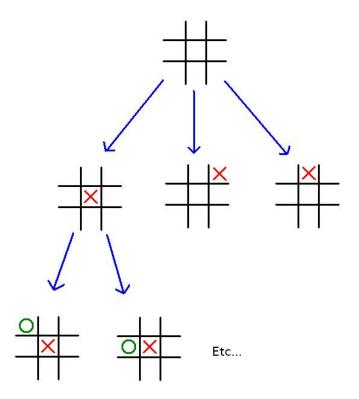
# Game Tree Search

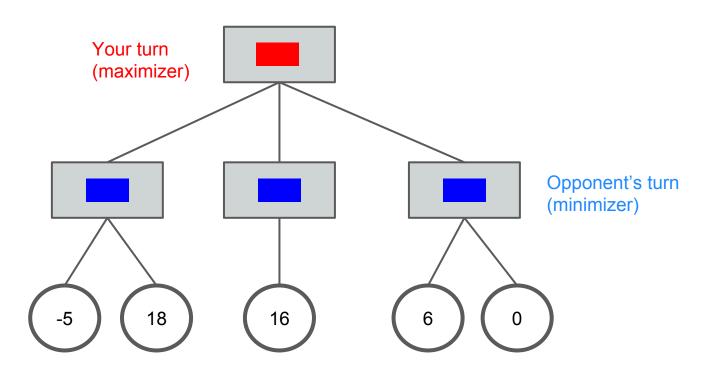


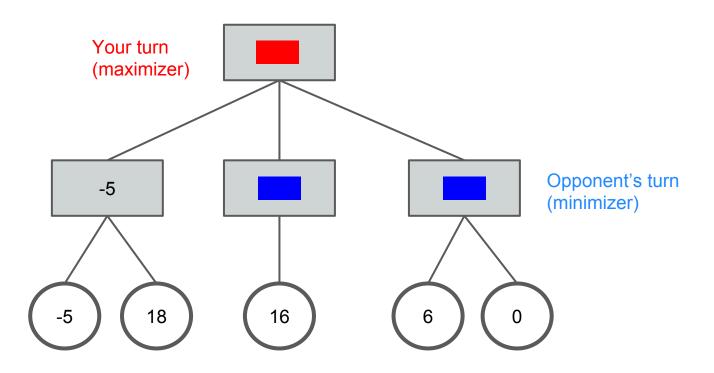
Slides By: Evan Ye

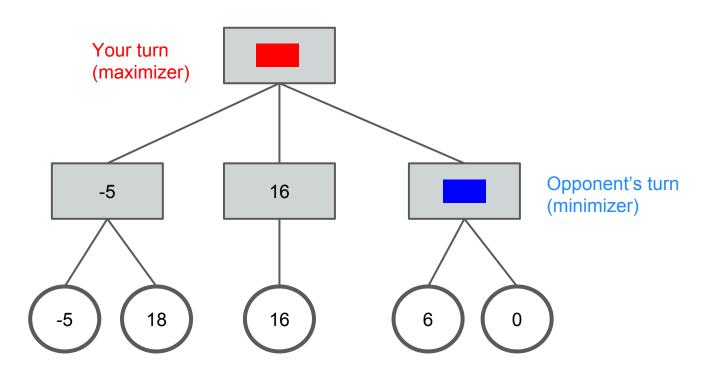
#### **Game Tree Search**

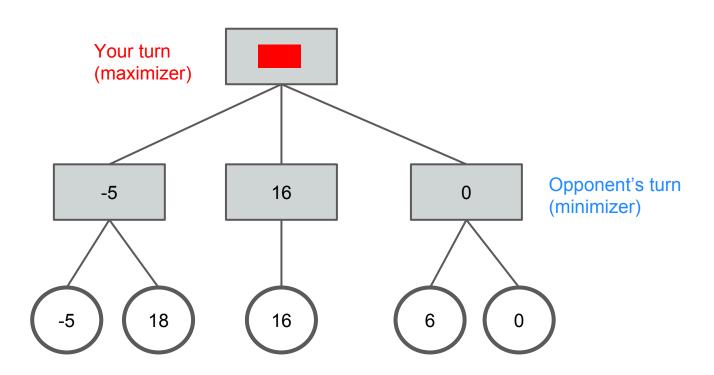
- Every position has a score
- The higher the score, the better for you, the worse for your opponent.
- The lower the score, the worse for you, the better for your opponent.

