0) == -1)) {
  printf("Cannot open dtiB1T2: system error/n");
   exit(1);
if (dt_getxmitslot(tsdevhA2, &tsinfo) == -1)) {
   printf("dt getxmitslot: Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevhA2));
   exit(1);
/*TDM bus time slot to be conferenced*/
cdtA[1].chan num = (int)scts; /*scts is the time slot....*/
cdtA[1].chan sel = MSPN TS; /*...returned from getxmitslot()*/
cdtA[1].chan attr = MSPA PUPIL; /*conferee may be coached later*/
/*establish conference A*/
if (dcb estconf(dspdevh, cdtA, NUM PARTIES, MSCA ND, &nConferenceIDA) == -1) {
  printf("dcb estconf: Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
/*open network board 1, time slot 1*/
if ((tsdevhB1 = dt_open("dtiB1T1",0) == -1)) {
  printf("Cannot open dtiB1T1: system error/n");
   exit(1);
tsinfo.sc_numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &scts;
/*Set up CDT data structure*/
cdtB[0].chan num = (int)scts; /*scts is the time slot....*/
cdtB[0].chan sel = MSPN TS; /*...returned from getxmitslot()*/
cdtB[0].chan attr = MSPA TARIFF;
/*open board 2, time slot 2*/
if ((tsdevhB2 = dt open("dtiB2T2", 0) == -1)) {
  printf("Cannot open dtiB2T2: system error/n");
   exit(1);
 /*TDM bus time slot to be conferenced*/
cdtB[1].chan num = (int)scts; /*scts is the time slot....*/
cdtB[1].chan_sel = MSPN_TS; /*...returned from getxmitslot()*/
cdtB[1].chan attr = MSPA PUPIL; /*conferee may be coached later*/
/*establish conference B*/
if (dcb estconf(dspdevh, cdtB, NUM PARTIES, MSCA ND, &nConferenceIDB) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
/*create bridge between conf A and conf B*/
if (dcb_CreateBridge(dspdevh, nConferenceIDA, dspdevh, nConferenceIDB, Bridgecdt1, EV_ASYNC,
  printf(``Error occurred during CreateBridge \$s \n'', ATDV\_ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
else
  printf("dcb_CreateBridge passed\n");
```

dcb_CreateBridge() — establish a conference bridge

```
*Continue Processing
   /\,{}^{\star}\text{delete} bridge between conf A and conf {\rm B}^{\star}/\,
   if (dcb DeleteBridge(dspdevh, nConferenceIDA, dspdevh, nConferenceIDB, Bridgecdtl, EV ASYNC,
NULL) ==-1)
   {
     printf("Error occurred during DeleteBridge %s \n", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
   else
      printf("dcb DeleteBridge passed\n");
   if (dt close(tsdevhA1) == -1) {
     printf("Error closing tsdevh1 \n");
   if (dt close(tsdevhA2) == -1) {
     printf("Error closing tsdevh2 \n");
      exit(1);
   if (dt close(tsdevhB1) == -1) {
      printf("Error closing tsdevh1 \n");
      exit(1);
   if (dt close(tsdevhB2) == -1) {
     printf("Error closing tsdevh2 \n");
      exit(1);
   /*Delete the conference*/
   if (dcb_delconf(dspdevh, nConferenceIDA) == -1)) {
     printf("Cannot delete conference %d. Error message = %s", nConferenceIDA,
ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
     exit(1);
   if (dcb delconf(dspdevh, nConferenceIDB) == -1)) {
     printf("Cannot delete conference %d. Error Message = %s", nConferenceIDB,
ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
     exit(1);
   /*done processing--close device*/
   if (dcb \ close(dspdevh) == -1) {
     printf("Cannot close DSP dcbB1D2: system error/n");
```

■ See Also

• dcb_DeleteBridge()

dcb_delconf()

Name: int dcb_delconf(devh, confid)

Inputs: int devh • valid DSP device handle

int confid • conference identifier

Returns: 0 on success

-1 on failure

Includes: srllib.h

dtilib.h msilib.h dcblib.h

Category: Conference Management

Mode: synchronous

Dialogic[®] DM3

Description

The **dcb_delconf()** function deletes a previously established conference. The conference identifier specifies the conference to be deleted.

Parameter	Description
devh	specifies the valid device handle obtained when the DSP device was opened using dcb_open()
confid	indicates the conference identifier of the conference to be deleted

Notes: 1. Calling this function frees all resources in use by the conference.

2. Call the appropriate xx_unlisten() function for each conferee before dcb_delconf() is called.

Cautions

This function fails when:

- The specified device handle is invalid.
- The conference identifier is invalid.

Errors

If this function returns -1 to indicate failure, obtain the reason for the error by calling the Standard Runtime Library standard attribute function ATDV_LASTERR() or ATDV_ERRMSGP() to retrieve either the error code or a pointer to the error description, respectively.

Refer to Chapter 5, "Error Codes" of this guide for a list of error codes. Error defines can be found in *dtilib.h*, *msilib.h* or *dcblib.h*.

Example

```
#include <windows.h> /*include in Windows applications only; exclude in Linux*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "dtilib.h"
#include "msilib.h"
#include "dcblib.h"
#define NUM_PARTIES 2
main()
  int confid;
                              /* Time slot information structure */
  SC_TSINFO tsinfo;
  long scts;
                               /* TDM bus time slot */
   /* Open conference board 1, DSP 2 device */
  if ((dspdevh = dcb open("dcbB1D2",0)) == -1) {
     printf("Cannot open dcbB1D2: system error/n");
     exit(1);
   /* Assume DCB/SC connected to a DTI via TDM bus. */
   /* Open DTI board 1, time slot 1 */
   if ((tsdevh1 = dt_open("dtiB1T1",0)) == -1) {
     printf( "Cannot open dtiB1T1: system error/n");
     exit(1);
   /* Get TDM bus transmit time slot of tsdevh1 */
   if (dt getxmitslot(tsdevhl, &tsinfo) == -1) {
     printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
     exit(1);
   /* Set up CDT structure */
  /* Set up CDT Structure /
cdt[0].chan_num = (int)scts; /* TDM bus time slot returned */
cdt[0].chan_sel = MSPN_TS; /* from dt_getxmitslot() */
cdt[0].chan_attr = MSPA_NULL; /* Conferee has no special attributes */
   /* Open DTI board 1, time slot 2 */
   if ((tsdevh2 = dt open("dtiB1T2", 0)) == -1) {
     printf( "Cannot open dtiB1T2: system error/n");
     exit(1);
   /* Get TDM bus transmit time slot of tsdevh2 */
   if (dt getxmitslot(tsdevh2, &tsinfo) == -1) {
     printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
     exit(1);
   /* Set up CDT structure */
```

```
/* Establish a 2 party conference */
if (dcb estconf(dspdevh, cdt, NUM PARTIES, MSCA ND, &confid) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
/* Do a listen for time slot tsdevh1 */
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &cdt[0].chan lts;
if (dt listen(tsdevhl,&tsinfo) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
  exit(1);
/* Do a listen for the time slot tsdevh2 */
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc_tsarrayp = &cdt[1].chan_lts;
if (dt listen(tsdevh2,&tsinfo) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
   exit(1);
/* Continue Processing */
/* Unlisten the time slots */
if (dt unlisten(tsdevh1) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
if (dt unlisten(tsdevh2) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
/* Delete the conference */
if (dcb_delconf(dspdevh, confid) == -1) {
  printf("Cannot delete conference %d. Error Message = %s", confid,
        ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
  exit(1);
else
  printf("Conference deleted\n");
/* Done processing - close all open devices */
if(dcb close(dspdevh) == -1) {
  printf("Cannot close dcbB1D2: system error/n");
  exit(1);
}
if(dt_close(tsdevh2) == -1) {
  printf("Cannot close dtiB1T2: system error/n");
   exit(1);
if(dt close(tsdevh1) == -1) {
  printf("Cannot close dtiB1T1: system error/n");
   exit(1);
}
```

■ See Also

• dcb_addtoconf()

delete a previously established conference — dcb_delconf()

- dcb_estconf()
- dcb_remfromconf()

dcb_DeleteAllConferences()

Name: int dcb_DeleteAllConferences(devh, mode, rfu)

Inputs: int devh • valid DSP device handle

unsigned short mode • mode of the function

void* rfu • void pointer that is reserved for future use

Returns: 0 on success

-1 on failure

Includes: srllib.h

dtilib.h msilib.h dcblib.h

Category: Conference Management

Mode: synchronous/asynchronous

Dialogic[®] DM3

Description

The dcb_DeleteAllConferences() function deletes all established conferences. This function is provided for recovery purposes. A typical use would be if an application had to be restarted due to an abnormal termination: rather than downloading the firmware to re-initialize the boards, this function could be called to delete all conferences that might be left active in the firmware.

Parameter	Description
devh	indicates the valid device handle obtained when the DSP device was opened using dcb_open()
mode	 specifies whether the function should run asynchronously or synchronously. Possible values are as follows: EV_ASYNC – Function runs in asynchronous mode. Returns -1 to indicate failure to initiate. Returns 0 to indicate successful initiation and then generates either the DCBEV_DELALLCONF termination event to indicate successful completion (all conferences deleted), or the DCBEV_ERREVT in case of error.
	 Note: Use the Standard Runtime Library event management functions to handle the termination events. EV_SYNC – Function runs in synchronous mode. Returns -1 on failure and 0 on success.
rfu	reserved for future use. Set this parameter to NULL.

Note: Calling this function frees all resources in use by all the conferences on the specified DSP device.

Cautions

- This function fails when the specified device handle is invalid.
- This function is intended for application program recovery purposes. (The dcb_delconf() function is intended for standard conference management purposes and should be used with the appropriate xx_unlisten() routing functions.)
- In a multi-threaded or multi-process environment, DCB functions should not be invoked at the same time **dcb_DeleteAllConferences()** is called.
- When this function is executed, it will not perform **xx_unlisten()** operations upon devices listening to conference time slots. It is the application's responsibility to perform unrouting using **xx_unlisten()** functions.

Errors

if this function returns -1 to indicate failure, obtain the reason for the error by calling the Standard Runtime Library standard attribute function **ATDV_LASTERR()** or **ATDV_ERRMSGP()** to retrieve either the error code or a pointer to the error description, respectively.

Refer to Chapter 5, "Error Codes" of this guide for a list of error codes. Error defines can be found in *dtilib.h*, *msilib.h* or *dcblib.h*.

Example A

```
#include <windows.h> /*include in Windows applications only; exclude in Linux*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "dtilib.h"
#include "msilib.h"
#include "dcblib.h"
int dspdevh=0;
int DeleteAllConferences (void);
void main (void)
 char DeviceName[16];
 sprintf(DeviceName, "dcbB1D1");
 printf("Trying to open device = %s\n", DeviceName);
 if ( (dspdevh = dcb open(DeviceName, 0)) == -1) {
   printf("Cannot open device %s: system error/n", DeviceName);
   exit(1);
 else
   printf("Open successfull for \$s... dspdevh=0x\$x\n", DeviceName, dspdevh);
  /* Establish Conferences and Continue Processing */
  /* Delete all Active Conferences */
 DeleteAllConferences();
  /* Done processing - Close device */
 if (dcb close(dspdevh) == -1) {
   printf("Cannot close device %s: system error/n", DeviceName);
   exit(1):
 else {
```

dcb_DeleteAllConferences() — delete all established conferences

■ See Also

- dcb_addtoconf()
- dcb_delconf()
- dcb_estconf()
- dcb_remfromconf()

dcb_DeleteBridge()

Name: int dcb_DeleteBridge(hSrlDeviceA, nConferenceIDA, hSrlDeviceB, nConferenceIDB,

Bridgecdt, unMode, rfu)

Inputs: int hSrlDeviceA

int nConferenceIDA

int hSrlDeviceB

int nConferenceIDB

TS_BRIDGECDT *Bridgecdt

unsigned short unMode

void *rfu

Returns: 0 on success

-1 on failure

Includes: srllib.h

dtilib.h msilib.h dcblib.h

Category: Conference Management

Mode: Asynchronous or synchronous

Dialogic® DM3 Platform:

• valid DSP device handle of the master conference

• conference identifier for the master conference

• valid DSP device handle of the conference that is bridged to the master conference

• conference identifier of the conference that is bridged to the

master conference

• pointer to a conference bridge descriptor element

• mode of the function

• void pointer that is reserved for future use

Description

The dcb_DeleteBridge() function deletes a bridge that has been established between two conferences, but does not delete the individual conferences. The conferences that were connected via the conference bridge still exist after the bridge has been deleted, you must call the **dcb_delconf()** to delete any remaining conferences.

Parameter	Description
hSrlDeviceA	specifies the valid device handle for the master conference obtained when the DSP device was opened using dcb_open()
nConferenceIDA	indicates the conference identifier number of the master conference
hSrlDeviceB	specifies the valid DSP device handle used by a conference that is bridged to the master conference
nConferenceIDB	indicates the conference identifier number of a conference that is bridged to the master conference

Parameter	Description
Bridgecdt	points to the TS_BRIDGECDT data structure that defines the attributes of the conference bridge
unMode	 specifies whether the function should run asynchronously or synchronously. Possible values are as follows: EV_ASYNC – Function runs in asynchronous mode. Returns -1 to indicate failure to initiate. Returns 0 to indicate successful initiation and then generates either the DCBEV_BRIDGEREMOVED termination event to indicate successful completion (conference bridge deleted), or the DCBEV_ERREVT in case of error. The DCBEV_BRIDGESTABLISHED event will have the TS_BRIDGECDT data structure as its associated data. The BridgeID element in this structure can be used to identify the bridge. The DCBEV_ERREVT event will have the TS_BRIDGECDT data structure as its associated data. The BridgeID element in this structure can be used to identify the bridge
	 Note: Use the Standard Runtime Library event management functions to handle the termination events. EV_SYNC – Function runs in synchronous mode. Returns -1 on failure and 0 on success.
rfu	reserved for future use. Set this parameter to NULL.

Cautions

This function fails when:

- A specified device handle is invalid.
- A conference identifier is invalid.

Errors

If this function returns -1 to indicate failure, obtain the reason for the error by calling the Standard Runtime Library standard attribute function ATDV_LASTERR() or ATDV_ERRMSGP() to retrieve either the error code or a pointer to the error description, respectively.

Refer to Chapter 5, "Error Codes" of this guide for a list of error codes. Error defines can be found in *dtilib.h*, *msilib.h* or *dcblib.h*.

Example

```
#include <windows.h> /*include in Windows applications only; exclude in Linux*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "dtilib.h"
#include "msilib.h"
#include "dcblib.h"
#define NUM_PARTIES 2
```

dcb_DeleteBridge() — delete a conference bridge

```
void main( )
  {\tt MS\_CDT~cdtA[NUM\_PARTIES];} \quad / {\tt *conference~descriptor~table~for~conference~A*/}
  MS_CDT cdtB[NUM_PARTIES]; /*conference descriptore table for conference B*/
  SC_TSINFO tsinfo; /*time slot information data structure*/int nConferenceIDA; /*Conference ID of conference A*/
  int nConferenceIDB; /*Conference ID of conference B*/
  long scts; /*TDM bus time slot*/
TS_BRIDGECDT Bridgecdt1; /*Bridge CDT for bridge 1*/
  TS BRIDGECDT objBridge;
   Bridgecdt1 = &objBridge;
   /*open conference board 1, DSP 2 device*/
   if ((dspdevh = dcb open("dcbB1D2", 0) == -1)) {
     printf("Cannot open dcbB1D2: system error/n");
   /*open network board 1, time slot 1*/
   if ((tsdevhA1 = dt_open("dtiB1T1", 0) == -1)) {
     printf("Cannot open dtiB1T1: system error/n");
     exit(1);
   tsinfo.sc_numts = 1;
   tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &scts;
   if (dt getxmitslot(tsdevhA1, &tsinfo) == -1) {
     printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevhA1));
     exit(1);
   /*Set up CDT data structure*/
   cdtA[0].chan_num = (int)scts; /*scts is the time slot....*/
   cdtA[0].chan sel = MSPN_TS; /*...returned from getxmitslot()*/
   cdtA[0].chan attr = MSPA TARIFF;
   /*open board 1, time slot 2*/
   if ((tsdevhA2 = dt open("dtiB1T2", 0) == -1)) {
     printf("Cannot open dtiB1T2: system error/n");
      exit(1);
   if (dt getxmitslot(tsdevhA2, &tsinfo) == -1)) {
     printf("dt_getxmitslot: Error Message = %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevhA2));
      exit(1);
   /*TDM bus time slot to be conferenced*/
   cdtA[1].chan num = (int)scts; /*scts is the time slot....*/
   cdtA[1].chan_sel = MSPN_TS; /*...returned from getxmitslot()*/
  cdtA[1].chan attr = MSPA PUPIL; /*conferee may be coached later*/
   /*establish conference A*/
   if (dcb estconf(dspdevh, cdtA, NUM PARTIES, MSCA ND, &nConferenceIDA) == -1) {
     printf("dcb_estconf: Error Message = %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
      exit(1);
   }
   /*open network board 1, time slot 1*/
   if ((tsdevhB1 = dt open("dtiB1T1", 0) == -1)) {
     printf("Cannot open dtiB1T1: system error/n");
      exit(1);
```

