## SQLite3-CRUD

## June 13, 2024

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[1]: # here are the steps to install the sqlite3 library in a Python virtual
     environment (venv) and use it to perform CRUD operations:
     # You should not need to install the sqlite3 module separately using pip for
     # The sqlite3 module is part of the Python 3 standard library and comes_
      \hookrightarrow pre-installed.
     import sqlite3
[2]: # Create a new SQLite database
     conn = sqlite3.connect('advsql.db')
[3]: # Create a cursor
     c = conn.cursor()
[4]: # Create a table
     c.execute('''CREATE TABLE users
     (id INTEGER PRIMARY KEY, name TEXT, email TEXT)''')
[4]: <sqlite3.Cursor at 0x7fd06d3a3540>
[5]: # Perform CRUD operations
     # Insert one record in Table users
     c.execute("INSERT INTO users(name, email) VALUES ('John', 'john@example.com')")
     conn.commit()
[6]: # select all of the records from Table Users
     c.execute("SELECT * FROM users")
     print(c.fetchall())
    [(1, 'John', 'john@example.com')]
[7]: # Insert three records in Table users
     c.execute("INSERT INTO users(name, email) VALUES ('Jack', 'jack@gmail.com')")
     c.execute("INSERT INTO users(name, email) VALUES ('Tom','tom@gmail.com')")
     c.execute("INSERT INTO users(name, email) VALUES ('Lucy', 'lucy@gmail.com')")
     conn.commit()
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[8]: # select all of the records from Table Users
      c.execute("SELECT * FROM users")
      print(c.fetchall())
     [(1, 'John', 'john@example.com'), (2, 'Jack', 'jack@gmail.com'), (3, 'Tom',
     'tom@gmail.com'), (4, 'Lucy', 'lucy@gmail.com')]
 [9]: # Update data
      c.execute("UPDATE users SET email='newemail@gmail.com' WHERE id=1")
      conn.commit()
[10]: # select all of the records from Table Users
      c.execute("SELECT * FROM users")
      print(c.fetchall())
     [(1, 'John', 'newemail@gmail.com'), (2, 'Jack', 'jack@gmail.com'), (3, 'Tom',
     'tom@gmail.com'), (4, 'Lucy', 'lucy@gmail.com')]
[11]: # Delete one record with the id is 4
      c.execute("DELETE FROM users WHERE id=4")
      conn.commit()
[12]: # select all of the records from Table Users
      c.execute("SELECT * FROM users")
      print(c.fetchall())
     [(1, 'John', 'newemail@gmail.com'), (2, 'Jack', 'jack@gmail.com'), (3, 'Tom',
     'tom@gmail.com')]
[13]: # close the connection
      conn.close()
 []: # By following these steps, you can install the sqlite3 library in a Pythonu
      ⇔virtual environment,
      # create a SQLite database file, define tables, and perform CRUD (Create, Read,
      → Update, Delete) operations
      # on the data using Python code.
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