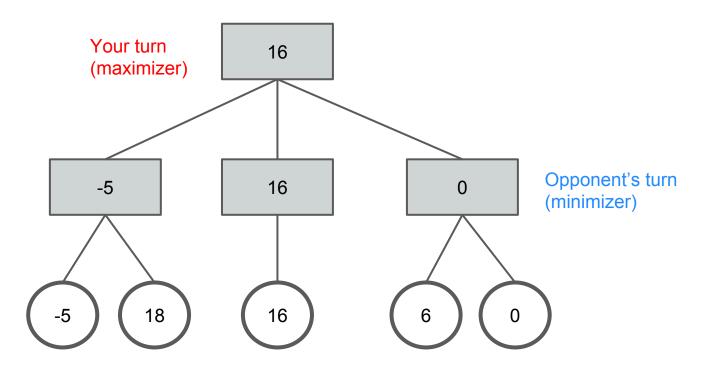
 Game tree search is the process of checking every possible move (tree recursion).











#### Idea: make minimax faster!

- a best guaranteed score seen so far for YOU
- YOU = maximizer node, YOU search for HIGHER scores
- Starts at negative infinity
- $oldsymbol{\beta}$  best guaranteed score seen so far for your OPPONENT
- OPPONENT = minimizer node, searches for LOWER scores
- Starts at positive infinity

#### **Prune Cases**

- prune at a minimizer node whose  $\beta$  value is less than or equal to the  $\alpha$  value
- prune at a maximizer node whose  $\alpha$  value is greater than or equal to the  $\beta$  value

#### Idea: make minimax faster!

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#### **Prune Cases**

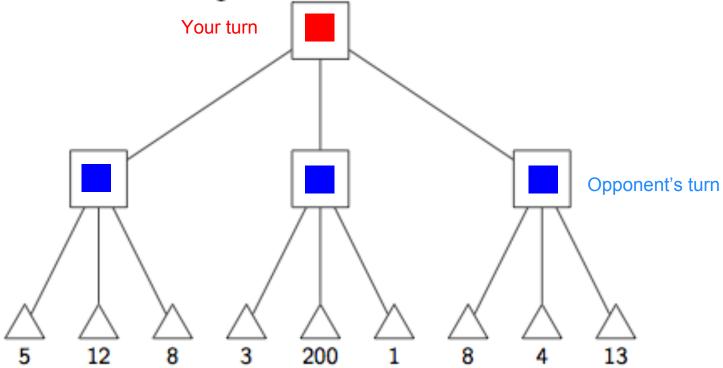
Basically, when 
$$\,lpha \geq eta$$

#### How to:

- 1. Do the minimax search
- 2. Keep track of alpha, beta
  - a. if you are maximizing, update alpha
  - b. if you are minimizing, update beta
- 3. If you ever see  $\alpha >= \beta$ , PRUNE

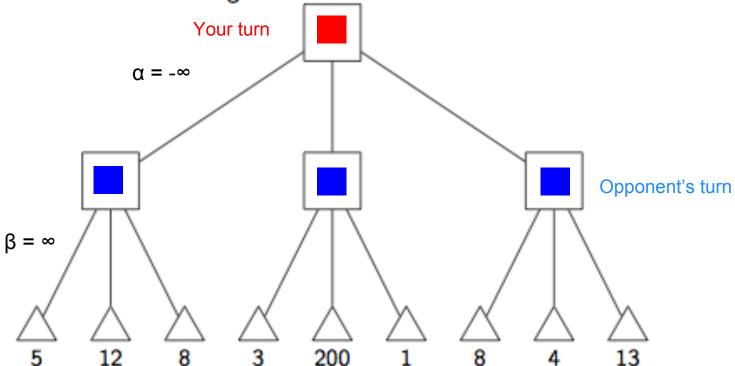
Note\*:  $\alpha$  and  $\beta$  are INHERITED from parent nodes.