```
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
   tsinfo.sc_tsarrayp = &scts;
   /*Set up CDT data structure*/
  cdtB[0].chan num = (int)scts; /*scts is the time slot....*/
  cdtB[0].chan_sel = MSPN_TS; /*...returned from getxmitslot()*/
  cdtB[0].chan attr = MSPA TARIFF;
   /*open board 2, time slot 2*/
  if ((tsdevhB2 = dt open("dtiB2T2", 0) == -1)) {
     printf("Cannot open dtiB2T2: system error/n");
     exit(1);
   /*TDM bus time slot to be conferenced*/
  cdtB[1].chan num = (int)scts; /*scts is the time slot....*/
  cdtB[1].chan sel = MSPN TS; /*...returned from getxmitslot()*/
  cdtB[1].chan_attr = MSPA_PUPIL; /*conferee may be coached later*/
   /*establish conference B*/
  if (dcb estconf(dspdevh, cdtB, NUM PARTIES, MSCA ND, &nConferenceIDB) == -1) {
    printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
   /*create bridge between conf A and conf B*/
   if (dcb CreateBridge(dspdevh, nConferenceIDA, dspdevh, nConferenceIDB, Bridgecdt1, EV ASYNC,
NULL) == -1)
  {
     printf("Error occurred during CreateBridge %s \n", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
  else
     printf("dcb CreateBridge passed\n");
   *Continue Processing
   /*delete bridge between conf A and conf B*/
   if (dcb DeleteBridge(dspdevh, nConferenceIDA, dspdevh, nConferenceIDB, Bridgecdtl, EV ASYNC,
NULL) == -1
  {
     printf("Error occurred during DeleteBridge %s \n", ATDV_ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
  else
     printf("dcb DeleteBridge passed\n");
  if (dt close(tsdevhA1) == -1) {
     printf("Error closing tsdevh1 \n");
     exit(1);
   if (dt close(tsdevhA2) == -1) {
     printf("Error closing tsdevh2 \n");
     exit(1);
```

dcb_DeleteBridge() — delete a conference bridge

```
if (dt close(tsdevhB1) == -1) {
     printf("Error closing tsdevh1 \n");
  if (dt close(tsdevhB2) == -1) {
     printf("Error closing tsdevh2 \n");
     exit(1);
   /*Delete the conference*/
  if (dcb_delconf(dspdevh, nConferenceIDA) == -1)) {
     printf("Cannot delete conference %d. Error message = %s", nConferenceIDA,
ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
     exit(1);
  if (dcb delconf(dspdevh, nConferenceIDB) == -1)) {
     printf("Cannot delete conference %d. Error Message = %s", nConferenceIDB,
ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
     exit(1);
   /*done processing--close device*/
  if (dcb close(dspdevh) == -1) {
     printf("Cannot close DSP dcbB1D2: system error/n");
     exit(1);
```

See Also

• dcb_CreateBridge()

dcb_dsprescount()

Name: int dcb_dsprescount(devh, valuep)

Inputs: int devh • valid DSP device handle

int * valuep • integer pointer to where the free DSP resource count is

returned

Returns: 0 on success

-1 on failure

Includes: srllib.h

dtilib.h msilib.h dcblib.h

Category: Configuration

Mode: synchronous

Dialogic[®] DM3

Description

The **dcb_dsprescount()** function returns the available conferencing resource count for a specified DSP. The number of conferencing resources available depends on your conferencing board and the Media Load it is configured with.

Parameter	Description
devh	specifies the valid device handle obtained when the DSP device was opened using dcb_open()
valuep	integer pointer to where the free DSP resource count is returned

Notes: 1. A monitor is counted as one of the parties in a conference.

- 2. The total number of conference resources, as well as other conference resource limitations if any exist (such as the maximum conference size), depends upon either your particular board and its media load or the resource configuration of your Dialogic[®] Host Media Processing (HMP) resource license. For specific conferencing resource information applicable to a particular board and its media load, see the Configuration Guide associated with your release.
- 3. Conference bridging can be used to expand a conference beyond the maximum size allowed by your particular configuration. Before a conference reaches its maximum size, create a second (master) conference and then connect the two conferences via a bridge.

Calling any of the following functions will cause the available resource count to change:

dcb addtoconf()

uses one resource every time a conferee is added to a conference

retrieve the available conferencing resource count — dcb_dsprescount()

dcb_CreateBridge()

uses two resources for each bridge: one in the master conference and one in the conference that is bridged to the master conference

dcb_delconf()

frees all resources in use by the conference, including the monitor

dcb_DeleteAllConferences()

frees all resources in use by all the conferences on the specified DSP device

dcb_DeleteBridge()

frees one resource in the master conference every time a conference bridge is deleted from the master conference

dcb estconf()

uses the number of resources as specified by the numpty parameter

dcb_monconf()

uses one resource

dcb_remfromconf()

frees one resource

dcb_unmonconf()

frees one resource

Cautions

This function fails when the device handle specified is invalid.

Errors

If this function returns -1 to indicate failure, obtain the reason for the error by calling the Standard Runtime Library standard attribute function ATDV_LASTERR() or ATDV_ERRMSGP() to retrieve either the error code or a pointer to the error description, respectively.

Refer to Chapter 5, "Error Codes" of this guide for a list of error codes. Error defines can be found in *dtilib.h*, *msilib.h* or *dcblib.h*.

```
#include <windows.h> /*include in Windows applications only; exclude in Linux*/
#include \( \statio.h \> \)
#include \( \statio.h \> \)
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#include \( \statio.h \)
#include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h \) #include \( \statio.h
```

dcb_dsprescount() — retrieve the available conferencing resource count

```
/* Open conference board 1, DSP 2 */
if ((dspdevh = dcb_open("dcbB1D2",0)) == -1) {
    printf("Cannot open dcbB1D2: system error/n");
    exit(1);
}

/* Get unused conference-resource count for dspdevh */
if (dcb_dsprescount(dspdevh, &count) == -1) {
    printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
    exit(1);
}
else
    printf("Free DSP Resource count = %d\n", count);

if (dcb_close(dspdevh) == -1) {
    printf("Cannot close dcbB1D2: system error/n");
    exit(1);
}
```

See Also

- dcb_addtoconf()
- dcb_estconf()
- dcb_delconf()
- dcb_monconf()
- dcb_remfromconf()
- dcb_unmonconf()

dcb_estconf()

Name: int dcb_estconf(devh, cdt, numpty, confattr, confid)

Inputs: int devh

MS_CDT *cdt • pointer to conference descriptor table int numpty • initial number of parties in the conference

• valid DSP device handle

int confattr • conference attributes

int *confid • pointer to the conference identifier

Returns: 0 on success

-1 on failure

Includes: srllib.h

dtilib.h mslib.h dcblib.h

Category: Conference Management

Mode: synchronous

Dialogic® DM3 Platform:

Description

The <code>dcb_estconf()</code> function establishes a conference between parties. A conference is associated with a DSP and all resources used by the conference are on that DSP. When <code>dcb_estconf()</code> returns successfully, <code>confid</code> will contain the conference identification number for use in all further modifications to that conference.

Parameter	Description
devh	specifies the valid device handle obtained when the DSP device was opened using dcb_open()
cdt	points to the conference descriptor table. The conference descriptor table is an array of MS_CDT data structures which define the attributes of the conference parties.
numpty	indicates the initial number of parties in the conference. The maximum value is 24, but the maximum conference size may be lower depending upon your board and its media load or the resource configuration of your Dialogic [®] Host Media Processing (HMP) resource license (see "Notes" that follow).

Parameter	Description
confattr	 indicates a bitmask describing the properties of all parties in the conference. Valid values are as follows: MSCA_ND – All parties in conference are notified by a tone if another conferee is added or removed from the conference. MSCA_NULL – Conference has no special attributes.
	Note: The default MSCA_NULL must be used if the MSCA_ND conference attribute is not specified.
confid	points to the conference identifier number

- **Notes: 1.** Calling this function causes **numpty** resources to be used when the conference is successfully established.
 - 2. This function may be used to initially establish a conference. You must use **dcb_addtoconf()** or **dcb_monconf()** to increase the size of the conference.
 - **3.** The maximum value for the **numpty** parameter is 24. If the maximum conference size is greater than 24 parties, you can use the **dcb_estconf()** function to create a 24-party conference, and then use the **dcb_addtoconf()** function to add parties one at a time.
 - **4.** If the maximum conference size is exceeded, the function generates an E_MSCNFLMT error (exceeds conference limit).
 - 5. The total number of conference resources, as well as other conference resource limitations if any exist (such as the maximum conference size), depends upon either your particular board and its media load or the resource configuration of your Dialogic® HMP resource license. For specific conferencing resource information applicable to a particular board and its media load, see the Configuration Guide associated with your release.
 - **6.** Conference bridging can be used to effectively expand a conference beyond the maximum size allowed by your particular configuration. Before a conference reaches its maximum size, create a second (master) conference and then connect the two conferences via a bridge.

For each member of the conference, the TDM bus time slot number to listen to is returned in the chan_lts field of the MS_CDT data structure. The chan_attr field in the MS_CDT structure is redefined in the *msilib.h* file as follows:

```
#define chan_lts chan_attr
```

The chan_lts value must be used by the application to listen to the conferenced signal.

Cautions

This function fails when:

- An invalid device handle is specified.
- Conference resources are not available on the DSP.

Errors

If this function returns -1 to indicate failure, obtain the reason for the error by calling the Standard Runtime Library standard attribute function ATDV_LASTERR() or ATDV_ERRMSGP() to retrieve either the error code or a pointer to the error description, respectively.

Refer to Chapter 5, "Error Codes" of this guide for a list of error codes. Error defines can be found in *dtilib.h*, *msilib.h* or *dcblib.h*.

Note: Dialogic® Host Media Processing (HMP) Software Only: An EDT_HSIBRIDGEERR indicates that an error occurred in creating a conference or adding a party to a confrence because parties are on a different bus fabric than the conference and a Host Streaming Interface (HSI) bridge connection could not be created between Dialogic® HMP Software and the board. You may be able to recover from this error by waiting for an HSI bridge connection to become available when parties are removed and/or conferences are deleted.

```
#include <windows.h> /*include in Windows applications only; exclude in Linux*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "dtilib.h"
#include "msilib.h"
#include "dcblib.h'
#define NUM PARTIES 2
main()
                                     /* DSP Device handle variable */
   int dspdevh;
  /* Conference identifier */
  int confid;
                                       /* TDM bus time slot */
   long scts;
   /* Open conference board 1, DSP 2 device */
   if ((dspdevh = dcb open("dcbB1D2", 0) == -1)
     printf("Cannot open dcbB1D2: system error/n");
     exit(1);
   /* Open network board 1, time slot 1 */
   if ((tsdevh1 = dt_open("dtiB1T1", 0)) == -1) {
     printf( "Cannot open dtiB1T1: system error/n");
     exit(1);
   tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
   tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &scts;
   if (dt getxmitslot(tsdevh1, &tsinfo) == -1) {
     printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
     exit(1);
   /* Set up CDT structure */
  cdt[0].chan_num = (int)scts ;    /* scts is the time slot... */
cdt[0].chan_sel = MSPN_TS ;    /* ...returned from getxmitslot() */
  cdt[0].chan attr = MSPA TARIFF;
   /* Open board 1, time slot 2 */
   if ((tsdevh2 = dt_open("dtiB1T2", 0)) == -1) {
     printf( "Cannot open dtiB1T2: system error/n");
     exit(1);
```

```
if (dt getxmitslot(tsdevh2, &tsinfo) == -1) {
   printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
/* SCbus time slot to be conferenced */
cdt[1].chan_num = (int)scts;    /* scts is the time slot... */
cdt[1].chan_sel = MSPN_TS ;    /* ...returned from getxmitslot() */
cdt[1].chan_attr = MSPA_PUPIL;    /* Conferee may be coached later */
/* Establish conference */
if (dcb_estconf(dspdevh, cdt, NUM_PARTIES, MSCA_ND, &confid) == -1){
   printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
   exit(1);
/* Do a listen() for the tsdevhl to its conference signal */
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc_tsarrayp = &cdt[0].chan_lts;
if (dt listen(tsdevh1,&tsinfo) == -1){
   printf("Error Message = %s",ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
   exit(1);
/* Do a listen() for the tsdevh2 to its conference signal */
tsinfo.sc_numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &cdt[1].chan lts;
if (dt listen(tsdevh2,&tsinfo) == -1){
   printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
   exit(1);
 * Continue processing
/* Unlisten the time slots */
if (dt unlisten(tsdevh1) == -1){
   printf("Error Message = %s",ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
   exit(1);
if (dt unlisten(tsdevh2) == -1){
   printf("Error Message = %s",ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
if (dt close(tsdevh1) == -1){
  printf("Error closing tsdevh1\n");
   exit(1);
 if (dt close(tsdevh2) == -1){
    printf("Error closing tsdevh2\n");
    exit(1);
/* Delete the conference */
if(dcb delconf(dspdevh, confid) == -1) {
   printf("Cannot delete conference %d. Error Message = %s", confid,
            ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
   exit(1);
```

dcb_estconf() — establish a conference

```
/* Done Processing - Close device */
if(dcb_close(dspdevh) == -1) {
   printf("Cannot close DSP dcbB1D2: system error/n");
   exit(1);
}
```

See Also

- dcb_addtoconf()
- dcb_delconf()
- dcb_monconf()
- dcb_remfromconf()
- dcb_unmonconf()

dcb_evtstatus()

Name: int dcb_evtstatus(event, action, status)

Inputs: int event • event identifier

int action • action to be performed

int *status • pointer to status of event generation

Returns: 0 on success

-1 on failure

Includes: srllib.h

dtilib.h msilib.h dcblib.h

Category: Auxiliary

Mode: synchronous

Dialogic[®] DM3
Platform:

Description

The **dcb_evtstatus()** function gets or sets the status of a process-wide event. Certain features of the audio conferencing software are board-level features in that they are enabled or disabled on a per board basis. Process-wide events are enabled or disabled once for all devices used by that process.

Parameter	Description	
event	indicates the specified process-wide event	
action	specifies whether the event status is to be set or retrieved. Possible values are as follows:	
	• SET_EVENT	
	• GET_EVENT	
status	If the event status is being set, ON or OFF is passed to the function in this parameter. If the event status is being retrieved, this parameter will contain ON or OFF when the function returns.	

The **event** parameter must be set to MSG_RESTBL. MSG_RESTBL controls the Resource Table Update event generation. The resource assignment table is the mapping of resources to conferees. When this event notification is enabled, and the application makes a change to the assignment of resources on a conferencing board, a DCBEV_CTU event is generated. The updated resource table will be returned as the event data. Refer to the code example for details.

Cautions

dcb_evtstatus() is a process-wide function and does not have a device-handle as one of its parameters. Any event set ON or OFF is set for all devices used by the process, not for any particular device.

Errors

If this function returns -1 to indicate failure, obtain the reason for the error by calling the Standard Runtime Library standard attribute function ATDV_LASTERR() or ATDV_ERRMSGP() to retrieve either the error code or a pointer to the error description, respectively.

Refer to Chapter 5, "Error Codes" of this guide for a list of error codes. Error defines can be found in *dtilib.h*, *msilib.h* or *dcblib.h*.

```
#include <windows.h> /*include in Windows applications only; exclude in Linux*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "dtilib h"
#include "msilib.h"
#include "dcblib.h"
#define MAX_PTY 32
#define TABLE_SIZE 192
void handler()
   int size = sr getevtlen();
  char *datap = (char *)sr_getevtdatap();
  int event_type = (int)sr_getevttype();
  printf("Event occurred on %s : Data size = %d : Data is at 0x%x\n",
          ATDV NAMEP(sr getevtdev()), size, datap);
   if (event_type == DCBEV_CTU) {
     memcpy(res_table, datap, TABLE SIZE);
   else {
     printf("unexpected event generated\n");
main()
  int bddevh, dspdevh; /* conference board and DSP device descriptors */ unsigned long atibits; /* Active talker bits */
  unsigned int i, count = 1000; /* Loop counters */
   /* Open conference board device */
   if ((bddevh = dcb_open("dcbB1",0)) == -1) {
     printf("Cannot open dcbB1: system error/n");
     exit(1);
```

```
/* Set Standard Runtime Library function call mode */
if (sr setparm(SRL DEVICE, SR MODEID, (void *)&mode) == -1){
   printf("Error setting sr setparm()\n");
   exit(1);
/* Enable Standard Runtime Library event handler */
if (sr enbhdlr(EV ANYDEV, EV ANYEVT, (void *)handler) == -1) {
   printf("Error setting sr enbhdlr()\n");
/* Set Active Talker Identification On */
status = ACTID ON;
if (dcb setbrdparm(bddevh, MSG ACTID, (void *)&status) == -1) {
  printf("Error setting board parameter - %s\n", ATDV ERRMSGP(bddevh));
/* Done with board-level calls : close device */
if (dcb \ close(bddevh) == -1) {
  printf("Cannot close dcbB1: system error/n");
  exit(1);
/* Set Resource Assignment Table Update events ON */
if (dcb_evtstatus(MSG_RESTBL, SET_EVENT, &status) == -1) {
  printf("Error enabling system-wide event\n");
   exit(1);
/* Open board 1, DSP 1 device */
if ((dspdevh = dcb open("dcbB1D1",0)) == -1) {
  printf("Cannot open dcbB1D1: system error/n");
  exit(1);
/* Establish a conference and continue processing */
/* Wait in a 1000-count loop to get the active talkers */
while (count--) {
  if (dcb_getatibits(dspdevh, &atibits) == -1){
     printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
     exit(1);
  printf("ATIBITS = %d\n", atibits);
  for (i=0; i<32; i++) {
    if (atibits & (1<<i)) {
       printf("confid = %d, TimeSlot = %d, Selector = %d\n",
                res table[i].confid, res table[i].chan num,
                res table[i].chan sel);
  } /* End of for() loop */
} /* End of while() loop */
/* Set Resource Table Update events OFF */
if (dcb_evtstatus(MSG_RESTBL, SET_EVENT, &status) == -1) {
  printf("Error enabling system-wide event\n");
  exit(1);
```

get or set the status of a process-wide event — dcb_evtstatus()

```
/* Disable event handler */
if (sr_dishdlr(EV_ANYDEV, DCBEV_CTU, (void *)handler) == -1) {
    printf("Error in sr_dishdlr()\n");
    exit(1);
}

/* Done processing - close DSP device */
if (dcb_close(dspdevh) == -1) {
    printf("Cannot close dcbBlDl: system error/n");
    exit(1);
}
```

■ See Also

• dcb_gettalkers()

dcb_GetAtiBitsEx()

Name: int dcb_GetAtiBitsEx(devh, numpty, ActiveTalkerInd, rfu)

Inputs: int devh • valid DSP device handle

int *numpty • pointer to number of active talkers

DCB_CT *ActiveTalkerInd • pointer to an array of active talker indicators

void *rfu • reserved for future use

Returns: 0 on success

-1 on failure

Includes: srllib.h

dtilib.h msilib.h dcblib.h

Category: Auxiliary

Mode: synchronous

Dialogic® DM3

Platform:

Description

The **dcb_GetAtiBitsEx**() function returns active talker indicators for all conferences on a DSP device at the time the function is called (i.e., who the active talkers are at a given moment). The current number of active talkers is returned in **numpty**, with information identifying the active talkers returned in **ActiveTalkerInd**.

Note: This function is not supported on Dialogic[®] Host Media Processing (HMP) Software.

Parameter	Description
devh	specifies the valid device handle obtained when the DSP device was opened using dcb_open ()
numpty	points to the number of active talkers indicators (elements in ActiveTalkerInd .
ActiveTalkerInd	points to an array of DCB_CT structures where active talker indicators are returned, which identify the active talkers

- **Notes: 1.** The developer must allocate and deallocate an array of DCB_CT data structures large enough to store information on the number of active talkers.
 - 2. Active talker information is associated with the DSP device handle. The information is invalid upon closing the device.

Cautions

- This function is not supported on Dialogic[®] Host Media Processing (HMP) Software.
- The snapshot of information provided by **dcb_GetAtiBitsEx()** is accurate for a split second. This information may not be accurate by the time the application processes it.
- This function fails when the device handle is invalid.

Errors

If this function returns -1 to indicate failure, obtain the reason for the error by calling the Standard Runtime Library standard attribute function ATDV_LASTERR() or ATDV_ERRMSGP() to retrieve either the error code or a pointer to the error description, respectively.

Refer to Chapter 5, "Error Codes" of this guide for a list of error codes. Error defines can be found in *dtilib.h. msilib.h* or *dcblib.h*.

```
#include <windows.h> /*include in Windows applications only; exclude in Linux*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "dtilib.h"
#include "msilib.h"
#include "dcblib.h"
const int MAX ACTIVETALKERBITS = 120;
void main (void)
 char DeviceName[16];
 char BoardName[16];
 int dspdevh=-1, BoardDevHandle=-1;
 sprintf(BoardName, "dcbB1");
 printf("Trying to open device = %s\n",BoardName);
  if ( (BoardDevHandle = dcb open(BoardName, 0)) == -1) {
   printf("Cannot open device %s: system error/n", BoardName);
   getchar();
   exit(1);
 else {
   printf("Open successfull for %s ... BoardDevHandle=0x%x\n",BoardName,BoardDevHandle);
  /* Set Active Talker Identification ON */
  int nStatus=ACTID ON;
 if(dcb setbrdparm(BoardDevHandle, MSG ACTID, (void*) &nStatus) ==-1) {
   printf("dcb setbrdparm->MSG ACTID->Error Setting Board Parm for %s : ERROR = %s\n",
         ATDV NAMEP (BoardDevHandle), ATDV ERRMSGP (BoardDevHandle));
   /* process error */
 else {
   printf("SetBoardParm->MSG\_ACTID->Success Setting Board Parm for \$s\n",
         ATDV NAMEP(BoardDevHandle));
```

```
if (dcb close(BoardDevHandle) == -1) {
   printf("Cannot close device %s: system error/n", ATDV_NAMEP(BoardDevHandle));
   exit(1);
 else {
   printf("dcb\_close \ successfull \ for \ \$s... \ BoardDevHandle=0x\$x\n",
         ATDV NAMEP(BoardDevHandle), BoardDevHandle);
 sprintf(DeviceName, "dcbB1D1");
  printf("Trying to open device = %s\n", DeviceName);
 if ( (dspdevh = dcb open(DeviceName, 0)) == -1) {
   printf("Cannot open device %s: system error/n", DeviceName);
   /* process error */
   exit(1);
 else {
   printf("Open successfull for s... dspdevh=0xx\n", DeviceName, dspdevh);
  /* Establish Conferences and Continue Processing */
  /* GetAtiBitsEx */
 int nCount, i=0;
 DCB_CT ActiveTalkerIndicators[MAX_ACTIVETALKERBITS];
 void * RFU=0;
 if (dcb qetatibitsEx(dspdevh, &nCount, ActiveTalkerIndicators, RFU) ==-1)
   printf("GetAtiBits->dcb getatibitsEx failed on %s Error = %s\n",
         ATDV NAMEP(dspdevh), ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
   /* process error */
 else
   printf("GetAtiBits->dcb getatibitsEx Successful on %s Count = %d\n",
         ATDV NAMEP(dspdevh), nCount);
   for (i=0; i<nCount; i++)
     printf("i = %d ConferenceID = 0x%x ChanNum = %d ChanSel = 0x%x\n",
           i, ActiveTalkerIndicators[i].confid,
           ActiveTalkerIndicators[i].chan num,
           ActiveTalkerIndicators[i].chan sel);
   }
  /* Done processing - Close device */
 if ( dcb close(dspdevh) == -1) {
   printf("Cannot close device %s: system error/n", ATDV_NAMEP(dspdevh));
   /* process error */
   exit(1);
 else
   printf("dcb_close successfull for s... dspdevh=0xx\n",
         ATDV NAMEP (dspdevh), dspdevh);
} // main() ends
```

■ See Also

- dcb_evtstatus()
- dcb_gettalkers()
- dcb_dsprescount()

dcb_getbrdparm()

Name: int dcb_getbrdparm(devh, param, valuep)

Inputs: int devh • valid board device handle

unsigned char param • device parameter defined name

void * valuep • pointer to the returned parameter value

Returns: 0 on success

-1 on failure

Includes: srllib.h

dtilib.h msilib.h dcblib.h

Category: Configuration

Mode: synchronous

Dialogic® DM3 Platform:

Description

The **dcb_getbrdparm()** function retrieves a conference board parameter value. Each parameter has a symbolic name that is defined in *dcblib.h*. The parameters are disabled by default and must be enabled using the **dcb_setbrdparm()** function.

Parameter	Description
devh	specifies the valid device handle obtained when the board device was opened using dcb_open()
param	indicates the parameter to be examined
valuep	points to the integer or MS_VOL data structure where the value of the parameter specified in param should be returned

The valid values for **param** and **valuep** are shown below:

Note: For MSG_ACTID, MSG_ACTTALKERNOTIFYINTERVAL, and MSG_TONECLAMP, **valuep** points to an integer value. For MSG_VOLDIG, **valuep** points to an MS_VOL data structure.

MSG_ACTID (Active Talker Identification)

Enables or disables Active Talker Identification (or Notification). Possible values are ACTID_ON or ACTID_OFF. ACTID_ON is the default. This parameter does not enable or disable the active talker *feature*, which is always enabled. It only disables the *notification* to the application program. The active talker *feature* sums the 3 most active talkers in a conference, so that the conversation doesn't get drowned out when too many people talk at once. Active talker *notification* provides data on active talkers through the **dcb_gettalkers()** and **dcb_GetAtiBitsEx()** functions, which can be used by an application program to identify active talkers; for example, to provide a visual display highlighting the active talkers in a

retrieve a conference board parameter value — dcb_getbrdparm()

conference. Active talkers are determined by their loudness; i.e., the strength of their "non-silence" energy.

Note: In some cases, it is desirable to inactivate the active talker feature, such as for a background music application program. Although you cannot directly disable the active talker *feature*, you can set the noise level threshhold by which signals are recognized as either speech or noise. For more information, see the background music feature in the *Dialogic® Audio Conferencing API Programming Guide*.

MSG_ACTTALKERNOTIFYINTERVAL (Active Talker Notification Interval)

Changes the interval specifying how frequently the Active Talker status is updated. The value is specified in 10 ms units. The default value is 100 (in 10 ms units), which results in a 1-second interval, and the maximum value is 1000, which results in a 10-second interval.

Note: If a low value is used, it can affect system performance due to the more frequent updating of the status (which results in a high quantity of internal notification messages). If a high value is used, it will result in less frequent updating of status, but the non-silence energy of a conferee may not be reported if it occurs between notification updates. For example, if the notification interval is set to 2 seconds and a conferee only says "yes" or "no" quickly in between notifications, that vocalization by the conferee will not be reported.

MSG_TONECLAMP (Tone Clamp Activation)

Enables tone clamping for all parties to reduce the amount of DTMF tones heard in a conference. Tone clamping applies to the transmitted audio going into the conference and does not affect DTMF function. It is meaningful only in the full duplex or the transmit-only mode. Possible values are TONECLAMP_ON or TONECLAMP_OFF. TONECLAMP_OFF is the default. (To enable on a per-party basis, set the MSPA_PARTY_TONECLAMP attribute in the MS_CDT structure for the party.) Even with tone clamping, DTMF tones may be heard by conferees if the application encourages the user to repeatedly press DTMF tones; for example, press 9 to raise volume.

MSG_VOLDIG (Volume Control Digits)

Defines the volume control status and volume up/down/reset digits as defined in the MS_VOL data structure.

Cautions

- The value of the parameter returned by this function is currently an integer or an MS_VOL data structure. **valuep** is the address of the value, but should be cast as a void pointer when passed in the value field.
- This function fails when:
 - The device handle is invalid.
 - The parameter specified is invalid.
 - The DSP device handle is used.

Errors

If this function returns -1 to indicate failure, obtain the reason for the error by calling the Standard Runtime Library standard attribute function **ATDV_LASTERR()** or **ATDV_ERRMSGP()** to retrieve either the error code or a pointer to the error description, respectively.

Refer to Chapter 5, "Error Codes" of this guide for a list of error codes. Error defines can be found in *dtilib.h*, *msilib.h* or *dcblib.h*.

■ .Example

```
#include <windows.h> /*include in Windows applications only; exclude in Linux*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "dtilib.h"
#include "msilib.h"
#include "dcblib.h"
main()
  int brddevh; /* Board dev descriptor variables */
  int actid\_status; /* Active talker identification status (ON/OFF) */
  MS_VOL volume; /* Volume control structure */
  /* Open DCB board 1 */
  if ((brddevh = dcb_open("dcbB1",0)) == -1) {
     printf( "Cannot open dcbB1: system error/n");
     exit(1);
  /* Retrieve Status (ON/OFF) of the Active Talker Identification */
  if (dcb getbrdparm(brddevh, MSG ACTID, (void *)&actid status) == -1)
     printf("Error getting board param:0x%x\n ", ATDV_LASTERR(brddevh));
  printf("Active talker identification is \$s\n", (actid\_status ? "ON" : "OFF"));\\
  /* Retrieve Information on Volume Control Feature */
  if (dcb_getbrdparm(brddevh, MSG_VOLDIG,(void *)&volume) == -1) {
     printf("Error getting volume control parameters : 0x%x\n ",
           ATDV LASTERR (brddevh));
     exit(1);
  printf("Volume Control is \$s\n", (volume.vol\_control ? "ON" : "OFF"));
  printf("And the Down Digit is %d\n", volume.vol down);
  /* Continue processing */
  if (dcb close(brddevh) == -1) {
     printf("Cannot close dcbB1: system error/n");
     exit(1);
```

■ See Also

- dcb_setbrdparm()
- dcb_GetPartyParm()
- dcb_SetPartyParm()

dcb_getcde()

Name: int dcb_getcde(devh, confid, cdt)

Inputs: int devh • valid DSP device handle

int confid • conference identifier

MS_CDT *cdt • pointer to a conference descriptor table element

Returns: 0 on success

-1 on failure

Includes: srllib.h

dtilib.h msilib.h dcblib.h

Category: Conference Management

Mode: synchronous

Dialogic[®] DM3

Description

The **dcb_getcde()** function retrieves the properties of a conferee in an existing conference.

Parameter	Description
devh	specifies the valid device handle obtained when the DSP device was opened using dcb_open()
confid	indicates the conference identifier number
cdt	points to an MS_CDT data structure that specifies the attributes of the conferee

This function requires that the conferee's chan_num and chan_sel be specified in the MS_CDT data structure. On successful completion, the conferee's attributes will be returned in the chan_attr field.

Note: This function must be invoked multiple times if the attributes of more than one conferee are desired.

Cautions

This function fails when:

- The device handle specified is invalid.
- An invalid conference identifier is specified.
- The queried conferee is not in the conference.

Errors

If this function returns -1 to indicate failure, obtain the reason for the error by calling the Standard Runtime Library standard attribute function ATDV_LASTERR() or ATDV_ERRMSGP() to retrieve either the error code or a pointer to the error description, respectively.

Refer to Chapter 5, "Error Codes" of this guide for a list of error codes. Error defines can be found in *dtilib.h*, *msilib.h* or *dcblib.h*.