Consider the following tree below:



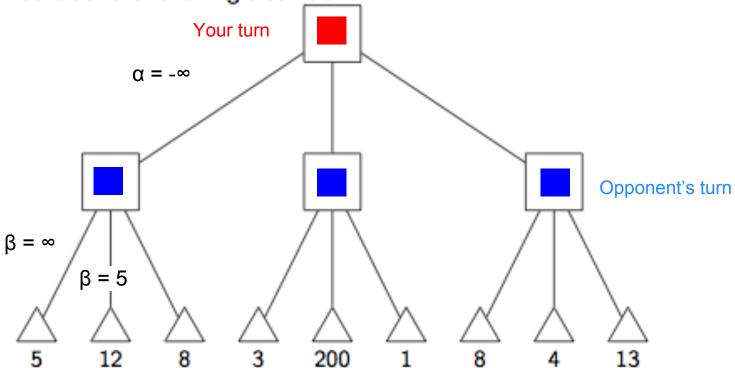
Determine which nodes will be pruned using  $\alpha$ - $\beta$  pruning and the final minimax value of the root. Assume the first player is MAX.

Consider the following tree below:



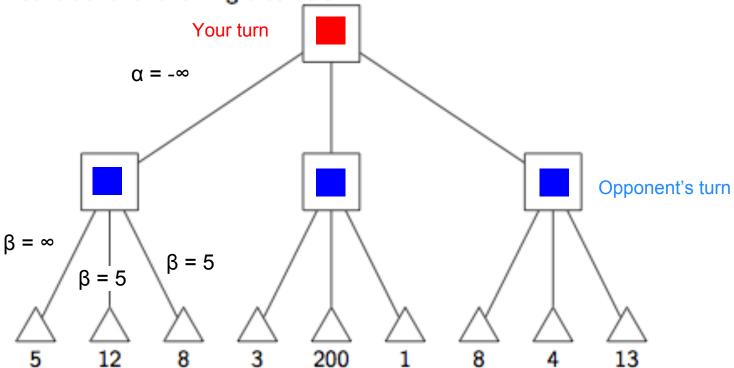
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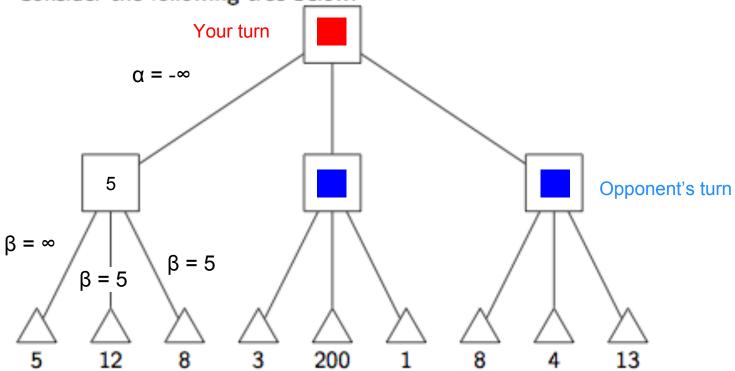
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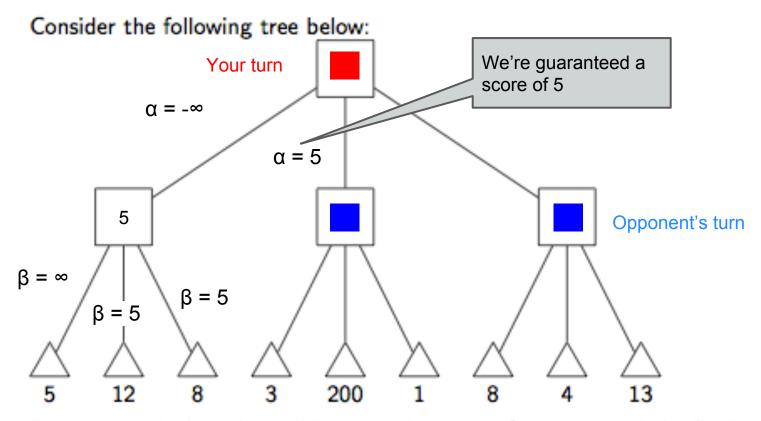


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Consider the following tree below:

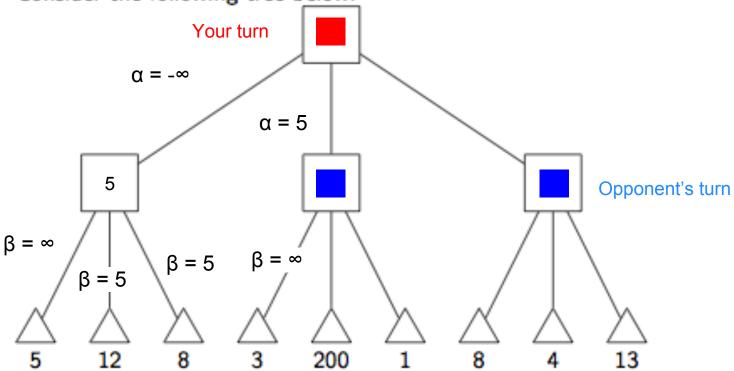


Determine which nodes will be pruned using  $\alpha$ - $\beta$  pruning and the final minimax value of the root. Assume the first player is MAX.



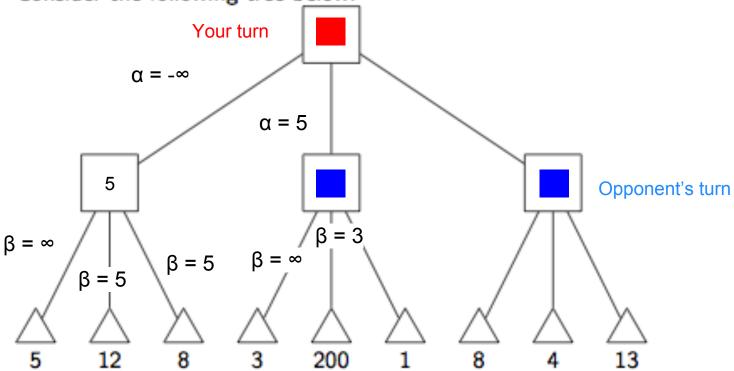
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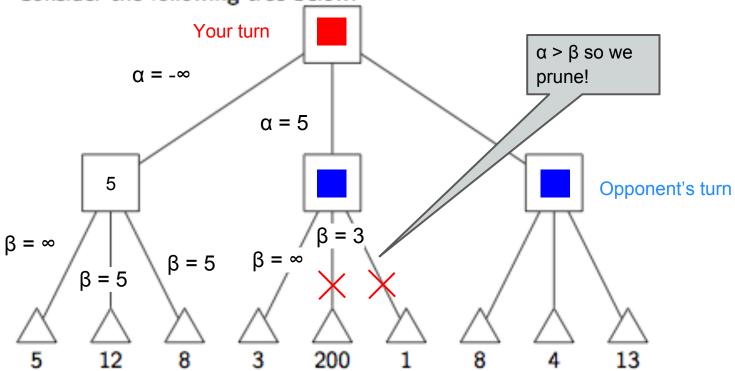