```
#include <windows.h> /*include in Windows applications only; exclude in Linux*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "dtilib.h"
#include "msilib.h"
#include "dcblib.h"
#define NUM PARTIES
main()
        int dspdevh;
  int
  MS_CDT cdt[NUM_PARTIES]; /* Conference descriptor table */
  int confid; /* Conference identifier */
int attrib; /* Time slot attribute */
long scts1, scts2; /* TDM bus time slots */
  /* Open conference board 1, DSP 2 device */
  if ((dspdevh = dcb open("dcbB1D2", 0)) == -1) {
     printf("Cannot open dcbB1D2: system error/n");
     exit(1);
  /* Open DTI board 1, time slot 1 */
  if ((tsdevh1 = dt open("dtiB1T1", 0)) == -1) {
     printf( "Cannot open dtiB1T1: system error/n");
     exit(1);
  /* Prepare the time slot information structure */
  tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
  tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &scts1;
  /* Retrieve the TDM bus transmit time slot for tsdevh1 */
  if (dt getxmitslot(tsdevh1, &tsinfo) == -1) {
     printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
     exit(1);
  /* Set up the CDT structure */
  /* Open DTI board 1, tslot 2 */
  if ((tsdevh2 = dt_open("dtiB1T2",0)) == -1) {
     printf( "Cannot open dtiB1T2: system error/n");
     exit(1);
```

dcb_getcde() — retrieve the attributes of a conferee

```
/* Prepare the time slot information structure */
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &scts2;
if (dt_getxmitslot(tsdevh2, &tsinfo) == -1){
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
   exit(1);
/\!\!\!\!\!\!^{\star} TDM bus time slot to be conferenced ^{\star}/\!\!\!\!
/* returned from dt_getxmitslot(). */
cdt[1].chan sel = MSPN TS;
cdt[1].chan attr = MSPA PUPIL; /* The conferee may be coached later */
/* Establish the two party conference */
if (dcb estconf(dspdevh, cdt, NUM PARTIES, MSCA ND, &confid) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
/* Do a listen to the conference signal for tsdevh1 */
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &cdt[0].chan lts;
if (dt listen(tsdevh1,&tsinfo) == -1){
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
   exit(1);
/* Do a listen to the conference signal for tsdevh2 */
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc_tsarrayp = &cdt[1].chan_lts;
if (dt listen(tsdevh2,&tsinfo) == -1){
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
   exit(1);
/* Now get the attribute of conferee on tsdevh2 */
cdt[0].chan num = (int)scts2;
cdt[0].chan_sel = MSPN TS;
if(dcb_getcde(dspdevh, confid, &cdt) ==-1) {
 printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
 exit(1);
printf ("%s has conferee attribute 0x%x\n", ATDV NAMEP(tsdevh2), cdt[0].chan attr);
/* Finished with conference, so remove listens */
if (dt unlisten(tsdevh1) == -1){
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
  exit(1);
if (dt\_unlisten(tsdevh2) == -1){
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
   exit(1);
/ \, ^{\star} Delete the conference ^{\star} /
if(dcb delconf(dspdevh, confid) == -1) {
  printf("Cannot delete conference %d. Error Message = %s", confid,
          ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
   exit(1);
```

retrieve the attributes of a conferee — dcb_getcde()

```
/* And close all open devices */
if (dt_close(tsdevh1) == -1) {
    printf("Cannot close tsdevh1: system error/n");
    exit(1);
}

if (dt_close(tsdevh2) == -1) {
    printf("Cannot close tsdevh2: system error/n");
    exit(1);
}

if (dcb_close(dspdevh) == -1) {
    printf("Cannot close dcbB1D2: system error/n");
    exit(1);
}
```

See Also

• dcb_setcde()

dcb_getcnflist()

Name: int dcb_getcnflist(devh, confid, numpty, cdt)

Inputs: int devh • valid DSP device handle

> int confid • conference identifier

int *numpty • pointer to the conferee count

MS CDT *cdt • pointer to conference descriptor table

Returns: 0 on success

-1 on failure

Includes: srllib.h

dtilib.h msilib.h dcblib.h

Category: Conference Management

Mode: synchronous

Dialogic[®] DM3

Platform:

Description

The dcb_getcnflist() function retrieves total number of parties within a conference and a conferee list. The list contains specific information about each conferee in that conference, including each conferee's TDM bus transmit time slot number, selector, and conferee attribute description. The list is not returned in any specific order.

Parameter	Description
devh	specifies the valid device handle obtained when the DSP device was opened using dcb_open()
confid	specifies the conference identifier
numpty	points to the conferee count
cdt	points to the conference descriptor table. The conference descriptor table is an array of MS_CDT data structures, which specify the attributes of the conference parties.

Note: The application is responsible for allocating an MS_CDT table with sufficient elements.

When a conference is being monitored, one member of the conference list will be the monitor. chan_num for the monitor will equal 0x7FFF and chan_sel will be MSPN_TS.

If you call this function to get the number of conferees in a conference that contains a conference bridge, the return value will be the total number of conferees in the conference plus one for the

conference bridge, or in the case of a master conference, one for each bridge that is connected to the master conference.

Cautions

- This function fails when an invalid conference identifier is specified.
- It is the responsibility of the application to allocate enough memory for the conference descriptor table. There must be an MS_CDT element allocated for each conferee description returned by this function. For example, if a conference was started with four conferees, and three conferees were added later, the MS_CDT array must be able to hold seven entries.

Note: Even though **dcb_monconf()** does not use the CDT structure, the array must have an additional structure if the conference is being monitored.

Errors

If this function returns -1 to indicate failure, obtain the reason for the error by calling the Standard Runtime Library standard attribute function **ATDV_LASTERR()** or **ATDV_ERRMSGP()** to retrieve either the error code or a pointer to the error description, respectively.

Refer to Chapter 5, "Error Codes" of this guide for a list of error codes. Error defines can be found in *dtilib.h*, *msilib.h* or *dcblib.h*.

```
#include <windows.h> /*include in Windows applications only; exclude in Linux*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "dtilib.h"
#include "msilib.h"
#include "dcblib.h"
#define NUM PARTIES
main()
  int dspdevh; /* DSP device handle variable */
  int tsdevh1, tsdevh2; \ \ /* DTI TDM bus time slot device handles */
  SC_TSINFO tsinfo;
int confid;
long scts;
                         /* Conference identifier */
                         /* Returned TDM bus time slot */
                         /* Loop index */
   /* Open board 1 DSP 1 device */
  if ((dspdevh = dcb open("dcbB1D1",0)) == -1) {
     printf( "Cannot open dcbB1D1: system error/n");
     exit(1);
  /* Assume the conference board connected to a DTI via TDM bus. */
  /* Open board 1, tslot 1 */
  if ((tsdevh1 = dt_open("dtiB1T1",0)) == -1) {
      printf( "Cannot open dtiB1T1: system error/n");
      exit(1);
```

```
/* Prepare the TDM bus time slot information structure */
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &scts;
/* Retrieve the TDM bus transmit time slot for tsdevhl */
if (dt getxmitslot(tsdevhl, &tsinfo) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
   exit(1);
/* Set up the CDT structure */
                                 /\star scts is the TDM bus time slot \star/
cdt[0].chan num = (int)scts;
/* Open board 1, tslot 2 */
if ((tsdevh2 = dt open("dtiB1T2", 0)) == -1) {
  printf( "Cannot open dtiB1T2: system error/n");
   exit(1);
/* Retrieve the TDM bus transmit time slot for tsdevh2 */
if (dt getxmitslot(tsdevh2, &tsinfo) == -1){
  printf("Error Message = %s" , ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
   exit(1);
/* TDM bus time slot to be conferenced */
/* Establish 2 party conference */
if (dcb estconf(dspdevh, cdt, NUM PARTIES, MSCA ND, &confid) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
   exit(1);
/\!\!\!\!\!^{\star} Do a listen to the TDM bus listen time slot for tsdevh1 ^{\star}/\!\!\!\!
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc_tsarrayp = &cdt[0].chan_lts;
if (dt listen(tsdevhl,&tsinfo) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
/* Do a listen to the TDM bus listen time slot for tsdevh2 */
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &cdt[1].chan lts;
if (dt listen(tsdevh2,&tsinfo) == -1){
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
/* Get conferee list */
if (dcb_getcnflist(dspdevh, confid, &partycnt, &cdt[0]) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
  exit(1);
}
/* Display conference information */
printf("Number of parties in conference %d = %d\n", confid, partycnt);
```

```
for (i=0; i<partycnt; i++) {
   printf("%d : Chan_num = 0x%x", i+1, cdt[i].chan_num);
   printf(" Chan_sel = 0x%x", cdt[i].chan_sel);
printf(" Chan_att = 0x%x\n", cdt[i].chan_attr);
/* Remove all listens */
if (dt unlisten(tsdevh1) == -1){
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
if (dt unlisten(tsdevh2) == -1){
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
   exit(1);
/* Delete the conference */
if(dcb_delconf(dspdevh, confid) == -1) {
  printf("Cannot delete conference %d : Error Message = %s", confid, ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
  exit(1);
/* Close all open devices */
if (dt close(tsdevh1) == -1){
  printf("Cannot close tsdevh1: system error/n");
  exit(1);
if (dt close(tsdevh2) == -1){
  printf("Cannot close tsdevh2: system error/n");
   exit(1);
if (dcb close(dspdevh) == -1) {
  printf("Cannot close dcbB1D1: system error/n");
  exit(1);
```

See Also

dcb_estconf()

dcb_getdigitmsk()

Name: int dcb_getdigitmsk(devh, confid, bitmaskp)

Inputs: int devh • valid DSP device handle

int confidconference identifierunsigned int * bitmaskppointer to digit bitmask

Returns: 0 on success

-1 on failure

Includes: srllib.h

dtilib.h msilib.h dcblib.h

Category: Configuration

Mode: synchronous

Dialogic[®] DM3

Description

The **dcb_getdigitmsk()** function returns the digit mask for a specified conference. The values set in the mask corresponds to the digits which, when received, will cause a DCBEV_DIGIT event to be generated to the application.

Parameter	Description
devh	specifies the valid device handle obtained when the DSP device was opened using dcb_open()
confid	indicates the conference identifier number
bitmask	points to the digit bitmask

Note: If MSG_VOLDIG is enabled to give transparent volume control to the conferees, the digits for volume increase, decrease, and reset will not cause digit events to be generated. As a result, the application will not know if the volume changes.

Cautions

This function fails when:

- The device handle specified is invalid
- An invalid conference identifier is specified

Errors

If this function returns -1 to indicate failure, obtain the reason for the error by calling the Standard Runtime Library standard attribute function ATDV_LASTERR() or ATDV_ERRMSGP() to retrieve either the error code or a pointer to the error description, respectively.

Refer to Chapter 5, "Error Codes" of this guide for a list of error codes. Error defines can be found in *dtilib.h. msilib.h* or *dcblib.h*.

```
#include <windows.h> /*include in Windows applications only; exclude in Linux*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "dtilib.h"
#include "msilib.h"
#include "dcblib.h"
#define NUM PARTIES 2
main()
  MS CDT cdt[NUM PARTIES]; /* Conference descriptor table */
  SC TSINFO tsinfo;
  long scts;
                          /* TDM bus time slot */
  /* Open confernce board 1, DSP 2 device */
  if ((dspdevh = dcb open("dcbB1D2",0)) == -1) {
     printf("Cannot open dcbB1D2: system error/n");
     exit(1);
  /* Open DTI board 1, time slot 1 */
  if ((tsdevh1 = dt_open("dtiB1T1",0)) == -1) {
    printf( "Cannot open dtiB1T1: system error/n");
     exit(1);
  /* Prepare the time slot information structure */
  tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
  tsinfo.sc_tsarrayp = &scts;
  /* Retrieve the TDM bus transmit time slot for tsdevh1 */
  if (dt getxmitslot(tsdevhl, &tsinfo) == -1) {
    printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
     exit(1);
  /* Set up the CDT[0] structure */
  cdt[0].chan attr = MSPA TARIFF; /* Party receives periodic tariff tone */
  /* Open DTI board 1, tslot 2 */
  if ((tsdevh2 = dt_open("dtiB1T2",0)) == -1) {
     printf( "Cannot open dtiB1T2: system error/n");
     exit(1);
```

```
/* Retrieve the TDM bus transmit time slot for tsdevh2 */
if (dt getxmitslot(tsdevh2, &tsinfo) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
  exit(1);
/* Set up the CDT[1] structure */
cdt[1].chan_num = (int)scts;
                                       /* scts is the TDM bus time slot */
cdt[1].chan sel = MSPN TS;
                                       /* returned from dt_getxmitslot() */
cdt[1].chan_attr = MSPA_PUPIL;
                                      /* Conferee may be coached later */
/* Establish a two party conference */
if (dcb estconf(dspdevh, cdt, NUM PARTIES, MSCA ND, &confid) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
   exit(1);
/* Do a listen for the tsdevh1 */
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &cdt[0].chan lts;
if (dt listen(tsdevh1,&tsinfo) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
   exit(1);
/* Do a listen for the tsdevh2 */
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc_tsarrayp = &cdt[1].chan_lts;
if (dt listen(tsdevh2, &tsinfo) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
   exit(1);
/* Enable digit detection for digits 1,3 and 5 only */
  if (dcb setdigitmsk(dspdevh, confid, CBMM ONE | CBMM THREE | CBMM FIVE,
      CBA SETMSK)) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
   exit(1);
/* Get the bitmask value for the digit detection event */
if (dcb_getdigitmsk(dspdevh, confid, &bitmask) == -1) {
   printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
}
    Display list of digits enabled for detection
if (bitmask & CBMM ZERO)
  printf("Digit 0 is enabled\n");
if (bitmask & CBMM_ONE)
  printf("Digit 1 is enabled\n");
if (bitmask & CBMM TWO)
  printf("Digit 2 is enabled\n");
if (bitmask & CBMM_THREE)
  printf("Digit 3 is enabled\n");
if (bitmask & CBMM FOUR)
  printf("Digit 4 is enabled\n");
if (bitmask & CBMM FIVE)
  printf("Digit 5 is enabled\n");
if (bitmask & CBMM_SIX)
  printf("Digit 6 is enabled\n");
if (bitmask & CBMM SEVEN)
  printf("Digit 7 is enabled\n");
```

```
if (bitmask & CBMM EIGHT)
  printf("Digit 8 is enabled\n");
if (bitmask & CBMM_NINE)
  printf("Digit 9 is enabled\n");
if (bitmask & CBMM STAR)
  printf("Digit * is enabled\n");
if (bitmask & CBMM_POUND)
printf("Digit # is enabled\n");
if (bitmask & CBMM A)
  printf("Digit A is enabled\n");
if (bitmask & CBMM B)
  printf("Digit B is enabled\n");
if (bitmask & CBMM C)
  printf("Digit C is enabled\n");
if (bitmask & CBMM D)
  printf("Digit D is enabled\n");
/* Unlisten the time slots */
if (dt unlisten(tsdevh1) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
   exit(1);
if (dt\_unlisten(tsdevh2) == -1){
   printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
   exit(1);
/* Delete the conference */
if(dcb delconf(dspdevh, confid) == -1) {
  printf("Cannot delete conference %d. Error Message = %s", confid,
          ATDV_ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
/* Done Processing - Close all open devices */
if (dt close(tsdevh1) == -1){
  printf("Error closing tsdevh1\n");
   exit(1);
if (dt close(tsdevh2) == -1){
  printf("Error closing tsdevh2\n");
   exit(1);
if(dcb close(dspdevh) == -1) {
 printf("Cannot close dcbB1D2: system error/n");
  exit(1);
```

See Also

- .dcb_setdigitmsk()
- dcb_setbrdparm()

dcb_GetPartyParm()

Name: int dcb_GetPartyParm(hSrlDevice, nConferenceID, Partycdt, unPartyParm, Value, rfu)

Inputs: int hSrlDevice

int nConferenceID

MS_CDT *Partycdt

unsigned int unPartyParm

void *Value

void *rfu

Returns: 0 on success

-1 on failure

Includes: srllib.h

dtilib.h msilib.h dcblib.h

Category: Conference Management

Mode: synchronous

Dialogic® DM3 Platform:

• valid DSP device handle

• conference identifier

• pointer to conference descriptor table element

• the parameter whose value is to be retrieved

• the address of the integer or structure containing the

value(s) to be assigned

• void pointer reserved for future use

Description

The **dcb_GetPartyParm()** function retrieves the current parameters for a conferee (conference party).

Note: This function is **not** supported on Dialogic[®] Host Media Processing (HMP) Software.

Parameter	Description
hSrlDevice	specifies the valid device handle obtained when the DSP device was opened using dcb_open()
nConferenceID	specifies the conference identifier number
Partycdt	points to an MS_CDT data structure that defines the attributes of the conferee
	<i>Note:</i> The chan_attr field of the MS_CDT structure is not used and is ignored by the dcb_SetPartyParm() function.
unPartyParm	specifies the parameter whose value is to be retrieved
Value	points to the integer or structure containing the value to be assigned to unPartyParm
rfu	void pointer reserved for future use

For a list of valid values for **unPartyParm** and **Value**, see the **dcb_SetPartyParm**() function description.

Cautions

- This function is **not** supported on Dialogic® Host Media Processing (HMP) Software.
- This function fails when:
 - The device handle specified is invalid.
 - The conference identifier is invalid.

Errors

If this function returns -1 to indicate failure, obtain the reason for the error by calling the Standard Runtime Library standard attribute function ATDV_LASTERR() or ATDV_ERRMSGP() to retrieve either the error code or a pointer to the error description, respectively.

Refer to Chapter 5, "Error Codes" of this guide for a list of error codes. Error defines can be found in *dtilib.h. msilib.h* or *dcblib.h*.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "dtilib.h"
#include "msilib.h"
#include "dcblib.h"
#define NUM PARTIES 2
main()
  int dspdevh = -1; /* DSP device handle */
  MS_CDT cdt[NUM_PARTIES]={0};  /* Conference descriptor table */
  int confid = -1; /* Conference ID */
int tsdevh1=-1, tsdevh2=-1; /* DTI time slot device handle */
  int vol;
                               /* Conferee volume level */
  /* Open conference board 1, DSP 3 device */
  if ((dspdevh = dcb open("dcbB1D3",0)) == -1) {
     printf("Cannot open dcbB1D3 : system error/n");
  /* Open DTI board 1, time slot 1 */
  if ((tsdevh1 = dt open("dtiB1T1", 0)) == -1) {
     printf( "Cannot open dtiB1T1: system error/n");
     exit(1);
  /* Prepare time slot information structure */
  tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
  tsinfo.sc_tsarrayp = &scts;
   /* get transmit time slot of DTI tsdevh1 */
  if (dt getxmitslot(tsdevh1, &tsinfo) == -1) {
     printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
     exit(1);
  /* Set up CDT structure */
  cdt[0].chan num = (int)scts; /* TDM bus time slot returned */
  cdt[0].chan_sel = MSPN_TS;
                                 /* by dt_getxmitslot() */
```

```
/* Open DTI board 1, time slot 2 */
if ((tsdevh2 = dt_open("dtiB1T2",0)) == -1) {
  printf( "Cannot open dtiB1T2 : system error/n");
   exit(1);
/* Get transmit time slot of DTI tsdevh2 */
if (dt_getxmitslot(tsdevh2, &tsinfo) == -1){
   printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
   exit(1);
/* Set up CDT structure */
cdt[1].chan num = (int)scts;  /* TDM bus time slot returned */
cdt[1].chan sel = MSPN TS;
                                /* returned from getxmitslot */
/* Establish a 2 party conference */
if (dcb_estconf(dspdevh, cdt, NUM_PARTIES, MSCA_ND, &confid) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
   exit(1);
/* Do a listen for tsdevh1 */
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc_tsarrayp = &cdt[0].chan_lts;
if (dt listen(tsdevhl,&tsinfo) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
   exit(1);
/* Do a listen for tsdevh2 */
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc_tsarrayp = &cdt[1].chan_lts;
if (dt listen(tsdevh2,&tsinfo) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
   exit(1);
/\!\!\!\!\!\!^{\star} Now get the volume level of the 1st conferee ^{\star}/\!\!\!\!\!
/* NOTE: scts still contains the transmit time slot of tsdevh2 */
cdt[0].chan_num = (int)scts;
cdt[0].chan sel = MSPN TS;
if((dcb_GetPartyParm(dspdevh, confid, &cdt[0], MSPA_OUTPUTVOLABS, &vol, 0)) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
   exit(1);
/* Print out the current volume */
printf ("The volume is currently set to dn", vol);
/* Perform 'unlistens' on the listening DTI time slots */
if (dt unlisten(tsdevh1) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
   exit(1);
if (dt unlisten(tsdevh2) == -1){
   printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
   exit(1);
/* Delete the conference */
if(dcb_delconf(dspdevh, confid) == -1) {
  printf("Cannot delete conference %d. Error Message = %s", confid, ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
   exit(1);
/* Close all open devices */
if (dt close(tsdevh1) == -1){
   printf("Error closing tsdevh1\n");
   exit(1);
if (dt close(tsdevh2) == -1){}
   printf("Error closing tsdevh2\n");
   exit(1);
```

retrieve the current parameters for a conferee — dcb_GetPartyParm()

```
}
if (dcb_close(dspdevh) == -1) {
   printf("Cannot close dcbB1D3 : system error/n");
   exit(1);
}
```

■ See Also

• dcb_SetPartyParm()

dcb_gettalkers()

Name: int dcb_gettalkers(devh, confid, numpty, talkers)

Inputs: int devh • valid DSP device handle

> int confid • conference identifier

int * numpty • pointer to number of active talkers

MS CDT * talkers • pointer to array of talker descriptions (party attributes)

Returns: 0 on success

-1 on failure

Includes: srllib.h

dtilib.h msilib.h dcblib.h

Category: Auxiliary

Mode: synchronous

Dialogic[®] DM3

Platform:

Description

The dcb_gettalkers() function retrieves information about the conferees actively talking in the conference specified by the DSP device and the confid. The current number of active talkers is returned in **numpty**, with descriptive information on each talker returned in **talkers**. The returned array of MS_CDT structures contains the active talker party attributes. The array has numpty number of elements. Each MS CDT structure describes one active talker, chan num contains the transmit time slot number of the actively talking conferee. chan_sel specifies that the conferee is a TDM bus time slot. For active talker retrieval, chan attr is not used.

Parameter	Description
devh	specifies the valid device handle obtained when the DSP device was opened using dcb_open()
confid	indicates the conference identifier number
numpty	points to number of active talkers
talkers	points to the array of MS_CDT data structures that contain active talker descriptions

Notes: 1. Active talker information is associated with the DSP device handle. The information is invalid upon closing the device.

- 2. The developer must allocate and deallocate an array of MS_CDT data structures large enough to store information on the number of active talkers.
- 3. The list is not returned in any specific order.

Cautions

This function fails when:

- The device handle specified is invalid.
- An invalid conference identifier is specified.

Errors

If this function returns -1 to indicate failure, obtain the reason for the error by calling the Standard Runtime Library standard attribute function ATDV_LASTERR() or ATDV_ERRMSGP() to retrieve either the error code or a pointer to the error description, respectively.

Refer to Chapter 5, "Error Codes" of this guide for a list of error codes. Error defines can be found in *dtilib.h*, *msilib.h* or *dcblib.h*.

```
#include <windows.h> /*include in Windows applications only; exclude in Linux*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "dtilib.h"
#include "msilib.h"
#include "dcblib.h"
#define NUM_PARTIES 2
#define MAX_PTY 33
main()
 /* Open conference board 1, DSP 1 device */
  if ((dspdevh = dcb_open("dcbB1D1",0)) == -1) {
    printf("Cannot open dcbBlD1: system error/n");
    exit(1);
  /* Open DTI board 1, time slot 1 device */
  if ((tsdevh1 = dt open("dtiB1T1",0)) == -1) {
    printf("Cannot open dtiB1T1: system error/n");
    exit(1);
  /* Open DTI board 1, time slot 2 device */
  if ((tsdevh2 = dt_open("dtiB1T2",0)) == -1)
    printf("Cannot open dtiB1T2: system error/n");
    exit(1);
  /* Prepare time slot information structure */
  tsinfo.sc numts=1
  tsinfo.sc_tsarrayp=&scts;
```

dcb_gettalkers() — get active talkers and party attributes for a specific conference

```
/* Get conference transmit time slot of tsdevhl */
if (dt_getxmitslot(tsdevh1, &tsinfo) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
   exit(1);
/\!\!\,^\star Set up CDT structure, for tsdevh1 ^\star/
cdt[0].chan_num = (int)scts;     /* TDM bus time slot returned */
cdt[0].chan_sel = MSPN_TS;     /* ...by dt_getxmitslot() */
cdt[0].chan_attr = MSPA_NULL;  /* Conferee has no special attributes */
/* Get TDM bus transmit time slot of tsdevh2 */
if (dt getxmitslot(tsdevh2, &tsinfo) == -1){
   printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
   exit(1);
/* Set up CDT structure, for tsdevh2 */
cdt[1].chan_num = (int)scts;    /* TDM bus time slot returned */
cdt[1].chan_sel = MSPN_TS;    /* by dt_getxmitslot() */
cdt[1].chan_attr = MSPA_PUPIL; /* Conferee may be coached later */
/* Establish a 2 party conference */
if (dcb_estconf(dspdevh, cdt, NUM_PARTIES, MSCA_ND, &confid) == -1) {
   printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
   exit(1);
/\star Prepare time slot information structure \star/
tsinfo.sc numts=1
tsinfo.sc_tsarrayp=cdt[0].chan lts;
/* Listen to the time slot returned by dcb estconf() */
if (dt listen(tsdevh1, &tsinfo) == -1){
   printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
   exit(1);
/* Prepare time slot information structure */
tsinfo.sc numts=1
tsinfo.sc_tsarrayp=cdt[1].chan_lts;
/* Listen to the time slot returned by dcb estconf() */
if (dt listen(tsdevh2, &tsinfo) == -1){
   printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
   exit(1);
/* Find out who is currently talking */
if ((dcb gettalkers(dspdevh,confid,&partycnt,&cdt)) == -1) {
   printf ("Error Message = %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
/* Print out the time slot numbers of currently active talkers */
printf ("There are %d currently active talkers\n", partycnt);
for (i=0; i<partycnt; i++) {
 printf ("Time slot = %d , Chan sel = 0x%x\n", cdt[i].chan num, cdt[i].chan sel);
/^{\,\star} Remove all time slot listens ^{\,\star}/
if (dt unlisten(tsdevh1) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
```

get active talkers and party attributes for a specific conference — dcb_gettalkers()

```
if (dt unlisten(tsdevh2) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
/* Delete the conference */
if(dcb_delconf(dspdevh, confid) == -1) {
  printf("Cannot delete conference %d. Error Message = %s", confid,
        ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
  exit(1);
/* Done processing - close all open devices */
if (dt close(tsdevh1) == -1) {
  printf("System error closing %s/n", ATDV_NAMEP(tsdevh1));
  exit(1);
/* Done processing - close device */
if (dt close(tsdevh2) == -1) {
  printf("System error closing %s/n", ATDV_NAMEP(tsdevh2));
   exit(1);
/* Done processing - close device */
if (dcb close(dspdevh) == -1) {
  printf("Cannot close dcbB1D1: system error/n");
  exit(1);
```

See Also

- dcb_GetAtiBitsEx()
- dcb_dsprescount()

dcb_monconf()

Name: int dcb_monconf(devh, confid, lts)

Inputs: int devh • valid DSP device handle

int confid • conference identifier

long *lts • pointer to listen TDM bus time slot

Returns: 0 on success

-1 on failure

Includes: srllib.h

dtilib.h msilib.h dcblib.h

Category: Conference Management

Mode: synchronous

Dialogic[®] DM3

Description

The **dcb_monconf()** function adds a monitor to a conference. A monitor has no input in the conference.

This function places the monitored signal on the TDM bus. Several parties can listen to the monitored signal simultaneously.

Parameter	Description
devh	specifies the valid device handle obtained when the DSP device was opened using dcb_open()
confid	specifies the conference identifier number
lts	points to the returned listen TDM bus time slot. The monitored signal is present on this time slot.

Notes: 1. There may only be one monitor in a conference. The monitor feature does not span conference bridges.

- 2. Calling this function uses one conferencing resource.
- **3.** It is the application's responsibility to listen to the time slot on which the monitored signal is transmitted.

A monitor counts as one of the parties in the conference. If all the resources on the DSP are already in use, it is not possible to monitor the conference. When a conference is deleted, the conference monitor is also deleted.

Cautions

This function fails when:

- The device handle specified is invalid.
- The conference is full.
- Conference resources are not available on the DSP.
- The conference identifier is invalid.

Errors

If this function returns -1 to indicate failure, obtain the reason for the error by calling the Standard Runtime Library standard attribute function ATDV_LASTERR() or ATDV_ERRMSGP() to retrieve either the error code or a pointer to the error description, respectively.

Refer to Chapter 5, "Error Codes" of this guide for a list of error codes. Error defines can be found in *dtilib.h. msilib.h* or *dcblib.h*.

```
#include <windows.h> /*include in Windows applications only; exclude in Linux*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "dtilib.h"
#include "msilib.h"
#include "dcblib.h"
#define NUM PARTIES
main()
  int confid; /* Conference identifier */
long lts, scts; /* TDM bus listen/transmit time slots */
  SC_TSINFO tsinfo;
                            /* Time slot information structure */
   /* Open conference board 1, DSP 3 device */
  if ((dspdevh = dcb open("dcbB1D3",0) == -1) {
     printf("Cannot open dcbB1D3: system error/n");
     exit(1);
   /* Open DTI board 1, tslot 1 */
   if ((tsdevh1 = dt open("dtiB1T1",0)) == -1) {
        printf( "Cannot open dtiB1T1: system error/n");
   /* Prepare the TDM bus time slot information structure */
   tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
   tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &scts;
   /* Get TDM bus transmit time slot of DTI tsdevhl */
   if (dt getxmitslot(tsdevhl, &tsinfo) == -1) {
     printf("Error Message = %s",ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
     exit(1);
```

```
/* Set up CDT structure */
cdt[0].chan_num = (int)scts; /* SCbus transmit time slot returned */
/* Open DTI board 1, tslot 2 */
if ((tsdevh2 = dt_open("dtiB1T2",0)) == -1) {
  printf("Cannot open dtiB1T2: system error/n");
  exit(1);
/* Get transmit time slot of DTI tsdevh2 */
if (dt getxmitslot(tsdevh2, &tsinfo) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
  exit(1);
/* Set up CDT structure */
/* Open DTI board 1, tslot 3 */
if ((tsdevh1 = dt_open("dtiB1T3",0)) == -1) {
    printf( "Cannot open dtiB1T3: system error/n");
    exit(1);
/* Establish 2 party conference */
if (dcb estconf(dspdevh, cdt, NUM PARTIES, MSCA ND, &confid) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
  exit(1);
/* Do a listen for the tsdevh1 */
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &cdt[0].chan lts;
if (dt_listen(tsdevh1,&tsinfo) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
  exit(1);
/\!\!\!\!\!\!\!^{\star} Do a listen for the tsdevh2 ^{\star}/\!\!\!\!\!
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc_tsarrayp = &cdt[1].chan_lts;
if (dt listen(tsdevh2,&tsinfo) == -1){
  printf("Error Message = %s",ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
  exit(1);
}
/* Now monitor the conference on time slot lts */
tsinfo.sc_numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &lts;
if((dcb_monconf(dspdevh,confid,&lts)) == -1){
 printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
  exit(1);
/* Assume that a DTI time slot, tsdevh3, is a monitor */
if (dt listen(tsdevh3,&tsinfo) == -1){
  printf("Error Message = %s",ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh3));
  exit(1);
```

```
/* Perform an unlisten() to end monitor listening */
if (dt unlisten(tsdevh3) == -1){
   printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh3));
    exit(1);
/* Now remove the monitor from the conference */
if((dcb unmonconf(dspdevh,confid)) == -1){
 printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
/\star 'Unlisten' the TDM bus time slots \star/
if (dt unlisten(tsdevh1) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
  exit(1);
if (dt_unlisten(tsdevh2) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
  exit(1);
/* Delete the conference */
if(dcb delconf(dspdevh, confid) == -1) {
  printf("Cannot delete conference %d : Error Message = %s", confid,
  ATDV_ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
  exit(1);
/* Close all open devices */
if (dt_close(tsdevh1) == -1){
  printf("Error closing tsdevh1\n");
  exit(1);
if (dt_close(tsdevh2) == -1){
  printf("Error closing tsdevh2\n");
  exit(1);
if (dt close(tsdevh3) == -1){
  printf("Error closing tsdevh3\n");
  exit(1);
if (dcb close(dspdevh) == -1){
  printf("Cannot close dcbB1D3: system error/n");
  exit(1);
```

See Also

• dcb_unmonconf()

dcb_open()

Name: int dcb_open(name, rfu)

Inputs: char *name

int rfu

Returns: device handle on success

-1 on failure

Includes: srllib.h

dtilib.h msilib.h dcblib.h

Category: Device Management

Mode: synchronous

Dialogic® DM3 Platform:

• pointer to device name to open

· reserved for future use

Description

The dcb_open() function opens a conference device and returns a unique handle to identify the device. The device may be a conference board or a DSP on the board. All subsequent references to the opened device must be made using the device handle. Refer to the Dialogic® Audio Conferencing Programming Guide for complete information about device names.

Parameter	Description
name	points to an ASCIIZ string that contains the name of a valid DSP device or board device
rfu	reserved for future use. Set this parameter to 0.

Notes: 1. If a parent process opens a device and enables events, there is no guarantee that the child process will receive a particular event.

2. No action can be performed on a conference device until it is opened.

Cautions

This function fails when:

- The device name is invalid.
- The system has insufficient memory to complete the open.

Errors

The dcb_open() function does not return errors in the standard return code format. If an error occurred during the **dcb_open()** call, a -1 will be returned. If a call to **dcb_open()** is successful, the return value will be a handle for the opened device.

Example

```
#include <windows.h> /*include in Windows applications only; exclude in Linux*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "dtilib.h"
#include "msilib.h"
#include "dcblib.h"
main()
  int bddevh;
  /* open board 1*/
  if ((bddevh = dcb_open("dcbB1", 0)) == -1) {
     printf("Cannot open device dcbB1: system error/n");
     exit(1);
  else
     printf("Board %s is OPEN\n", ATDV NAMEP(bddevh));
   /* Done processing - Close device */
  if (dcb close(bddevh) == -1) {
     printf("Cannot close dcbB1: system error/n");
     exit(1);
```

■ See Also

• dcb_close()

dcb_remfromconf()

Name: int dcb_remfromconf(devh, confid, cdt)

Inputs: int devh • valid DSP device handle

int confid • conference identifier

MS_CDT *cdt • pointer to conference descriptor element

Returns: 0 if success

-1 if failure

Includes: srllib.h

dtilib.h msilib.h dcblib.h

Category: Conference Management

Mode: synchronous

Dialogic[®] DM3 Platform:

Description

The dcb_remfromconf() function removes a conferee from a conference. The conference identifier is the value previously returned by the **dcb_estconf()** function. In this case, the channel attributes of the MS_CDT structure are ignored.