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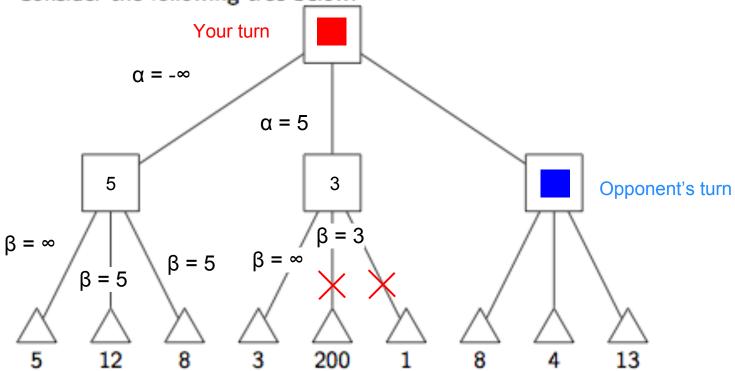
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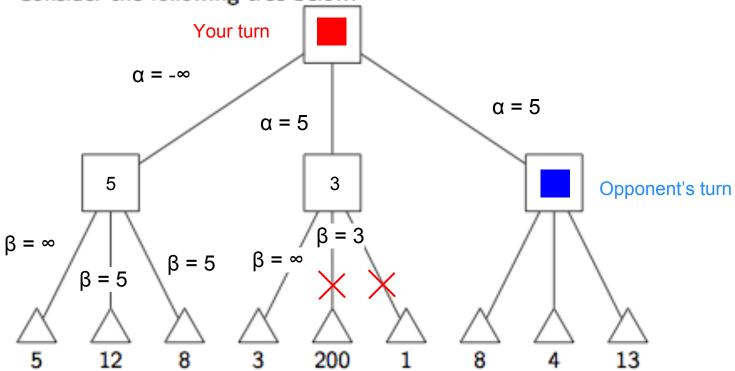
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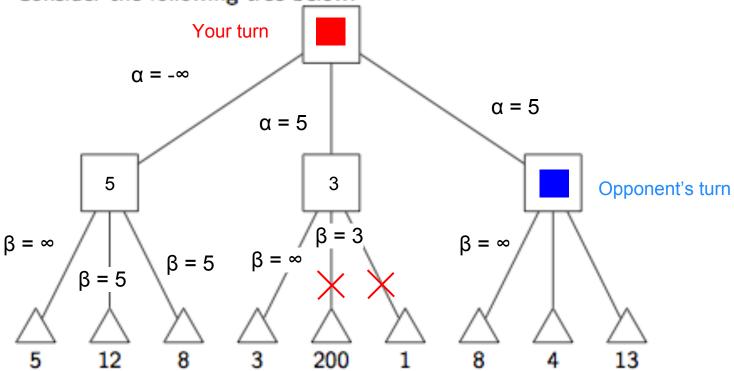
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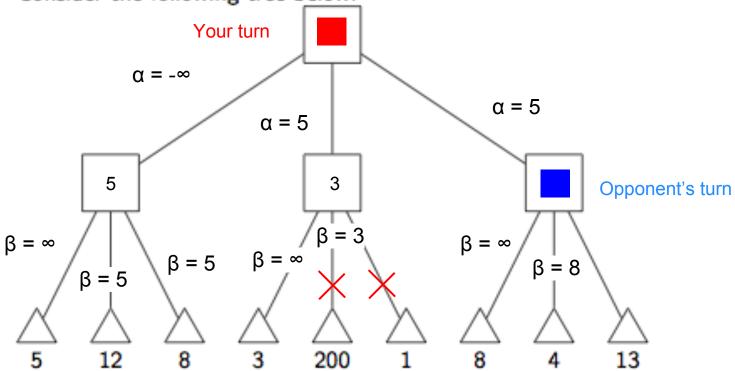
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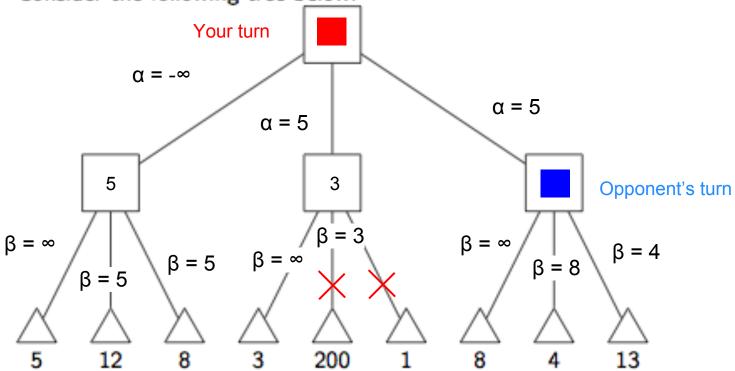