Parameter	Description
devh	specifies the valid device handle obtained when the DSP device was opened using dcb_open ()
confid	specifies the conference from which the conferee will be removed
cdt	points to an MS_CDT data structure that specifis the conferee (the attributes of the conferee are ignored)

Notes: 1. Call the appropriate xx_unlisten() function before removing the TDM bus time slot member.

2. Calling this function frees one conference resource.

Cautions

- An error will be returned if this function is used to attempt removal of the last remaining conferee from a conference. The **dcb_delconf()** function must be used to end a conference.
- This function also fails when:
 - The device handle passed is invalid.
 - The conference identifier is invalid.
 - The conferee to be removed is not part of the specified conference.

Errors

If this function returns -1 to indicate failure, obtain the reason for the error by calling the Standard Runtime Library standard attribute function ATDV_LASTERR() or ATDV_ERRMSGP() to retrieve either the error code or a pointer to the error description, respectively.

Refer to Chapter 5, "Error Codes" of this guide for a list of error codes. Error defines can be found in *dtilib.h*, *msilib.h* or *dcblib.h*.

```
#include <windows.h> /*include in Windows applications only; exclude in Linux*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "dtilib.h"
#include "msilib.h"
#include "dcblib.h"
#define NUM PARTIES 3
main()
                  /* Conference descriptor table */
/* Conference identifier */
  int dspdevh;
  int confid;
                                  /* Conference identifier */
  int tsdevh1, tsdevh2, tsdevh3; /* DTI time slot device handles */
                                 /* Transmit time slot */
  long scts;
  SC TSINFO tsinfo;
                                  /* Time slot information structure */
  /* Open conference board 1, DSP 3 device */
  if ((dspdevh = dcb open("dcbB1D3",0) == -1) {
     printf("Cannot open dcbB1D3: system error/n");
     exit(1);
  /* Open DTI board 1, time slot 1 */
  if ((tsdevh1 = dt_open("dtiB1T1",0)) == -1) {
    printf( "Cannot open dtiB1T1: system error/n");
    exit(1);
  /* Prepare TDM bus time slot information structure */
  tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
  tsinfo.sc_tsarrayp = &scts;
  /* Get transmit time slot of DTI tsdevh1 */
  if (dt getxmitslot(tsdevhl, &tsinfo) == -1) {
     printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
     exit(1);
  /* Set up CDT structure */
  /* Open DTI board 1, time slot 2 */
  if ((tsdevh2 = dt_open("dtiB1T2",0)) == -1) {
     printf("Cannot open dtiB1T2: system error/n");
     exit(1);
```

dcb_remfromconf() — remove a conferee from a conference

```
/* Get transmit time slot of DTI tsdevh2 */
if (dt_getxmitslot(tsdevh2, &tsinfo) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message : %s",ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
  exit(1);
/* Set up CDT structure */
cdt[1].chan_attr = MSPA_TARIFF; /* Conferee receives periodic tariff tone */
/* Open board 1, tslot 3 */
if ((tsdevh3 = dt open("dtiB1T3",0)) == -1) {
  printf( "Cannot open dtiB1T3: system error/n");
   exit(1);
/* Get transmit time slot of DTI tsdevh3 */
if (dt_getxmitslot(tsdevh3, &tsinfo) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh3));
  exit(1);
/* Set up CDT structure */
                                  /* TDM bus time slot returned */
/* ...from dt_getxmitslot() */
cdt[2].chan num = (int)scts;
cdt[2].chan sel = MSPN TS;
                                   /* Conferee receives periodic tariff tone */
cdt[2].chan_attr = MSPA_TARIFF;
/* Establish 3 party conference */
if (dcb estconf(dspdevh, cdt, NUM PARTIES, MSCA ND, &confid) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
   exit(1);
/* Do a listen for DTI tsdevh1 */
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc_tsarrayp = &cdt[0].chan_lts;
if (dt_listen(tsdevh1,&tsinfo) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
   exit(1);
/\!\!\!\!\!\!^{\star} Do a listen for the DTI tsdevh2 ^{\star}/\!\!\!\!
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc_tsarrayp = &cdt[1].chan_lts;
if (dt listen(tsdevh2,&tsinfo) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
  exit(1);
}
/* Do a listen for the DTI tsdevh3 */
tsinfo.sc_numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &cdt[2].chan lts;
if (dt listen(tsdevh3,&tsinfo) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh3));
   exit(1);
/* Select tsdevhl as conferee to remove from conference */
```

```
/* Unlisten the listening device tsdevh1 */
if (dt\_unlisten(tsdevh1) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
   exit(1);
/* Prepare TDM bus time slot information structure */
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &scts;
/* Get transmit time slot of DTI tsdevh1 */
if (dt getxmitslot(tsdevhl, &tsinfo) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
   exit(1);
/* Prepare the MS CDT structure */
cdt[0].chan num = (int)scts;
cdt[0].chan_sel = MSPN TS;
/* And remove tsdevh1 from the conference */
if (dcb_remfromconf(dspdevh, confid, &cdt[0]) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
   exit(1);
/\!\!\!\!\!^{\star} Unlisten the remaining listening time slots ^{\star}/\!\!\!\!
if (dt unlisten(tsdevh2) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
  exit(1);
if (dt unlisten(tsdevh3) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh3));
/* Delete the conference */
if(dcb delconf(dspdevh, confid)) == -1) {
  printf("Cannot delete conference %d : Error Message = %s", confid,
           ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
   exit(1);
/* Close all open devices */
if (dt close(tsdevh1) == -1){
  printf("Error closing tsdevh1\n");
  exit(1);
if (dt close(tsdevh2) == -1){
  printf("Error closing tsdevh2\n");
   exit(1);
if (dt close(tsdevh3) == -1){
  printf("Error closing tsdevh3\n");
   exit(1);
if (dcb \ close(dspdevh) == -1){
   printf("Cannot close dcbB1D3: system error/n");
   exit(1);
}
```

See Also

• dcb_addtoconf()

dcb_remfromconf() — remove a conferee from a conference

- dcb_delconf()
- dcb_estconf()

dcb_setbrdparm()

Name: int dcb_setbrdparm(devh, param, valuep)

Inputs: int devh • valid board device handle

unsigned char param • device parameter defined name

void * valuep • pointer to the parameter value

Returns: 0 on success

Includes: srllib.h

dtilib.h msilib.h dcblib.h

-1 on failure

Category: Configuration

Mode: synchronous

Dialogic® DM3 Platform:

Description

The dcb_setbrdparm() function sets conference board device parameters.

Parameter	Description
devh	specifies the valid device handle obtained when the board device was opened using dcb_open()
param	indicates the parameter whose value is to be set
valuep	the address of the integer or MS_VOL structure containing the values to be assigned to the parameter

The valid values for **param** and **valuep** are shown below:

Note: For MSG_ACTID, MSG_ACTTALKERNOTIFYINTERVAL, and MSG_TONECLAMP, **valuep** points to an integer value. For MSG_VOLDIG, **valuep** points to an MS_VOL data structure.

MSG_ACTID (Active Talker Identification)

Enables or disables Active Talker Identification (or Notification). Possible values are ACTID_ON or ACTID_OFF. ACTID_ON is the default. This parameter does not enable or disable the active talker *feature*, which is always enabled. It only disables the *notification* to the application program. The active talker *feature* sums the 3 most active talkers in a conference, so that the conversation doesn't get drowned out when too many people talk at once. Active talker *notification* provides data on active talkers through the <code>dcb_gettalkers()</code> and <code>dcb_GetAtiBitsEx()</code> functions, which can be used by an application program to identify active talkers; for example, to provide a visual display highlighting the active talkers in a

conference. Active talkers are determined by their loudness; i.e., the strength of their "non-silence" energy.

Note: In some cases, it is desirable to inactivate the active talker feature, such as for a background music application program. Although you cannot directly disable the active talker *feature*, you can set the noise level threshhold by which signals are recognized as either speech or noise. For more information, see the background music feature in the *Dialogic® Audio Conferencing API Programming Guide*.

MSG_ACTTALKERNOTIFYINTERVAL (Active Talker Notification Interval)

Changes the interval specifying how frequently the Active Talker status is updated. The value is specified in 10 ms units. The default value is 100 (in 10 ms units), which results in a 1-second interval, and the maximum value is 1000, which results in a 10-second interval.

Note: If a low value is used, it can affect system performance due to the more frequent updating of the status (which results in a high quantity of internal notification messages). If a high value is used, it will result in less frequent updating of status, but the non-silence energy of a conferee may not be reported if it occurs between notification updates. For example, if the notification interval is set to 2 seconds and a conferee only says "yes" or "no" quickly in between notifications, that vocalization by the conferee will not be reported.

MSG_VOLDIG (Volume Control Digits)

Defines the volume control status and volume up/down/reset digits as defined in the MS_VOL data structure.

MSG_TONECLAMP (Tone Clamp Activation)

Enables tone clamping for all parties to reduce the amount of DTMF tones heard in a conference. Tone clamping applies to the transmitted audio going into the conference and does not affect DTMF function. It is meaningful only in the full duplex or the transmit-only mode. Possible values are TONECLAMP_ON or TONECLAMP_OFF. TONECLAMP_OFF is the default. (To enable on a per-party basis, set the MSPA_PARTY_TONECLAMP attribute in the MS_CDT structure for the party.) Even with tone clamping, DTMF tones may be heard by conferees if the application encourages the user to repeatedly press DTMF tones; for example, press 9 to raise volume.

Cautions

- All parameter values must be integers or MS_VOL data structures, but since this routine expects a void pointer to **valuep**, the address must be cast as a void*.
- This function fails when:
 - The device handle is invalid
 - The parameter specified is invalid

Errors

If this function returns -1 to indicate failure, obtain the reason for the error by calling the Standard Runtime Library standard attribute function ATDV_LASTERR() or ATDV_ERRMSGP() to retrieve either the error code or a pointer to the error description, respectively.

Refer to Chapter 5, "Error Codes" of this guide for a list of error codes. Error defines can be found in *dtilib.h*, *msilib.h* or *dcblib.h*.

Example

```
#include <windows.h> /*include in Windows applications only; exclude in Linux*/
#include <stdio h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "dtilib.h"
#include "msilib.h"
#include "dcblib.h"
main()
  int bddevh;
                                 /* Board dev descriptor variables */
  int valuep = ACTID_ON;
  MS VOL volume
                                /*volume control */
   /* open DCB board 1 */
  if ( (bddevh = dcb_open("dcbB1", 0)) == -1) {
     printf("Cannot open device dcbB1: system error/n");
   /* Enable Active talker identification */
  if (dcb_setbrdparm(devh, MSG_ACTID, &valuep) == -1) {
     printf("Error setting board param:0x%x\n ",ATDV LASTERR(devh));
     exit(1);
  volume.vol_control = ON;
  volume.vol_up = 2;
volume.vol_reset = 5;
  volume.vol down = 8;
   if (dcb_setbrdparm(devh, MSG_VOLDIG,(void *)&volume) == -1) {
     printf("Error getting board param:0x%x\n ", ATDV_LASTERR(devh));
      exit(1);
   * Continue processing
   /* Done processing - Close device */
   if ( dcb close(bddevh) == -1) {
     printf("Cannot close device dcbB1: system error/n");
      exit(1);
```

See Also

- dcb_getbrdparm()
- dcb_GetPartyParm()
- dcb_SetPartyParm()

dcb_setcde()

Name: int dcb_setcde(devh, confid, cdt)

Inputs: int devh • valid DSP device handle

int confid • conference identifier

MS_CDT *cdt • pointer to conference descriptor element

Returns: 0 on success

-1 on failure

Includes: srllib.h

dtilib.h msilib.h dcblib.h

Category: Conference Management

Mode: synchronous

Dialogic[®] DM3
Platform:

Description

The dcb_setcde() function changes the attributes of a conferee in an existing conference.

Parameter	Description
devh	specifies the valid device handle obtained when the DSP device was opened using dcb_open()
confid	specifies the conference identifier number
cdt	points to an MS_CDT data structure that defines the updated attributes of the conferee

Cautions

- The dcb_setcde() function cannot be used to enable or disable echo cancellation. Once a party belongs to a conference, you cannot enable or disable echo cancellation for that party. If attempted, it has no effect. To enable echo cancellation, use dcb_estconf() or dcb_addtoconf()
- This function fails when:
 - The device handle specified is invalid.
 - The conference identifier is invalid.

Errors

If this function returns -1 to indicate failure, obtain the reason for the error by calling the Standard Runtime Library standard attribute function ATDV_LASTERR() or ATDV_ERRMSGP() to retrieve either the error code or a pointer to the error description, respectively.

Refer to Chapter 5, "Error Codes" of this guide for a list of error codes. Error defines can be found in *dtilib.h*, *msilib.h* or *dcblib.h*.

```
#include <windows.h> /*include in Windows applications only; exclude in Linux*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "dtilib.h"
#include "msilib.h"
#include "dcblib.h"
#define NUM PARTIES 2
main()
  int confid; /* Conference identifier */
int tsdevh1, tsdevh2; /* DTI time slot device handle */
  SC_TSINFO tsinfo;
  /* Open conference board 1, DSP 3 device */
  if ((dspdevh = dcb open("dcbB1D3", 0)) == -1) {
    printf("Cannot open dcbB1D3: system error/n");
     exit(1);
  /* Open DTI board 1, time slot 1 */
  if ((tsdevh1 = dt open("dtiB1T1", 0)) == -1) {
     printf( "Cannot open dtiB1T1: system error/n");
     exit(1);
  /* Prepare time slot information structure */
  tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
  tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &scts;
  /* get transmit time slot of DTI tsdevh1 */
  if (dt getxmitslot(tsdevhl, &tsinfo) == -1) {
     printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
     exit(1);
  /* Set up CDT structure */
  /* Open DTI board 1, time slot 2 */
  if ((tsdevh2 = dt_open("dtiB1T2",0)) == -1) {
    printf( "Cannot open dtiB1T2: system error/n");
     exit(1);
```

dcb_setcde() — change the attributes of a conferee

```
/* Get transmit time slot of DTI tsdevh2 */
if (dt getxmitslot(tsdevh2, &tsinfo) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
   exit(1);
/* Set up CDT structure */
cdt[].chan_num = (int)scts;    /* TDM bus time slot returned */
cdt[].chan_sel = MSPN_TS;    /* returned from getxmitslot */
cdt[].chan_attr = MSPA_PUPIL;    /* Conferee may be coached later */
/* Establish a 2 party conference */
if (dcb estconf(dspdevh, cdt, NUM PARTIES, MSCA ND, &confid) == -1) {
   printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
   exit(1);
/* Do a listen for tsdevh1 */
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &cdt[0].chan lts;
if (dt listen(tsdevh1,&tsinfo) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
   exit(1);
/* Do a listen for tsdevh2 */
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc_tsarrayp = &cdt[1].chan_lts;
if (dt listen(tsdevh2, &tsinfo) == -1) {
   printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
/* Now change the attribute of the last added conferee */
/\!\!^* NOTE : scts still contains the transmit time slot of tsdevh2 ^*/
cdt[0].chan num = (int)scts;
cdt[0].chan_sel = MSPN_TS;
cdt[0].chan attr = MSPA TARIFF;
if((dcb_setcde(dspdevh, confid, &cdt[0])) == -1) {
 printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
  exit(1);
/* Perform 'unlistens' on the listening DTI time slots */
if (dt unlisten(tsdevh1) == -1){
   printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevhl));
   exit(1);
}
if (dt unlisten(tsdevh2) == -1){
   printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
   exit(1);
/* Delete the conference */
if(dcb_delconf(dspdevh, confid) == -1) {
  printf("Cannot delete conference %d. Error Message = %s", confid,
           ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
   exit(1);
```

change the attributes of a conferee — dcb_setcde()

```
/* Close all open devices */
if (dt_close(tsdevh1) == -1) {
    printf("Error closing tsdevh1\n");
    exit(1);
}

if (dt_close(tsdevh2) == -1) {
    printf("Error closing tsdevh2\n");
    exit(1);
}

if (dcb_close(dspdevh) == -1) {
    printf("Cannot close dcbB1D3: system error/n");
    exit(1);
}
```

■ See Also

- dcb_addtoconf()
- dcb_estconf()
- dcb_getcde()

dcb_setdigitmsk()

Name: int dcb_setdigitmsk(devh, confid, bitmask, action)

Inputs: int devh • valid DSP device handle

int confid • conference identifier

unsigned short bitmask • event bitmask

int action • change type

Returns: 0 on success

-1 on failure

Includes: srllib.h

dtilib.h msilib.h dcblib.h

Category: Configuration

Mode: synchronous

Dialogic® DM3 Platform:

Description

The **dcb_setdigitmsk()** function enables specific digit detection for a conference. The current bitmask is examined by a call to **dcb_getdigitmsk()**.