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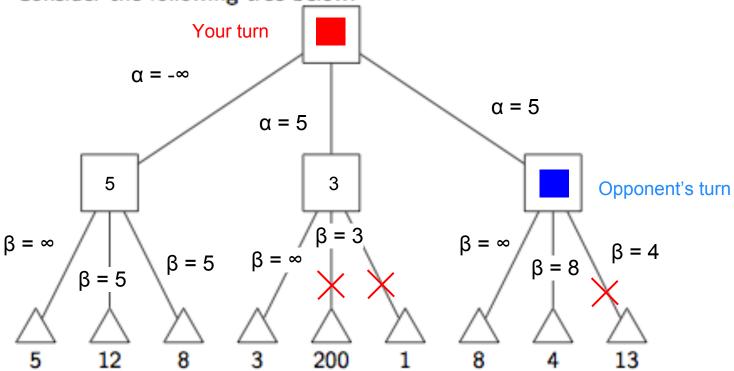
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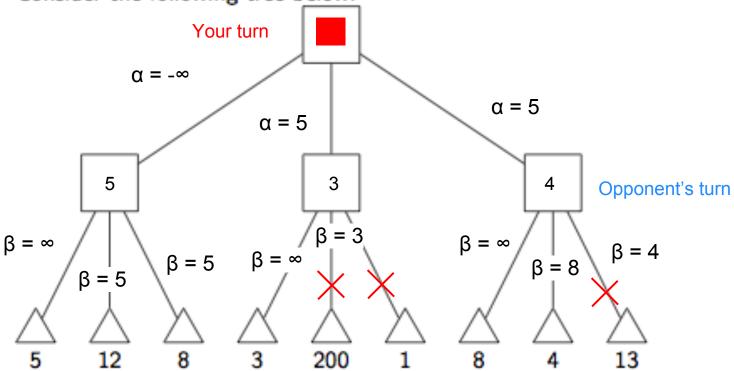
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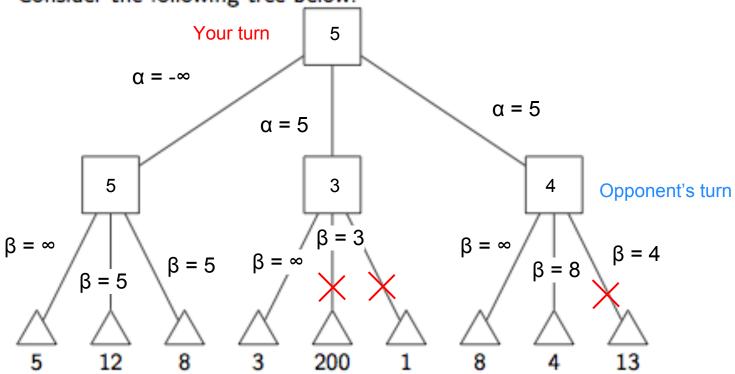
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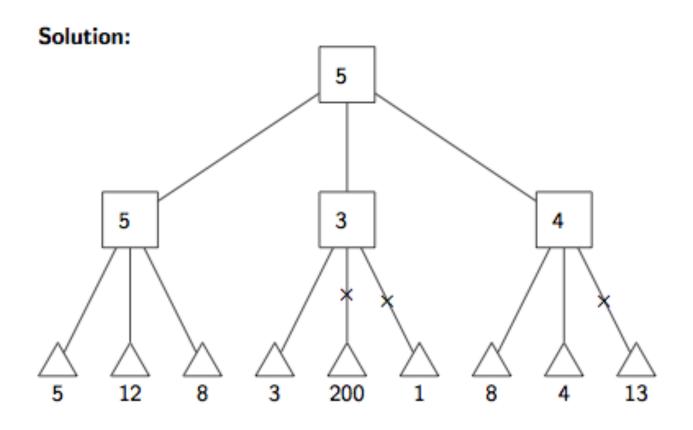


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Consider the following tree below:



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#### True or False:

1. After alpha-beta pruning, the root maximizer node will never have the wrong value.

- 2. During alpha-beta pruning, none of the minimizer or maximizer intermediate nodes will differ from values found when using the normal minimax algorithm.
- 3. Alpha-beta pruning can have different prunings based on the order in which the algorithm traverses the tree.

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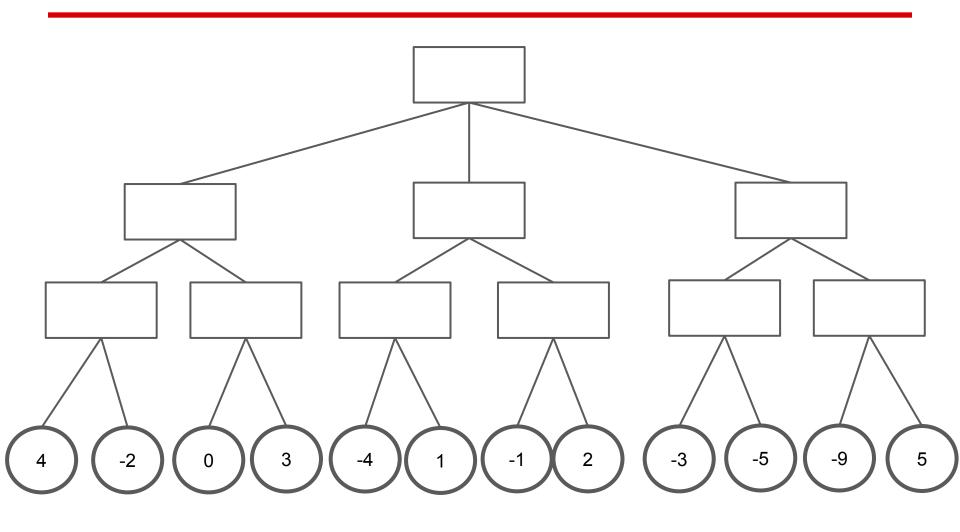
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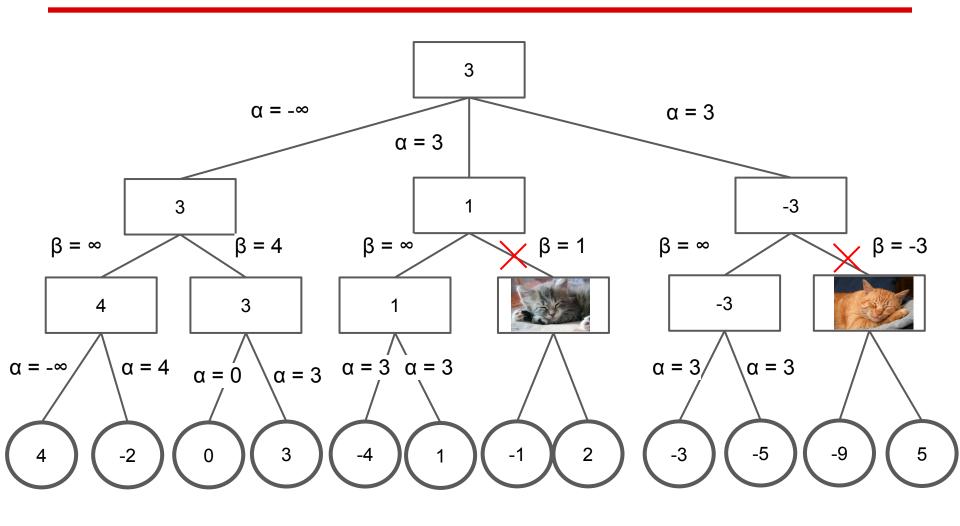
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**True --** what would have happened if we started with the middle minimizer's children first?





#### Alpha Beta Pruning Code

```
public Best chooseMove (boolean side, int
alpha, int beta) {
 Best myBest = new Best(); // My best move
 Best reply; // Opponent's best reply
 if (the current Grid is full or has a win) {
   return a Best with the Grid's score, no
move;
 if (side == COMPUTER) {
   myBest.score = alpha;
  } else {
   myBest.score = beta;
 //code continued on the next page
```

```
for (each legal move m) {
    perform move m; // Modifies "this" Grid
   reply = chooseMove(! side, alpha, beta);
   undo move m; // Restores "this" Grid
   if ((side == COMPUTER) && (reply.score >=
myBest.score)) {
      myBest.move = m;
      myBest.score = reply.score;
      alpha = reply.score;
    } else if ((side == HUMAN) && (reply.score
<= myBest.score)) {
      myBest.move = m;
      myBest.score = reply.score;
      beta = reply.score;
    if (alpha >= beta) { return myBest; }
  return myBest;
```