Parameter	Description
devh	specifies the valid device handle obtained when the DSP device was opened using dcb_open()
confid	specifies the conference identifier number
bitmask	indicates the DTMF digit detection bitmask
action	 specifies how the digit mask is changed. Possible values are: CBA_ADDMSK – enables messages from the conference specified in bitmask, in addition to previously set events. CBA_SETMSK – enables notification of events specified in bitmask and disables notification of previously set events. CBA_SUBMSK – disables messages from the conference specified in bitmask.

Note: If MSG_VOLDIG is enabled to give transparent volume control to the conferees, the digits for volume increase, decrease, and reset will not cause digit events to be generated. As a result, the application will not know if the volume changes.

The bitmask determines the digits to be detected. Upon detection of a DTMF digit, a DCBEV_DIGIT event is generated on a DSP device handle. The **sr_getevtdatap()** function can be used to retrieve the DCB_DIGITS data structure.

The possible values for bitmask are:

CBMM_ZERO

Detect digit 0

CBMM_ONE

Detect digit 1

CBMM TWO

Detect digit 2

CBMM_THREE

Detect digit 3

CBMM FOUR

Detect digit 4

CBMM_FIVE

Detect digit 5

CBMM_SIX

Detect digit 6

CBMM SEVEN

Detect digit 7

CBMM_EIGHT

Detect digit 8

CBMM_NINE

Detect digit 9

CBMM_STAR

Detect digit *

CBMM_POUND

Detect digit #(octothorpe)

CBMM_A

Detect digit A

CBMM B

Detect digit B

CBMM_C

Detect digit C

CBMM D

Detect digit D

CBMM_ALL

Detect ALL digits

For example, to enable notification of the digits specified in the bitmask parameter and disable notification of previously set digits:

- specify the digits to enable in the bitmask field
- specify the CBA_SETMSK in the action field

To enable an additional digit specified in **bitmask** without disabling the currently enabled digits:

- specify the digits in bitmask
- specify CBA_ADDMSK in the action field

To disable digits in **bitmask** without disabling any other digits:

- specify the digits in bitmask
- specify CBA_SUBMSK in the action field

To disable all currently enabled digits:

- specify 0 in bitmask
- specify CBA_SETMSK in the action field

Cautions

This function fails when:

- The device handle specified is invalid.
- The action specified is invalid.
- Invalid conference identifier.

Errors

If this function returns -1 to indicate failure, obtain the reason for the error by calling the Standard Runtime Library standard attribute function ATDV_LASTERR() or ATDV_ERRMSGP() to retrieve either the error code or a pointer to the error description, respectively.

Refer to Chapter 5, "Error Codes" of this guide for a list of error codes. Error defines can be found in dtilib.h, msilib.h or dcblib.h.

```
#include <windows.h> /*include in Windows applications only; exclude in Linux*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "dtilib.h"
#include "msilib.h"
#include "dcblib.h"
#define NUM PARTIES 2
main()
 long scts;
                        /* TDM bus transmit time slot */
```

```
/* Open conference board 1, DSP 2 device */
if ((dspdevh = dcb_open("dcbB1D2",0)) == -1) {
  printf("Cannot open dcbB1D2: system error/n");
  exit(1);
/* Open DTI board 1, time slot 1 */
if ((tsdevh1 = dt open("dtiB1T1",0)) == -1) {
  printf( "Cannot open dtiB1T1: system error/n");
/* Prepare the time slot information structure */
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &scts;
/* Retrieve the TDM bus transmit time slot for tsdevh1 */
if (dt getxmitslot(tsdevh1, &tsinfo) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
/* Set up the MS CDT structure */
cdt[0].chan_attr = MSPA_TARIFF; /* Conferee receives periodic tariff tones */
/* Open board 1, tslot 2 */
if ((tsdevh2 = dt_open("dtiB1T2",0)) == -1) {
  printf( "Cannot open dtiB1T2: system error/n");
  exit(1);
/* Prepare the time slot information structure */
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &scts;
/* Retrieve the TDM bus transmit time slot for tsdevh2 */
if (dt getxmitslot(tsdevh2, &tsinfo) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
   exit(1);
/* Set up the MS CDT structure */
cdt[1].chan attr = MSPA TARIFF; /* Conferee receives periodic tariff tones */
/* Establish a 2 party conference */
if (dcb estconf(dspdevh, cdt, NUM PARTIES, MSCA ND, &confid) == 1) {
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
/* Do a listen for the DTI tsdevhl device */
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &cdt[0].chan lts;
if (dt_listen(tsdevh1,&tsinfo) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
   exit(1);
/* Do a listen for the DTI tsdevh2 device */
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &cdt[1].chan lts;
```

```
if (dt listen(tsdevh2,&tsinfo) == -1){
  printf("Error Message = %s",ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
* Enable DTMF detection for digits 1,3,5 only */
if (dcb_setdigitmsk(dspdevh, confid, CBMM_ONE|CBMM_THREE|CBMM_FIVE,
      CBA\_SETMSK)) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
  exit(1);
* Continue processing
/* Perform 'unlistens' on all DTI listening time slots */
if (dt unlisten(tsdevh1) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
   exit(1);
if (dt unlisten(tsdevh2) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
   exit(1);
/* Delete the conference */
if(dcb delconf(dspdevh, confid) == -1) {
  printf("Cannot delete conference %d. Error Message = %s", confid,
         ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
  exit(1);
/* And close all open devices */
if (dt close(tsdevh1) == -1){
  printf("Error closing tsdevh1\n");
  exit(1);
if (dt close(tsdevh2) == -1){
  printf("Error closing tsdevh2\n");
  exit(1);
if(dcb close(dspdevh) == -1) {
 printf("Cannot close dcbB1D2: system error/n");
 exit(1);
}
```

■ See Also

• dcb_getdigitmsk()

dcb_SetPartyParm()

Name: int dcb_SetPartyParm(hSrlDevice, nConferenceID, Partycdt, unPartyParm, Value, rfu)

Inputs: int hSrlDevice

int nConferenceID

MS_CDT *Partycdt

unsigned int unPartyParm

void *Value

void *rfu

Returns: 0 on success

-1 on failure

Includes: srllib.h

dtilib.h msilib.h dcblib.h

Category: Conference Management

Mode: synchronous

Dialogic® DM3 Platform:

• valid DSP device handle

• conference identifier

• pointer to conference descriptor table element

• the parameter whose value is to be altered

• the address of the integer or structure containing the

value(s) to be assigned

• void pointer reserved for future use

Description

The dcb_SetPartyParm() function sets the parameters for a conferee (conference party).

Note: This function is **not** supported on Dialogic[®] Host Media Processing (HMP) Software.

Parameter	Description
hSrlDevice	specifies the valid device handle obtained when the DSP device was opened using dcb_open()
nConferenceID	specifies the conference identifier number
Partycdt	points to an MS_CDT data structure that defines the attributes of the conferee
	<i>Note:</i> The chan_attr field of the MS_CDT structure is not used and is ignored by the dcb_SetPartyParm() function.
unPartyParm	specifies the parameter whose value is to be altered. See list of parameters following this table.
Value	points to the integer or structure containing the value to be assigned to unPartyParm . See list of valid values for a parameter following this table.
rfu	void pointer reserved for future use

The valid values for **unPartyParm** and **Value** are shown below:

MSPA OUTPUTVOLABS

Specifies the absolute output volume level. Output volume refers to the volume that a conferee hears from a conference. Valid values are: -24 dB to +12 dB, in increments of +/- 1 dB.

MSPA OUTPUTVOLRELCUR

Specifies the output volume level relative to the current volume level produced by the conference. Valid values are: -36 dB to +36 dB. The resulting volume should not exceed -24 dB to +12 dB.

Cautions

- This function is **not** supported on Dialogic® Host Media Processing (HMP) Software.
- This function fails when:
 - the device handle specified is invalid.
 - the conference identifier is invalid.

Errors

If this function returns -1 to indicate failure, obtain the reason for the error by calling the Standard Runtime Library standard attribute function ATDV_LASTERR() or ATDV_ERRMSGP() to retrieve either the error code or a pointer to the error description, respectively.

Refer to Chapter 5, "Error Codes" of this guide for a list of error codes. Error defines can be found in *dtilib.h*, *msilib.h* or *dcblib.h*.

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "dtilib.h"
#include "msilib.h"
#include "dcblib.h"
#define NUM PARTIES 2
main()
  int dspdevh = -1; /* DSP device handle */
  MS_CDT cdt[NUM_PARTIES]={0}; /* Conference descriptor table */
  int confid = -1; /* Conference ID */
int tsdevh1=-1, tsdevh2=-1; /* DTI time slot device handle */
  /* Conferee volume level */
  int vol:
   /* Open conference board 1, DSP 3 device */
   if ((dspdevh = dcb open("dcbB1D3",0)) == -1) {
     printf("Cannot open dcbB1D3 : system error/n");
     exit(1);
   ^{\prime \star} Open DTI board 1, time slot 1 ^{\star \prime}
   if ((tsdevh1 = dt open("dtiB1T1", 0)) == -1) {
     printf( "Cannot open dtiB1T1: system error/n");
     exit(1);
   /* Prepare time slot information structure */
   tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
```

```
tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &scts;
/\star get transmit time slot of DTI tsdevh1 \star/
if (dt getxmitslot(tsdevhl, &tsinfo) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
/* Set up CDT structure */
cdt[0].chan num = (int)scts;
                                  /* TDM bus time slot returned */
cdt[0].chan sel = MSPN TS;
                                 /* by dt getxmitslot() */
/* Open DTI board 1, time slot 2 */
if ((tsdevh2 = dt open("dtiB1T2", 0)) == -1) {
  printf( "Cannot open dtiB1T2 : system error/n");
   exit(1);
/* Get transmit time slot of DTI tsdevh2 */
if (dt getxmitslot(tsdevh2, &tsinfo) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message = %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
   exit(1);
/* Set up CDT structure */
                                /* TDM bus time slot returned */
cdt[1].chan num = (int)scts;
cdt[1].chan sel = MSPN TS; /* returned from getxmitslot */
/* Establish a 2 party conference */
if (dcb estconf(dspdevh, cdt, NUM PARTIES, MSCA ND, &confid) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message = %s",ATDV_ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
   exit(1);
^{\prime\prime} Do a listen for tsdevh1 */
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &cdt[0].chan lts;
if (dt listen(tsdevhl,&tsinfo) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
   exit(1);
/* Do a listen for tsdevh2 */
tsinfo.sc_numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &cdt[1].chan lts;
if (dt listen(tsdevh2,&tsinfo) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
   exit(1);
/* Now change the volume for the 1st conferee */
/* NOTE : scts still contains the transmit time slot of tsdevh2 */
cdt[0].chan_num = (int)scts;
cdt[0].chan sel = MSPN TS;
   vol = -4;
if((dcb_SetPartyParm(dspdevh, confid, &cdt[0], MSPA_OUTPUTVOLABS, &vol, 0)) == -1) {
 printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
  exit(1);
^{\prime \star} Perform 'unlistens' on the listening DTI time slots ^{\star}/
if (dt unlisten(tsdevh1) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
   exit(1);
if (dt unlisten(tsdevh2) == -1){
   printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
   exit(1);
/* Delete the conference */
if(dcb_delconf(dspdevh, confid) == -1) {
  printf("Cannot delete conference %d. Error Message = %s", confid,
           ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
   exit(1);
```

set the parameters for a conferee — dcb_SetPartyParm()

```
/* Close all open devices */
if (dt_close(tsdevh1) == -1) {
    printf("Error closing tsdevh1\n");
    exit(1);
}
if (dt_close(tsdevh2) == -1) {
    printf("Error closing tsdevh2\n");
    exit(1);
}
if (dcb_close(dspdevh) == -1) {
    printf("Cannot close dcbB1D3 : system error/n");
    exit(1);
}
```

■ See Also

• dcb_GetPartyParm()

dcb_unmonconf()

Name: int dcb_unmonconf(devh, confid)

Inputs: int devh • valid DSP device handle

> int confid • conference identifier

Returns: 0 on success

-1 on failure

Includes: srllib.h

dtilib.h msilib.h dcblib.h

Category: Conference Management

Mode: synchronous

Dialogic[®] DM3

Platform:

Description

The **dcb_unmonconf()** function removes a monitor from a conference.

Parameter	Description
devh	specifies the valid device handle obtained when the DSP device was opened using dcb_open()
confid	specifies the conference identifier

Notes: 1. Calling this function frees one resource.

2. Call the appropriate xx_unlisten() function for each conferee listening to the monitored signal before dcb_unmonconf() is called.

Cautions

This function fails when:

- The device handle specified is invalid.
- It is called for a non-conference board.
- An invalid conference is specified.
- A monitor does not exist in the conference.

Errors

If this function returns -1 to indicate failure, obtain the reason for the error by calling the Standard Runtime Library standard attribute function ATDV_LASTERR() or ATDV_ERRMSGP() to retrieve either the error code or a pointer to the error description, respectively.

Refer to Chapter 5, "Error Codes" of this guide for a list of error codes. Error defines can be found in *dtilib.h*, *msilib.h* or *dcblib.h*.

```
#include <windows.h> /*include in Windows applications only; exclude in Linux*/
#include <stdio.h>
#include "srllib.h"
#include "dtilib.h"
#include "msilib.h"
#include "dcblib.h"
#define NUM_PARTIES 2
main()
  int confid;
                                 /* Conference identifier */
  int tsdevh1, tsdevh2, tsdevh3; /* DTI time slot device handles */
  long lts, scts; /* listen/transmit time slots */
  SC TSINFO tsinfo;
                                 /* Time slot information structure */
  /* Open conference board 1, DSP 1 device */
  if ((dspdevh = dcb open("dcbB1D1",0)) == -1) {
     printf("Cannot open dcbB1D1: system error/n");
     exit(1);
  /* Open DTI board 1, time slot 1 */
  if ((tsdevh1 = dt open("dtiB1T1", 0)) == -1) {
    printf( "Cannot open dtiB1T1: system error/n");
     exit(1);
  /* Prepare the time slot information structure */
  tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
  tsinfo.sc_tsarrayp = &scts;
  /* Get transmit time slot of DTI tsdevh1 */
  if (dt getxmitslot(tsdevhl, &tsinfo) == -1) {
     printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
     exit(1);
  /* Set up CDT structure */
                               /* TDM bus time slot returned */
  cdt[0].chan num = (int)scts;
  cdt[0].chan_attr = MSPA_NULL;
                                /* Conferee has no special attributes */
  /* Open DTI board 1, time slot 2 */
  if ((tsdevh2 = dt_open("dtiB1T2",0)) == -1) {
     printf( "Cannot open dtiB1T2: system error/n");
     exit(1);
  /\!\!\!\!\!\!\!^{\star} Open board 1, time slot 3 ^{\star}/\!\!\!\!\!\!\!\!
  if ((tsdevh3 = dt open("dtiB1T3",0)) == -1) {
    printf( "Cannot open dtiB1T3: system error/n");
     exit(1);
```

dcb_unmonconf() — remove a monitor from a conference

```
/* get transmit time slot of DTI TS device 2 */
if (dt_getxmitslot(tsdevh2, &tsinfo) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
  exit(1);
/* Set up CDT structure */
                                /* TDM bus time slot returned */
/* by dt_getxmitslot() */
/* Conferee has no special attributes */
cdt[1].chan num = (int)scts;
cdt[1].chan_sel = MSPN TS;
cdt[1].chan_attr = MSPA_NULL;
/* Establish a 2 party conference */
if (dcb estconf(dspdevh, cdt, NUM PARTIES, MSCA ND, &confid) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
   exit(1);
/* Do a listen for the DTI tsdevh1 device */
tsinfo.sc_numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc tsarrayp = &cdt[0].chan lts;
if (dt listen(tsdevh1,&tsinfo) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
   exit(1);
/\!\!\!\!\!\!^{\star} Do a listen for the DTI tsdevh2 device \!\!\!\!^{\star}/\!\!\!\!
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc_tsarrayp = &cdt[1].chan_lts;
if (dt listen(tsdevh2, &tsinfo) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
/\ast Now monitor the conference on TDM bus time slot lts ^{\star}/
if((dcb_monconf(dspdevh, confid, &lts)) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
   exit(1);
/* Prepare a time slot info structure */
tsinfo.sc numts = 1;
tsinfo.sc_tsarrayp = &lts;
/* And let a DTI time slot, tsdevh3, monitor the conference */
if (dt listen(tsdevh3,&tsinfo) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh4));
   exit(1);
/* Perform an 'unlisten' for the DTI time slot */
if (dt unlisten(tsdevh3) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh4));
   exit(1);
/* Now remove the monitoring */
if((dcb_unmonconf(dspdevh,confid)) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
   exit(1);
```

remove a monitor from a conference — dcb_unmonconf()

```
/* Perform 'unlistens' for the remaining DTI time slots */
if (dt_unlisten(tsdevh1) == -1){
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV ERRMSGP(tsdevh1));
  exit(1);
if (dt unlisten(tsdevh2) == -1) {
  printf("Error Message : %s", ATDV_ERRMSGP(tsdevh2));
/* Delete the conference */
if(dcb_delconf(dspdevh, confid) == -1) {
  printf("Cannot delete conference %d : Error Message = %s", confid,
        ATDV ERRMSGP(dspdevh));
   exit(1);
/* And close all open devices */
if (dt close(tsdevh1) == -1){
  printf("Error closing tsdevh1\n");
  exit(1);
if (dt close(tsdevh2) == -1){
  printf("Error closing tsdevh2\n");
  exit(1);
if (dt_close(tsdevh3) == -1){
  printf("Error closing tsdevh3\n");
   exit(1);
if (dcb close(dspdevh) == -1) {
  printf("Cannot close dcbB1D1: system error/n");
  exit(1);
```

See Also

- dcb_estconf()
- dcb_monconf()

Events 3

This chapter provides information on events that may be generated by the *Dialogic*[®] Audio Conferencing Software.

An event indicates that a specific activity has occurred within a conference or conferences. For information on handling conference events, refer to the $Dialogic^{®}$ Audio Conferencing API Programming Guide. For details on event management and event handling, see the $Dialogic^{®}$ Standard Runtime Library API Programming Guide and $Dialogic^{®}$ Standard Runtime Library API Library Reference.

The following events may be generated by functions in the audio conferencing library:

DCBEV BRIDGEESTABLISHED

Returned by the **dcb_CreateBridge()** function to indicate that a conference bridge has been established.

DCBEV BRIDGEREMOVED

Generated by the **dcb_DeleteBridge**() to indicate that a conference bridge has been deleted.

DCBEV_CTU

Generated when the conference descriptor table for a conferee has been updated.

DCBEV DELALLCONF

Returned by the **dcb_DeleteAllConferences**() function to indicates that all active conferences have been successfully deleted.

DCBEV_DIGIT

Returned when a digit detection event occurs.

Note: Any conferee participating in a conference in receive-only mode (MSPA_MODERECVONLY attribute) cannot generate DTMF digits within the conference, therefore any digits dialed by a conferee in receive-only mode will not generate DCBEV DIGIT events.

DCBEV ERREVT

Indicates an error has occurred within the application.

Events



This chapter contains information about the data structures used by the $Dialogic^{\mathbb{B}}$ Audio Conferencing API. The following data structures are used:

• DCB_CT	112
• DCB_DIGITS	113
• MS_CDT	114
• MS_VOL	117
• TS BRIDGECDT	118

DCB_CT

```
typedef struct dcb_ct
      int confid;
      int chan num;
     int chan_sel;
} DCB CT;
```

Description

The DCB_CT data structure contains information about active talkers within a conference. Refer to the dcb_gettalkers(), dcb_GetAtiBitsEx(), and dcb_setbrdparm() functions and to the Dialogic® Audio Conferencing API Programming Guide for more information about the active talker feature.

Field Descriptions

The fields of the DCB_CT data structure are described as follows:

confid

conference identifier number of the conference being monitored for active talkers

chan_num

denotes the TDM bus transmit time slot number occupied by the active talker

chan_sel

defines the specific meaning of the chan_num field. For the current System Software release, chan_sel must be set to the following value:

• MSPN_TS: - TDM bus time slot

DCB_DIGITS

```
typedef struct dcb_digits
     unsigned char dsp;
     int
                    chan num;
     int
                   chan_sel;
     int
                    chan attr;
     unsigned char digits[MAX DCBDIGS+1];
     unsigned char dig type;
} DCB DIGITS;
```

Description

The DCB_DIGITS data structure defines the format of DCBEV_DIGIT events that are generated when a conferee presses a pre-determined DTMF digit. The pre-determined DTMF digits are defined for a conference via the **bitmask** parameter in the **dcb setdigitmsk()** function.

Field Descriptions

The fields of the DCB_DIGITS data structure are described as follows:

indicates the DSP of the conference that generated the event

confid

specifies the conference identifier of the conference that generated the event

chan_num

denotes the TDM bus transmit time slot number of the conferee that generated the event

chan_sel

defines the specific meaning of the chan_num field. For the current System Software release, chan_sel must be set to the following value:

• MSPN_TS: - TDM bus time slot

chan_attr

describes the properties of the conferee that generated the event. Refer to the chan_attr field of the MS_CDT data structure for a list of valid conferee properties.

```
digits[MAX_DCBDIG+1]
```

denotes an ASCIIZ string of detected DTMF digits

dig_type

indicates the type of digit detected (DTMF)

MS_CDT

```
typedef struct ms_cdt
     int chan_num;    /*time slot number*/
     int chan sel;
                     /*meaning of time slot number */
     int chan attr; /*attribute description*/
} MS CDT;
```

Description

The MS_CDT data structure specifies a conferee and its attributes. The chan_attr field is a bitmask that contains the conferee's properties within the conference.

This data structure is used to define or retrieve a conferee and its attributes. The following functions specify this structure to define attributes: addtoconf, estconf, and setcde. The following functions specify this structure to *retrieve* attributes: getcde, getcnflist, and gettalkers. Also, the remfromconf function uses the data structure to specify a conferee to remove from the conference (in this case, the attributes are *ignored*).

Field Descriptions

The fields of the MS_CDT data structure are described as follows:

denotes the TDM bus transmit time slot number of the device to be included in the conference

chan_sel

defines the specific meaning of the chan num field. For the current System Software release, chan_sel must be set to the following value:

MSPN_TS: – TDM bus time slot

chan attr

a bitmask that specifies the conferee's properties within the conference. The following attributes are described as setting ordefining the attribute; however, for functions that retrieve attributes, they would indicate whether the attribute is set. Valid settings are as follows:

- MSPA_BROADCASTEN Enables the broadcast feature for conferee. This parameter sets one party to talk while all others are muted.
- MSPA_COACH Estabilshes conferee as a coach. Coach is heard by the pupil only. (When using the coach/pupil feature on analog lines, make sure to use echo cancellation so that other parties do not hear an echo of the coach.)
- MSPA_ECHOXCLEN Enables echo cancellation for conferee. The echo cancellation feature supplies 128 tap (16 msec) echo cancellation with the audio conferencing interface. The default setting for echo cancellation is disabled. Echo cancellation can only be enabled when establishing the conference with **dcb_estconf()** or when ading a party to the conference with **dcb** addtoconf(). It cannot be enabled using **dcb** setcde(), and if attempted, has no effect. Once a party belongs to a conference, you cannot enable or disable echo cancellation for that party. If a conferee/party resides on an analog line, make sure to use echo cancellation so that the other parties do not hear an echo.
- MSPA_MODEFULLDUPLX Establishes conferee in full duplex mode, in which conferee may transmit and receive in the conference. Conferee hears everyone except the

- coach. This property is equivalent to MSPA_NULL and MSPA_MODENULL. See also "Notes" following the attributes.
- MSPA_MODENULL Establishes conferee as a NULL party. Conferee has no dedicated transmit or receive slots. A NULL party is often used as a placeholder for establishing a conference for a fixed number of parties. This is equivalent to MSPA_NULL and MSPA_FULLDUPLX. See also "Notes" following the attributes.
- MSPA_MODERECVONLY Establishes conferee in receive-only mode, in which
 conferee may only receive in the conference. Any conferee in receive-only mode cannot
 generate DTMF digits within the conference, therefore any digits dialed by a conferee in
 receive-only mode will not generate DCBEV_DIGIT events. See also "Notes" following
 the attributes.
- MSPA_MODEXMITONLY Establishes conferee in transmit-only mode, in which conferee may only transmit in the conference. See also "Notes" following the attributes.
- MSPA_NOAGC Disables Automatic Gain Control for a conferee.
- MSPA_NULL No special attributes for conferee. This is equivalent to MSPA_MODENULL and MSPA_FULLDUPLX.
- MSPA_PARTY_TONECLAMP Enables DTMF tone clamping for the conferee. (To enable for all conferees, enable the MSG_TONECLAMP parameter with the dcb_setbrdparm() function.) Even with tone clamping, DTMF tones may be heard by conferees if the application encourages the user to repeatedly press DTMF tones; for example, press 9 to raise volume.
- MSPA_PUPIL Establishes conferee as a pupil. Pupil hears everyone including the coach. (When using the coach/pupil feature on analog lines, make sure to use echo cancellation so that other parties do not hear an echo of the coach.)
- MSPA_TARIFF Enables periodic tone transmission to conferee so that conferee hears periodic tone for duration of call.
- Notes: 1. The MSPA_MODENULL, MSPA_MODERECVONLY, MSPA_MODEXMITONLY and MSPA_MODEFULLDUPLX attributes are mutually exclusive. Furthermore, the attributes cannot be ORed together with any other conference attributes when calling the dcb_setcde() function. For example, to set a conferee's attributes as full-duplex with a tariff tone, you must call the dcb_setcde() function twice: once to set the MSPA_MODEFULLDUPLX attribute and once to set the MSPA_TARIFF attribute.
 - 2. The dcb_setcde() function cannot be used to enable or disable echo cancellation. Once a party belongs to a conference, you cannot enable or disable echo cancellation for that party. If attempted, it has no effect. To enable echo cancellation, use dcb_estconf() or dcb_addtoconf().
 - **3.** Only one coach and one pupil are allowed in a conference at any time. Specifying more than one of either will cause unexpected results.
 - **4.** If a conferee/party resides on an analog line, make sure to use echo cancellation so that the other parties do not hear an echo. This is especially important when using the coach/pupil feature on analog lines.
 - 5. The default MSPA_NULL must be used if channel attributes are not specified.
 - 6. Invalid attribute combinations may lead to unexpected results.
 - 7. For a background music application, such as a dating chat line where two callers talk while music plays in the background, when the music resource is added to the conference, it should be added in transmit-only mode using MSPA_MODEXMITONLY. (A media load specifically for background music is typically used with these types of applications to achieve the right mix of

MS_CDT — conference descriptor element

resources on the board and to maximize density. For Dialogic[®] Host Media Processing (HMP) Software, the desired ratio of resources is determined by the license.)

MS_VOL

```
typedef struct ms_vol
      unsigned char vol_control;
     unsigned char vol up;
     unsigned char vol reset;
     unsigned char vol_down;
} MS VOL;
```

Description

The MS_VOL data structure defines whether or not volume control is active for a conference and which DTMF digits increase, decrease and reset the volume. This data structure is used by the **dcb_setbrdparm()** and **dcb_getbrdparm()** functions to control volume on a board basis.

Note: To adjust output (or speaker) volume on an individual conferee basis, see the dcb_SetPartyParm() and dcb_GetPartyParm() functions.

Field Descriptions

The fields of the MS_VOL data structure are described as follows:

determines whether or not volume control is activated. Possible values are as follows:

- ON
- OFF

vol_up

indicates the DTMF digit used for increasing the volume level.

vol_reset

indicates the DTMF digit used to reset the volume to its default level.

vol_down

indicates the DTMF digit used for decreasing the volume level.

TS_BRIDGECDT

```
typedef struct bridgecdt
{
     MS_CDT cdtA;
     MS_CDT cdtB;
     unsigned int nBridgeID;
} TS BRIDGECDT;
```

Description

The TS_BRIDGECDT data structure defines the two conferences that are included in a conference bridge and provides a unique identifier for the conference bridge. This data structure allows conferencing applications to maintain the timeslots associated with a conference bridge in one location.

The data structure is composed of three elements, two MS_CDT data structures that are used to transfer the conference bridge party timeslots to the application and an unsigned integer that defines a unique conference bridge identifier for asynchronous mode events.

Field Descriptions

The fields of the TS_BRIDGECDT data structure are described as follows:

cdtA

conference descriptor element for the master conference

cdtB

conference descriptor element for the conference that is bridged to the master conference

nBridgeID

denotes the bridge identification number that uniquely identifies a conference bridge. This number is returned to the application by the **dcb_CreateBridge()** function.

This chapter lists the error codes that may be returned by the Dialogic[®] Audio Conferencing API functions.

The values of error codes that may be returned to the application by the conferencing devices are a subset of errors used by the Dialogic[®] Digital Network Interface products and the Dialogic[®] Modular Station Interface products. Error codes proceeded by EDT_ are taken from the Digital Network Interface library (*dtilib.h*) and error codes proceeded by E_ are taken from the Modular Station Interface library (*msilib.h*).

The following error codes can be generated by the Dialogic® Audio Conferencing API library:

EDT ADDRS

Incorrect address.

EDT_BADBRDERR

Board is missing or defective.

EDT_BADCMDERR

Invalid or undefined command to driver.

EDT_BADCNT

Incorrect count of bytes requested.

EDT_BADDEV

Bad device error.

EDT_BADGLOB

Incorrect global parameter number.

EDT_BADPORT

First byte appeared on reserved port.

EDT_BADVAL

Invalid parameter value passed in value pointer.

EDT CHKSUM

Incorrect checksum.

EDT_DATTO

Data reception timed out.

EDT_DTTSTMOD

In test mode; cannot set board mode.

EDT_FWERR

Firmware returned an error.

EDT HSIBRIDGEERR

Dialogic[®] **Host Media Processing (HMP) Software Only:** Error when creating a Host Streaming Interface bridge connection between Dialogic[®] HMP Software and a board.

EDT_INVBD

Invalid board.

EDT_INVMSG

Invalid message.

EDT INVTS

Invalid time slot.

EDT_MBFMT

Wrong number of bytes for multiple byte request.

EDT MBIMM

Received an immediate termination.

EDT MBINV

First byte appeared on data port.

EDT_MBOVR

Message was too long.

EDT MBPORT

Received multiple byte data on port other than 0 or 1.

EDT_MBTERM

Terminating byte other than FEH or FFH.

EDT MBUND

Under the number of bytes for a multibyte request.

EDT_MSGCNT

Count received did not match actual count.

EDT NOCLK

No clock source present.

EDT_NOIDLEERR

Time slot is not in idle/closed state.

EDT_NOMEMERR

Cannot map or allocate memory in driver.

EDT_NOTDNLD

Not downloaded.

EDT PARAMERR

Invalid parameter. This error occurs if you execute an audio conferencing library function on a board that does not support that particular function.

EDT_RANGEERR

Bad/overlapping physical memory range.

EDT_SH_BADINDX

Invalid Switching Handler index number.

EDT_SH_BADEXITS

Returned time slot is unsupported in current clock rate.

EDT_SH_BADLCLTS

Invalid local time slot number.

EDT_SH_BADMODE

Invalid bus mode.

EDT_SH_BADTYPE

Invalid local time slot type.

EDT SH LCLDSCNCT

Local time slot is already disconnected from TDM bus.

EDT_SH_LCLTSCNCT

Local time slot is already connected to the TDM bus.

EDT SH LIBBSY

Switching Handler Library is busy.

EDT_SH_LIBNOTINIT

Switching Handler Library has not been initialized.

EDT_SH_MISSING

Switching Handler is not present.

EDT_SH_NOCLK

Switching Handler Clock fallback failed.

EDT_SIGINS

Insertion signaling not enabled.

EDT_SIGTO

Transmit/receive did not update in time.

EDT_SIZEERR

Message too big or too small.

EDT_SKIPRPLYERR

A required reply was skipped.

EDT_STARTED

Cannot start when already started.

EDT_SYSTEM

Operating system error.

EDT_TMOERR

Timed out waiting for reply from firmware.

EDT TSASN

Time slot already assigned.

E_MS1PTY

Cannot remove party from one party conference.

E_MSBADCHPARM

Invalid channel parameter number.

E MSBADVAL

Invalid parameter value.

E_MSCHASNCNF

Channel is assigned to conference.

E_MSCNFFUL

Conference system is full.

E_MSCNFLMT

Exceeds conference limit.

E MSGLOBREAD

Cannot read parameter globally.

E_MSINVCB

Invalid control block ID.

E MSINVCATTR

Invalid conference attribute.

E MSINVCNF

Invalid conference number.

E_MSINVDSP

Invalid DSP specified.

E_MSINVMT

Invalid multitasking function.

E_MSINVPATTR

Invalid party attribute.

E_MSINVPTYNUM

Invalid party number.

E_MSINVPTYCNT

Invalid number of parties specified.

E_MSINVPTYTYPE

Invalid conference member type.

E_MSINVVAL

Bad global parameter value.

E_MSINVTS

Invalid time slot number specified.

E_MSMONEXT

Monitor already exists for this conference.

E MSNOCNF

No conferencing available on device.

E_MSNODSPTS

All time slots going to the DSP are busy.

E_MSNOFEMCH

No DCB/SC daughterboard to support this channel.

E MSNOMON

No monitor exists for this conference.

E_MSNONCNFCH

Channel is not assigned to specified conference.

E_MSNOTS

No time slot assigned to channel.

E_MSPTYASN

Party already assigned.

E_MSSYSTEM

Operating system error.

$E_MSTSASNCNF$

Time slot already assigned to a conference.

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